

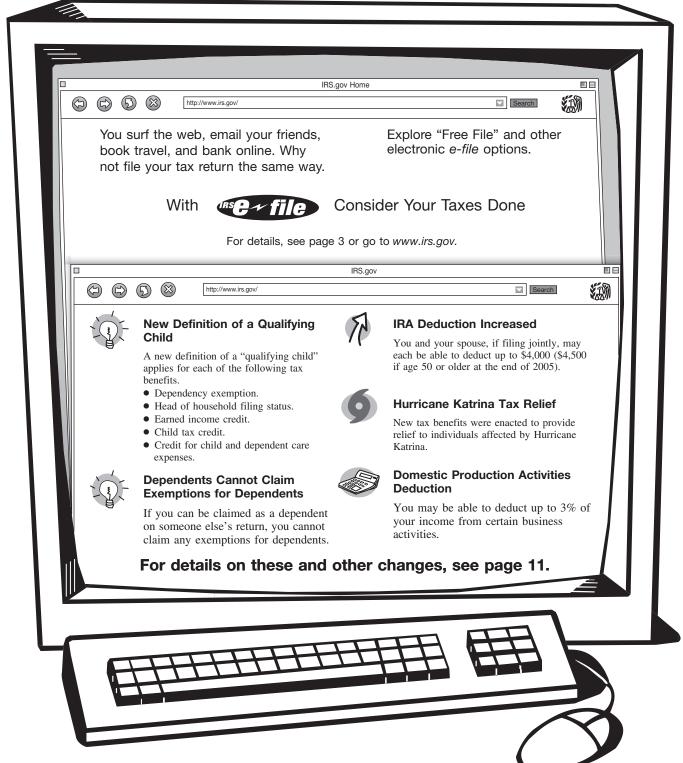
Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

www.irs.gov

Note. This booklet does not contain any tax forms.

20051040

Including Instructions for Schedules A, B, C, D, E, F, J, and SE



A Message From the Commissioner

Dear Taxpayer,

American taxpayers made history in 2005. For the first time, over half of all individuals filed their tax returns electronically. More than 68 million people *"e-filed." E-file* is fast, secure, and accurate. The software catches errors that may otherwise hold up the processing of a paper return. Refunds come a lot sooner. I encourage you to consider this option. Taxpayers who file electronically prefer it.

IRS.gov (*www.irs.gov*) was visited over 137 million times during last year's filing season, making it one of the most used websites in America. IRS.gov provides ready access to all IRS forms and publications, answers to frequently asked questions, and interactive features, such as Where's My Refund, the Withholding Calculator, and the EITC Assistant eligibility tool. In addition, Free File, also available through IRS.gov, provides free and convenient access to *e-file*. This free service was used by five million taxpayers last year.

The IRS also answered over 33 million toll-free calls from taxpayers last year. We achieved an all-time high for the accuracy of our answers. IRS-sponsored volunteer return preparation has almost doubled since 1999, helping more than two million people file returns.

As we improve services to taxpayers, the IRS continues to emphasize fair and balanced enforcement of the law. Americans have every right to be confident that when they pay their taxes, neighbors and competitors are doing the same.

I hope this tax booklet is useful to you. For further information, you may contact us online at *www.irs.gov* or call our toll-free numbers 1-800-829-1040 for individuals and 1-800-829-4933 for businesses.

Sincerely,

Mark W. Even

Mark W. Everson

The IRS Mission

Provide America's taxpayers top quality service by helping them understand and meet their tax responsibilities and by applying the tax law with integrity and fairness to all.



consider it done

What is IRS *e-file*?

It's the fastest, easiest, and most convenient way to file your income tax return electronically. So easy, over 68 million taxpayers preferred *e-file* over filing a paper income tax return last year. Visit the IRS website at *www.irs.gov/efile* for all the details and latest information.

What are the benefits?

Millions Eligible for Free File!

- Free File allows qualified taxpayers to prepare and *e-file* their own tax returns for free using commercially available online tax preparation software.
- Review online tax software provider offerings and determine if you are eligible by visiting the Free File page at *www.irs.gov.*

Fast! Easy! Convenient!

- Get your refund in half the time as paper filers do, even faster and safer with direct deposit. See page 59.
- Sign electronically and file a completely paperless return. See page 61.
- Receive an electronic proof of receipt within 48 hours after the IRS received your return.

• If you owe, you can *e-file* and authorize an electronic funds withdrawal or pay by credit card. If you *e-file* before April 17, 2006, you can schedule an electronic funds withdrawal from your checking or savings account as late as April 17, 2006. See page 60.

• Prepare and file your federal and state returns together and save time.

Accurate! Secure!

- IRS computers quickly and automatically check for errors or other missing information.
- The chance of being audited does not differ whether you *e-file* or file a paper income tax return.
- Your bank account information is safeguarded along with other tax return information. The IRS does not have access to credit card numbers.

Visit the IRS website at www.irs.gov/efile for details.

How to *e-file*?

Use an Authorized IRS e-file Provider



Many tax professionals electronically file tax returns for their clients. As a taxpayer, you have two options:

• You can prepare your return, take it to an Authorized IRS *e-file* Provider, and have the provider transmit it electronically to the IRS, or

• You can have a tax professional prepare your return and transmit it for you electronically.

Tax professionals can charge a fee for IRS *e-file*. Fees can vary depending on the professional and the specific services rendered.

Use a Personal Computer



You can file your income tax return in a fast, easy, convenient way using your personal computer. A computer with a modem or Internet access and tax preparation software are all you need. Best of all, you can *e-file* from the comfort of your home 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Visit *www.irs.gov* for details.

IRS approved tax preparation software is available for online use on the Internet, for download from the Internet, and in retail stores. Visit *www.irs.gov/efile* for details.

If you do not qualify for the Free File options, visit our Partners Page at *www.irs.gov/efile* for partners that offer other free or low-cost filing options.

Tax Return Page Reference

Questions about what to put on a line? Help is on the page number in the circle.

1040		rtment of the Treasury—Internal Revenue S . Individual Income Tax Re	<u>u</u>)/// \\	5	(99) IRS Use	Only—Do no	nt write or	staple in this space	
	-	the year Jan. 1-Dec. 31, 2005, or other tax year begin		2005, endin	()	20		MB No. 1545-0074	
		ur first name and initial	Last name					social security num	ber
(See L	I 1							: :	(16)
instructions A on page 16) B	lf a	joint return, spouse's first name and initial	Last name				Spous	e's social security n	$\overline{}$
on page 16.)		OR REFERENCE			NOT FI	n Is i		1 1	(16)
label.		me address (number and street). If you have a	20000 E	16.	Apt. no	<u>L_L</u>).	• Y	ou must enter	
Otherwise, please print	1							our SSN(s) above	
or type.	City	, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. If y	ou have a foreign ac	ddress, se	e page 16.		Checki	ng a box below wil	not
Presidential		<u></u>				ノ	change	your tax or refund	
Election Campaign		heck here if you, or your spouse if filing	jointly, want \$3 to	go to th	iis fund (see p	age 16) 🕨		You 🗌 Spou	se
	1 [Single(16)		4 🗌				g person). (See page	e 17.) lf
Filing Status	2	Married filing jointly (even if only one	had income) -(1	7)	the qualifying p	erson is a o	child bu	t not your dependen	t, enter
Check only	3	Married filing separately. Enter spous	e's SSN above∕∕	\prec	this child's nam				
one box.		and full name here.		5 🗌		ow(er) with	ו depen		le 17)
Exemptions 18	6a	Yourself. If someone can claim you	u as a dependent,	do not	check box 6a	• •	• }	on 6a and 6b	
Excliptions	שר c	Spouse . <td>(2) Dependent</td> <td></td> <td>(3) Dependent's</td> <td> (4)√if qua</td> <td>. J</td> <td>on 6c who:</td> <td>al security number : : (16) social security number : : (16) must enter SSN(s) above. ▲ to box below will not ar tax or refund. ou Spouse rson). (See page 17.) If t your dependent, enter t child (see page 17) xes checked 6a and 6b . of children 6c who: tived with you did not live with u due to divorce separation e page 20) pendents on 6c t entered above 22 23 23 24 24 25 25 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27</td>	(2) Dependent		(3) Dependent's	 (4)√if qua	. J	on 6c who:	al security number : : (16) social security number : : (16) must enter SSN(s) above. ▲ to box below will not ar tax or refund. ou Spouse rson). (See page 17.) If t your dependent, enter t child (see page 17) xes checked 6a and 6b . of children 6c who: tived with you did not live with u due to divorce separation e page 20) pendents on 6c t entered above 22 23 23 24 24 25 25 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27
	C	(1) First name Last name	social security nur		relationship to	child for ch	ild tax	• lived with you .	
					you	credit (see pa	age 19)	you due to divorce	
If more than four	(10)	7		\pm			\pm	or separation (see page 20)	
dependents, see	-(19)*			(21)			(19)	Dependents on 6c	~
page 19.							<u> </u>		
	d	Total number of exemptions claimed						Add numbers on lines above ►	
	7	Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Attach Form	(s) W-2				7	(22)	
Income 62	8a	Taxable interest. Attach Schedule B if					8a	(22)	
Attach Form(s)	b	Tax-exempt interest. Do not include o	n line 8a	8b	(23)				
W-2 here. Also	9a	Ordinary dividends. Attach Schedule B	if required	ሃ		<u> </u>	9a	(23)	
attach Forms W-2G and	b	Qualified dividends (see page 23) .		9b		23)			
1099-R if tax	10	Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of s	state and local inco	ome taxe	es (see page 2	3)	10	\sim	
was withheld.	11	Alimony received					11		
	12	Business income or (loss). Attach Sche				. · .	12		
	13	Capital gain or (loss). Attach Schedule	•	ot require	d, check here		13 14		
If you did not get a W-2,	14	Other gains or (losses). Attach Form 47	\sim \sim \sim			•••	14 15b		
see page 22.	15a		25		le amount (see p	• /	16b		
Enclose but de	16a				le amount (see p	• /	17		
Enclose, but do not attach, any	17 18	Rental real estate, royalties, partnership Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedule		trusts, e	IC. Allach Sch	equie E	18		
payment. Also,	19	Unemployment compensation				• •	19	(27)	
please use Form 1040-V.	20a	Social security benefits. 20a	27)	b Taxabl	le amo <u>un</u> t (see p	 Dage 27)	20b		
6	21	Other income. List type and amount (se	ee page 29)		(29)		21		
	22	Add the amounts in the far right column	for lines 7 through	21. This i	s your total in	come 🕨	22		
	23	Educator expenses (see page 29) .		23	(2	9	_		
Adjusted	24	Certain business expenses of reservists, per	rforming artists, and		(29)				
Gross		fee-basis government officials. Attach Forr	n 2106 or 2106-EZ			<u>}</u>	-		
Income	25	Health savings account deduction. Attac		25	(29)	2	-		
	26	Moving expenses. Attach Form 3903		26	30		-		
	27	One-half of self-employment tax. Attach		27 28	(30)		-		
	28	Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and quali	•		(30) —	-		
	29	Self-employed health insurance deduct	,	30	(30)	2	-		
	30 21 o	Penalty on early withdrawal of savings Alimony paid b Recipient's SSN ►		31a	(3	0	-		
	31a			32	(31)				
	32 33	IRA deduction (see page 31) Student loan interest deduction (see page 31).		33	(3	3)			
	33 34	Tuition and fees deduction (see page 3	o ,	34	(34)				
	35	Domestic production activities deduction.		35	NEW (3	5)			
	36	Add lines 23 through 31a and 32 through					36	(35)	
	37	Subtract line 36 from line 22. This is yo				. ►	37		
For Disclosure, Pr	rivacy	Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act No	otice, see page 7	8.	Cat. No	. 11320B		Form 1040	(2005)

Tax Return Page Reference *Questions about what to put on a line? Help is on the page number in the circle.*

Form 1040 (2005))			Page 2
Tax and	38	Amount from line 37 (adjusted gross income)	38	
Credits	39a	Check $\left\{ \Box \text{ You were born before January 2, 1941, } \Box \text{ Blind.} \right\}$ Total boxes		
Chandand	b	if: [] Spouse was born before January 2, 1941, [] Blind.] checked ▶ 39a [] Spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status <u>alien.</u> [] Ange 35 and check here ▶ 39b []	1	35
Standard Deduction	40	Itemized deductions (from Schedule A) or your standard deduction (see left margin).	40	(35)
for—	41		41	
 People who checked any 	42	If line 38 is over \$109,475, or you provided housing to a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina,		
box on line 39a or 39b or		see page 37. Otherwise, multiply \$3,200 by the total number of exemptions claimed on line 6d	42	(37)
who can be claimed as a	43	Taxable income. Subtract line 42 from line 41. If line 42 is more than line 41, enter -0-	43 44	(37)
dependent, see page 36.	44	Tax (see page 37). Check if any tax is from: a Form(s) 8814 b Form 4972	44	(39)
 All others: 	45 46	Alternative minimum tax (see page 39). Attach Form 6251	46	
Single or	47	Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required		
Married filing separately,	48	Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441		
\$5,000	49	Credit for the elderly or the disabled. Attach Schedule R . 49 (40)	-	
Married filing jointly or	50	Education credits. Attach Form 8863	-	
Qualifying	51		-	
widow(er), \$10,000	52 53	Adoption credit Attach Form 8839	1	
Head of	54	Credits from: a □ Form 8396 b □ Form 8859 54 43		
household, \$7,300	55	Other credits. Check applicable box(es): a Form 3800		
	J			
(31)	56 57	Add lines 47 through 55. These are your total credits	56 57	
	58	Self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE	58	
Other	59	Social security and Medicare tax on tip income not reported to employer. Attach Form 4137	59	(43)
Taxes	60	Additional tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc. Attach Form 5329 if required	60	(43)
	61	Advance earned income credit payments from Form(s) W-2	61	(43)
	62 63	Household employment taxes. Attach Schedule H	62 63	(43)
Devenente	64	Federal income tax withheld from Forms W-2 and 1099 . 64	03	
Payments	65	2005 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 2004 return 65 (44)		
If you have a	_ _66a	Earned income credit (EIC)		
qualifying child, attach	b	Nontaxable combat pay election		
Schedule EIC.	67	Excess social security and tier 1 RRTA tax withheld (see page 59)	-	
	68 69	Additional child tax credit. Attach Form 8812	1	
	70	Payments from: a \Box Form 2439 b \Box Form 4136 c \Box Form 8885, 70 59		
	71	Add lines 64, 65, 66a, and 67 through 70. These are your total payments	71	
Refund	72	If line 71 is more than line 63, subtract line 63 from line 71,59 is the amount you overpaid	72	(59)
Direct deposit?		Amount of line 72 you want refunded to you	73a	
See page 59 and fill in 73b,		Routing number ► c Type: Checking Savings Account number Image: Checking Image: Checking Image: Checking		59
73c, and 73d.	74	Amount of line 72 you want applied to your 2006 estimated tax Amount of line 72 you want applied to your 2006 estimated tax		(60)
Amount	75 76	Amount you owe. Subtract line 71 from line 63. For details on how to pay, see 60 ►	75	
You Owe	76 Do		Compl	ete the following.
Third Party		signee's (61) Phone Personal identific	·	
Designee	nar	ne no. () number (PIN)		
Sign		der penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and statements, an ef, they are true, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of w		
Here Joint return?	Yo	ur signature Date Your occupation	Dayt	ime phone number
See page 17.		(61)	() (61)
Keep a copy for your records.	Sp	ouse's signature. If a joint return, both must sign. Date Spouse's occupation		
Paid	Pre	parer's 61 Date Check if self-employed	Prep	arer's SSN or PTIN
Preparer's	Fin	n's name (or EIN	L;	
Use Only	you	urs if self-employed), Phone no.	()

Form **1040** (2005)

IRS Customer Service Standards

At the IRS, our goal is to continually improve the quality of our services. To achieve that goal, we have developed customer service standards in the following areas.

- Easier filing and payment options.
- Access to information.
- Accuracy.

- Prompt refunds.
- Canceling penalties.
- Resolving problems.
- Simpler forms.

If you would like information about the IRS standards and a report of our accomplishments, see Pub. 2183.

Help With Unresolved Tax Issues

Office of the Taxpayer Advocate

Contacting Your Taxpayer Advocate

If you have attempted to deal with an IRS problem unsuccessfully, you should contact your Taxpayer Advocate.

The Taxpayer Advocate independently represents your interests and concerns within the IRS by protecting your rights and resolving problems that have not been fixed through normal channels.

While Taxpayer Advocates cannot change the tax law or make a technical tax decision, they can clear up problems that resulted from previous contacts and ensure that your case is given a complete and impartial review.

Handling Your Tax Problems

Your assigned personal advocate will listen to your point of view and will work with you to address your concerns. You can expect the advocate to provide you with:

- A "fresh look" at your new or on-going problem,
- Timely acknowledgment,
- The name and phone number of the individual assigned to your case,
- Updates on progress,
- Timeframes for action,
- Speedy resolution, and
- Courteous service.

Information You Should Be Prepared To Provide

- Your name, address, and social security number (or employer identification number),
- Your telephone number and hours you can be reached,
- The type of tax return and year(s) involved,
- A detailed description of your problem,
- Your previous attempts to solve the problem and the office you contacted, and
- Description of the hardship you are facing and supporting documentation (if applicable).

How To Contact Your Taxpayer Advocate

- Call the Taxpayer Advocate's toll-free number: 1-877-777-4778.
- Call, write, or fax the Taxpayer Advocate office in your area (see Pub. 1546 for addresses and phone numbers).
- TTY/TDD help is available by calling 1-800-829-4059.
- Visit the website at *www.irs.gov/advocate*.

Quick and Easy Access to Tax Help and Forms



If you live outside the United States, see Pub. 54 to find out how to get help and forms.



Internet

You can access the IRS website 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, at *www.irs.gov* to:

- Access commercial tax preparation and *e-file* services available free to eligible taxpayers;
- Check the status of your 2005 refund;
- Download forms, instructions, and publications;
- Order IRS products online;
- Research your tax questions online;
- Search publications online by topic or keyword;
- Figure your withholding allowances using our W-4 calculator; and
- Sign up to receive local and national tax news by email.



Mail

You can order forms, instructions, and publications by completing the order blank on page 80. You should receive your order within 10 days after we receive your request.



Walk-In

You can pick up some of the most requested forms, instructions, and publications at many IRS offices, post offices, and libraries. Some grocery stores, copy centers, city and county govern-

ment offices, credit unions, and office supply stores have a collection of reproducible tax forms available to photocopy or print from a CD-ROM.



Phone

You can order forms and publications and receive automated information by phone.

Forms and publications. Call 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676) during the hours shown on page 10 to order current-year forms, instructions, and publications, and prior-year forms and instructions. You should receive your order within 10 days.

TeleTax topics. Call 1-800-829-4477 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to listen to pre-recorded messages covering about 150 tax topics. See pages 8 and 9 for a list of the topics.

Refund information. You can check the status of your 2005 refund 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. See page 8 for details.



CD-ROM

You can order Publication 1796, IRS Tax Products CD-ROM, and obtain:

- A CD that is released twice so you have the latest products. The first release ships in late December and the final release ships in late February.
- Current-year forms, instructions, and publications.
- Prior-year forms, instructions and publications.
- Tax Map: an electronic research tool and finding aid.
- Tax law frequently asked questions.
- Tax Topics from the IRS telephone response system.
- Fill-in, print, and save features for most tax forms.
- Internal Revenue Bulletins.
- Toll-free and email technical support.

Buy the CD-ROM from National Technical Information Service (NTIS) at *www.irs.gov/cdorders* for \$25 (no handling fee) or call **1-877-CDFORMS** (1-877-233-6767) toll-free to buy the CD-ROM for \$25 (plus a \$5 handling fee).

Other ways to get help. See page 63 for information.

Refund Information

Be sure to have a copy of your 2005 tax return available because you will need to know the filing status and the exact whole-dollar amount of your refund. Then, do one of the following.

• Go to *www.irs.gov* and click on *Where's My Refund.*

• Call 1-800-829-4477 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, for automated refund information.

What Is TeleTax?

Recorded Tax Information

Recorded tax information is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Select the number of the topic you want to hear. Then, call 1-800-829-4477. Have paper and pencil handy to take notes.

TeleTax Topics

All topics are available in Spanish.

Topic No.

Subject

IRS Help Available

- 101 IRS services—Volunteer tax assistance, toll-free telephone, walk-in assistance, and outreach programs
- 102 Tax assistance for individuals with disabilities and the hearing impaired
- 103 Tax help for small businesses and the self-employed
- 104 Taxpayer Advocate Service—Help for problem situations
- 106 Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks

IRS Procedures

- 151 Your appeal rights
- 152 Refunds—How long they should
- take 153 What to do if you haven't filed your tax return
- 154 2005 Form W-2 and Form 1099-R—What to do if not received
- 155 Forms and publications—How to order

• Call 1-800-829-1954 during the hours	5
shown on page 10.	



Refunds are sent out weekly on Fridays. If you check the status of your refund and are not given the date it will be issued, please if the next week before checking

your return, allow 14 weeks (11 weeks if you filed electronically).

wait until the next week before checking back.

Do not send in a copy of your return unless asked to do so.

To get a refund, you generally must file your return within 3 years from the date the return was due (including extensions).

Topics by Internet

TeleTax topics are also available through the IRS website at *www.irs.gov*.

Topic

No.

Subject

- 156 Copy of your tax return—How to get one
- 157 Change of address—How to notify IRS
- 158 Ensuring proper credit of payments159 Prior year(s) Form W-2—How to get a copy of

Collection

- 201 The collection process
- 202 What to do if you can't pay your tax
- 203 Failure to pay child support and federal nontax and state income tax obligations
- 204 Offers in compromise
- 205 Innocent spouse relief (and separation of liability and equitable relief)

Alternative Filing Methods

- 251 Electronic signatures
- 252 Electronic filing
- 253 Substitute tax forms
- How to choose a paid tax preparer
- 256 Filing business returns electronically

General Information

- 301 When, where, and how to file
- 302 Highlights of tax changes

Topic No.

You can check on the status of your 2005 refund if it has been at least 6 weeks from the date

you filed your return (3 weeks if you filed electronically). But if you filed Form 8379 with

Subject

- 303 Checklist of common errors when preparing your tax return
- 304 Extensions of time to file your tax return
- 305 Recordkeeping
- 306 Penalty for underpayment of estimated tax
- 307 Backup withholding
- 308 Amended returns
- 309 Roth IRA contributions
- 310 Coverdell education savings accounts
- 311 Power of attorney information
- 312 Disclosure authorizations
- 313 Qualified tuition programs (QTPs)

Filing Requirements, Filing Status, and Exemptions

- 351 Who must file?
- 352 Which form—1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ?
- 353 What is your filing status?
- 354 Dependents
- 355 Estimated tax
- 356 Decedents
- 357 Tax information for parents of kidnapped children

Types of Income

401 Wages and salaries

TeleTax Topics

(Continued)

Topic	
No.	Subject
402	Tips
403	Interest received
404	Dividends
405	Refunds of state and local taxes
406	Alimony received
407	Business income
408	Sole proprietorship
409	Capital gains and losses
410	Pensions and annuities
411	Pensions—The general rule and the
	simplified method
412	Lump-sum distributions
413	Rollovers from retirement plans
414	Rental income and expenses
415	Renting residential and vacation
	property
416	Farming and fishing income
417	Earnings for clergy
418	Unemployment compensation
419	Gambling income and expenses
420	Bartering income
421	Scholarship and fellowship grants
422	Nontaxable income

- 423 Social security and equivalent railroad retirement benefits424 401(k) plans
- 425 Passive activities—Losses and credits
- 426 Other income
- 427 Stock options
- 428 Roth IRA distributions
- 429 Traders in securities (information for Form 1040 filers)
- 430 Exchange of policyholder interest for stock

Adjustments to Income

- 451 Individual retirement arrangements (IRAs)
- 452 Alimony paid
- 453 Bad debt deduction
- 455 Moving expenses
- 456 Student loan interest deduction
- 457 Tuition and fees deduction
- 458 Educator expense deduction

Itemized Deductions

- 501 Should I itemize?
- 502 Medical and dental expenses
- 503 Deductible taxes
- 504 Home mortgage points
- 505 Interest expense
- 506 Contributions
- 507 Casualty and theft losses
- 508 Miscellaneous expenses

Topic No.

- 509 Business use of home
- 510 Business use of car
- 511 Business travel expenses
- 512 Business entertainment expenses

Subject

- 513 Educational expenses
- 514 Employee business expenses
- 515 Casualty, disaster, and theft losses

Tax Computation

- 551 Standard deduction
- 552 Tax and credits figured by the IRS
- 553 Tax on a child's investment income
- 554 Self-employment tax
- 555 Ten-year tax option for lump-sum distributions
- 556 Alternative minimum tax
- 557 Tax on early distributions from traditional and Roth IRAs
- 558 Tax on early distributions from retirement plans

Tax Credits

- 601 Earned income credit (EIC)
- 602 Child and dependent care credit
- 603 Credit for the elderly or the disabled
- 604 Advance earned income credit
- 605 Education credits
- 606 Child tax credits
- 607 Adoption credit
- 608 Excess social security and RRTA tax withheld
- 610 Retirement savings contributions credit

IRS Notices

- 651 Notices—What to do
- 652 Notice of underreported income— CP 2000
- 653 IRS notices and bills, penalties, and interest charges

Basis of Assets, Depreciation, and Sale of Assets

- 701 Sale of your home
- 703 Basis of assets
- 704 Depreciation
- 705 Installment sales

Employer Tax Information

- 751 Social security and Medicare withholding rates
- 752 Form W-2—Where, when, and how to file
- 753 Form W-4—Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate
- 754 Form W-5—Advance earned income credit

Topic No.

- Subject Employer identification number
- 755 Employer identification (EIN)—How to apply
- 756 Employment taxes for household employees
- 757 Form 941—Deposit requirements
 - 758 Form 941—Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return
 - 759 Form 940 and 940-EZ—Deposit requirements
 - 760 Form 940 and Form 940-EZ— Employer's Annual Federal Unemployment Tax Returns
 - 761 Tips—Withholding and reporting
 - 762 Independent contractor vs. employee

Electronic Magnetic Media Filers—1099 Series and Related Information Returns

- 801 Who must file magnetically
- 802 Applications, forms, and information
- 803 Waivers and extensions
- 804 Test files and combined federal and state filing
- 805 Electronic filing of information returns

Tax Information for Aliens and U.S. Citizens Living Abroad

- 851 Resident and nonresident aliens
- 852 Dual-status alien
- 853 Foreign earned income exclusion— General
- 854 Foreign earned income exclusion— Who qualifies?
- 855 Foreign earned income exclusion— What qualifies?
- 856 Foreign tax credit
- 857 Individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN)—Form W-7
- 858 Alien tax clearance

Tax Information for Puerto Rico Residents (in Spanish only)

- 901 Who must file a U.S. income tax return in Puerto Rico
- 902 Deductions and credits for Puerto Rico filers
- 903 Federal employment taxes in Puerto Rico
- 904 Tax assistance for Puerto Rico residents

Topic numbers are effective January 1, 2006.

Calling the IRS

If you cannot find the answer to your question using one of the methods listed on page 7, please call us for assistance at 1-800-829-1040. You will not be charged for the call unless your phone company charges you for toll-free calls. Our normal hours of operation are Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. local time. Assistance provided to callers from Alaska and Hawaii will be based on the hours of operation in the Pacific time zone. These hours are subject to change. If you call when assistance is not available, you will receive a message giving the updated hours of operation.



If you want to check the status of your 2005 refund, see Refund Information on page 8.

Before You Call

IRS representatives care about the quality of the service provided to you, our customer. You can help us provide accurate, complete answers to your questions by having the following information available.

• The tax form, schedule, or notice to which your question relates.

• The facts about your particular situation. The answer to the same question often varies from one taxpayer to another because of differences in their age, income, whether they can be claimed as a dependent, etc.

• The name of any IRS publication or other source of information that you used to look for the answer.

To maintain your account security, you may be asked for the following information, which you should also have available.

• Your social security number.

• The amount of refund and filing status shown on your tax return.

• The "Caller ID Number" shown at the top of any notice you received.

• Your personal identification number (PIN) if you have one.

- Your date of birth.
- The numbers in your street address.
- Your ZIP code.

If you are asking for an installment agreement to pay your tax, you will be asked for the highest amount you can pay each month and the date on which you can pay it.

Evaluation of services provided. The IRS uses several methods to evaluate our telephone service. One method is to record telephone calls for quality purposes only. A random sample of recorded calls is selected for review through the quality assurance process. Other methods include listening to live calls in progress and random selection of customers for participation in a customer satisfaction survey.

Making the Call

Call 1-800-829-1040 (for TTY/TDD help, call 1-800-829-4059). Our menus allow callers with pulse or rotary dial telephones to speak their responses when requested to do so. First, you will be provided a series of options that will request touch-tone responses. If a touch-tone response is not received, you will then hear a series of options and be asked to speak your selections. After your touch-tone or spoken response is received, the system will direct your call to the appropriate assistance. You can do the following within the system.

- Order tax forms and publications.
- Find out what you owe.

• Determine if we have adjusted your account or received payments you made.

• Request a transcript of your tax return or account.

• Find out where to send your tax return or payment.

• Request more time to pay or set up a monthly installment agreement.

• Find out if you qualify for innocent spouse relief.

Before You Hang Up

If you do not fully understand the answer you receive, or you feel our representative may not fully understand your question, our representative needs to know this. He or she will be happy to take additional time to be sure your question is answered fully.

By law, you are responsible for paying your share of federal income tax. If we should make an error in answering your question, you are still responsible for the payment of the correct tax. Should this occur, however, you will not be charged any penalty.

Before You Fill In Form 1040



For details on these and other changes for 2005 and 2006, see Pub. 553. Pending legislation may eliminate one or more of

the last five changes listed under What's New for 2006.

What's New for 2005

Qualifying child—**New definition.** A new definition of a qualifying child applies for each of the following tax benefits.

- Dependency exemption (line 6c).
- Child tax credits (lines 52 and 68).

• Head of household filing status (line 4).

• Credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 48).

• Earned income credit (EIC) (lines 66a and 66b).

See the instructions for each of these benefits for details.

Foster child—**New rules.** New rules apply to determine who is a foster child and when a foster child can be used to claim certain tax benefits. To claim a foster child as a qualifying child for any of the tax benefits listed above, the child must be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction. A foster child no longer qualifies you to use qualifying widow(er) filing status.

Dependents cannot claim exemptions for dependents. If you can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, you cannot claim any exemptions for dependents.

Hurricane Katrina Tax Relief



At the time these instructions went to print, Congress was considering legislation that would provide additional tax

relief for individuals affected by Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma. For more details, and to find out if this legislation was enacted, see Pub. 4492.

Emergency tax relief was enacted as a result of Hurricane Katrina. The tax benefits provided by this relief include the following.

• Suspended limits for certain personal casualty losses and cash contributions.

• An additional exemption amount if you provided housing for a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina.

• Election to use your 2004 earned income to figure your 2005 EIC and additional child tax credit.

• Increased charitable standard mileage rate for using your vehicle for volunteer work related to Hurricane Katrina.

• Special rules for time and support tests for people who were temporarily relocated because of Hurricane Katrina.

• Special rules for withdrawals and loans from IRAs and other qualified retirement plans.

For more details on these and other tax benefits related to Hurricane Katrina, see Pub. 4492.

Domestic production activities deduction. You may be able to deduct up to 3% of your qualified production activities income from certain business activities. See the instructions for line 35 on page 35.

IRA deduction expanded. You and your spouse, if filing jointly, may each be able to deduct up to \$4,000 (\$4,500 if age 50 or older at the end of 2005). You may be able to take an IRA deduction if you were covered by a retirement plan and your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than \$60,000 (\$80,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)). See the instructions for line 32 on page 31.

Earned income credit (EIC). You may be able to take the EIC if:

• A child lived with you and you earned less than \$35,263 (\$37,263 if married filing jointly), or

• A child did not live with you and you earned less than \$11,750 (\$13,750 if married filing jointly).

See the instructions for lines 66a and 66b that begin on page 45.

Standard mileage rates. The 2005 rate for business use of your vehicle is $40\frac{1}{2}$ cents a mile ($48\frac{1}{2}$ cents after August 31, 2005). The 2005 rate for use of your vehicle to get medical care or to move is 15 cents a mile (22 cents a mile after August 31, 2005).

Elective salary deferrals. The maximum amount you can defer under all plans is generally limited to \$14,000 (\$10,000 if you only have SIMPLE plans; \$17,000 for section 403(b) plans if you qualify for the 15-year rule). The catch-up contribution limit increased to \$4,000 (\$2,000 for SIMPLE plans). See the instructions for line 7 on page 22.

Certain deductions reordered. The lines in the *Adjusted Gross Income* section have been reordered to simplify the computation of modified adjusted gross income limits.

Mailing your return. You may be mailing your return to a different address this year because the IRS has changed the filing location for several areas. If you received an envelope with your tax package, please use it. Otherwise, see *Where Do You File?* on the back cover.

What's New for 2006

Personal exemption and itemized deduction phaseouts reduced. The phaseouts of the personal exemptions and itemized deductions will be reduced by $\frac{1}{3}$.

IRA deduction expanded for certain people. You and your spouse, if filing jointly, may each be able to deduct up to \$5,000 if age 50 or older at the end of 2006. You may be able to take an IRA deduction if you were covered by a retirement plan and your 2006 modified AGI is less than \$85,000 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er).

Residential energy credit—New. You may be able to take a residential energy credit for expenses paid in 2006 to have qualified energy saving items installed in your main home.

Alternative motor vehicles. You may be able to take a credit if you place an energy efficient motor vehicle or alternative fuel vehicle refueling property in service in 2006. You can no longer take a deduction for clean-fuel vehicles or refueling property.

Clean renewable energy bond credit— **New.** You may be able to take a credit based on the face amount of any clean renewable energy bond you hold during 2006. The amount of any credit before tax liability limits must be included as interest income.

Certain credits no longer allowed against alternative minimum tax (AMT). The credit for child and dependent care expenses, credit for the elderly or the disabled, education credits, mortgage interest credit, and carryforwards of the District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit are no longer allowed against AMT and a new tax liability limit applies. For most people, this limit is your regular tax minus any tentative minimum tax.

AMT exemption amount decreased. The AMT exemption amount will decrease to \$33,750 (\$45,000 if married filing jointly or a qualifying widow(er); \$22,500 if married filing separately).

Educator expense deduction expires. The deduction from AGI for educator expenses will expire. To deduct educator expenses, you must itemize your deductions.

Tuition and fees deduction expires. You cannot take a deduction for qualified tuition and fees paid in 2006. But you still may be able to take a credit for these expenses.

District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit expires. This credit will not apply to homes purchased after December 31, 2005.

Filing Requirements

Do You Have To File?

Use Chart A, B, or C to see if you must file a return. U.S. citizens who lived in or had income from a U.S. possession should see Pub. 570. Residents of Puerto Rico can use TeleTax topic 901 (see page 8) to see if they must file.



Even if you do not otherwise have to file a return, you should file one to get a refund of any federal income tax withheld.

You should also file if you are eligible for the earned income credit, the additional child tax credit, or the health coverage tax credit.

Exception for children under age 14. If you are planning to file a tax return for your child who was under age 14 at the end of 2005 and certain other conditions apply, you can elect to include your child's income on your return. But you must use Form 8814 to do so. If you make this election, your child does not have to file a return. For details, use TeleTax topic 553 (see page 8) or see Form 8814.

A child born on January 1, 1992, is considered to be age 14 at the end of 2005. Do not use Form 8814 for such a child.

Resident aliens. These rules also apply if you were a resident alien. Also, you may qualify for certain tax treaty benefits. See Pub. 519 for details.

Nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens. These rules also apply if you were a nonresident alien or a dual-status alien and both of the following apply.

• You were married to a U.S. citizen or resident at the end of 2005.

• You elected to be taxed as a resident alien.

See Pub. 519 for details.



Rev file

Specific rules apply to determine if you are a resident alien, nonresident alien, or dual-status alien. Most nonresident aliens

and dual-status aliens have different filing requirements and may have to file Form 1040NR or Form 1040NR-EZ. Pub. 519 discusses these requirements and other information to help aliens comply with U.S. tax law, including tax treaty benefits and special rules for students and scholars.

When and Where Should You File?

Not later than **April 17, 2006.** If you file after this date, you may have to pay interest and penalties. See page 64.

See the back cover for filing instructions and addresses. For details on using a private delivery service, see page 15.

What if You Cannot File on Time?

You can get an automatic 6-month extension if, no later than April 17, 2006, you file Form 4868. For details, see Form 4868.



Have you tried IRS *e-file*²It's the fastest way to get your refund and it's free if you are eligible. Visit *www.irs.gov* for details.

These rules apply to all U.S. citizens, regardless of where they live, and resident aliens.

An automatic 6-month extension to file does not extend the time to pay your tax. See Form 4868.

If you are a U.S. citizen or resident, you may qualify for an automatic extension of time to file without filing Form 4868. You qualify if, on the due date of your return, you meet one of the following conditions.

• You live outside the United States and Puerto Rico and your main place of business or post of duty is outside the United States and Puerto Rico.

• You are in military or naval service on duty outside the United States and Puerto Rico.

This extension gives you an extra 2 months to file and pay the tax, but interest will be charged from the original due date of the return on any unpaid tax. You must attach a statement to your return showing that you meet the requirements. If you are still unable to file your return by the end of the 2-month period, you can get an additional 4 months if, no later than June 15, 2006, you file Form 4868. This 4-month extension of time to file does not extend the time to pay your tax. See Form 4868.

Chart A—For Most People

IF your filing status is	AND at the end of 2005 you were*	THEN file a return if your gross income** was at least
Single	under 65 65 or older	\$8,200 9,450
Married filing jointly***	under 65 (both spouses) 65 or older (one spouse) 65 or older (both spouses)	\$16,400 17,400 18,400
Married filing separately (see page 17)	any age	\$3,200
Head of household (see page 17)	under 65 65 or older	\$10,500 11,750
Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child (see page 17)	under 65 65 or older	\$13,200 14,200

* If you were born on January 1, 1941, you are considered to be age 65 at the end of 2005.

** **Gross income** means all income you received in the form of money, goods, property, and services that is not exempt from tax, including any income from sources outside the United States (even if you can exclude part or all of it). **Do not** include social security benefits unless you are married filing a separate return and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2005.

*** If you did not live with your spouse at the end of 2005 (or on the date your spouse died) and your gross income was at least \$3,200, you must file a return regardless of your age.

Chart B—For Children and Other Dependents (See the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 19 to find out if someone can claim you as a dependent.)

If your parent (or someone else) can claim you as a dependent, use this In this chart, unearned income includes taxable interest, ordinary div wages, tips, and taxable scholarship and fellowship grants. Gross incom	idends, and cap	pital gain distributions. Earn	
Single dependents. Were you either age 65 or older or blind?			
No. You must file a return if any of the following apply.			
• Your unearned income was over \$800.			
• Your earned income was over \$5,000.			
• Your gross income was more than the larger of—			
• \$800, or			
• Your earned income (up to \$4,750) plus \$250.			
 Yes. You must file a return if any of the following apply. Your unearned income was over \$2,050 (\$3,300 if 65 or old 	der and blind)		
 Your earned income was over \$6,250 (\$7,500 if 65 or older 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
 Your gross income was more than— 	und onna).		
The larger of:	Plus	This amount:	
• \$800, or)	\$1,250 (\$2,500 if 65 or	-
• Your earned income (up to \$4,750) plus \$250	}	older and blind)	
 Married dependents. Were you either age 65 or older or blind? No. You must file a return if any of the following apply. Your unearned income was over \$800. Your gross income was over \$5,000. Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse files a set Your gross income was more than the larger of— \$800, or Your earned income (up to \$4,750) plus \$250. Yes. You must file a return if any of the following apply. Your unearned income was over \$1,800 (\$2,800 if 65 or older Your gross income was over \$6,000 (\$7,000 if 65 or older Your gross income was at least \$5 and your spouse files a set Your gross income was more than— 	der and blind). : and blind).		
The larger of:	Plus	This amount:	
• \$800, or		\$1,000 (\$2,000 if 65 or	_
 Your earned income (up to \$4,750) plus \$250 	}	older and blind)	

Chart C—Other Situations When You Must File

You must file a return if any of the four conditions below apply for 2005.
 You owe any special taxes, including any of the following. Alternative minimum tax.
• Additional tax on a qualified plan, including an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), or other tax-favored account. But if you filing a return only because you owe this tax, you can file Form 5329 by itself.
• Household employment taxes. But if you are filing a return only because you owe this tax, you can file Schedule H by itself.
• Social security and Medicare tax on tips you did not report to your employer.
• Write-in taxes, including uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips you reported to your employer or on group-term life insurance and additional tax on health savings account distributions. See the instructions for line 63 on page 44.
• Recapture taxes. See the instructions for line 44, on page 37, and line 63, on page 44.
2. You received any advance earned income credit (EIC) payments from your employer. These payments are shown in Form W-2, box 9.
3. You had net earnings from self-employment of at least \$400.
4. You had wages of \$108.28 or more from a church or qualified church-controlled organization that is exempt from employer social security and Medicare taxes.

Where To Report Certain Items From 2005 Forms W-2, 1098, and 1099

Extile IRS *e-file* takes the guesswork out of preparing your return. You may also be eligible to use free online commercial tax preparation software to file your federal income tax return. Visit *www.irs.gov/efile* for details.

If any federal income tax withheld is shown on these forms, include the tax withheld on Form 1040, line 64. If you itemize your deductions and any state or local income tax withheld is shown on these forms, include the tax withheld on Schedule A, line 5, if you do not elect to deduct state and local general sales taxes.

Form	Item and Box in Which It Should Appear	Where To Report if Filing Form 1040
W-2	Wages, tips, other compensation (box 1)	Form 1040, line 7
	Allocated tips (box 8)	See <i>Tip income</i> on page 22
	Advance EIC payment (box 9)	Form 1040, line 61
	Dependent care benefits (box 10)	Form 2441, line 12
	Adoption benefits (box 12, code T)	Form 8839, line 22
	Employer contributions to an Archer MSA (box 12, code R)	Form 8853, line 3
	Employer contributions to a health savings account (box 12, code W)	Form 8889, line 9
W-2G	Gambling winnings (box 1)	Form 1040, line 21 (Schedule C or C-EZ for professional gamblers)
1098	Mortgage interest (box 1)	Schedule A, line 10*
	Points (box 2) \int	
	Refund of overpaid interest (box 3)	Form 1040, line 21, but first see the instructions on Form 1098*
1098-C	Contributions of motor vehicles, boats, and airplanes	Schedule A, line 16
1098-E	Student loan interest (box 1)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 33, on page 33*
1098-T	Qualified tuition and related expenses (box 1)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 34, on page 34, or line 50, page 40, but first see the instructions on Form 1098-T*
1099-A	Acquisition or abandonment of secured property	See Pub. 544
1099-B	Stocks, bonds, etc. (box 2)	See the instructions on Form 1099-B
	Bartering (box 3)	See Pub. 525
	Aggregate profit or (loss) (box 11)	Form 6781, line 1
1099-C	Canceled debt (box 2)	Form 1040, line 21, but first see the instructions on Form 1099-C*
1099-DIV	Total ordinary dividends (box 1a)	Form 1040, line 9a
	Qualified dividends (box 1b)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 9b, on page 23
	Total capital gain distributions (box 2a)	Form 1040, line 13, or, if required, Schedule D, line 13
	Unrecaptured section 1250 gain (box 2b)	See the instructions for Schedule D, line 19, that begin on page D-7
	Section 1202 gain (box 2c)	See Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock in
		the instructions for Schedule D on page D-4
	Collectibles (28%) gain (box 2d)	See the instructions for Schedule D, line 18, on page D-7
	Nondividend distributions (box 3)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 9a, on page 23
	Investment expenses (box 5)	Schedule A, line 22
	Foreign tax paid (box 6)	Form 1040, line 47, or Schedule A, line 8
1099-G	Unemployment compensation (box 1)	Form 1040, line 19. But if you repaid any unemployment compensation in 2005, see the instructions for line 19 on
	State or local income tax refunds, credits, or	page 27. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 10, that begin on
	offsets (box 2)	page 23*
	ATAA payments (box 5)	Form 1040, line 21
	Taxable grants (box 6)	Form 1040, line 21*
	Agriculture payments (box 7)	See the Instructions for Schedule F or Pub. 225*
1099-Н	HCTC advance payments (box 1)	Form 8885, lines 2 and 6

* If the item relates to an activity for which you are required to file Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 4835, report the taxable or deductible amount allocable to the activity on that schedule or form instead.

Form	Item and Box in Which It Should Appear	Where To Report if Filing Form 1040
1099-INT	Interest income (box 1)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 8a, on page 22
	Early withdrawal penalty (box 2)	Form 1040, line 30
	Interest on U.S. savings bonds and Treasury obligations (box 3)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 8a, on page 22
	Investment expenses (box 5)	Schedule A, line 22
	Foreign tax paid (box 6)	Form 1040, line 47, or Schedule A, line 8
1099-LTC	Long-term care and accelerated death benefits	See Pub. 502 and the Instructions for Form 8853
1099-MISC	Rents (box 1)	See the Instructions for Schedule E*
	Royalties (box 2)	Schedule E, line 4 (for timber, coal, and iron ore royalties, see Pub. 544)*
	Other income (box 3)	Form 1040, line 21*
	Nonemployee compensation (box 7)	Schedule C, C-EZ, or F. But if you were not self-employed, see the instructions on Form 1099-MISC.
	Excess golden parachute payments (box 13)	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 63, on page 44
	Other (boxes 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 14, and 15b)	See the instructions on Form 1099-MISC
1099-OID	Original issue discount (box 1)	See the instructions on Form 1099-OID
	Other periodic interest (box 2)	
	Early withdrawal penalty (box 3) Original issue discount on U.S. Treasury	Form 1040, line 30 See the instructions on Form 1099-OID
	obligations (box 6)	See the instructions on Form 1099-OID
	Investment expenses (box 7)	Schedule A, line 22
1099-PATR	Patronage dividends and other distributions from a cooperative (boxes 1, 2, 3, and 5)	Schedule C, C-EZ, or F or Form 4835, but first see the instructions Form 1099-PATR
	Domestic production activities deduction (box 6)	Form 8903, line 17
	Credits (boxes 7, 8, and 10)	Form 3468, 5884, 5884-A, 6478, 8844, 8845, 8861, or 8896
	Patron's AMT adjustment (box 9)	Form 6251, line 26
	Deduction for small refiner capital costs (box 10)	Schedule C, C-EZ, or F
1099-Q	Qualified education program payments	See the instructions for Form 1040, line 21, on page 29
1099-R	Distributions from IRAs**	See the instructions for Form 1040, lines 15a and 15b, on page 25
	Distributions from pensions, annuities, etc.	See the instructions for Form 1040, lines 16a and 16b, that begin on
	Capital gain (box 3)	page 25 See the instructions on Form 1099-R
1000 5		Form 4707 Form (252) on Sale July D. Det 19 the server of
1099-S	Gross proceeds from real estate transactions (box 2)	Form 4797, Form 6252, or Schedule D. But if the property was your home, see the Instructions for Schedule D to find out if you must report the sale or exchange.
	Buyer's part of real estate tax (box 5)	See the instructions for Schedule A, line 6, on page A-5*
1099-SA	Distributions from health savings accounts (HSAs)	Form 8889, line 12a
	Distributions from MSAs***	Form 8853

* If the item relates to an activity for which you are required to file Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 4835, report the taxable or deductible amount allocable to the activity on that schedule or form instead.

** This includes distributions from Roth, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs.

*** This includes distributions from Archer and Medicare Advantage MSAs.

Private Delivery Services

You can use certain private delivery services designated by the IRS to meet the "timely mailing as timely filing/paying" rule for tax returns and payments. These private delivery services include only the following.

• DHL Express (DHL): DHL Same Day Service, DHL Next Day 10:30 am, DHL Next Day 12:00 pm, DHL Next Day 3:00 pm, and DHL 2nd Day Service.

• Federal Express (FedEx): FedEx Priority Overnight, FedEx Standard Overnight, FedEx 2Day, FedEx International Priority, and FedEx International First.

• United Parcel Service (UPS): UPS Next Day Air, UPS Next Day Air Saver, UPS 2nd Day Air, UPS 2nd Day Air A.M., UPS Worldwide Express Plus, and UPS Worldwide Express.

The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.



Private delivery services cannot deliver items to P.O. boxes. You must use the U.S. Postal Service to mail any item to an IRS P.O. box address.

Line Instructions for Form 1040

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Name and Address

Use the Peel-Off Label

Using your peel-off name and address label on the back of this booklet will speed the processing of your return. It also prevents common errors that can delay refunds or result in unnecessary notices. Put the label on your return after you have finished it. Cross out any incorrect information and print the correct information. Add any missing items, such as your apartment number.

Address Change

If the address on your peel-off label is not your current address, cross out your old address and print your new address. If you plan to move after filing your return, use Form 8822 to notify the IRS of your new address.

Name Change

If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., be sure to report the change to your local Social Security Administration office before filing your return. This prevents delays in processing your return and issuing refunds. It also safeguards your future social security benefits. See page 63 for more details. If you received a peel-off label, cross out your former name and print your new name.

What if You Do Not Have a Label?

Print or type the information in the spaces provided. If you are married filing a separate return, enter your spouse's name on line 3 instead of below your name.



If you filed a joint return for 2004 and you are filing a joint return for 2005 with the same spouse, be sure to enter your

names and SSNs in the same order as on your 2004 return.

P.O. Box

Enter your box number only if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.

Foreign Address

Enter the information in the following order: City, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.

Death of a Taxpayer

See page 63.

Social Security Number (SSN)

An incorrect or missing SSN can increase your tax or reduce your refund. To apply for an SSN, fill in Form SS-5 and return it, along with the appropriate evidence documents, to the Social Security Administration (SSA). You can get Form SS-5 online at *www.socialsecurity.gov*, from your local SSA office, or by calling the SSA at 1-800-772-1213. It usually takes about 2 weeks to get an SSN.

Check that your SSN on your Forms W-2 and 1099 agrees with your social security card. If not, see page 63 for more details.

IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Numbers (ITINs) for Aliens

If you are a nonresident or resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, you must apply for an ITIN. For details on how to do so, see Form W-7 and its instructions. It usually takes about 4-6 weeks to get an ITIN.

If you already have an ITIN, enter it wherever your SSN is requested on your tax return.

Note. An ITIN is for tax use only. It does not entitle you to social security benefits or change your employment or immigration status under U.S. law.

Nonresident Alien Spouse

If your spouse is a nonresident alien and you file a joint or separate return, your spouse must have either an SSN or an ITIN.

Presidential Election Campaign Fund

This fund helps pay for Presidential election campaigns. The fund reduces candidates' dependence on large contributions from individuals and groups and places candidates on an equal financial footing in the general election. If you want \$3 to go to this fund, check the box. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse can also have \$3 go to the fund. If you check a box, your tax or refund will not change.

Filing Status

Check only the filing status that applies to you. The ones that will usually give you the lowest tax are listed last.

- Married filing separately.
- Single.
- Head of household.

• Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) with dependent child.



More than one filing status can apply to you. Choose the one that will give you the lowest tax.

Line 1 Single

You can check the box on line 1 if any of the following was true on December 31, 2005.

• You were never married.

• You were legally separated, according to your state law, under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance.

• You were widowed before

January 1, 2005, and did not remarry in 2005. But if you have a dependent child, you may be able to use the qualifying widow(er) filing status. See the instructions for line 5 that begin on page 17.

Need more information or forms? See page 7.

Married Filing Jointly

You can check the box on line 2 if any of the following apply.

• You were married at the end of 2005, even if you did not live with your spouse at the end of 2005.

• Your spouse died in 2005 and you did not remarry in 2005.

• You were married at the end of 2005, and your spouse died in 2006 before filing a 2005 return.

For federal tax purposes, a marriage means only a legal union between a man and a woman as husband and wife. A husband and wife can file a joint return even if only one had income or if they did not live together all year. However, both persons must sign the return. Once you file a joint return, you cannot choose to file separate returns for that year after the due date of the return.

Joint and several tax liability. If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the return. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to. However, see *Innocent Spouse Relief* on page 62.

Nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens. Generally a husband and wife cannot file a joint return if either spouse is a nonresident alien at any time during the year. However, if you were a nonresident alien or a dual-status alien and were married to a U.S. citizen or resident alien at the end of 2005, you may elect to be treated as a resident alien and file a joint return. See Pub. 519 for details.

Line 3

Married Filing Separately

If you are married and file a separate return, you will usually pay more tax than if you use another filing status that you qualify for. Also, if you file a separate return, you cannot take the student loan interest deduction, the tuition and fees deduction, the education credits, or the earned income credit. You also cannot take the standard deduction if your spouse itemizes deductions.

Generally, you report only your own income, exemptions, deductions, and credits. Different rules apply to people in community property states. See page 22.



You may be able to file as head of household if you had a child living with you and you lived apart from your spouse during

the last 6 months of 2005. See Married persons who live apart on this page.

Line 4 Head of Household



Special rules may apply for people who had to relocate because of Hurricane Katrina. For details, see Pub. 4492.

This filing status is for unmarried individuals who provide a home for certain other persons. (Some married persons who live apart are considered unmarried. See *Married persons who live apart* on this page.) You can check the box on line 4 only if you were unmarried or legally separated (according to your state law) under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance at the end of 2005 and either 1 or 2 below applies.

1. You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home that was the main home for all of 2005 of your parent whom you can claim as a dependent, except under a multiple support agreement (see page 21). Your parent did not have to live with you.

2. You paid over half the cost of keeping up a home in which you lived and in which one of the following also lived for more than half of the year (if half or less, see *Exception to time lived with you* below).

a. Any person whom you can claim as a dependent. But do not include:

i. Your qualifying child (as defined in Step 1 on page 19) whom you claim as your dependent based on the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20,

ii. Any person who is your dependent only because he or she lived with you for all of 2005, or

iii. Any person you claimed as a dependent under a multiple support agreement. See page 21.

b. Your unmarried qualifying child who is not your dependent.

c. Your married qualifying child who is not your dependent only because you can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 return.

d. Your child who is neither your dependent nor your qualifying child because of the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20.

If the child is not your dependent, enter the child's name on line 4. If you do not enter the name, it will take us longer to process your return.

Dependent. To find out if someone is your dependent, see the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 19.

Exception to time lived with you. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, and detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived in the home. If

the person for whom you kept up a home was born or died in 2005, you can still file as head of household as long as the home was that person's main home for the part of the year he or she was alive. Also see *Kidnapped child* on page 21, if applicable.

Keeping up a home. To find out what is included in the cost of keeping up a home, see Pub. 501.

If you used payments you received under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) or other public assistance programs to pay part of the cost of keeping up your home, you cannot count them as money you paid. However, you must include them in the total cost of keeping up your home to figure if you paid over half of the cost.

Married persons who live apart. Even if you were not divorced or legally separated at the end of 2005, you are considered unmarried if all of the following apply.

• You lived apart from your spouse for the last 6 months of 2005. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for business, medical care, school, or military service, count as time lived in the home.

• You file a separate return from your spouse.

• You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home for 2005.

• Your home was the main home of your child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 2005 (if half or less, see *Exception to time lived with you* on this page).

• You claim this child as your dependent or the child's other parent claims him or her under the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20.

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

Foster child. A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction.

Line 5

Qualifying Widow(er) With Dependent Child



Special rules may apply for people who had to relocate because of Hurricane Katrina. For details, see Pub. 4492.

You can check the box on line 5 and use joint return tax rates for 2005 if all of the following apply.

• Your spouse died in 2003 or 2004 and you did not remarry in 2005.

• You have a child or stepchild whom you claim as a dependent. This does not include a foster child.

• This child lived in your home for all of 2005. If the child did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* below.

• You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home.

• You could have filed a joint return with your spouse the year he or she died, even if you did not actually do so.

If your spouse died in 2005, you cannot file as qualifying widow(er) with dependent child. Instead, see the instructions for line 2 on page 17.

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

Dependent. To find out if someone is your dependent, see the instructions for line 6c that begin on page 19.

Exception to time lived with you. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, and detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived in the home. A

child is considered to have lived with you for all of 2005 if the child was born or died in 2005 and your home was the child's home for the entire time he or she was alive. Also see *Kidnapped child* on page 21, if applicable.

Keeping up a home. To find out what is included in the cost of keeping up a home, see Pub. 501.

If you used payments you received under Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) or other public assistance programs to pay part of the cost of keeping up your home, you cannot count them as money you paid. However, you must include them in the total cost of keeping up your home to figure if you paid over half of the cost.

Exemptions

You usually can deduct \$3,200 on line 42 for each exemption you can take. You may also be able to take an additional exemption amount on line 42 if you provided housing to a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina.

Line 6b

Spouse

Check the box on line 6b if either of the following applies.

1. Your filing status is married filing jointly and your spouse cannot be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.

2. You were married at the end of 2005, your filing status is married filing separately or head of household, and both of the following apply.

a. Your spouse had no income and is not filing a return.

b. Your spouse cannot be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.

If your filing status is head of household and you check the box on line 6b, enter the name of your spouse on the dotted line next to line 6b. Also, enter your spouse's social security number in the space provided at the top of your return.

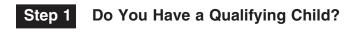
Line 6c—Dependents

Dependents and Qualifying Child for Child Tax Credit

Follow the steps below to find out if a person qualifies as your dependent, qualifies you to take the child tax credit, or both. If you have more than four dependents, attach a statement to your return with the required information.



Special rules may apply for people who had to relocate because of Hurricane Katrina. For details, see Pub. 4492.



A qualifying child is a child who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew)



was ...

Under age 19 at the end of 2005

or

Under age 24 at the end of 2005 and a student (see page 21)

Or Any age and permanently and totally disabled (see page 21)



who...

Did not provide over half of his or her own support for 2005 (see Pub. 501)



who...

Lived with you for more than half of 2005. If the child did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* on page 21.



If the child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person (other than your spouse if filing jointly) for 2005, see Qualifying child of more than one person on page 21.

- 19 -

1. Do you have a child who meets the conditions to be your qualifying child?

 \square Yes. Go to Step 2. \square No. Go to Step 4 on page 20.

Step 2 Is Your Qualifying Child Your Dependent?

- 1. Was the child a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or a resident of the United States, Canada, or Mexico? If the child was adopted, see *Exception to citizen test* on page 21.
- Yes. Continue
 No. stop Go to Form 1040, line 7.
 2. Was the child married?
 Yes. See Married person on page 21.
 No. Continue
 3. Could you, or your spouse if filing jointly, be claimed as a
- 3. Could you, or your spouse if filing jointly, be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 tax return? See Steps 1, 2, and 4.
 - ☐ **Yes.** You cannot claim any dependents. Go to Step 3.

No. You can claim this child as a dependent. Complete Form 1040, line 6c, columns (1) through (3) for this child. Then, go to Step 3.

Go to Form 1040, line 7.

Step 3 Does Your Qualifying Child Qualify You for the Child Tax Credit?

1. Was the child under age 17 at the end of 2005?

Need more information or forms? See page 7.

- 2. Was the child a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or a resident of the United States? If the child was adopted, see *Exception to citizen test* on page 21.
 - □ Yes. This child is a qualifying child for the child tax credit. If this child is your dependent, check the box on Form 1040, line 6c, column (4). Otherwise, you must complete and attach Form 8901.

Form 1040—Line 6c

Step 4 Is Your Qualifying Relative Your Dependent?

A qualifying relative is a person who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild)

or

Brother, sister, or a son or daughter of either of them (for example, your niece or nephew)

or

Father, mother, or an ancestor or sibling of either of them (for example, your grandmother, grandfather, aunt, or uncle)

or

Stepbrother, stepsister, stepfather, stepmother, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law

or

Any other person (other than your spouse) who lived with you all year as a member of your household if your relationship does not violate local law. If the person did not live with you for the required time, see *Exception to time lived with you* on page 21



who was not...

A qualifying child (see Step 1) of any person for 2005



who...

Had gross income of less than \$3,200 in 2005. If the person was permanently and totally disabled, see *Exception to gross* income test on page 21



For whom you provided...

Over half of his or her support in 2005. But see the exceptions for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on this page, *Multiple support agreements* on page 21, and *Kidnapped child* on page 21.

1. Does any person meet the conditions to be your qualifying relative?

☐ Yes. Continue **→**

2. Was your qualifying relative a U.S. citizen, U.S. national, or a resident of the United States, Canada, or Mexico? If your qualifying relative was adopted, see *Exception to the citizen test* on page 21.

Yes. Continue

No. (STOP) Go to Form 1040, line 7.

Go to Form 1040, line 7.

- Was your qualifying relative married?
 □ Yes. See Married person on page 21.
 □ No. Continue
- 4. Could you, or your spouse if filing jointly, be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 tax return? See Steps 1, 2, and 4.

You cannot claim any dependents. Go to Form 1040, line 7.

No. You can claim this person as a dependent. Complete Form 1040, line 6c, columns (1) through (3). Do not check the box on Form 1040, line 6c, column (4).

Definitions and Special Rules

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

Adoption taxpayer identification numbers (ATINS). If you have a dependent who was placed with you for legal adoption and you do not know his or her SSN, you must get an ATIN for the dependent from the IRS. See Form W-7A for details.

Children of divorced or separated parents. A child will be treated as being the qualifying child or qualifying relative of his or her noncustodial parent (the parent with whom the child lived for the lesser part of 2005) if all of the following apply.

- 1. The parents are divorced, legally separated, separated under a written separation agreement, or lived apart at all times during the last 6 months of 2005.
- 2. The child received over half of his or her support for 2005 from the parents (without regard to the rules on *Multiple support agreements* on page 21).
- 3. The child is in custody of one or both of the parents for more than half of 2005.
- 4. Either of the following applies.
- a. The custodial parent signs Form 8332 or a substantially similar statement that he or she will not claim the child as a dependent for 2005.
- b. A decree of divorce or separate maintenance or written separation agreement between the parents that applies to 2005 provides that the noncustodial parent can claim the child as a dependent. If your decree or agreement went into effect before 1985, the noncustodial parent must provide at least \$600 for support of the child during 2005.

If the rules above apply and this child would otherwise be the qualifying child of more than one person:

• Only the noncustodial parent can claim the child for purposes of the dependency exemption (line 6c) and the child tax credits (lines 52 and 68).

• For head of household filing status (line 4), the credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 48), and the earned income credit (EIC) (lines 66a and 66b), only one person can claim these three benefits. No other person can claim any of these three benefits unless he or she has a different qualifying child. If you and any other person claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will apply the rules shown under *Qualifying child of more than one person* on this page. If you will not be taking the EIC with a qualifying child because of these rules, put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.

See Pub. 501 for more details.

Exception to citizen test. If you are a U.S. citizen or U.S. national and your adopted child lived with you all year as a member of your household, that child meets the citizen test.

Exception to gross income test. If your relative (including a person who lived with you all year as a member of your household) is permanently and totally disabled (defined on this page), certain income for services performed at a sheltered workshop may be excluded for this test. For details, see Pub. 501.

Exception to time lived with you. A person is considered to have lived with you for all of 2005 if the person was born or died in 2005 and your home was this person's home for the entire time he or she was alive. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived with you. Also see *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20 or *Kidnapped child* below.

Foster child. A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction.

Kidnapped child. If your child is presumed by law enforcement authorities to have been kidnapped by someone who is not a family member, you may be able to take the child into account in determining your eligibility for head of household or qualifying widow(er) filing status, the deduction for dependents, child tax credit, and the earned income credit (EIC). For details, use TeleTax topic 357 (see page 8) or see Pub. 501 (Pub. 596 for the EIC).

Married person. If the person is married, you cannot claim that person as your dependent if he or she files a joint return. But this rule does not apply if the return is filed only as a claim for refund and no tax liability would exist for either spouse if they had filed separate returns. If the person meets this exception, go to Step 2, question 3, on page 19 (for a qualifying child) or Step 4, question 4, on page 20 (for a qualifying relative). If the person does not meet this exception, go to Step 3 on page 19 (for a qualifying child) or Form 1040, line 7 (for a qualifying relative).

Multiple support agreements. If no one person contributed over half of the support of your relative (including a person who lived with you all year as a member of your household) but you and another person(s) provided more than half of your relative's support, special rules may apply that would treat you as having provided over half of the support. For details, see Pub. 501.

Permanently and totally disabled. A person who, at any time in 2005, cannot engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition and a doctor has determined that this condition (a) has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year, or (b) can be expected to lead to death.

Qualifying child of more than one person. If the child is the qualifying child of more than one person, only one person can claim the child as a qualifying child for all of the following tax benefits, unless the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20 apply.

- 1. Dependency exemption (line 6c).
- 2. Child tax credits (lines 52 and 68).
- 3. Head of household filing status (line 4).
- 4. Credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 48).
- 5. Earned income credit (lines 66a and 66b).

No other person can take any of the five tax benefits listed above unless he or she has a different qualifying child. If you and any other person claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will apply the following rules.

- If only one of the persons is the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent.
- If two of the persons are the child's parents, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent with whom the child lived for the longer period of time in 2005. If the child lived with each parent for the same amount of time, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent who had the higher adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2005.
- If none of the persons is the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2005.

Example. Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. If you and your mother both claim tax benefits based on the child, the rules above apply. Under these rules, you are entitled to treat your daughter as a qualifying child for any of the five tax benefits listed above for which you otherwise qualify. Your mother would not be entitled to take any of the five tax benefits listed above unless she has a different qualifying child.

If you will be claiming the child as a qualifying child, go to Step 2 on page 19. Otherwise, stop; you cannot claim any benefits based on this child. Go to Form 1040, line 7.

Social security number. You must enter each dependent's social security number (SSN). Be sure the name and SSN entered agree with the dependent's social security card. Otherwise, at the time we process your return, we may disallow the exemption claimed for the dependent and reduce or disallow any other tax benefits (such as the child tax credit) based on that dependent. If the name or SSN on the dependent's social security card is not correct, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213. For details on how your dependent can get an SSN, see page 16. If your dependent will not have a number by April 17, 2006, see *What if You Cannot File on Time*? on page 12.

If your dependent child was born and died in 2005 and you do not have an SSN for the child, you can attach a copy of the child's birth certificate instead and enter "Died" in column (2).

Student. A child who during any part of 5 calendar months of 2005 was enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency. A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or Internet school.

Income

Foreign-Source Income

You must report unearned income, such as interest, dividends, and pensions, from sources outside the United States unless exempt by law or a tax treaty. You must also report earned income, such as wages and tips, from sources outside the United States.

If you worked abroad, you may be able to exclude part or all of your earned income. For details, see Pub. 54 and Form 2555 or 2555-EZ.

Foreign retirement plans. If you were a beneficiary of a foreign retirement plan, you may have to report the undistributed income earned in your plan. However, if you were the beneficiary of a Canadian registered retirement plan, see Form 8891 to find out if you can elect to defer tax on the undistributed income.

Report distributions from foreign pension plans on lines 16a and 16b.

Community Property States

Community property states are Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin. If you and your spouse lived in a community property state, you must usually follow state law to determine what is community income and what is separate income. For details, see Pub. 555.

Rounding Off to Whole Dollars

You can round off cents to whole dollars on your return and schedules. If you do round to whole dollars, you must round all amounts. To round, drop amounts under 50 cents and increase amounts from 50 to 99 cents to the next dollar. For example, \$1.39 becomes \$1 and \$2.50 becomes \$3.

If you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to enter on a line, include cents when adding the amounts and round off only the total.

Line 7

Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.

Enter the total of your wages, salaries, tips, etc. If a joint return, also include your spouse's income. For most people, the amount to enter on this line should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 1. But the following types of income must also be included in the total on line 7.

• Wages received as a household employee for which you did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than \$1,400 in 2005. Also, enter

"HSH" and the amount not reported on Form W-2 on the dotted line next to line 7.

• Tip income you did not report to your employer. Also include allocated tips shown on your Form(s) W-2 unless you can prove that you received less. Allocated tips should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 8. They are not included as income in box 1. See Pub. 531 for more details.



You may owe social security and Medicare tax on unreported or allocated tips. See the instructions for line 59 on

page 43.

• Dependent care benefits, which should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 10. But first complete Form 2441 to see if you can exclude part or all of the benefits.

• Employer-provided adoption benefits, which should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 12, with code T. But see the Instructions for Form 8839 to find out if you can exclude part or all of the benefits. You may also be able to exclude amounts if you adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2005.

• Scholarship and fellowship grants not reported on Form W-2. Also, enter "SCH" and the amount on the dotted line next to line 7. However, if you were a degree candidate, include on line 7 only the amounts you used for expenses other than tuition and course-related expenses. For example, amounts used for room, board, and travel must be reported on line 7.

• Excess salary deferrals. The amount deferred should be shown in Form W-2, box 12, and the "Retirement plan" box in box 13 should be checked. If the total amount you (or your spouse if filing jointly) deferred for 2005 under all plans was more than \$14,000 (excluding catch-up contributions as explained below), include the excess on line 7. This limit is (a) \$10,000 if you only have SIMPLE plans, or (b) \$17,000 for section 403(b) plans if you qualify for the 15-year rule in Pub. 571.

A higher limit may apply to participants in section 457(b) deferred compensation plans for the 3 years before retirement age. Contact your plan administrator for more information.

If you were age 50 or older at the end of 2005, your employer may have allowed an additional deferral (catch-up contributions) of up to \$4,000 (\$2,000 for SIMPLE plans). This additional deferral amount is not subject to the overall limit on elective deferrals.



You cannot deduct the amount deferred. It is not included as income in Form W-2, box 1.

• Disability pensions shown on Form 1099-R if you have not reached the minimum retirement age set by your employer. Disability pensions received after you reach that age and other payments shown on Form 1099-R (other than payments from an IRA*) are reported on lines 16a and 16b. Payments from an IRA are reported on lines 15a and 15b.

 Corrective distributions from a retirement plan shown on Form 1099-R of excess salary deferrals and excess contributions (plus earnings). But do not include distributions from an IRA* on line 7. Instead, report distributions from an IRA on lines 15a and 15b.

*This includes a Roth, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA.

Were You a Statutory Employee?

If you were, the "Statutory employee" box in Form W-2, box 13, should be checked. Statutory employees include full-time life insurance salespeople, certain agent or commission drivers and traveling salespeople, and certain homeworkers. If you have related business expenses to deduct, report the amount shown in Form W-2, box 1, on Schedule C or C-EZ along with your expenses.

Missing or Incorrect Form W-2?

Your employer is required to provide or send Form W-2 to you no later than January 31, 2006. If you do not receive it by early February, use TeleTax topic 154 (see page 8) to find out what to do. Even if you do not get a Form W-2, you must still report your earnings on line 7. If you lose your Form W-2 or it is incorrect, ask your employer for a new one.

Line 8a **Taxable Interest**

Each payer should send you a Form 1099-INT or Form 1099-OID. Enter your total taxable interest income on line 8a. But you must fill in and attach Schedule B if the total is over \$1,500 or any of the other conditions listed at the beginning of the Schedule B instructions (see page B-1) apply to you.

Interest credited in 2005 on deposits that you could not withdraw because of the bankruptcy or insolvency of the financial institution may not have to be included in your 2005 income. For details, see Pub. 550.



If you get a 2005 Form 1099-INT for U.S. savings bond interest that includes amounts you reported before 2005, see Pub. 550.

Line 8b

Tax-Exempt Interest

If you received any tax-exempt interest, such as from municipal bonds, report it on line 8b. Include any exempt-interest dividends from a mutual fund or other regulated investment company. Do not include interest earned on your IRA or Coverdell education savings account.

Line 9a Ordinary Dividends

Each payer should send you a Form 1099-DIV. Enter your total ordinary dividends on line 9a. This amount should be shown in Form(s) 1099-DIV, box 1a. But you must fill in and attach Schedule B if the total is over \$1,500 or you received, as a nominee, ordinary dividends that actually belong to someone else.

Nondividend Distributions

Some distributions are a return of your cost (or other basis). They will not be taxed until you recover your cost (or other basis). You must reduce your cost (or other basis) by these distributions. After you get back all of your cost (or other basis), you must report these distributions as capital gains on Schedule D. For details, see Pub. 550.



Dividends on insurance policies are a partial return of the premiums you paid. Do not report them as dividends. Include

them in income on line 21 only if they exceed the total of all net premiums you paid for the contract.

Line 9b Qualified Dividends

Enter your total qualified dividends on line 9b. Qualified dividends are eligible for a lower tax rate than other ordinary income. Generally, these dividends are shown in Form(s) 1099-DIV, box 1b. See Pub. 550 for the definition of qualified dividends if you received dividends not reported on Form 1099-DIV.

Exception. Some dividends may be reported as qualified dividends in Form 1099-DIV, box 1b, but are not qualified dividends. These include:

• Dividends you received as a nominee. See the Instructions for Schedule B.

• Dividends you received on any share of stock that you held for less than 61 days during the 121-day period that began 60 days before the ex-dividend date. The ex-dividend date is the first date following the declaration of a dividend on which the purchaser of a stock is not entitled to receive the next dividend payment. When counting the number of days you held the stock, include the day you disposed of the stock but not the day you acquired it. See the examples below. Also, when counting the number of days you held the stock, you cannot count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details.

• Dividends attributable to periods totaling more than 366 days that you received on any share of preferred stock held for less than 91 days during the 181-day period that began 90 days before the ex-dividend date. When counting the number of days you held the stock, you cannot count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details. Preferred dividends attributable to periods totaling less than 367 days are subject to the 61-day holding period rule above.

• Dividends on any share of stock to the extent that you are under an obligation (including a short sale) to make related payments with respect to positions in substantially similar or related property.

• Payments in lieu of dividends, but only if you know or have reason to know that the payments are not qualified dividends.

Example 1. You bought 5,000 shares of XYZ Corp. common stock on June 30, 2005. XYZ Corp. paid a cash dividend of 10 cents per share. The ex-dividend date was July 8, 2005. Your Form 1099-DIV from XYZ Corp. shows \$500 in box 1a (ordinary dividends) and in box 1b (qualified dividends). However, you sold the 5,000 shares on August 3, 2005. You held your shares of XYZ Corp. for only 34 days of the 121-day period (from July 1, 2005, through August 3, 2005). The 121-day period began on May 9, 2005 (60 days before the ex-dividend date), and ended on September 6, 2005. You have no qualified dividends from XYZ Corp. because you held the XYZ stock for less than 61 days.

Example 2. Assume the same facts as in Example 1 except that you bought the stock on July 7, 2005 (the day before the ex-dividend date), and you sold the stock on September 8, 2005. You held the stock for 63 days (from July 8, 2005, through September 8, 2005). The \$500 of qualified dividends shown in Form 1099-DIV, box 1b, are all qualified dividends because you held the stock for 61 days of the 121-day period (from July 8, 2005, through September 6, 2005).

Example 3. You bought 10,000 shares of ABC Mutual Fund common stock on June 30, 2005. ABC Mutual Fund paid a cash dividend of 10 cents a share. The ex-dividend date was July 8, 2005. The ABC Mutual Fund advises you that the portion of the dividend eligible to be treated as qualified dividends equals 2 cents per

share. Your Form 1099-DIV from ABC Mutual Fund shows total ordinary dividends of \$1,000 and qualified dividends of \$200. However, you sold the 10,000 shares on August 3, 2005. You have no qualified dividends from ABC Mutual Fund because you held the ABC Mutual Fund stock for less than 61 days.



Be sure you use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or the

Schedule D Tax Worksheet, whichever applies, to figure your tax. Your tax may be less if you use the worksheet that applies. See the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37 for details.

Line 10

Taxable Refunds, Credits, or Offsets of State and Local Income Taxes



None of your refund is taxable if, in the year you paid the tax, you either (a) did not itemize deductions, or (b) elected to de-

duct state and local general sales taxes instead of state and local income taxes.

If you received a refund, credit, or offset of state or local income taxes in 2005, you may receive a Form 1099-G. If you chose to apply part or all of the refund to your 2005 estimated state or local income tax, the amount applied is treated as received in 2005. If the refund was for a tax you paid in 2004 and you deducted state and local income taxes on line 5 of your 2004 Schedule A, use the worksheet on page 24 to see if any of your refund is taxable.

Exception. See *Itemized Deduction Recoveries* in Pub. 525 instead of using the worksheet on page 24 if any of the following applies.

1. You received a refund in 2005 that is for a tax year other than 2004.

2. You received a refund other than an income tax refund, such as a general sales tax or real property tax refund, in 2005 of an amount deducted or credit claimed in an earlier year.

3. The amount on your 2004 Form 1040, line 41, was more than the amount on your 2004 Form 1040, line 40.

4. Your 2004 state and local income tax refund is more than your 2004 state and local income tax deduction minus the amount you could have deducted as your 2004 state and local general sales taxes.

5. You made your last payment of 2004 estimated state or local income tax in 2005.

6. You owed alternative minimum tax in 2004.

7. You could not deduct the full amount of credits you were entitled to in 2004 because the total credits exceeded the amount shown on your 2004 Form 1040, line 45.

8. You could be claimed as a dependent by someone else in 2004.

9. You had to use the Itemized Deductions Worksheet in the 2004 Instructions for Schedules A & B because your 2004 adjusted gross income was over \$142,700 (\$71,350 if married filing separately) and both of the following apply.

a. You could not deduct all of the amount on the 2004 Itemized Deductions Worksheet, line 1.

b. The amount on line 8 of that 2004 worksheet would be more than the amount on line 4 of that worksheet if the amount on line 4 were reduced by 80% of the refund you received in 2005.

Line 11 Alimony Received

Enter amounts received as alimony or separate maintenance. You must let the person who made the payments know your social security number. If you do not, you may have to pay a \$50 penalty. For more details, use TeleTax topic 406 (see page 8) or see Pub. 504.

Line 12 Business Income or (Loss)

If you operated a business or practiced your profession as a sole proprietor, report your income and expenses on Schedule C or C-EZ.

Line 13 Capital Gain or (Loss)

If you had a capital gain or loss, including any capital gain distributions or a capital loss carryover from 2004, you must complete and attach Schedule D.

Exception. You do not have to file Schedule D if both of the following apply.

• The only amounts you have to report on Schedule D are capital gain distributions

from Form(s) 1099-DIV, box 2a, or substitute statements.

• None of the Form(s) 1099-DIV or substitute statements have an amount in box 2b (unrecaptured section 1250 gain), box 2c (section 1202 gain), or box 2d (collectibles (28%) gain).

If both of the above apply, enter your total capital gain distributions (from box 2a of Form(s) 1099-DIV) on line 13 and check the box on that line. If you received capital gain distributions as a nominee (that is, they were paid to you but actually belong to someone else), report on line 13 only the amount that belongs to you. Attach a statement showing the full amount you received as a nominee. See the Instructions for Schedule B for filing requirements for Forms 1099-DIV and 1096.



If you do not have to file Schedule D, use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page 38 to figure

your tax. Your tax is usually less if you use this worksheet.

Keep for Your Records

State and Local Income Tax Refund Worksheet—Line 10

E	Before you begin: \checkmark Be sure you have read the Exception on page 23 to see if you can use this worksheet instead of Pub. 525 to figure if any of your refund is taxable.
	Enter the income tax refund from Form(s) 1099-G (or similar statement). But do not enter more than the amount of your state and local income taxes shown on your 2004 Schedule A, line 5
	Note. If the filing status on your 2004 Form 1040 was married filing separately and your spouse itemized deductions in 2004, skip lines 3, 4, and 5, and enter the amount from line 2 on line 6.
3.	Enter the amount shown below for the filing status claimed on your 2004 Form 1040. • Single or married filing separately— \$4,850 • Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)— \$9,700 • Head of household— \$7,150 • Lagrandian and the state of th
4.	Did you fill in line 38a on your 2004 Form 1040? No. Enter -0 Yes. Multiply the number in the box on line 38a of your 2004 Form 1040 by \$950 (\$1,200 if your 2004 filing status was single or head of household). 4
	Add lines 3 and 4
0.	No. (stop) None of your refund is taxable.
	Yes. Subtract line 5 from line 2
7.	Taxable part of your refund. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 6 here and on Form 1040, line 10 7.

Line 14 Other Gains or (Losses)

If you sold or exchanged assets used in a trade or business, see the Instructions for Form 4797.

Lines 15a and 15b

IRA Distributions



Special rules may apply if you received a distribution from your individual retirement arrangement (IRA) after August

24, 2005, and your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area. Special rules may also apply if you received a distribution after February 28, 2005, and before August 29, 2005, to buy or construct a main home in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, but that home was not bought or constructed because of Hurricane Katrina. See Form 8915 and its instructions for details.

You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount of any distribution from your IRA. Unless otherwise noted in the line 15a and 15b instructions, an IRA includes a traditional IRA, Roth IRA, simplified employee pension (SEP) IRA, and a savings incentive match plan for employees (SIMPLE) IRA. Except as provided below, leave line 15a blank and enter the total distribution on line 15b.

Exception 1. Enter the total distribution on line 15a if you rolled over part or all of the distribution from one:

• IRA to another IRA of the same type (for example, from one traditional IRA to another traditional IRA), or

• SEP or SIMPLE IRA to a traditional IRA.

Also, put "Rollover" next to line 15b. If the total distribution was rolled over in a qualified rollover, enter -0- on line 15b. If the total distribution was not rolled over in a qualified rollover, enter the part not rolled over on line 15b unless *Exception 2* applies to the part not rolled over. Generally, a qualified rollover must be made within 60 days after the day you received the distribution. For more details on rollovers, see Pub. 590.

If you rolled over the distribution into a qualified plan other than an IRA or you made the rollover in 2006, attach a statement explaining what you did.

Exception 2. If any of the following apply, enter the total distribution on line 15a and see Form 8606 and its instructions to figure the amount to enter on line 15b.

1. You received a distribution from an IRA (other than a Roth IRA) and you made

nondeductible contributions to any of your traditional or SEP IRAs for 2005 or an earlier year. If you made nondeductible contributions to these IRAs for 2005, also see Pub. 590.

2. You received a distribution from a Roth IRA. But if either (a) or (b) below applies, enter -0- on line 15b; you do not have to see Form 8606 or its instructions.

a. Distribution code T is shown in Form 1099-R, box 7, and you made a contribution (including a conversion) to a Roth IRA for 2000 or an earlier year.

b. Distribution code Q is shown in Form 1099-R, box 7.

3. You converted part or all of a traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA in 2005.

4. You had a 2004 or 2005 IRA contribution returned to you, with the related earnings or less any loss, by the due date (including extensions) of your tax return for that year.

5. You made excess contributions to your IRA for an earlier year and had them returned to you in 2005.

6. You recharacterized part or all of a contribution to a Roth IRA as a traditional IRA contribution, or vice versa.

Note. If you (or your spouse if filing jointly) received more than one distribution, figure the taxable amount of each distribution and enter the total of the taxable amounts on line 15b. Enter the total amount of those distributions on line 15a.



You may have to pay an additional tax if (a) you received an early distribution from your IRA and the total was not rolled

over, or (b) you were born before July 1, 1934, and received less than the minimum required distribution from your traditional, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs. See the instructions for line 60 on page 43 for details.

Lines 16a and 16b Pensions and Annuities



Special rules may apply if you received a distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan after August 24, 2005, and

your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area. Special rules may also apply if you received a distribution after February 28, 2005, and before August 29, 2005, to buy or construct a main home in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, but that home was not bought or constructed because of Hurricane Katrina. See Form 8915 and its instructions for details. You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount of your pension and annuity payments. See page 27 for details on rollovers and lump-sum distributions. Do not include the following payments on lines 16a and 16b. Instead, report them on line 7.

• Disability pensions received before you reach the minimum retirement age set by your employer.

• Corrective distributions of excess salary deferrals or excess contributions to retirement plans.



Attach Form(s) 1099-R to Form 1040 if any federal income tax was withheld.

Fully Taxable Pensions and Annuities

If your pension or annuity is fully taxable, enter it on line 16b; do not make an entry on line 16a. Your payments are fully taxable if (a) you did not contribute to the cost (see page 27) of your pension or annuity, or (b) you got your entire cost back tax free before 2005.

Fully taxable pensions and annuities also include military retirement pay shown on Form 1099-R. For details on military disability pensions, see Pub. 525. If you received a Form RRB-1099-R, see Pub. 575 to find out how to report your

benefits.

Partially Taxable Pensions and Annuities

Enter the total pension or annuity payments you received in 2005 on line 16a. If your Form 1099-R does not show the taxable amount, you must use the General Rule explained in Pub. 939 to figure the taxable part to enter on line 16b. But if your annuity starting date (defined below) was after July 1, 1986, see *Simplified Method* on page 26 to find out if you must use that method to figure the taxable part.

You can ask the IRS to figure the taxable part for you for a \$95 fee. For details, see Pub. 939.

If your Form 1099-R shows a taxable amount, you can report that amount on line 16b. But you may be able to report a lower taxable amount by using the General Rule or the Simplified Method.

Annuity Starting Date

Your annuity starting date is the later of the first day of the first period for which you received a payment or the date the plan's obligations became fixed.

Simplified Method

You must use the Simplified Method if either of the following applies.

1. Your annuity starting date (defined on page 25) was after July 1, 1986, and you used this method last year to figure the taxable part.

2. Your annuity starting date was after November 18, 1996, and both of the following apply.

a. The payments are from a qualified employee plan, a qualified employee annuity, or a tax-sheltered annuity.

b. On your annuity starting date, either you were under age 75 or the number of years of guaranteed payments was fewer than 5. See Pub. 575 for the definition of guaranteed payments.

If you must use the Simplified Method, complete the worksheet below to figure the taxable part of your pension or annuity. For more details on the Simplified Method, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721 for U.S. Civil Service retirement benefits.



If you received U.S. Civil Service retirement benefits and you chose the alternative annuity option, see Pub. 721 to figure

the taxable part of your annuity. Do not use the worksheet below.

mplified Method Worksheet—	Lines 16a and 16b	Keep for Your Records
August 21 in the amo	, 1996, include any death benefit e bunt entered on line 2 below.	loyee or former employee who died before exclusion that you are entitled to (up to \$5,000) the taxable part of each separately. Enter the
total of the taxable parts on Form 1040, li Form 1040, line 16a.		
1. Enter the total pension or annuity payr line 16a		
 Enter your cost in the plan at the annu Enter the appropriate number from Ta date was after 1997 and the payments beneficiary, enter the appropriate number 	ble 1 below. But if your annuity stare for your life and that of your	tarting
4. Divide line 2 by the number on line 3		4.
5. Multiply line 4 by the number of mont made. If your annuity starting date was this amount on line 8. Otherwise, go to	s before 1987, skip lines 6 and 7 a	and enter 5
6. Enter the amount, if any, recovered tax	k free in years after 1986	6.
7. Subtract line 6 from line 2		
8. Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 7 .		
9. Taxable amount. Subtract line 8 from amount on Form 1040, line 16b. If you line instead of the amount from Form	ar Form 1099-R shows a larger am	ount, use the amount on this
	Table 1 for Line 3 Above	
	AND your	annuity starting date was—
IF the age at annuity starting date (see page 27) was	before November 19, 1996, enter on line 3	after November 18, 1996, enter on line 3
55 or under	300	360
56-60	260	310
61-65	240	260
66-70	170	210
71 or older	120	160
	Table 2 for Line 3 Above	
IF the combined ages at annuity starting date (see page 27) were		THEN enter on line 3
110 or under		410
111-120		360
121-130		310
131-140		260
141 or older		210

Si

Age (or Combined Ages) at Annuity Starting Date

If you are the retiree, use your age on the annuity starting date. If you are the survivor of a retiree, use the retiree's age on his or her annuity starting date. But if your annuity starting date was after 1997 and the payments are for your life and that of your beneficiary, use your combined ages on the annuity starting date.

If you are the beneficiary of an employee who died, see Pub. 575. If there is more than one beneficiary, see Pub. 575 or Pub. 721 to figure each beneficiary's taxable amount.

Cost

Your cost is generally your net investment in the plan as of the annuity starting date. It does not include pre-tax contributions. Your net investment should be shown in Form 1099-R, box 9b, for the first year you received payments from the plan.

Rollovers

Generally, a qualified rollover is a tax-free distribution of cash or other assets from one retirement plan that is contributed to another plan within 60 days of receiving the distribution. Use lines 16a and 16b to report a qualified rollover, including a direct rollover, from one qualified employer's plan to another or to an IRA or SEP.

Enter on line 16a the total distribution before income tax or other deductions were withheld. This amount should be shown in Form 1099-R, box 1. From the total on line 16a, subtract any contributions (usually shown in box 5) that were taxable to you when made. From that result, subtract the amount of the qualified rollover. Enter the remaining amount, even if zero, on line 16b. Also, enter "Rollover" next to line 16b.

Special rules apply to partial rollovers of property. For more details on rollovers,

including distributions under qualified domestic relations orders, see Pub. 575.

Lump-Sum Distributions

If you received a lump-sum distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan, your Form 1099-R should have the "Total distribution" box in box 2b checked. You may owe an additional tax if you received an early distribution from a qualified retirement plan and the total amount was not rolled over in a qualified rollover. For details, see the instructions for line 60 on page 43.

Enter the total distribution on line 16a and the taxable part on line 16b.



You may be able to pay less tax on the distribution if you were born before January 2, 1936, or you are the beneficiary of a de-

ceased employee who was born before January 2, 1936. For details, see Form 4972.

Line 19 Unemployment Compensation

You should receive a Form 1099-G showing the total unemployment compensation paid to you in 2005.

If you received an overpayment of unemployment compensation in 2005 and you repaid any of it in 2005, subtract the amount you repaid from the total amount you received. Enter the result on line 19. Also, enter "Repaid" and the amount you repaid on the dotted line next to line 19. If, in 2005, you repaid unemployment compensation that you included in gross income in an earlier year, you can deduct the amount repaid on Schedule A, line 22. But

- 27 -

if you repaid more than \$3,000, see *Repayments* in Pub. 525 for details on how to report the repayment.

Lines 20a and 20b Social Security Benefits

You should receive a Form SSA-1099 showing in box 3 the total social security benefits paid to you. Box 4 will show the amount of any benefits you repaid in 2005. If you received railroad retirement benefits treated as social security, you should receive a Form RRB-1099.

Use the worksheet on page 28 to see if any of your benefits are taxable.

Exception. Do not use the worksheet on page 28 if any of the following applies.

• You made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2005 and you or your spouse were covered by a retirement plan at work or through self-employment. Instead, use the worksheets in Pub. 590 to see if any of your social security benefits are taxable and to figure your IRA deduction.

• You repaid any benefits in 2005 and your total repayments (box 4) were more than your total benefits for 2005 (box 3). None of your benefits are taxable for 2005. Also, you may be able to take an itemized deduction or a credit for part of the excess repayments if they were for benefits you included in gross income in an earlier year. For more details, see Pub. 915.

• You file Form 2555, 2555-EZ, 4563, or 8815, or you exclude employer-provided adoption benefits or income from sources within Puerto Rico. Instead, use the work-sheet in Pub. 915.

C	ial Security Benefits Worksheet—Lines 20a and 20b Keep	for Your Records
B	 <i>efore you begin:</i> ✓ Complete Form 1040, lines 21 and 23 through 32 if they apply to you Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the dotted line next to instructions for line 36 on page 35). ✓ If you are married filing separately and you lived apart from your spotenter "D" to the right of the word "benefits" on line 20a. ✓ Be sure you have read the Exception on page 27 to see if you can us instead of a publication to find out if any of your benefits are taxable. 	to line 36 (see the puse for all of 2005 e this worksheet
1.	Enter the total amount from box 5 of all your Forms SSA-1099 and Forms RRB-1099 1.	
2.		2.
3.		2
4	through 19, and 21	3.
ł. -	Enter the amount, if any, from Form 1040, line 8b	4.
5.	Add lines 2, 3, and 4	5.
6.	Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040, lines 23 through 32, plus any write-in adjustments you entered on the dotted line next to line 36	6.
7.	Is the amount on line 6 less than the amount on line 5?	
	No. (STOP) None of your social security benefits are taxable.	
	Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5	7.
8.	If you are: • Married filing jointly, enter \$32,000	
	• Single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married filing separately and you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2005, enter \$25,000	8.
	• Married filing separately and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2005, skip lines 8 through 15; multiply line 7 by 85% (.85) and enter the result on line 16. Then go to line 17	
9.	Is the amount on line 8 less than the amount on line 7?	
	No. STOP None of your social security benefits are taxable. You do not have to enter any amounts on line 20a or 20b of Form 1040. But if you are married filing separately and you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2005, enter -0- on line 20b. Be sure you entered "D" to the right of the word "benefits" on line 20a.	
	Yes. Subtract line 8 from line 7	9.
.0.	Enter: \$12,000 if married filing jointly; \$9,000 if single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married filing separately and you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2005	10.
1.	Subtract line 10 from line 9. If zero or less, enter -0-	11.
2.	Enter the smaller of line 9 or line 10	12.
3.	Enter one-half of line 12	13.
4.	Enter the smaller of line 2 or line 13	14.
5.	Multiply line 11 by 85% (.85). If line 11 is zero, enter -0	15.
6.	Add lines 14 and 15	16.
7.	Multiply line 1 by 85% (.85)	17.
8.	Taxable social security benefits. Enter the smaller of line 16 or line 17	18.
	• Enter the amount from line 1 above on Form 1040, line 20a.	
	• Enter the amount from line 18 above on Form 1040, line 20b.	

Other Income



Do not report on this line any income from self-employment or fees received as a notary public. Instead, you must use

Schedule C, C-EZ, or F, even if you do not have any business expenses. Also, do not report on line 21 any nonemployee compensation shown on Form 1099-MISC. Instead, see the chart on page 15 to find out where to report that income.

Use line 21 to report any income not reported elsewhere on your return or other schedules. See the examples below. List the type and amount of income. If necessary, show the required information on an attached statement. For more details, see *Miscellaneous Income* in Pub. 525.



Do not report any nontaxable amounts on line 21, such as child support; money or property that was inherited, willed

to you, or received as a gift; or life insurance proceeds received because of a person's death.

Examples of income to report on line 21 are:

• Taxable distributions from a Coverdell education savings account (ESA) or a qualified tuition program (QTP). Distributions from these accounts may be taxable if (a) they are more than the qualified higher education expenses of the designated beneficiary in 2005, and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 970.



You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from a Coverdell ESA or a QTP. See

the Instructions for Form 5329.

• Taxable distributions from a health savings account (HSA) or an Archer MSA. Distributions from these accounts may be taxable if (a) they are more than the unreimbursed qualified medical expenses of the account beneficiary or account holder in 2005, and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 969.



You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from an HSA or an Archer MSA. See the In-

structions for Form 8889 for HSAs or the Instructions for Form 8853 for Archer MSAs.

• Prizes and awards.

• Gambling winnings, including lotteries, raffles, a lump-sum payment from the sale of a right to receive future lottery payments, etc. For details on gambling losses, see the instructions for Schedule A, line 27, on page A-9.



Attach Form(s) W-2G to Form 1040 if any federal income tax was withheld.

• Jury duty fees. Also, see the instructions for line 36 on page 35.

• Alaska Permanent Fund dividends.

• Alternative trade adjustment assistance payments. These payments should be shown in Form 1099-G, box 5.

• Reimbursements or other amounts received for items deducted in an earlier year, such as medical expenses, real estate taxes, general sales taxes, or home mortgage interest. See *Recoveries* in Pub. 525 for details on how to figure the amount to report.

• Income from the rental of personal property if you engaged in the rental for profit but were not in the business of renting such property. Also, see the instructions for line 36 on page 35.

• Income from an activity not engaged in for profit. See Pub. 535.

• Loss on certain corrective distributions of excess deferrals. See *Retirement Plan Contributions* in Pub. 525.

Adjusted Gross Income

Line 23 Educator Expenses

If you were an eligible educator in 2005, you can deduct up to \$250 of qualified expenses you paid in 2005. If you and your spouse are filing jointly and both of you were eligible educators, the maximum deduction is \$500. However, neither spouse can deduct more than \$250 of his or her qualified expenses. An eligible educator is a kindergarten through grade 12 teacher, instructor, counselor, principal, or aide in a school for at least 900 hours during a school year.

Qualified expenses include ordinary and necessary expenses paid in connection with books, supplies, equipment (including computer equipment, software, and services), and other materials used in the classroom. An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your educational field. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your profession as an educator. An expense does not have to be required to be considered necessary.

Qualified expenses do not include expenses for home schooling or for nonathletic supplies for courses in health or physical education. You must reduce your qualified expenses by the following amounts.

• Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.

• Nontaxable qualified tuition program earnings.

• Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.

• Any reimbursements you received for these expenses that were not reported to you in Form W-2, box 1.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 458 (see page 8).

Line 24

Certain Business Expenses of Reservists, Performing Artists, and Fee-Basis Government Officials

Include the following deductions on line 24.

• Certain business expenses of National Guard and reserve members who traveled more than 100 miles from home to perform services as a National Guard or reserve member.

• Performing-arts-related expenses as a qualified performing artist.

• Business expenses of fee-basis state or local government officials.

For more details, see Form 2106 or 2106-EZ.

Line 25

Health Savings Account Deduction

If contributions (other than employer contributions) were made to your health savings account for 2005, you may be able to take this deduction. See Form 8889.

Line 26 Moving Expenses

If you moved in connection with your job or business or started a new job, you may be able to take this deduction. But your new workplace must be at least 50 miles farther from your old home than your old home was from your old workplace. If you had no former workplace, your new workplace must be at least 50 miles from your old home. Use TeleTax topic 455 (see page 8) or see Form 3903.

One-Half of Self-Employment Tax

If you were self-employed and owe self-employment tax, fill in Schedule SE to figure the amount of your deduction.

Line 28

Self-Employed SEP, SIMPLE, and Qualified Plans

If you were self-employed or a partner, you may be able to take this deduction. See Pub. 560 or, if you were a minister, Pub. 517.

Line 29

Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction

You may be able to deduct the amount you paid for health insurance for yourself, your spouse, and your dependents if any of the following applies.

• You were self-employed and had a net profit for the year.

• You used one of the optional methods to figure your net earnings from self-employment on Schedule SE.

• You received wages in 2005 from an S corporation in which you were a

more-than-2% shareholder. Health insurance benefits paid for you may be shown in Form W-2, box 14.

The insurance plan must be established under your business. But if you were also eligible to participate in any subsidized health plan maintained by your or your spouse's employer for any month or part of a month in 2005, amounts paid for health insurance coverage for that month cannot be used to figure the deduction. For example, if you were eligible to participate in a subsidized health plan maintained by your spouse's employer from September 30 through December 31, you cannot use amounts paid for health insurance coverage for September through December to figure your deduction.

For more details, see Pub. 535.

Note. If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation pension recipient, you must complete Form 8885 before completing the worksheet below. When figuring the amount to enter on line 1 of the worksheet below, do not include any health coverage tax credit advance payments shown in Form 1099-H, box 1. Also, subtract the amount shown on Form 8885, line 4 (reduced by any advance payments shown on line 6 of that form), from the total insurance premiums you paid.

If you qualify to take the deduction, use the worksheet below to figure the amount you can deduct.

Exception. Use Pub. 535 instead of the worksheet below to find out how to figure your deduction if any of the following applies.

• You had more than one source of income subject to self-employment tax.

• You file Form 2555 or 2555-EZ.

• You are using amounts paid for qualified long-term care insurance to figure the deduction.

Line 30

Penalty on Early Withdrawal of Savings

The Form 1099-INT or Form 1099-OID you received will show the amount of any penalty you were charged.

Line 31a and 31b Alimony Paid

If you made payments to or for your spouse or former spouse under a divorce or separation instrument, you may be able to take this deduction. Use TeleTax topic 452 (see page 8) or see Pub. 504.

Self-Employed Health In	nsurance Deduction Worksheet—Line 29 Keep	for Your Records		
Before you begin: √ √	If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TA TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation pension reci above. Be sure you have read the Exception above to see if you can use this Pub. 535 to figure your deduction.	pient, see the Note		
 Enter the total amount paid in 2005 for health insurance coverage established under your business for 2005 for you, your spouse, and your dependents. But do not include amounts for any month you were eligible to participate in an employer-sponsored health plan				
	any other earned income** from the business under which the insurance any deductions on Form 1040, lines 27 and 28			
	rance deduction. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2 here and on t include this amount in figuring any medical expense deduction on	. 3		
* If you used aither antional math	ad to figure your not comings from solf apployment, do not enter your not me	Fit Instand antau tha		

* If you used either optional method to figure your net earnings from self-employment, do not enter your net profit. Instead, enter the amount from Schedule SE, line 4b.

** **Earned income** includes net earnings and gains from the sale, transfer, or licensing of property you created. It does not include capital gain income. If you were a more-than-2% shareholder in the S corporation under which the insurance plan is established, earned income is your wages from that corporation.

Line 32 IRA Deduction



If you made any nondeductible contributions to a traditional individual retirement arrangement (IRA) for 2005, you must

report them on Form 8606.

If you made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2005, you may be able to take an IRA deduction. But you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, must have had earned income to do so. For IRA purposes, earned income includes alimony and separate maintenance payments reported on line 11. If you were self-employed, earned income is generally your net earnings from self-employment if your personal services are a material income-producing factor. For more details, see Pub. 590. A statement should be sent to you by May 31, 2006, that shows all contributions to your traditional IRA for 2005.

Use the worksheet on page 32 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction. But read the following list before you fill in the worksheet.

1. If you were age $70\frac{1}{2}$ or older at the end of 2005, you cannot deduct any contributions made to your traditional IRA for 2005 or treat them as nondeductible contributions.

2. You cannot deduct contributions to a Roth IRA. But you may be able to take the retirement savings contributions credit. See the instructions for line 51 on page 40.



If you made contributions to both a traditional IRA and a Roth IRA for 2005, do not use the worksheet on page 32. In-

stead, see Pub. 590 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

3. You cannot deduct elective deferrals to a 401(k) plan, section 457 plan, SIMPLE plan, or the federal Thrift Savings Plan. These amounts are not included as income in Form W-2, box 1. But you may be able to take the retirement savings contributions credit. See the instructions for line 51 on page 40.

4. If you made contributions to your IRA in 2005 that you deducted for 2004, do not include them in the worksheet.

5. If you received income from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or nongovernmental section 457 plan that is included in Form W-2, box 1, or in Form 1099-MISC, box 7, do not include that income on line 8 of the worksheet. The income should be shown in (a) Form W-2, box 11, (b) Form W-2, box 12, with code Z, or (c) Form 1099-MISC, box 15b. If it is not, contact your employer or the payer for the amount of the income.

6. You must file a joint return to deduct contributions to your spouse's IRA. Enter the total IRA deduction for you and your spouse on line 32.

7. Do not include qualified rollover contributions in figuring your deduction. Instead, see the instructions for lines 15a and 15b on page 25.

8. Do not include trustees' fees that were billed separately and paid by you for your IRA. These fees can be deducted only as an itemized deduction on Schedule A.

9. If the total of your IRA deduction on line 32 plus any nondeductible contribution to your traditional IRAs shown on Form 8606 is less than your total traditional IRA contributions for 2005, see Pub. 590 for special rules.



By April 1 of the year after the year in which you turn age 70¹/₂, you must start taking minimum required distributions from

your traditional IRA. If you do not, you may have to pay a 50% additional tax on the amount that should have been distributed. For details, including how to figure the minimum required distribution, see Pub. 590.

Were You Covered by a Retirement Plan?

If you were covered by a retirement plan (qualified pension, profit-sharing (including 401(k)), annuity, SEP, SIMPLE, etc.) at work or through self-employment, your IRA deduction may be reduced or eliminated. But you can still make contributions to an IRA even if you cannot deduct them. In any case, the income earned on your IRA contributions is not taxed until it is paid to you.

The "Retirement plan" box in Form W-2, box 13, should be checked if you were covered by a plan at work even if you were not vested in the plan. You are also covered by a plan if you were self-employed and had a SEP, SIMPLE, or qualified retirement plan.

If you were covered by a retirement plan and you file Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 8815, or you exclude employer-provided adoption benefits, see Pub. 590 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

Married persons filing separately. If you were not covered by a retirement plan but your spouse was, you are considered covered by a plan unless you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2005.

IRA Deduction Worksheet—Line 32

3e	fore you begin:	√ /	Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the c line 36 on page 35).	lotted li	ne next to line 36 (see	the instructions for
		V	Be sure you have read the list on page 31.			
					Your IRA	Spouse's IRA
			etirement plan (see page 31)?			. — —
•	Next. If you checked jointly), skip lines 2	d "No throu	vas your spouse covered by a retirement plan? o" on line 1a (and "No" on line 1b if married filing ugh 6, enter \$4,000 (\$4,500 if age 50 or older at the end 7b if applicable), and go to line 8. Otherwise, go to		1	b Yes N
	• Single, head of ho	useho	below that applies to you. Id, or married filing separately and you lived apart I of 2005, enter \$60,000)		
	 Qualifying widow(2a.	2	b.
	• Married filing join "No" on either line covered by a plan	tly, e e 1a c	nter \$80,000 in both columns. But if you checked or 1b, enter \$160,000 for the person who was not			
	• Married filing sepa enter \$10,000	ratel	y and you lived with your spouse at any time in 2005,	,		
•			orm 1040, line 22 3.	-		
•	through 31a, plus an	y wr	bunts from Form 1040, lines 23 te-in adjustments you entered on e 36 4.			
•	Subtract line 4 from	line	3. If married filing jointly, enter the result in both	5a.	5	b
•	No. STOP NO	one o	ess than the amount on line 2? Fyour IRA contributions are deductible. For details on actible IRA contributions, see Form 8606.			
	more, ei	nter §	5 from line 2 in each column. If the result is \$10,000 (\$4,500 if age 50 or older at the end of 2005) of t column and go to line 8. Otherwise, go to line 7	on	6	b
•	of a person who is a multiple of \$10, incr \$490.30 to \$500). If	ge 50 ease the 1	by 40% (.40) (or by 45% (.45) in the column for the IR) or older at the end of 2005). If the result is not a it to the next multiple of \$10 (for example, increase esult is \$200 or more, enter the result. But if it is less			
	Enter your wages, a other earned income	nd yc fron	ur spouse's if filing jointly, and Form 1040, minus any , lines 27 and 28. Do not reduce	7a.	7	b
			elf-employment 8.	_		
	spouse in age 50 o	s age r old	ng jointly and line 8 is less than \$8,000 (\$8,500 if one 50 or older at the end of 2005; \$9,000 if both spouses er at the end of 2005), stop here and see Pub. 590 to RA deduction.	are		
•			tributions made, or that will be made by April 17, 2006 line 9a and to your spouse's IRA on line 9b		9	b
•	of line 7b, 8, or 9b. and 10b and enter th a smaller amount an	This tot d trea	allest of line 7a, 8, or 9a. On line 10b, enter the smalle is the most you can deduct. Add the amounts on lines al on Form 1040, line 32. Or, if you want, you can ded at the rest as a nondeductible contribution (see Form	10a uct	10	b
				10d.	10	

Student Loan Interest Deduction

You can take this deduction only if all of the following apply.

 You paid interest in 2005 on a qualified student loan (see below).

• Your filing status is any status except married filing separately.

 Your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than: \$65,000 if single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er); \$135,000 if married filing jointly. Use lines 2 through 4 of the worksheet below to figure your modified AGI.

• You, or your spouse if filing jointly, are not claimed as a dependent on someone's (such as your parent's) 2005 tax return.

Use the worksheet below to figure your student loan interest deduction.

Exception. Use Pub. 970 instead of the worksheet below to figure your student loan interest deduction if you file Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 4563, or you exclude income from sources within Puerto Rico.

Qualified student loan. A qualified student loan is any loan you took out to pay the qualified higher education expenses for:

• Yourself and your spouse.

 Any person who was your dependent when the loan was taken out.

• Any person you could have claimed as a dependent on your return when the loan was taken out if that person had no gross income or had not filed a joint return.

• Any person you could have claimed as a dependent on your return for the prior year when the loan was taken out except that you, or your spouse if filing jointly, could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.

The person for whom the expenses were paid must have been an eligible student (see this page). However, a loan is not a qualified student loan if (a) any of the proceeds were used for other purposes, or (b) the loan was from either a related person or a person who borrowed the proceeds under a qualified employer plan or a contract purchased under such a plan. To find out who is a related person, see Pub. 970.

Qualified higher education expenses. Qualified higher education expenses generally include tuition, fees, room and board, and related expenses such as books and supplies. The expenses must be for education in a degree, certificate, or similar program at an eligible educational institution. An eligible educational institution includes most colleges, universities, and certain vocational schools. You must reduce the expenses by the following benefits.

• Employer-provided educational assistance benefits that are not included in Form(s) W-2, box 1.

• Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.

• Nontaxable qualified tuition program earnings.

 Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.

• Any scholarship, educational assistance allowance, or other payment (but not gifts, inheritances, etc.) excluded from income.

For more details on these expenses, see Pub. 970.

Eligible student. An eligible student is a person who:

• Was enrolled in a degree, certificate, or other program (including a program of study abroad that was approved for credit by the institution at which the student was enrolled) leading to a recognized educational credential at an eligible educational institution, and

• Carried at least half the normal full-time workload for the course of study he or she was pursuing.

Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet—Line 33

tuc	dent Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet—Line 33	Keep for Your Records
Be	 Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the dotted instructions for line 36 on page 35). ✓ Be sure you have read the Exception above to see if you or Pub. 970 to figure your deduction. 	,
	Enter the total interest you paid in 2005 on qualified student loans (see above). Do no than \$2,500	1
2.	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 22 2.	
3.	Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040, lines 23 through 32, plus any write-in adjustments you entered on the dotted line next to line 36 3.	
4.	Subtract line 3 from line 2	
5.	Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.	
	 Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er)—\$50,000 Married filing jointly—\$105,000 	
6.	Is the amount on line 4 more than the amount on line 5? No. Skip lines 6 and 7, enter -0- on line 8, and go to line 9. Yes. Subtract line 5 from line 4	
7.	Divide line 6 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if married filing jointly). Enter the result as a decin at least three places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter 1.000	mal (rounded to
8.	Multiply line 1 by line 7	
9.	Student loan interest deduction. Subtract line 8 from line 1. Enter the result here and Form 1040, line 33. Do not include this amount in figuring any other deduction on years on Schedule A, C, E, etc.)	our return (such

Tuition and Fees Deduction



You may be able to take a credit for your educational expenses instead of a deduction. See the instructions for line 50 on page

40 for details.

You can take this deduction only if all of the following apply.

• You paid qualified tuition and fees (see this page) in 2005 for yourself, your spouse, or your dependent(s).

• Your filing status is any status except married filing separately.

• Your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is not more than: \$80,000 if single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er); \$160,000 if married filing jointly. Use lines 1 through 3 of the worksheet below to figure your modified AGI.

• You, or your spouse if filing jointly, cannot be claimed as a dependent on someone's (such as your parent's) 2005 tax return.

• You are not claiming an education credit for the same student. See the instructions for line 50 on page 40.

• You were a U.S. citizen or resident alien for all of 2005 or you were a nonresident alien for any part of 2005 and you are filing a joint return.

Use the worksheet below to figure your tuition and fees deduction.

Exception. Use Pub. 970 instead of the worksheet below to figure your tuition and fees deduction if you file Form 2555, 2555-EZ, or 4563, or you exclude income from sources within Puerto Rico.

Qualified tuition and fees. Qualified tuition and fees are amounts paid in 2005 for tuition and fees required for the student's enrollment or attendance at an eligible educational institution during 2005. Tuition and fees paid in 2005 for an academic period that begins in the first 3 months of 2006 can also be used in figuring your deduction. Amounts paid include those paid by credit card or with borrowed funds. An eligible educational institution includes most colleges, universities, and certain vocational schools.

Qualified tuition and fees do not include amounts paid for the following items.

• Room and board, insurance, medical expenses (including student health fees),

transportation, or other similar personal, living, or family expenses.

• Course-related books, supplies, equipment, and nonacademic activities, except for fees required to be paid to the institution as a condition of enrollment or attendance.

• Any course involving sports, games, or hobbies, unless such course is part of the student's degree program.

Qualified tuition and fees must be reduced by the following benefits.

• Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.

• Nontaxable qualified tuition program earnings.

• Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.

• Any scholarship, educational assistance allowance, or other payment (but not gifts, inheritances, etc.) excluded from income.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 457 (see page 8) or see Pub. 970.

Keep for Your Records

I uition and Fees	Deduction	Worksheet-	-Line 34

 Before you begin: √ Figure any write-in adjustments to be entered on the dotted line nex instructions for line 36 on page 35). ✓ Be sure you have read the Exception above to see if you can use th Pub. 970 to figure your deduction. 	,
1. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 22	1
2. Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040, lines 23 through 33, plus any write-in adjustments you entered on the dotted line next to line 36	2.
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1. If the result is more than \$80,000 (\$160,000 if married filing jointly), STOP You cannot take the deduction for tuition and fees	3
4. Tuition and fees deduction. Is the amount on line 3 more than \$65,000 (\$130,000 if married filing jointly)?	
Yes. Enter the total qualified tuition and fees (defined above) you paid in 2005. Do not enter more than \$2,000. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040, line 34.	4.
No. Enter the total qualified tuition and fees (defined above) you paid in 2005. Do not enter more than \$4,000. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040, line 34.]
Note. Do not include this amount in figuring any other deduction on your return (such as on Sche	edule A, C, E, etc.).

Domestic Production Activities Deduction

You may be able to deduct up to 3% of your qualified production activities income from the following activities.

1. Construction performed in the United States.

2. Engineering or architectural services performed in the United States for construction projects in the United States.

3. Any lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of:

a. Tangible personal property, computer software, and sound recordings that you manufactured, produced, grew, or extracted in whole or in significant part within the United States,

b. Any qualified film you produced,

c. Electricity, natural gas, or potable water you produced in the United States.

The deduction does not apply to income derived from:

• The sale of food and beverages you prepared at a retail establishment;

• Property you leased, licensed, or rented for use by any related person; or

• The transmission or distribution of electricity, natural gas, or potable water.

For details, see Form 8903 and its instructions.

Line 36

Include in the total on line 36 any of the following write-in adjustments. To find out if you can take the deduction, see the form or publication indicated. On the dotted line next to line 36, enter the amount of your deduction and identify it as indicated.

• Archer MSA deduction (see Form 8853). Identify as "MSA."

• Jury duty pay if you gave the pay to your employer because your employer paid your salary while you served on the jury. Identify as "Jury Pay."

• Deductible expenses related to income reported on line 21 from the rental of personal property engaged in for profit. Identify as "PPR."

• Reforestation amortization and expenses (see Pub. 535). Identify as "RFST."

• Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits under the Trade Act of 1974 (see Pub. 525). Identify as "Sub-Pay TRA."

• Contributions to section 501(c)(18)(D) pension plans (see Pub. 525). Identify as "501(c)(18)(D)."

• Contributions by certain chaplains to section 403(b) plans (see Pub. 517). Identify as "403(b)."

• Attorney fees and court costs for actions settled or decided after October 22, 2004, involving certain unlawful discrimination claims, but only to the extent of gross income from such actions (see Pub. 525). Identify as "UDC."

• Deduction for clean-fuel vehicles. If you placed a qualified clean-fuel vehicle in service in 2005, you can deduct \$2,000 on line 36 if you did not use the vehicle in your business (other than as an employee). Identify this deduction on line 36 as "Clean-Fuel."

If you used a qualified clean-fuel vehicle or other clean-fuel vehicle property in your business (other than as an employee), claim the business portion of the deduction on the applicable line of Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F.



There are higher deduction amounts for heavy trucks, vans, and buses.

A qualified clean-fuel vehicle:

1. Must be acquired new and for your own use.

2. Must satisfy any federal and state emissions standards.

3. Is designed to be propelled by a clean-burning fuel, such as natural gas, liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen, or electricity.

A qualified clean-fuel vehicle includes certain gasoline-electric hybrid vehicles such as the Ford Escape Hybrid, Honda Insight, Honda Civic Hybrid, Honda Accord Hybrid, Lexus RX 400h, Mercury Mariner Hybrid, Toyota Highlander Hybrid, and Toyota Prius. It does not include electric vehicles.



You may be able to take a credit if you placed a new electric vehicle in service in 2005. See Form 8834 for details.

You may also be able to take this deduction for certain new property installed on a motor vehicle to enable it to be propelled by a clean-burning fuel.

For more details, see Pub. 535.

Line 37

If line 37 is less than zero, you may have a net operating loss that you can carry to another tax year. See the Instructions for Form 1045 for details.

Tax and Credits

Line 39a

If you were born before January 2, 1941, or were blind at the end of 2005, check the appropriate box(es) on line 39a. If you were married and checked the box on Form 1040, line 6b, and your spouse was born before January 2, 1941, or was blind at the end of 2005, also check the appropriate box(es) for your spouse. Be sure to enter the total number of boxes checked.

Blindness

If you were partially blind as of December 31, 2005, you must get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist that:

• You cannot see better than 20/200 in your better eye with glasses or contact lenses, or

• Your field of vision is 20 degrees or less.

If your eye condition is not likely to improve beyond the conditions listed above, you can get a statement certified by your eye doctor or registered optometrist to this effect instead.

You must keep the statement for your records.

Line 39b

If your spouse itemizes deductions on a separate return or if you were a dual-status alien, check the box on line 39b. But if you were a dual-status alien and you file a joint return with your spouse who was a U.S. citizen or resident at the end of 2005 and you and your spouse agree to be taxed on your combined worldwide income, do not check the box.

Line 40

Itemized Deductions or Standard Deduction

In most cases, your federal income tax will be less if you take the larger of your itemized deductions or standard deduction.



If you checked the box on line 39b, your standard deduction is zero.

Itemized Deductions

To figure your itemized deductions, fill in Schedule A.

Standard Deduction

Most people can find their standard deduction by looking at the amounts listed under "All others" to the left of Form 1040, line 40. But if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, can be claimed as a dependent on someone's 2005 return or you checked any box on line 39a, use the worksheet or the chart below, whichever applies, to figure your standard deduction. Also, if you checked the box on line 39b, your standard deduction is zero, even if you were born before January 2, 1941, or were blind.

Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents—Line 40	Keep for Your Records
Use this worksheet only if someone can claim you, or your spouse if filing jointly, as a depen	ident.
1. Is your earned income* more than \$550? Yes. Add \$250 to your earned income. Enter the total No. Enter \$800	1
 2. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status. Single or married filing separately—\$5,000 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$10,000 Head of household—\$7,300 	2.
 Standard deduction. a. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2. If born after January 1, 1941, and not blind, stop he enter this amount on Form 1040, line 40. Otherwise, go to line 3b b. If born before January 2, 1941, or blind, multiply the number on Form 1040, line 39a, by (\$1,250 if single or head of household) 	3a.
c. Add lines 3a and 3b. Enter the total here and on Form 1040, line 40	ersonal services you performed. It

Standard Deduction Chart for People Who Were Born Before January 2, 1941, or Were Blind—Line 40

Do not use this chart if someone can a	claim you, or your spouse if filing jointly, as a depen	ndent. Instead, use the worksheet above.
Enter the number from the box on Form 1040, line 39a		
IF your filing status is	AND the number in the box above is	THEN your standard deduction is
Single	1 2	\$6,250 7,500
Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)	1 2 3 4	\$11,000 12,000 13,000 14,000
Married filing separately	1 2 3 4	\$6,000 7,000 8,000 9,000
Head of household	1 2	\$8,550 9,800

Line 42

Exemptions

Taxpayers housing individuals displaced by Hurricane Katrina. You may be able to claim an additional exemption amount of \$500 per person (up to \$2,000) if you provided housing to a person who was displaced from his or her main home because of Hurricane Katrina and all of the following apply.

• The person displaced lived in your main home for at least 60 consecutive days in 2005.

• You did not receive any rent or other amount from any source for providing the housing.

• The main home of the person displaced was, on August 28, 2005, in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area.

• The person displaced was not your spouse or dependent.

For details, see Form 8914.

Adjusted gross income (line 38) over \$109,475. Use the Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet below to figure your deduction for exemptions unless you are filing Form 8914.

Line 44

Тах

Do you want the IRS to figure your tax for you?

Yes. See Pub. 967 for details, including who is eligible and what to do. If you have paid too much, we will send you a refund. If you did not pay enough, we will send you a bill.

No. Use one of the following methods to figure your tax. Also include in the total on line 44 any of the following taxes.

1. Tax from Forms 8814 and 4972. Be sure to check the appropriate box(es).

2. Tax from recapture of an education credit. You may owe this tax if (a) you claimed an education credit in an earlier year, and (b) either tax-free educational assistance or a refund of qualified expenses was received in 2005 for the student. See Form 8863 for more details. If you owe this tax, enter the amount and "ECR" on the dotted line next to line 44.

Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet. If your taxable income is less than \$100,000, you must use the Tax Table that begins on page 65 to figure your tax. Be sure you use the correct column. If your taxable income is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 77.

However, do not use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet to figure your tax if any of the following applies.

Form 8615. Form 8615 must generally be used to figure the tax for any child who was under age 14 at the end of 2005, and who

had more than \$1,600 of investment income, such as taxable interest, ordinary dividends, or capital gains (including capital gain distributions). But if neither of the child's parents was alive at the end of 2005, do not use Form 8615 to figure the child's tax. Also, a child born on January 1, 1992, is considered to be age 14 at the end of 2005. Do not use Form 8615 for such a child.

Schedule D Tax Worksheet. If you have to file Schedule D and Schedule D, line 18 or 19, is more than zero, use the Schedule D Tax Worksheet on page D-9 of the Instructions for Schedule D to figure your tax.

Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet. If you do not have to use the Schedule D Tax Worksheet (see above), use the worksheet on page 38 to figure your tax if any of the following applies.

• You reported qualified dividends on Form 1040, line 9b.

• You do not have to file Schedule D and you reported capital gain distributions on Form 1040, line 13.

• You are filing Schedule D and Schedule D, lines 15 and 16, are both more than zero.

Schedule J. If you had income from farming or fishing, your tax may be less if you choose to figure it using income averaging on Schedule J.

Ded	uction for Exemptions Worksheet—Line 42	eep for Your Records
1.	Is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, more than the amount shown on line 4 below for your filing statute No. Stop Multiply \$3,200 by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040, line 6d, and result on line 42.	
	Yes. Continue	
2.	Multiply \$3,200 by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040, line 6d	2.
3.	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38 3.	
4.	Enter the amount shown below for your filing status. Single—\$145,950 Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$218,950 Married filing separately—\$109,475 Head of household—\$182,450 4	
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 3. If the result is more than \$122,500 (\$61,250 if married filing separately), You cannot take a deduction for exemptions	
6.	Divide line 5 by \$2,500 (\$1,250 if married filing separately). If the result is not a whole number, increase it to the next higher whole number (for example, increase 0.0004 to 1) 6.	
7.	Multiply line 6 by 2% (.02) and enter the result as a decimal	7
8.	Multiply line 2 by line 7	8.
9.	Deduction for exemptions. Subtract line 8 from line 2. Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 4	2 9.

<i>(</i>	

2	efore you begin: √ √	See the instructions for line 44 on page 37 to see if you can use this worksheet to figure your tax. If you do not have to file Schedule D and you received capital gain distributions, be sur you checked the box on line 13 of Form 1040.
1.	Enter the amount from For	m 1040, line 43 1.
2.	Enter the amount from Form	m 1040, line 9b 2.
3.	Are you filing Schedule D?	?
		of line 15 or 16 of o not enter less than -0- from Form 1040, line 13
1		4.
		nent interest expense on Form
5.	4952, enter the amount from	
6.	Subtract line 5 from line 4.	. If zero or less, enter -0 6.
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 1.	. If zero or less, enter -0 7.
0.	Enter the smaller of: • The amount on line 1, • \$29,700 if single or m \$59,400 if married fili \$39,800 if head of hou	harried filing separately,
9.	Is the amount on line 7 equ	ual to or more than the amount on line 8?
	Yes. Skip lines 9 throug	gh 11; go to line 12 and check the "No" box.
		from line 7
		5)
2.	Are the amounts on lines 6	
	Yes. Skip lines 12 throu	1gh 15; go to line 16. of line 1 or line 6
2		
		2 10 (if line 10 is blank, enter -0-) 13 12 14.
		15)
	Figure the tax on the amou	unt on line 7. Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet,
7.	Add lines 11, 15, and 16	
	Figure the tax on the amount	Int on line 1. Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet,

Line 45

Alternative Minimum Tax

Use the worksheet below to see if you should fill in Form 6251.



An electronic version of this worksheet will be available on www.irs.gov in 2006. Enter "AMT Assistant" in the Search

for box on the website.

Exception. Fill in Form 6251 instead of using the worksheet below if you claimed or received any of the following items.

• Accelerated depreciation.

• Stock by exercising an incentive stock option and you did not dispose of the stock in the same year.

• Tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds.

• Intangible drilling, circulation, research, experimental, or mining costs.

• Amortization of pollution-control facilities or depletion.

• Income or (loss) from tax-shelter farm activities or passive activities.

• Income from long-term contracts not figured using the percentage-of-completion method.

(Continued on page 40)

Worksheet To See if You Should Fill in Form 62	51—Line 45
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Keep for Your Records

 Before you begin: √ Be sure you have read the Exception above to see if you must fill in Form 6 worksheet. √ If you are claiming the foreign tax credit (see the instructions for Form 1040, that credit on line 47. 		ter
 1. Are you filing Schedule A? No. Skip lines 1 through 3; enter on line 4 the amount from Form 1040, line 38, and go to line 5. Yes. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 41 	1.	
2. Enter the smaller of the amount on Schedule A, line 4, or 2.5% (.025) of the amount on	1.	
Form 1040, line 38	2.	_
3. Enter the total of the amounts from Schedule A, lines 9 and 26	3.	_
4. Add lines 1 through 3 above	4.	
5. Enter any tax refund from Form 1040, lines 10 and 21	5	_
6. Subtract line 5 from line 4	6.	_
7. Enter the amount from Form 8914, line 2	7.	_
8. Subtract line 7 from line 6	8.	_
9. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.		
• Single or head of household—\$40,250		
• Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$58,000	9	
• Married filing separately—\$29,000		
10. Is the amount on line 8 more than the amount on line 9? No. STOP You do not need to fill in Form 6251.		
Yes. Subtract line 9 from line 8	10.	
11. Enter the amount shown below for your filing status.		
• Single or head of household—\$112,500		
Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)—\$150,000	11	
• Married filing separately—\$75,000		
12. Is the amount on line 8 more than the amount on line 11?		
No. Skip lines 12 and 13; enter on line 14 the amount from line 10, and go to line 15.		
Yes. Subtract line 11 from line 8		-
13. Multiply line 12 by 25% (.25) and enter the result but do not enter more than line 9 above		
14. Add lines 10 and 13	14.	
15. Is the amount on line 14 more than \$175,000 (\$87,500 if married filing separately)? Yes. STOP Fill in Form 6251 to see if you owe the alternative minimum tax.		
No. Multiply line 14 by 26% (.26)	15.	
16. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 44, minus the total of any tax from Form 4972 and any amount on Form 1040, line 47. If you used Schedule J to figure your tax, the amount for Form 1040, line 44, must be refigured without using Schedule J		
Next. Is the amount on line 15 more than the amount on line 16?		
Yes. Fill in Form 6251 to see if you owe the alternative minimum tax.		
No. You do not need to fill in Form 6251.		

• Interest paid on a home mortgage not used to buy, build, or substantially improve your home.

• Investment interest expense reported on Form 4952.

• Net operating loss deduction.

• Alternative minimum tax adjustments from an estate, trust, electing large partnership, or cooperative.

- Section 1202 exclusion.
- Any general business credit.
- Qualified electric vehicle credit.
- Nonconventional source fuel credit.
- Credit for prior year minimum tax.



Form 6251 should be filled in for a child who was under age 14 at the end of 2005 if the child's adjusted gross income

from Form 1040, line 38, exceeds the child's earned income by more than \$5,850.

Line 47

Foreign Tax Credit

If you paid income tax to a foreign country, you may be able to take this credit. Generally, you must complete and attach Form 1116 to do so.

Exception. You do not have to complete Form 1116 to take this credit if all five of the following apply.

1. All of your gross foreign source income was from interest and dividends and all of that income and the foreign tax paid on it were reported to you on Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-DIV, or Schedule K-1 (or substitute statement).

2. If you had dividend income from shares of stock, you held those shares for at least 16 days.

3. You are not filing Form 4563 or excluding income from sources within Puerto Rico.

4. The total of your foreign taxes was not more than \$300 (not more than \$600 if married filing jointly).

5. All of your foreign taxes were:

a. Legally owed and not eligible for a refund, and

b. Paid to countries that are recognized by the United States and do not support terrorism.

For more details on these requirements, see the Instructions for Form 1116.

Do you meet all five requirements above?

 \Box Yes. Enter on line 47 the smaller of (a) your total foreign taxes, or (b) the amount on Form 1040, line 44.

No. See Form 1116 to find out if you can take the credit and, if you can, if you have to file Form 1116.

Line 48 Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses

You may be able to take this credit if you paid someone to care for:

• Your qualifying child under age 13 whom you claim as your dependent.

• Your disabled spouse who could not care for himself or herself.

• Any disabled person not able to care for himself or herself whom you claim as a dependent (or could have claimed as a dependent except that person received \$3,200 or more of gross income or filed a joint return).

• Any disabled person not able to care for himself or herself whom you could have claimed as a dependent except that you, or your spouse if filing jointly, could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 return.

• Your child whom you could not claim as a dependent because of the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* that begin on page 20.

For details, use TeleTax topic 602 (see page 8) or see Form 2441.

Line 49 Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled

You may be able to take this credit if by the end of 2005 (a) you were age 65 or older, or (b) you retired on permanent and total disability and you had taxable disability income. But you usually cannot take the credit if the amount on Form 1040, line 38, is \$17,500 or more (\$20,000 or more if married filing jointly and only one spouse is eligible for the credit; \$25,000 or more if married filing jointly and both spouses are eligible; \$12,500 or more if married filing separately). See Schedule R and its instructions for details.

Credit figured by the IRS. If you can take this credit and you want us to figure it for you, see the Instructions for Schedule R.

Line 50 Education Credits

If you (or your dependent) paid qualified expenses in 2005 for yourself, your spouse,

or your dependent to enroll in or attend an eligible educational institution, you may be able to take an education credit. See Form 8863 for details. However, you cannot take an education credit if any of the following applies.

• You, or your spouse if filing jointly, are claimed as a dependent on someone's (such as your parent's) 2005 tax return.

• Your filing status is married filing separately.

• The amount on Form 1040, line 38, is \$53,000 or more (\$107,000 or more if married filing jointly).

• You are taking a deduction for tuition and fees on Form 1040, line 34, for the same student.

• You, or your spouse, were a nonresident alien for any part of 2005 unless your filing status is married filing jointly.

Line 51 Retirement Savings Contributions Credit

You may be able to take this credit if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, made (a) contributions to a traditional or Roth IRA; (b) elective deferrals to a 401(k), 403(b), governmental 457, SEP, or SIMPLE plan; (c) voluntary employee contributions to a qualified retirement plan (including the federal Thrift Savings Plan); or (d) contributions to a 501(c)(18)(D) plan.

However, you cannot take the credit if either of the following applies.

1. The amount on Form 1040, line 38, is more than \$25,000 (\$37,500 if head of household; \$50,000 if married filing jointly).

2. The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral (a) was born after January 1, 1988, (b) is claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 tax return, or (c) was a student (defined below).

You were a student if during any part of 5 calendar months of 2005 you:

• Were enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or

• Took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency.

A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or Internet school.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 610 (see page 8) or see Form 8880.

Line 52—Child Tax Credit

Three Steps To Take the Child Tax Credit!

- **Step 1.** Make sure you have a qualifying child for the child tax credit (see the instructions for line 6c).
- Step 2. Make sure that for each qualifying child you either checked the box on Form 1040, line 6c, column (4), or completed Form 8901 (if the child is not your dependent).
- **Step 3.** Answer the questions on this page to see if you can use the worksheet on page 42 to figure your credit or if you must use Pub. 972. If you need Pub. 972, see page 7.

Questions

Who Must Use Pub. 972



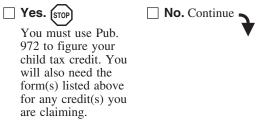
- 1. Is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, more than the amount shown below for your filing status?
 - Married filing jointly \$110,000
 - Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) \$75,000
 - Married filing separately \$55,000

 \Box No. Go to question 2.

You must use Pub. 972 to figure your credit.

Yes. (STOP)

- 2. Are you claiming any of the following credits?
 - Adoption credit, Form 8839 (see the instructions for Form 1040, line 53, on page 43).
 - Mortgage interest credit, Form 8396 (see the instructions for Form 1040, line 54, on page 43).
 - District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, Form 8859.



- 3. Are you excluding income from Puerto Rico or are you filing any of the following forms?
 - Form 2555 or 2555-EZ (relating to foreign earned income).
 - Form 4563 (exclusion of income for residents of American Samoa).



You must use Pub. 972 to figure your credit. **No.** Use the worksheet on page 42 to figure your credit.

Child Tax Credit Worksheet—Line 52



• To be a qualifying child for the child tax credit, the child must be **under age 17** at the end of 2005 and meet the other requirements listed on page 19.

• Do not use this worksheet if you answered "Yes" to question 1, 2, or 3 on page 41. Instead, use Pub. 972.

1	Number of qualifying children:× \$1,000. Enter the result.	1
2	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 46.	
3.	Add the amounts from Form 1040:	
	Line 47	
	Line 48 +	
	Line 49 +	
	Line 50 + 3	
	Line 51 + Enter the total.	
4	 Yes. (TOP) You cannot take this credit because there is no tax to reduce. However, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below. No. Subtract line 3 from line 2. 	4
5.		
	 Yes. Enter the amount from line 4. Also, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below. No. Enter the amount from line 1. 	5 Enter this amount on Form 1040, line 52.
	You may be able to take the additional child tax credit on Form 1040, line 68, if you answered "Yes" on line 4 or line 5 above.	1040
	• First, complete your Form 1040 through line 67.	
	 Then, use Form 8812 to figure any additional child tax credit. 	

Line 53

Adoption Credit

You may be able to take this credit if either of the following applies.

• You paid expenses to adopt a child.

• You adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2005.

See the Instructions for Form 8839 for details.

Line 54

Include the following credits on line 54 and check the appropriate box(es). To find out if you can take the credit, see the form indicated.

• Mortgage interest credit. If a state or local government gave you a mortgage credit certificate, see Form 8396.

• District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit. See Form 8859.

Line 55 Other Credits

Include the following credits on line 55 and check the appropriate box(es). If box c is checked, also enter the form number, if applicable. To find out if you can take the credit, see the form or publication indicated.

• Credit for prior year minimum tax. If you paid alternative minimum tax in a prior year, see Form 8801.

• Qualified electric vehicle credit. If you placed a new electric vehicle in service in 2005, see Form 8834.

• General business credit. This credit consists of a number of credits that usually apply only to individuals who are partners, shareholders in an S corporation, self-employed, or who have rental property. See Form 3800 or Pub. 334.

• Empowerment zone and renewal community employment credit. See Form 8844.

• Credit for alcohol used as fuel. See Form 6478.

• Renewable electricity, refined coal, and Indian coal production credit for electricity and refined coal produced at facilities placed in service after October 22, 2004, and Indian coal produced at facilities placed in service after August 8, 2005. See Form 8835, Section B.

• New York Liberty Zone business employee credit. If you have a carryforward credit from Form 8884, see Form 8835, Section B.

• Nonconventional source fuel credit. If you sold fuel produced from a nonconventional source, or you were an owner of royalty interests and you received income from the sale of fuel produced from a nonconventional source, you may be able to take this credit. See Form 8907.

• Qualified zone academy bond credit. This credit applies only to S corporation shareholders. See Form 8860.

Other Taxes

Line 59

Social Security and Medicare Tax on Tip Income Not Reported to Employer

If you received tips of \$20 or more in any month and you did not report the full amount to your employer, you must pay the social security and Medicare or railroad retirement (RRTA) tax on the unreported tips. You must also pay this tax if your Form(s) W-2 shows allocated tips that you are including in your income on Form 1040, line 7.

To figure the social security and Medicare tax, use Form 4137. If you owe RRTA tax, contact your employer. Your employer will figure and collect the RRTA tax.



You may be charged a penalty equal to 50% of the social security and Medicare tax due on tips you received but did not re-

port to your employer.

Line 60

Additional Tax on IRAs, Other Qualified Retirement Plans, etc.



You may not owe this tax if the distribution was made or repaid because of Hurricane Katrina. See Form 8915 and its instruc-

tions for details.

If any of the following apply, see Form 5329 and its instructions to find out if you owe this tax and if you must file Form 5329.

1. You received an early distribution from (a) an IRA or other qualified retirement plan, (b) an annuity, or (c) a modified endowment contract entered into after June 20, 1988, and the total distribution was not rolled over in a qualified rollover contribution.

2. Excess contributions were made to your IRAs, Coverdell education savings ac-

counts (ESAs), Archer MSAs, or health savings accounts.

3. You received taxable distributions from Coverdell ESAs or qualified tuition programs.

4. You were born before July 1, 1934, and did not take the minimum required distribution from your IRA or other qualified retirement plan.

Exception. If only item (1) applies and distribution code 1 is correctly shown in Form 1099-R, box 7, you do not have to file Form 5329. Instead, multiply the taxable amount of the distribution by 10% (.10) and enter the result on line 60. The taxable amount of the distribution is the part of the distribution you reported on Form 1040, line 15b or line 16b, or on Form 4972. Also, put "No" under the heading "Other Taxes" to the left of line 60 to indicate that you do not have to file Form 5329. But if distribution code 1 is incorrectly shown in Form 1099-R, box 7, or you qualify for an exception for qualified medical expenses, qualified higher education expenses, or qualified first-time homebuyer distributions, you must file Form 5329.

Line 61 Advance Earned Income Credit Payments

Enter the total amount of advance earned income credit (EIC) payments you received. These payments are shown in Form(s) W-2, box 9.

Line 62 Household Employment Taxes

If any of the following apply, see Schedule H and its instructions to find out if you owe these taxes.

1. You paid any one household employee (defined below) cash wages of \$1,400 or more in 2005. Cash wages include wages paid by check, money order, etc.

2. You withheld federal income tax during 2005 at the request of any household employee.

3. You paid total cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter of 2004 or 2005 to household employees.



For item (1), do not count amounts paid to an employee who was under age 18 at any time in 2005 and was a student.

Household employee. Any person who does household work is a household em-

ployee if you can control what will be done and how it will be done. Household work includes work done in or around your home by babysitters, nannies, health aides, maids, yard workers, and similar domestic workers.

Line 63

Total Tax

Include in the total on line 63 any of the following taxes. To find out if you owe the tax, see the form or publication indicated. On the dotted line next to line 63, enter the amount of the tax and identify it as indicated.

1. Additional tax on health savings account distributions (see Form 8889). Identify as "HSA."

2. Additional tax on Archer MSA distributions (see Form 8853). Identify as "MSA."

3. Additional tax on Medicare Advantage MSA distributions (see Form 8853). Identify as "Med MSA."

4. Recapture of the following credits.

a. Investment credit (see Form 4255). Identify as "ICR."

b. Low-income housing credit (see Form 8611). Identify as "LIHCR."

c. Qualified electric vehicle credit (see Pub. 535). Identify as "QEVCR."

d. Indian employment credit (see Form 8845). Identify as "IECR."

e. New markets credit (see Form 8874). Identify as "NMCR."

f. Credit for employer-provided child care facilities (see Form 8882). Identify as "ECCFR."

5. Recapture of federal mortgage subsidy. If you sold your home in 2005 and it was financed (in whole or in part) from the proceeds of any tax-exempt qualified mortgage bond or you claimed the mortgage interest credit, see Form 8828. Identify as "FMSR."

6. Section 72(m)(5) excess benefits tax (see Pub. 560). Identify as "Sec. 72(m)(5)."

7. Uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips or group-term life insurance. This tax should be shown in Form W-2, box 12, with codes A and B or M and N. Identify as "UT." 8. Golden parachute payments. If you received an excess parachute payment (EPP), you must pay a 20% tax on it. This tax should be shown in Form W-2, box 12, with code K. If you received a Form 1099-MISC, the tax is 20% of the EPP shown in box 13. Identify as "EPP."

9. Tax on accumulation distribution of trusts (see Form 4970). Identify as "ADT."

10. Excise tax on insider stock compensation from an expatriated corporation. You may owe a 15% excise tax on the value of nonstatutory stock options and certain other stock-based compensation held by you or a member of your family from an expatriated corporation or its expanded affiliated group in which you were an officer, director, or more-than-10% owner. See Internal Revenue Code section 4985. Identify as "ISC."

11. Additional tax on income you received from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that fails to meet certain requirements. This income should be shown in Form W-2, box 12, with code Z, or in Form 1099-MISC, box 15b. See Internal Revenue Code section 409A(a)(1)(B) to figure the tax on this income. Identify as "NQDC."

12. Interest on the tax due on installment income from the sale of certain residential lots and timeshares. Identify as "453(1)(3)" or "453A(c)," whichever applies.

Payments

Line 64

Federal Income Tax Withheld

Add the amounts shown as federal income tax withheld on your Forms W-2, W-2G, and 1099-R. Enter the total on line 64. The amount withheld should be shown in Form W-2 or W-2G, box 2, and in Form 1099-R, box 4. Attach Forms W-2G and 1099-R to the front of your return if federal income tax was withheld.

If you received a 2005 Form 1099 showing federal income tax withheld on dividends, interest income, unemployment

compensation, social security benefits, or other income you received, include the amount withheld in the total on line 64. This should be shown in Form 1099, box 4, or Form SSA-1099, box 6.

Line 65 2005 Estimated Tax Payments

Enter any estimated federal income tax payments you made for 2005. Include any overpayment from your 2004 return that you applied to your 2005 estimated tax.

If you and your spouse paid joint estimated tax but are now filing separate income tax returns, you can divide the amount paid in any way you choose as long as you both agree. If you cannot agree, you must divide the payments in proportion to each spouse's individual tax as shown on your separate returns for 2005. For an example of how to do this, see Pub. 505. Be sure to show both social security numbers (SSNs) in the space provided on the separate returns. If you or your spouse paid separate estimated tax but you are now filing a joint return, add the amounts you each paid. Follow these instructions even if your spouse died in 2005 or in 2006 before filing a 2005 return.

Divorced Taxpayers

If you got divorced in 2005 and you made joint estimated tax payments with your former spouse, put your former spouse's SSN in the space provided on the front of Form 1040. If you were divorced and remarried in 2005, put your present spouse's SSN in the space provided on the front of Form 1040. Also, under the heading *Payments* to the left of line 65, put your former spouse's SSN, followed by "DIV."

Name Change

If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, attach a statement to the front of Form 1040. On the statement, explain all the payments you and your spouse made in 2005 and the name(s) and SSN(s) under which you made them.

Lines 66a and 66b— Earned Income Credit (EIC)

What Is the EIC?

The EIC is a credit for certain people who work. The credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax.



You may be able to elect to use your 2004 earned income to figure your EIC if (a) your 2004 earned income is more than your 2005 earned income, and (b) your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina disaster

area on August 25, 2005. Also, special rules may apply for people who had to relocate because of Hurricane Katrina. For details, see Pub. 4492.

To Take the EIC:

- Follow the steps below.
- Complete the worksheet that applies to you or let the IRS figure the credit for you.
- If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.

For help in determining if you are eligible for the EIC, go to www. irs.gov/eitc and click on "EITC Assistant." This service is available in English and Spanish.



If you take the EIC even though you are not eligible and it is determined that your error is due to reckless or intentional disregard of the EIC rules, you will not be allowed to take the credit for 2 years even if you are

otherwise eligible to do so. If you fraudulently take the EIC, you will not be allowed to take the credit for 10 years. See Form 8862, Who must file, on page 48. You may also have to pay penalties.

Step 1 **All Filers**

- 1. If. in 2005:
 - 2 children lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, less than \$35,263 (\$37,263 if married filing jointly)?
 - 1 child lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, less than \$31,030 (\$33,030 if married filing jointly)?
 - No children lived with you, is the amount on Form 1040, line 38, less than \$11,750 (\$13,750 if married filing jointly)?

Yes. Continue

NO. STOP

NO. STOP

You cannot take the credit.

2. Do you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, have a social security number that allows you to work or is valid for EIC purposes (see page 48)?

Yes. Go to question 3.

You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66.

- 3. Is your filing status married filing separately? ☐ Yes. STOP **No.** Continue You cannot take the credit.
- 4. Are you filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ (relating to foreign earned income)?

Yes. (STOP You cannot take the credit.

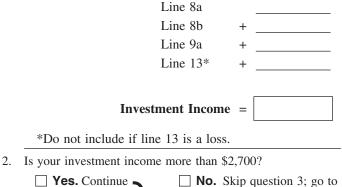


5. Were you or your spouse a nonresident alien for any part of 2005?

 \square Yes. See *Nonresident* \square No. Go to Step 2. aliens on page 48.

Investment Income Step 2

1. Add the amounts from Form 1040:



NO. STOP

Yes. Continue

question 4.

Are you filing Form 4797 (relating to sales of business 3. property)?

Yes. See *Form* 4797 filers on page 48.

You cannot take the credit.

- 4. Do any of the following apply for 2005?
 - You are filing Schedule E.
 - You are reporting income or a loss from the rental of personal property not used in a trade or business.
 - You are reporting income on Form 1040, line 21, from Form 8814 (relating to election to report child's interest and dividends).

Yes. You must use] No. Continu
Worksheet 1 in Pub.	
596 to see if you can	
take the credit. To get	
Pub. 596, see page 7.	

5. Did a child live with you in 2005?

Yes. Go to Step 3	\Box No. Go to Step 4 on
on page 46.	page 46.

Continued from page 45

Qualifying Child Step 3

A qualifying child for the EIC is a child who is your...

Son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew)



was ...

Under age 19 at the end of 2005

or

Under age 24 at the end of 2005 and a student (see page 48)

or Any age and permanently and totally disabled (see page 48)

who...

Lived with you in the United States for more than half of 2005. If the child did not live with you for the

required time, see Exception to time lived with you on page 48.



If the child meets the conditions to be a qualifying child of any other person (other than your spouse if filing a joint return) for 2005, or the child was married, see page 48.

1. Could you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, be a qualifying child of another person in 2005?



 \square No. Go to question 2.

You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.

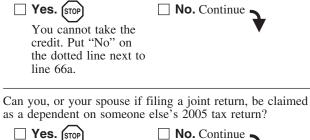
2. Do you have at least one child who meets the conditions to be your qualifying child?

have a valid social security number as defined on page 48 unless the child was born and died in 2005. Skip Step 4; go to Step 5 on page 47.

Yes. The child must **No.** Go to Step 4, question 2. if the amount on Form 1040, line 38, is less than \$11,750 (\$13,750 if married filing jointly).

Filers Without a Qualifying Child Step 4

1. Could you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, be a qualifying child of another person in 2005? See Step 3.



Yes. (STOP You cannot take the credit.

2.

- Were you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, at least age 3. 25 but under age 65 at the end of 2005?
 - **Yes.** Continue **NO.** (STOP) You cannot take the credit.
- Was your home, and your spouse's if filing a joint return, in 4. the United States for more than half of 2005? Members of the military stationed outside the United States, see page 48 before you answer.

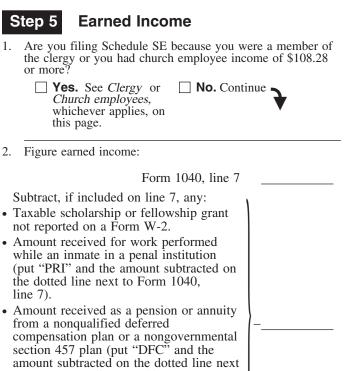
Yes. Go to Step 5 on page 47.



You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a.

Continued from page 46

1.



section 457 plan (put "DFC" and the amount subtracted on the dotted line next to Form 1040, line 7). This amount may be shown in Form W-2, box 11. If you received such an amount but box 11 is blank, contact your employer for the amount received as a pension or annuity.

Add all of your nontaxable combat pay if you elect to include it in earned income. Also enter this amount on Form 1040, line 66b. See Combat pay, Nontaxable on this page.



Electing to include nontaxable combat pay may increase or decrease your EIC. Figure the credit with and without your nontaxable combat pay before making the election.

Earned Income*

*You may be able to elect to use your 2004 earned income to figure your EIC if (a) your 2004 earned income is more than your 2005 earned income, and (b) your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area on August 25, 2005. For details, see Pub. 4492. If you make this election, skip question 3 and go to question 4.



Electing to use your 2004 earned income may increase or decrease your EIC. Figure the credit using your 2005 earned income. Then figure the credit using your 2004 earned income. Compare the two amounts before making the election.

Were you self-employed, or are you filing Schedule SE be-3. cause you were a member of the clergy or you had church employee income, or are you filing Schedule C or C-EZ as a statutory employee?

Yes. Skip question 4 **No.** Continue and Step 6; go to Worksheet B on page 50.

4. If you have:

- 2 or more qualifying children, is your earned income* less than \$35,263 (\$37,263 if married filing jointly)?
- 1 qualifying child, is your earned income* less than \$31,030 (\$33,030 if married filing jointly)?
- No qualifying children, is your earned income* less than \$11,750 (\$13,750 if married filing jointly)?

NO. (STOP)

Yes. Go to Step 6.

You cannot take the credit.

Step 6 How To Figure the Credit

- 1. Do you want the IRS to figure the credit for you?
 - ☐ Yes. See Credit fig- ☐ No. Go to Worksheet A ured by the IRS on on page 49. page 48.

Definitions and Special Rules

(listed in alphabetical order)

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

Church employees. Determine how much of the amount on Form 1040, line 7, was also reported on Schedule SE, line 5a. Subtract that amount from the amount on Form 1040, line 7, and enter the result in the first space of Step 5, line 2. Be sure to answer "Yes" to question 3 in Step 5.

Clergy. The following instructions apply to ministers, members of religious orders who have not taken a vow of poverty, and Christian Science practitioners. If you are filing Schedule SE and the amount on line 2 of that schedule includes an amount that was also reported on Form 1040, line 7:

- 1. Put "Clergy" on the dotted line next to Form 1040, line 66a.
- 2. Determine how much of the amount on Form 1040, line 7, was also reported on Schedule SE, line 2.
- 3. Subtract that amount from the amount on Form 1040, line 7. Enter the result in the first space of Step 5, line 2.
- 4. Be sure to answer "Yes" to question 3 in Step 5.

Combat pay, Nontaxable. If you were a member of the U.S. Armed Forces who served in a combat zone, certain pay is excluded from your income. See Combat Zone Exclusion in Pub. 3. You can elect to include this pay in your earned income when figuring the EIC. The amount of your nontaxable combat pay should be shown in Form(s) W-2, box 12, with code Q. If you are filing a joint return and both you and your spouse received nontaxable combat pay, you can each make your own election.

Credit figured by the IRS. To have the IRS figure your EIC:

- 1. Put "EIC" on the dotted line next to Form 1040, line 66a.
- 2. Be sure you enter the nontaxable combat pay you elect to include in earned income on Form 1040, line 66b. See *Combat pay, Nontaxable* on page 47.
- 3. If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC. If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see *Form 8862, Who must file* below.

Exception to time lived with you. A child is considered to have lived with you for all of 2005 if the child was born or died in 2005 and your home was this child's home for the entire time he or she was alive in 2005. Temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, medical care, military service, or detention in a juvenile facility, count as time lived at home. Also see *Kidnapped child* on page 21 or *Members of the military* below.

Form 4797 filers. If the amount on Form 1040, line 13, includes an amount from Form 4797, you must use Worksheet 1 in Pub. 596 to see if you can take the EIC. To get Pub. 596, see page 7. Otherwise, stop; you cannot take the EIC.

Form 8862, Who must file. You must file Form 8862 if your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed for any reason other than a math or clerical error. But do not file Form 8862 if either of the following applies.

- You filed Form 8862 for another year, the EIC was allowed for that year, and your EIC has not been reduced or disallowed again for any reason other than a math or clerical error.
- You are taking the EIC without a qualifying child and the only reason your EIC was reduced or disallowed in the other year was because it was determined that a child listed on Schedule EIC was not your qualifying child.
- Also, do not file Form 8862 or take the credit for the:
- 2 years after the most recent tax year for which there was a final determination that your EIC was reduced or disallowed due to reckless or intentional disregard of the EIC rules, or
- 10 years after the most recent tax year for which there was a final determination that your EIC was reduced or disallowed due to fraud.

Foster child. A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction. For more details on authorized placement agencies, see Pub. 596.

Married child. A child who was married at the end of 2005 is a qualifying child only if (a) you can claim him or her as your dependent on Form 1040, line 6c, or (b) you could have claimed him or her as your dependent except for the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20.

Members of the military. If you were on extended active duty outside the United States, your home is considered to be in the United States during that duty period. Extended active duty is military duty ordered for an indefinite period or for a period of more than 90 days. Once you begin serving extended active duty, you are considered to be on extended active duty even if you serve fewer than 90 days.

Nonresident aliens. If your filing status is married filing jointly, go to Step 2 on page 45. Otherwise, stop; you cannot take the EIC.

Permanently and totally disabled. A person who, at any time in 2005, cannot engage in any substantial gainful activity because of a physical or mental condition and a doctor has determined that this condition (a) has lasted or can be expected to last continuously for at least a year, or (b) can be expected to lead to death.

Qualifying child of more than one person. If the child is the qualifying child of more than one person, only one person can claim the child as a qualifying child for all of the following tax benefits, unless the rules for *Children of divorced or separated parents* on page 20 apply.

- 1. Dependency exemption (line 6c).
- 2. Child tax credits (lines 52 and 68).
- 3. Head of household filing status (line 4).
- 4. Credit for child and dependent care expenses (line 48).
- 5. Earned income credit (lines 66a and 66b).

No other person can take any of the five tax benefits listed above unless he or she has a different qualifying child. If you and any other person claim the child as a qualifying child, the IRS will apply the following rules.

- If only one of the persons is the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent.
- If two of the persons are the child's parents, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent with whom the child lived for the longer period of time in 2005. If the child lived with each parent for the same amount of time, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the parent who had the higher adjusted gross income (AGI) for 2005.
- If none of the persons is the child's parent, the child will be treated as the qualifying child of the person who had the highest AGI for 2005.

Example. Your daughter meets the conditions to be a qualifying child for both you and your mother. If you and your mother both claim tax benefits based on the child, the rules above apply. Under these rules, you are entitled to treat your daughter as a qualifying child for any of the five tax benefits listed above for which you otherwise qualify. Your mother would not be entitled to take any of the five tax benefits listed above unless she has a different qualifying child.

If you will not be taking the EIC with a qualifying child, put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a. Otherwise, go to Step 3, question 1, on page 46.

Social security number (SSN). For the EIC, a valid SSN is a number issued by the Social Security Administration unless "Not Valid for Employment" is printed on the social security card and the number was issued solely to apply for or receive a federally funded benefit.

To find out how to get an SSN, see page 16. If you will not have an SSN by April 17, 2006, see *What if You Cannot File on Time*? on page 12.

Student. A child who during any part of 5 calendar months of 2005 was enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency. A school includes a technical, trade, or mechanical school. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or Internet school.

Welfare benefits, Effect of credit on. Any refund you receive as a result of taking the EIC will not be used to determine if you are eligible for the following programs or how much you can receive from them. But if the refund you receive because of the EIC is not spent within a certain period of time, it can count as an asset (or resource) and affect your eligibility.

- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF).
- Medicaid and supplemental security income (SSI).
- Food stamps and low-income housing.

Before you begi	n: √ Be sure you are using the correct worksheet. Use this worksheet only if you answered "No" to Step 5, question 3, on page 47, or you elect to use your 2004 earned income to figure your EIC (see page 47). Otherwise, use Worksheet B that begins on page 50.	
Part 1 All Filers Using Worksheet A	 1. Enter your earned income from Step 5 on page 47. But if you elect to use your 2004 earned income (see page 47), enter that amount instead. 2. Look up the amount on line 1 above in the EIC Table on pages 52–58 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here. If line 2 is zero, You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a. 3. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38. 4. Are the amounts on lines 3 and 1 the same? Yes. Skip line 5; enter the amount from line 2 on line 6. No. Go to line 5. 	
Part 2 Filers Who Answered "No" on Line 4	 5. If you have: No qualifying children, is the amount on line 3 less than \$6,550 (\$8,550 if married filing jointly)? 1 or more qualifying children, is the amount on line 3 less than \$14,400 (\$16,400 if married filing jointly)? Yes. Leave line 5 blank; enter the amount from line 2 on line 6. No. Look up the amount on line 3 in the EIC Table on pages 52–58 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here. Look at the amounts on lines 5 and 2. Then, enter the smaller amount on line 6. 	
Part 3 Your Earned Income Credit	 6. This is your earned income credit. If you elect to use your 2004 earned income (see page 47), enter "PYEI" and the amount of your 2004 earned income on the dotted line next to line 66a. 6 Enter this amount on Form 1040, line 66a. 7 If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC. 1040 EIC. <l< td=""><td></td></l<>	

Worksheet **B**—Earned Income Credit (EIC)—Lines 66a and 66b Keep for Your Records

Use this worksheet if you answered "Yes" to Step 5, question 3, on page 47, and you do not elect to use your 2004 earned income to figure your EIC (see page 47).

///

 $\sqrt{}$ Complete the parts below (Parts 1 through 3) that apply to you. Then, continue to Part 4.

 $\sqrt{}$ If you are married filing a joint return, include your spouse's amounts, if any, with yours to figure the amounts to enter in Parts 1 through 3.

Part 1	1a. Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 3, or Section B, line 3, whichever applies.	1a
Self-Employed, Members of the	b. Enter any amount from Schedule SE, Section B, line 4b, and line 5a.	+ 1b
Clergy, and	c. Combine lines 1a and 1b.	= 1c
People With Church Employee	d. Enter the amount from Schedule SE, Section A, line 6, or Section B, line 13, whichever applies.	– 1d
Income Filing Schedule SE	e. Subtract line 1d from 1c.	= 1e
Part 2	2. Do not include on these lines any statutory employee income or any amount self-employment tax as the result of the filing and approval of Form 4029 or	
Self-Employed NOT Required	a. Enter any net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 36, and from farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A*.	2a
To File Schedule SE For example, your net earnings from	b. Enter any net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9*.	+ 2b
self-employment were less than \$400.	c. Combine lines 2a and 2b.	= 2c
	*Reduce any Schedule K-1 amounts by any partnership section 179 expense unreimbursed partnership expenses claimed, and depletion claimed on oil and have any Schedule K-1 amounts, complete the appropriate line(s) of Schedul name and social security number on Schedule SE and attach it to your return	d gas properties. If you le SE, Section A. Put your
Part 3		
Statutory Employees Filing Schedule C or C-EZ	3. Enter the amount from Schedule C, line 1, or Schedule C-EZ, line 1, that you are filing as a statutory employee.	3
Part 4		
	4a. Enter your earned income from Step 5 on page 47.	4a
All Filers Using Worksheet B	4a. Enter your earned income from Step 5 on page 47.b. Combine lines 1e, 2c, 3, and 4a. This is your total earned income.	4a 4b
All Filers Using		4b dotted line next to line 66a. arried filing jointly)? jointly)? ïling jointly)?

Worksheet **B**_Continued from page 50

Keep for Your Records

Part 5 All Filers Using Worksheet B	6. 7. 8. 9.	Enter your total earned income from Part 4, line 4b, on page 50. Look up the amount on line 6 above in the EIC Table on pages 52–58 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here. If line 7 is zero, row You cannot take the credit. Put "No" on the dotted line next to line 66a. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38. Are the amounts on lines 8 and 6 the same? Yes. Skip line 10; enter the amount from line 7 on line 11. No. Go to line 10.
Part 6 Filers Who Answered "No" on Line 9	10.	If you have: • No qualifying children, is the amount on line 8 less than \$6,550 (\$8,550 if married filing jointly)? • 1 or more qualifying children, is the amount on line 8 less than \$14,400 (\$16,400 if married filing jointly)? • Yes. Leave line 10 blank; enter the amount from line 7 on line 11. • No. Look up the amount on line 8 in the EIC Table on pages 52–58 to find the credit. Be sure you use the correct column for your filing status and the number of children you have. Enter the credit here. Look at the amounts on lines 10 and 7. Then, enter the smaller amount on line 11.
Part 7	11.	This is your earned income credit.
Your Earned Income Credit	\checkmark	Reminder— If you have a qualifying child, complete and attach Schedule EIC.
		If your EIC for a year after 1996 was reduced or disallowed, see page 48 to find out if you must file Form 8862 to take the credit for 2005.

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2005 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table

Caution. This is not a tax table.

1. To find your credit, read down the "At least – But less than" columns and find the line that includes the amount you were told to look up from

2. Then, go to the column and the number of qualifying children you have. Enter the credit from that column on

Example. If your filing that includes your filing status status is single, you have one qualifying child, and the amount you are looking up from your EIC Worksheet is \$2,455, you

	Norksheet.			C Worksh			would en	ter \$842.	,, ,						
		And your filing status is— Single, head of household, Married filing jointly and If								And your filing status is—					
	ount you are p from the et is—		ying wide	ousehold, ow(er) and	Married you hav		intly and	If the amore looking up worksheet				ousehold, ow(er) and	Marrie you h	ed filing jo ave—	intly and
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children			No children	One child	Two children	No childrer	One child	Two children
At least	But less than	Your credit is—		l	r credit	-	At least	But less than	l	our credi		Your credit is—			
\$1	\$50	\$2	\$9	\$10	\$2	\$9	\$10	2,750	2,800	212	944	1,110	212	944	1,110
50	100	6	26	30	6	26	30	2,800	2,850	216	961	1,130	216	961	1,130
100	150	10	43	50	10	43	50	2,850	2,900	220	978	1,150	220	978	1,150
150	200	13	60	70	13	60	70	2,900	2,950	224	995	1,170	224	995	1,170
200	250	17	77	90	17	77	90	2,950	3,000	228	1,012	1,190	228	1,012	1,190
250	300	21	94	110	21	94	110	3,000	3,050	231	1,029	1,210	231	1,029	1,210
300	350	25	111	130	25	111	130	3,050	3,100	235	1,046	1,230	235	1,046	1,230
350	400	29	128	150	29	128	150	3,100	3,150	239	1,063	1,250	239	1,063	1,250
400	450	33	145	170	33	145	170	3,150	3,200	243	1,080	1,270	243	1,080	1,270
450	500	36	162	190	36	162	190	3,200	3,250	247	1,097	1,290	247	1,097	1,290
500	550	40	179	210	40	179	210	3,250	3,300	251	1,114	1,310	251	1,114	1,310
550	600	44	196	230	44	196	230	3,300	3,350	254	1,131	1,330	254	1,131	1,330
600	650	48	213	250	48	213	250	3,350	3,400	258	1,148	1,350	258	1,148	1,350
650	700	52	230	270	52	230	270	3,400	3,450	262	1,165	1,370	262	1,165	1,370
700	750	55	247	290	55	247	290	3,450	3,500	266	1,182	1,390	266	1,182	1,390
750	800	59	264	310	59	264	310	3,500	3,550	270	1,199	1,410	270	1,199	1,410
800	850	63	281	330	63	281	330	3,550	3,600	273	1,216	1,430	273	1,216	1,430
850	900	67	298	350	67	298	350	3,600	3,650	277	1,233	1,450	277	1,233	1,450
900	950	71	315	370	71	315	370	3,650	3,700	281	1,250	1,470	281	1,250	1,470
950	1,000	75	332	390	75	332	390	3,700	3,750	285	1,267	1,490	285	1,267	1,490
1,000	1,050	78	349	410	78	349	410	3,750	3,800	289	1,284	1,510	289	1,284	1,510
1,050	1,100	82	366	430	82	366	430	3,800	3,850	293	1,301	1,530	293	1,301	1,530
1,100	1,150	86	383	450	86	383	450	3,850	3,900	296	1,318	1,550	296	1,318	1,550
1,150	1,200	90	400	470	90	400	470	3,900	3,950	300	1,335	1,570	300	1,335	1,570
1,200	1,250	94	417	490	94	417	490	3,950	4,000	304	1,352	1,590	304	1,352	1,590
1,250	1,300	98	434	510	98	434	510	4,000	4,050	308	1,369	1,610	308	1,369	1,610
1,300	1,350	101	451	530	101	451	530	4,050	4,100	312	1,386	1,630	312	1,386	1,630
1,350	1,400	105	468	550	105	468	550	4,100	4,150	316	1,403	1,650	316	1,403	1,650
1,400	1,450	109	485	570	109	485	570	4,150	4,200	319	1,420	1,670	319	1,420	1,670
1,450	1,500	113	502	590	113	502	590	4,200	4,250	323	1,437	1,690	323	1,437	1,690
1,500	1,550	117	519	610	117	519	610	4,250	4,300	327	1,454	1,710	327	1,454	1,710
1,550	1,600	120	536	630	120	536	630	4,300	4,350	331	1,471	1,730	331	1,471	1,730
1,600	1,650	124	553	650	124	553	650	4,350	4,400	335	1,488	1,750	335	1,488	1,750
1,650	1,700	128	570	670	128	570	670	4,400	4,450	339	1,505	1,770	339	1,505	1,770
1,700	1,750	132	587	690	132	587	690	4,450	4,500	342	1,522	1,790	342	1,522	1,790
1,750	1,800	136	604	710	136	604	710	4,500	4,550	346	1,539	1,810	346	1,539	1,810
1,800	1,850	140	621	730	140	621	730	4,550	4,600	350	1,556	1,830	350	1,556	1,830
1,850	1,900	143	638	750	143	638	750	4,600	4,650	354	1,573	1,850	354	1,573	1,850
1,900	1,950	147	655	770	147	655	770	4,650	4,700	358	1,590	1,870	358	1,590	1,870
1,950	2,000	151	672	790	151	672	790	4,700	4,750	361	1,607	1,890	361	1,607	1,890
2,000	2,050	155	689	810	155	689	810	4,750	4,800	365	1,624	1,910	365	1,624	1,910
2,050	2,100	159	706	830	159	706	830	4,800	4,850	369	1,641	1,930	369	1,641	1,930
2,100	2,150	163	723	850	163	723	850	4,850	4,900	373	1,658	1,950	373	1,658	1,950
2,150	2,200	166	740	870	166	740	870	4,900	4,950	377	1,675	1,970	377	1,675	1,970
2,200	2,250	170	757	890	170	757	890	4,950	5,000	381	1,692	1,990	381	1,692	1,990
2,250	2,300	174	774	910	174	774	910	5,000	5,050	384	1,709	2,010	384	1,709	2,010
2,300	2,350	178	791	930	178	791	930	5,050	5,100	388	1,726	2,030	388	1,726	2,030
2,350	2,400	182	808	950	182	808	950	5,100	5,150	392	1,743	2,050	392	1,743	2,050
2,400	2,450	186	825	970	186	825	970	5,150	5,200	396	1,760	2,070	396	1,760	2,070
2,450	2,500	189	842	990	189	842	990	5,200	5,250	399	1,777	2,090	399	1,777	2,090
2,500 2,550 2,600 2,650 2,700	2,550 2,600 2,650 2,700 2,750	193 197 201 205 208	859 876 893 910 927	1,010 1,030 1,050 1,070 1,090	193 197 201 205 208	859 876 893 910 927	1,010 1,030 1,050 1,070 1,090	5,250 5,300 5,350 5,400 5,450	5,300 5,350 5,400 5,450 5,500	399 399 399 399 399 399	1,794 1,811 1,828 1,845 1,862	2,110 2,130 2,150 2,170 2,190	399 399 399 399 399	1,794 1,811 1,828 1,845 1,862	2,110 2,130 2,150 2,170 2,190 2,190

(Continued on page 53)

And your filing status is-If the amount you are Single, head of household, looking up from the or qualifying widow(er) and worksheet isyou have-No One Two children child children

186

189

Your credit is-

825

842

970

990

At least But less than

2,400 2,450

2,450 2,500

2005 Earned Income Credit ((EIC) Table-	-Continued	(Caution. This is not a tax table.)
	(

2005 Ea	rned Inco	me Cr	redit (E	EIC) Ta	ble—(Continu	ied	(Cautio	n. This is n	ot a f	tax tab	le.)			
				nd your filin								ıd your filii			
	ount you are p from the t is—				you h		,	If the amo looking up worksheet		or qua you ha		ow(er) and	Marrie you h		,
		No childrer	One child	Two children	No childrer	One child	Two children			No childrei	One child	Two children	No childrer	One child	Two children
At least	But less than		our credit			our credit		At least	But less than		Your credi	t is—	Y	our credi	
5,500 5,550 5,600 5,650 5,700	5,550 5,600 5,650 5,700 5,750	3991,8792,213991,8962,233991,9132,253991,9302,273991,9472,29		2,210 2,230 2,250 2,270 2,290	399 399 399 399 399 399	1,879 1,896 1,913 1,930 1,947	2,210 2,230 2,250 2,270 2,290	8,500 8,550 8,600 8,650 8,700	8,550 8,600 8,650 8,700 8,750	247 243 239 235 231	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,410 3,430 3,450 3,470 3,490	399 396 392 388 384	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,410 3,430 3,450 3,470 3,490
5,750 5,800 5,850 5,900 5,950	5,800 5,850 5,900 5,950 6,000	399 399 399 399 399 399	1,964 1,981 1,998 2,015 2,032	2,310 2,330 2,350 2,370 2,390	399 399 399 399 399 399	1,964 1,981 1,998 2,015 2,032	2,310 2,330 2,350 2,370 2,390	8,750 8,800 8,850 8,900 8,950	8,800 8,850 8,900 8,950 9,000	228 224 220 216 212	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,510 3,530 3,550 3,570 3,590	381 377 373 369 365	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,510 3,530 3,550 3,570 3,590
6,000 6,050 6,100 6,150 6,200	6,050 6,100 6,150 6,200 6,250	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,049 2,066 2,083 2,100 2,117	2,410 2,430 2,450 2,470 2,490	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,049 2,066 2,083 2,100 2,117	2,410 2,430 2,450 2,470 2,490	9,000 9,050 9,100 9,150 9,200	9,050 9,100 9,150 9,200 9,250	208 205 201 197 193	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,610 3,630 3,650 3,670 3,690	361 358 354 350 346	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,610 3,630 3,650 3,670 3,690
6,250 6,300 6,350 6,400 6,450	6,300 6,350 6,400 6,450 6,500	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,134 2,151 2,168 2,185 2,202	2,510 2,530 2,550 2,570 2,590	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,134 2,151 2,168 2,185 2,202	2,510 2,530 2,550 2,570 2,590	9,250 9,300 9,350 9,400 9,450	9,300 9,350 9,400 9,450 9,500	189 186 182 178 174	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,710 3,730 3,750 3,770 3,790	342 339 335 331 327	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,710 3,730 3,750 3,770 3,790
6,500 6,550 6,600 6,650 6,700	6,550 6,600 6,650 6,700 6,750	399 396 392 388 384	2,219 2,236 2,253 2,270 2,287	2,610 2,630 2,650 2,670 2,690	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,219 2,236 2,253 2,270 2,287	2,610 2,630 2,650 2,670 2,690	9,500 9,550 9,600 9,650 9,700	9,550 9,600 9,650 9,700 9,750	170 166 163 159 155	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,810 3,830 3,850 3,870 3,890	323 319 316 312 308	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,810 3,830 3,850 3,870 3,890
6,750 6,800 6,850 6,900 6,950	6,800 6,850 6,900 6,950 7,000	381 377 373 369 365	2,304 2,321 2,338 2,355 2,372	2,710 2,730 2,750 2,770 2,790	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,304 2,321 2,338 2,355 2,372	2,710 2,730 2,750 2,770 2,790	9,750 9,800 9,850 9,900 9,950	9,800 9,850 9,900 9,950 10,000	151 147 143 140 136	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,910 3,930 3,950 3,970 3,990	304 300 296 293 289	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,910 3,930 3,950 3,970 3,990
7,000 7,050 7,100 7,150 7,200	7,050 7,100 7,150 7,200 7,250	361 358 354 350 346	2,389 2,406 2,423 2,440 2,457	2,810 2,830 2,850 2,870 2,890	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,389 2,406 2,423 2,440 2,457	2,810 2,830 2,850 2,870 2,890	10,000 10,050 10,100 10,150 10,200	10,050 10,100 10,150 10,200 10,250	132 128 124 120 117	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,010 4,030 4,050 4,070 4,090	285 281 277 273 270	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,010 4,030 4,050 4,070 4,090
7,250 7,300 7,350 7,400 7,450	7,300 7,350 7,400 7,450 7,500	342 339 335 331 327	2,474 2,491 2,508 2,525 2,542	2,910 2,930 2,950 2,970 2,990	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,474 2,491 2,508 2,525 2,542	2,910 2,930 2,950 2,970 2,990	10,250 10,300 10,350 10,400 10,450	10,300 10,350 10,400 10,450 10,500	113 109 105 101 98	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,110 4,130 4,150 4,170 4,190	266 262 258 254 251	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,110 4,130 4,150 4,170 4,190
7,500 7,550 7,600 7,650 7,700	7,550 7,600 7,650 7,700 7,750	323 319 316 312 308	2,559 2,576 2,593 2,610 2,627	3,010 3,030 3,050 3,070 3,090	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,559 2,576 2,593 2,610 2,627	3,010 3,030 3,050 3,070 3,090	10,500 10,550 10,600 10,650 10,700	10,550 10,600 10,650 10,700 10,750	94 90 86 82 78	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,210 4,230 4,250 4,270 4,290	247 243 239 235 231	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,210 4,230 4,250 4,270 4,290
7,750 7,800 7,850 7,900 7,950	7,800 7,850 7,900 7,950 8,000	304 300 296 293 289	2,644 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,110 3,130 3,150 3,170 3,190	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,644 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,110 3,130 3,150 3,170 3,190	10,750 10,800 10,850 10,900 10,950	10,800 10,850 10,900 10,950 11,000	75 71 67 63 59	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,310 4,330 4,350 4,370 4,390	228 224 220 216 212	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,310 4,330 4,350 4,370 4,390
8,000 8,050 8,100 8,150 8,200	8,050 8,100 8,150 8,200 8,250	285 281 277 273 270	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,210 3,230 3,250 3,270 3,290	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,210 3,230 3,250 3,270 3,290	11,000 11,050 11,100 11,150 11,200	11,050 11,100 11,150 11,200 11,250	55 52 48 44 40	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	208 205 201 197 193	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400
8,250 8,300 8,350 8,400 8,450	8,300 8,350 8,400 8,450 8,500	266 262 258 254 251	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,310 3,330 3,350 3,370 3,390	399 399 399 399 399 399	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	3,310 3,330 3,350 3,370 3,390	11,250 11,300 11,350 11,400 11,450	11,300 11,350 11,400 11,450 11,500	36 33 29 25 21	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400	189 186 182 178 174	2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400

(Continued on page 54)

2005 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued

(Caution. This is not a tax table.)

	arned incol							(Gautio	n. I nis is n			,	na etatuc :	e	
If the amo	ount you are	Single, he		d your filir ousehold,	-	ed filing joi	ntly and	If the amou	unt you are	Single,	head of h	id your filir ousehold,		i s— I filing joir	ntly and
	p from the	Single, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) and you have—			you h			looking up worksheet	from the		fying wide	ow(er) and	you hav		-
worksnee	et is—	No	 One	Two	No	One	Two	worksneet	15—	No	One	Two	No	One	Two
At least	But less than	children	child r credit	children	childrer	n child	children	At least	But less than	children v	our credi		children	child	children
														ur credit	
11,500 11,550	11,550 11,600		2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	170 166	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	15,100 15,150	15,150 15,200	0	2,542 2,534	4,241 4,230	0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400
11,600	11,650	10 2	2,662	4,400	163	2,662	4,400	15,200	15,250	0	2,526	4,220	0	2,662	4,400
11,650 11,700	11,700 11,750		2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	159 155	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	15,250 15,300	15,300 15,350	0	2,518 2,510	4,209 4,199	0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400
11,750	11,800		2,662	4,400	151	2,662	4,400	15,350	15,400	0	2,502	4,188	0	2,662	4,400
11,800	11,850	0 2	2,662	4,400	147	2,662	4,400	15,400	15,450	0	2,494	4,178	0	2,662	4,400
11,850 11,900	11,900 11,950		2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	143 140	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	15,450 15,500	15,500 15,550	0	2,486 2,478	4,167 4,157	0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400
11,950	12,000	-	2,662	4,400	136	2,662	4,400	15,550	15,600	Ő	2,470	4,146	Ö	2,662	4,400
12,000	12,050	0 2	2,662	4,400	132	2,662	4,400	15,600	15,650	0	2,462	4,136	0	2,662	4,400
12,050 12,100	12,100 12,150		2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	128 124	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	15,650 15,700	15,700 15,750	0	2,454 2,446	4,125 4,115	0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400
12,150	12,130		2,662	4,400	124	2,662	4,400	15,750	15,800	0	2,440	4,113	0	2,662	4,400
12,200	12,250	0 2	2,662	4,400	117	2,662	4,400	15,800	15,850	0	2,430	4,094	0	2,662	4,400
12,250	12,300		2,662	4,400	113	2,662	4,400	15,850	15,900	0	2,422	4,083	0	2,662 2.662	4,400
12,300 12,350	12,350 12,400		2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	109 105	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	15,900 15,950	15,950 16,000	0 0	2,414 2,406	4,073 4,062	0	2,662	4,400 4,400
12,400	12,450	0 2	2,662	4,400	101	2,662	4,400	16,000	16,050	0 0	2,398	4,051	0	2,662	4,400
12,450	12,500		2,662	4,400	98	2,662	4,400	16,050	16,100		2,390	4,041	-	2,662	4,400
12,500 12,550	12,550 12,600		2,662 2.662	4,400 4,400	94 90	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	16,100 16,150	16,150 16,200	0 0	2,382 2,374	4,030 4,020	0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400
12,600	12,650	0 2	2,662	4,400	86	2,662	4,400	16,200	16,250	0	2,366	4,009	0	2,662	4,400
12,650 12,700	12,700 12,750		2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	82 78	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	16,250 16,300	16,300 16,350	0 0	2,358 2,350	3,999 3,988	0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400
12,750	12,800	0 2	2,662	4,400	75	2,662	4,400	16,350	16,400	0	2,342	3,978	0	2,662	4,400
12,800	12,850		2,662	4,400	71	2,662	4,400	16,400	16,450	0	2,334	3,967	0	2,653	4,388
12,850 12,900	12,900 12,950		2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	67 63	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	16,450 16,500	16,500 16,550	0 0	2,326 2,318	3,957 3,946	0	2,645 2,637	4,378 4,367
12,950	13,000	0 2	2,662	4,400	59	2,662	4,400	16,550	16,600	0	2,310	3,936	0	2,629	4,357
13,000	13,050 13,100		2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	55 52	2,662	4,400 4,400	16,600 16,650	16,650 16,700	0 0	2,302 2,294	3,925 3,915	0	2,621 2,613	4,346 4,336
13,050 13,100	13,150		2,662	4,400	48	2,662 2,662	4,400	16,700	16,750	0	2,286	3,904	0	2,605	4,325
13,150 13,200	13,200 13,250		2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	44 40	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	16,750 16,800	16,800 16,850	0 0	2,278 2,270	3,894 3,883	0	2,597 2,589	4,315 4,304
13,250	13,300	-	2,662	4,400	36	2,662	4,400	16,850	16,900	0	2,270	3,872	0	2,582	4,294
13,300	13,350	0 2	2,662	4,400	33	2,662	4,400	16,900	16,950	0	2,254	3,862	0	2,574	4,283
13,350 13,400	13,400 13,450		2,662	4,400 4,400	29 25	2,662	4,400 4,400	16,950 17,000	17,000 17,050	0 0	2,246 2.238	3,851 3,841	0	2,566 2,558	4,273 4,262
13,450	13,500		2,662	4,400 4,400	21	2,662	4,400	17,050	17,100	0	2,230	3,830	0	2,550	4,252
13,500	13,550		2,662	4,400	17	2,662	4,400	17,100	17,150	0	2,222	3,820	0	2,542	4,241
13,550 13,600	13,600 13,650	0 2	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	13 10	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	17,150 17,200	17,200 17,250	0 0	2,214 2,206	3,809 3,799	0	2,534 2,526	4,230 4,220
13,650	13,700	0 2	2,662	4,400	6	2,662	4,400	17,250	17,300	0	2,198	3,788	0	2,518	4,209
13,700	13,750		2,662	4,400	2	2,662	4,400	17,300	17,350	0	2,190	3,778	0	2,510	4,199
13,750 14,400	14,400 14,450		2,662 2,653	4,400 4,388	0 0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	17,350 17,400	17,400 17,450	0 0	2,182 2,174	3,767 3,757	0	2,502 2,494	4,188 4,178
14,450	14,500	0 2	2,645	4,378	0	2,662	4,400	17,450	17,500	0	2,166	3,746	0	2,486	4,167
14,500 14,550	14,550 14,600		2,637 2,629	4,367 4,357	0 0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	17,500 17,550	17,550 17,600	0 0	2,158 2,150	3,736 3,725	0	2,478 2,470	4,157 4,146
14,600	14,650		2,621	4,346	0	2,662	4,400	17,600	17,650	0	2,142	3,714	0	2,462	4,136
14,650	14,700	0 2	2,613	4,336	0	2,662	4,400	17,650	17,700	0	2,134	3,704	0	2,462 2,454	4,125
14,700 14,750	14,750 14,800		2,605 2,597	4,325 4,315	0 0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	17,700 17,750	17,750 17,800	0 0	2,126 2,118	3,693 3,683	0	2,446 2,438	4,115 4,104
14,800	14,850		2,589	4,304	0	2,662	4,400	17,800	17,850	0	2,110	3,672	0	2,430	4,104 4,094
14,850	14,900		2,582	4,294	0	2,662	4,400	17,850	17,900	0	2,102	3,662	0	2,422	4,083
14,900 14,950	14,950 15,000		2,574 2,566	4,283 4,273	0 0	2,662 2,662	4,400 4,400	17,900 17,950	17,950 18,000	0 0	2,094 2,086	3,651 3,641	0	2,414 2,406	4,073 4,062
15,000	15,050	0 2	2,558	4,262	0	2,662	4,400	18,000	18,050	0	2,078	3,630	0	2,398	4,051
15,050	15,100	0 2	2,550	4,252	0	2,662	4,400	18,050	18,100	0	2,070	3,620	0	2,390	4,041

(Continued on page 55)

2005 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued

(Caution. This is not a tax table.)

		ne Credit				lea		n. This is r	ισιαι		,		ia	
		Single, head o	And your fili	Ť	ed filing jo	intly and			Single	An head of h	nd your filin	Ť	ed filing jo	intly and
	ount you are p from the t is—	or qualifying v you have— No Or	vidow(er) and	you h		Two	If the amo looking up worksheet			fying wide	w(er) and	you h	• •	Two
		children chi				children			childrer		children			children
At least	But less than	Your cre	dit is—	Yo	our credit	is—	At least	But less than	Y	our credi	it is—	Y	our credi	t is—
18,100 18,150 18,200 18,250 18,300	18,150 18,200 18,250 18,300 18,350	0 2,06 0 2,05 0 2,04 0 2,03 0 2,03	4 3,599 6 3,588 8 3,578	0 0 0 0 0	2,382 2,374 2,366 2,358 2,350	4,030 4,020 4,009 3,999 3,988	21,100 21,150 21,200 21,250 21,300	21,150 21,200 21,250 21,300 21,350	0 0 0 0 0	1,583 1,575 1,567 1,559 1,551	2,977 2,967 2,956 2,946 2,935	0 0 0 0 0	1,902 1,894 1,886 1,878 1,870	3,399 3,388 3,378 3,367 3,356
18,350 18,400 18,450 18,500 18,550	18,400 18,450 18,500 18,550 18,600	0 2,02 0 2,01 0 2,00 0 1,99 0 1,99	4 3,546 6 3,535 8 3,525	0 0 0 0	2,342 2,334 2,326 2,318 2,310	3,978 3,967 3,957 3,946 3,936	21,350 21,400 21,450 21,500 21,550	21,400 21,450 21,500 21,550 21,600	0 0 0 0	1,543 1,535 1,527 1,519 1,511	2,925 2,914 2,904 2,893 2,883	0 0 0 0 0	1,862 1,854 1,846 1,838 1,830	3,346 3,335 3,325 3,314 3,304
18,600 18,650 18,700 18,750 18,800	18,650 18,700 18,750 18,800 18,850	0 1,98 0 1,97 0 1,96 0 1,95 0 1,95	4 3,493 6 3,483 8 3,472	0 0 0 0	2,302 2,294 2,286 2,278 2,270	3,925 3,915 3,904 3,894 3,883	21,600 21,650 21,700 21,750 21,800	21,650 21,700 21,750 21,800 21,850	0 0 0 0 0	1,503 1,495 1,487 1,479 1,471	2,872 2,862 2,851 2,841 2,830	0 0 0 0 0	1,822 1,814 1,806 1,798 1,790	3,293 3,283 3,272 3,262 3,251
18,850 18,900 18,950 19,000 19,050	18,900 18,950 19,000 19,050 19,100	0 1,94 0 1,93 0 1,92 0 1,91 0 1,91	4 3,441 6 3,430 8 3,420	0 0 0 0 0	2,262 2,254 2,246 2,238 2,230	3,872 3,862 3,851 3,841 3,830	21,850 21,900 21,950 22,000 22,050	21,900 21,950 22,000 22,050 22,100	0 0 0 0 0	1,463 1,455 1,447 1,439 1,431	2,819 2,809 2,798 2,788 2,777	0 0 0 0 0	1,783 1,775 1,767 1,759 1,751	3,241 3,230 3,220 3,209 3,199
19,100 19,150 19,200 19,250 19,300	19,150 19,200 19,250 19,300 19,350	0 1,90 0 1,89 0 1,88 0 1,88 0 1,87 0 1,87	4 3,388 6 3,378 8 3,367	0 0 0 0 0	2,222 2,214 2,206 2,198 2,190	3,820 3,809 3,799 3,788 3,778	22,100 22,150 22,200 22,250 22,300	22,150 22,200 22,250 22,300 22,350	0 0 0 0 0	1,423 1,415 1,407 1,399 1,391	2,767 2,756 2,746 2,735 2,725	0 0 0 0 0	1,743 1,735 1,727 1,719 1,711	3,188 3,177 3,167 3,156 3,146
19,350 19,400 19,450 19,500 19,550	19,400 19,450 19,500 19,550 19,600	0 1,86 0 1,85 0 1,84 0 1,83 0 1,83	4 3,335 6 3,325 8 3,314	0 0 0 0 0	2,182 2,174 2,166 2,158 2,150	3,767 3,757 3,746 3,736 3,725	22,350 22,400 22,450 22,500 22,550	22,400 22,450 22,500 22,550 22,600	0 0 0 0 0	1,383 1,375 1,367 1,359 1,351	2,714 2,704 2,693 2,683 2,672	0 0 0 0 0	1,703 1,695 1,687 1,679 1,671	3,135 3,125 3,114 3,104 3,093
19,600 19,650 19,700 19,750 19,800	19,650 19,700 19,750 19,800 19,850	0 1,82 0 1,81 0 1,80 0 1,79 0 1,79	4 3,283 6 3,272 8 3,262	0 0 0 0 0	2,142 2,134 2,126 2,118 2,110	3,714 3,704 3,693 3,683 3,672	22,600 22,650 22,700 22,750 22,800	22,650 22,700 22,750 22,800 22,850	0 0 0 0	1,343 1,335 1,327 1,319 1,311	2,661 2,651 2,640 2,630 2,619	0 0 0 0 0	1,663 1,655 1,647 1,639 1,631	3,083 3,072 3,062 3,051 3,041
19,850 19,900 19,950 20,000 20,050	19,900 19,950 20,000 20,050 20,100	0 1,78 0 1,77 0 1,76 0 1,75 0 1,75	5 3,230 7 3,220 9 3,209	0 0 0 0 0	2,102 2,094 2,086 2,078 2,070	3,662 3,651 3,641 3,630 3,620	22,850 22,900 22,950 23,000 23,050	22,900 22,950 23,000 23,050 23,100	0 0 0 0 0	1,303 1,295 1,287 1,279 1,271	2,609 2,598 2,588 2,577 2,567	0 0 0 0 0	1,623 1,615 1,607 1,599 1,591	3,030 3,020 3,009 2,998 2,988
20,100 20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300	20,150 20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350	0 1,74 0 1,73 0 1,72 0 1,71 0 1,71	5 3,177 7 3,167 9 3,156	0 0 0 0 0	2,062 2,054 2,046 2,038 2,030	3,609 3,599 3,588 3,578 3,567	23,100 23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300	23,150 23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350	0 0 0 0 0	1,263 1,255 1,247 1,239 1,231	2,556 2,546 2,535 2,525 2,514	0 0 0 0 0	1,583 1,575 1,567 1,559 1,551	2,977 2,967 2,956 2,946 2,935
20,350 20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550	20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	0 1,70 0 1,69 0 1,68 0 1,67 0 1,67	5 3,125 7 3,114 9 3,104	0 0 0 0 0	2,022 2,014 2,006 1,998 1,990	3,557 3,546 3,535 3,525 3,514	23,350 23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550	23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600	0 0 0 0 0	1,223 1,215 1,207 1,199 1,191	2,504 2,493 2,482 2,472 2,461	0 0 0 0 0	1,543 1,535 1,527 1,519 1,511	2,925 2,914 2,904 2,893 2,883
20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800 20,850	0 1,66 0 1,65 0 1,64 0 1,63 0 1,63	5 3,072 7 3,062 9 3,051	0 0 0 0 0	1,982 1,974 1,966 1,958 1,950	3,504 3,493 3,483 3,472 3,462	23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800	23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800 23,850	0 0 0 0 0	1,183 1,175 1,167 1,159 1,151	2,451 2,440 2,430 2,419 2,409	0 0 0 0 0	1,503 1,495 1,487 1,479 1,471	2,872 2,862 2,851 2,841 2,830
20,850 20,900 20,950 21,000 21,050	20,900 20,950 21,000 21,050 21,100	0 1,62 0 1,61 0 1,60 0 1,59 0 1,59	5 3,020 7 3,009 9 2,998	0 0 0 0 0	1,942 1,934 1,926 1,918 1,910	3,451 3,441 3,430 3,420 3,409	23,850 23,900 23,950 24,000 24,050	23,900 23,950 24,000 24,050 24,100	0 0 0 0 0	1,143 1,135 1,127 1,119 1,111	2,398 2,388 2,377 2,367 2,356	0 0 0 0 0	1,463 1,455 1,447 1,439 1,431	2,819 2,809 2,798 2,788 2,777

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(Continued on page 56)

2005 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued (C

(Caution. This is not a tax table.)

			An	d your filir	ng status	is—					An	d your filir	ng status is	<u> </u>	
If the amo looking up	ount you are		ead of he	ousehold, ow(er) and	-	ed filing jo	intly and	If the amou looking up			ead of he	ousehold, ow(er) and	Ť.	filing joi	ntly and
workshee		you have No	One	Two	No	One	Two	worksheet		you have	One	Two	No	One	Two
At least	But less than	children You	child r credit	children		ur credit	children	At least	But less than	children Yo	child ur credi	children tis—	children You	child Ir credit	childrei tis—
24,100	24,150	0	1,103	2,346	0	1,423	2,767	27,100	27,150	0	624	1,714	0	944	2,135
24,150	24,200		1,095	2,335	0	1,415	2,756	27,150	27,200	0	616	1,703	0	936	2,124
24,200	24,250		1,087	2,325	0	1,407	2,746	27,200	27,250	0	608	1,693	0	928	2,114
24,250	24,300		1,079	2,314	0	1,399	2,735	27,250	27,300	0	600	1,682	0	920	2,103
24,300	24,350		1,071	2,303	0	1,391	2,725	27,300	27,350	0	592	1,672	0	912	2,093
24,350	24,400	0 -	1,063	2,293	0	1,383	2,714	27,350	27,400	0	584	1,661	0	904	2,082
24,400	24,450		1,055	2,282	0	1,375	2,704	27,400	27,450	0	576	1,651	0	896	2,072
24,450	24,500		1,047	2,272	0	1,367	2,693	27,450	27,500	0	568	1,640	0	888	2,061
24,500	24,550		1,039	2,261	0	1,359	2,683	27,500	27,550	0	560	1,630	0	880	2,051
24,550	24,600		1,031	2,251	0	1,351	2,672	27,550	27,600	0	552	1,619	0	872	2,040
24,600	24,650	0 .	1,023	2,240	0	1,343	2,661	27,600	27,650	0	544	1,608	0	864	2,030
24,650	24,700		1,015	2,230	0	1,335	2,651	27,650	27,700	0	536	1,598	0	856	2,019
24,700	24,750		1,007	2,219	0	1,327	2,640	27,700	27,750	0	528	1,587	0	848	2,009
24,750	24,800		999	2,209	0	1,319	2,630	27,750	27,800	0	520	1,577	0	840	1,998
24,800	24,850		991	2,198	0	1,311	2,619	27,800	27,850	0	512	1,566	0	832	1,988
24,850	24,900	0	984	2,188	0	1,303	2,609	27,850	27,900	0	504	1,556	0	824	1,977
24,900	24,950	0	976	2,177	0	1,295	2,598	27,900	27,950	0	496	1,545	0	816	1,967
24,950	25,000	0	968	2,167	0	1,287	2,588	27,950	28,000	0	488	1,535	0	808	1,956
25,000	25,050	0	960	2,156	0	1,279	2,577	28,000	28,050	0	480	1,524	0	800	1,945
25,050	25,100	0	952	2,146	0	1,271	2,567	28,050	28,100	0	472	1,514	0	792	1,935
25,100 25,150 25,200 25,250 25,300	25,150 25,200 25,250 25,300 25,350	0 0 0 0	944 936 928 920 912	2,135 2,124 2,114 2,103 2,093	0 0 0 0	1,263 1,255 1,247 1,239 1,231	2,556 2,546 2,535 2,525 2,514	28,100 28,150 28,200 28,250 28,300	28,150 28,200 28,250 28,300 28,350	0 0 0 0	464 456 448 440 432	1,503 1,493 1,482 1,472 1,461	0 0 0 0	784 776 768 760 752	1,924 1,914 1,903 1,893 1,882
25,350 25,400 25,450 25,500 25,550	25,400 25,450 25,500 25,550 25,600	0 0 0 0	904 896 888 880 872	2,082 2,072 2,061 2,051 2,040	0 0 0 0	1,223 1,215 1,207 1,199 1,191	2,504 2,493 2,482 2,472 2,461	28,350 28,400 28,450 28,500 28,550	28,400 28,450 28,500 28,550 28,600	0 0 0 0 0	424 416 408 400 392	1,451 1,440 1,429 1,419 1,408	0 0 0 0	744 736 728 720 712	1,872 1,861 1,851 1,840 1,830
25,600	25,650	0	864	2,030	0	1,183	2,451	28,600	28,650	0	384	1,398	0	704	1,819
25,650	25,700	0	856	2,019	0	1,175	2,440	28,650	28,700	0	376	1,387	0	696	1,809
25,700	25,750	0	848	2,009	0	1,167	2,430	28,700	28,750	0	368	1,377	0	688	1,798
25,750	25,800	0	840	1,998	0	1,159	2,419	28,750	28,800	0	360	1,366	0	680	1,788
25,800	25,850	0	832	1,988	0	1,151	2,409	28,800	28,850	0	352	1,356	0	672	1,777
25,850	25,900	0	824	1,977	0	1,143	2,398	28,850	28,900	0	344	1,345	0	664	1,766
25,900	25,950	0	816	1,967	0	1,135	2,388	28,900	28,950	0	336	1,335	0	656	1,756
25,950	26,000	0	808	1,956	0	1,127	2,377	28,950	29,000	0	328	1,324	0	648	1,745
26,000	26,050	0	800	1,945	0	1,119	2,367	29,000	29,050	0	320	1,314	0	640	1,735
26,050	26,100	0	792	1,935	0	1,111	2,356	29,050	29,100	0	312	1,303	0	632	1,724
26,100 26,150 26,200 26,250 26,300	26,150 26,200 26,250 26,300 26,350	0 0 0 0	784 776 768 760 752	1,924 1,914 1,903 1,893 1,882	0 0 0 0	1,103 1,095 1,087 1,079 1,071	2,346 2,335 2,325 2,314 2,303	29,100 29,150 29,200 29,250 29,300	29,150 29,200 29,250 29,300 29,350	0 0 0 0	304 296 288 280 272	1,293 1,282 1,272 1,261 1,250	0 0 0 0	624 616 608 600 592	1,714 1,703 1,693 1,682 1,672
26,350	26,400	0	744	1,872	0	1,063	2,293	29,350	29,400	0	264	1,240	0	584	1,661
26,400	26,450	0	736	1,861	0	1,055	2,282	29,400	29,450	0	256	1,229	0	576	1,651
26,450	26,500	0	728	1,851	0	1,047	2,272	29,450	29,500	0	248	1,219	0	568	1,640
26,500	26,550	0	720	1,840	0	1,039	2,261	29,500	29,550	0	240	1,208	0	560	1,630
26,550	26,600	0	712	1,830	0	1,031	2,251	29,550	29,600	0	232	1,198	0	552	1,619
26,600	26,650	0	704	1,819	0	1,023	2,240	29,600	29,650	0	224	1,187	0	544	1,608
26,650	26,700	0	696	1,809	0	1,015	2,230	29,650	29,700	0	216	1,177	0	536	1,598
26,700	26,750	0	688	1,798	0	1,007	2,219	29,700	29,750	0	208	1,166	0	528	1,587
26,750	26,800	0	680	1,788	0	999	2,209	29,750	29,800	0	200	1,156	0	520	1,577
26,800	26,850	0	672	1,777	0	991	2,198	29,800	29,850	0	192	1,145	0	512	1,566
26,850	26,900	0	664	1,766	0	984	2,188	29,850	29,900	0	185	1,135	0	504	1,556
26,900	26,950	0	656	1,756	0	976	2,177	29,900	29,950	0	177	1,124	0	496	1,545
26,950	27,000	0	648	1,745	0	968	2,167	29,950	30,000	0	169	1,114	0	488	1,535
27,000	27,050	0	640	1,735	0	960	2,156	30,000	30,050	0	161	1,103	0	480	1,524
27,050	27,100	0	632	1,724	0	952	2,146	30,050	30,100	0	153	1,093	0	472	1,514

(Continued on page 57)

2005 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued

(Caution. This is not a tax table.)

	arned Incol		-	d your filir				、	n. This is r			,	ng status is	-	
If the amo	ount you are		ead of h	ousehold,	Married	filing jo	intly and	If the amou	unt you are	Single, he	ad of ho	ousehold,	Married	filing joi	ntly and
	p from the	or qualify you have		w(er) and	you hav	/e—		looking up worksheet	from the	or qualifyi you have-		w(er) and	you hav	e—	
		No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children			No children	One child	Two children	No children	One child	Two children
At least	But less than		ur credit		· · · · ·	r credit	_	At least	But less than	· · ·	ur credit		· · ·	ır credit	
30,100	30,150	0	145	1,082	0	464	1,503	33,100	33,150	0	0	450	0	0	871
30,150 30,200	30,200 30,250	0	137 129	1,071 1,061	0	456 448	1,493 1,482	33,150 33,200	33,200 33,250	0	0 0	440 429	0	0 0	861 850
30,250	30,300	0	121	1,050	0	440	1,472	33,250	33,300	0	0	419	0	0	840
30,300 30,350	30,350 30,400	0	113 105	1,040	0	432 424	1,461 1,451	33,300 33,350	33,350 33,400	0	0	408 398	0	0	829 819
30,400	30,450	0	97	1,019	0	424	1,440	33,400	33,450	0	0	387	0	0	808
30,450 30,500	30,500 30,550	0	89 81	1,008 998	0	408 400	1,429 1,419	33,450 33,500	33,500 33,550	0	0 0	376 366	0	0 0	798 787
30,550	30,600	0	73	9987	0	400 392	1,419	33,550	33,600	0	0	355	0	0	777
30,600	30,650	0	65	977	0	384	1,398	33,600	33,650	0	0	345	0	0	766
30,650 30,700	30,700 30,750	0	57 49	966 956		376 368	1,387 1,377	33,650 33,700	33,700 33,750	0	0 0	334 324	0	0 0	756 745
30,750	30,800	0	41	945	0	360	1,366	33,750	33,800	0	0	313	0	0	735
30,800	30,850	0	33	935	0	352	1,356	33,800	33,850	0	0	303	0	0	724
30,850 30,900	30,900 30,950	0	25 17	924 914	0	344 336	1,345 1,335	33,850 33,900	33,900 33,950	0	0 0	292 282	0	0 0	713 703
30,950	31,000	0	9	903	0	328 320	1,324	33,950	34,000	0	0 0	271	0	0 0	692 682
31,000 31,050	31,050 31,100	0	0	892 882	0	312	1,314 1,303	34,000 34,050	34,050 34,100	0	0	261 250	0 0	0	671
31,100	31,150	0	0	871	0	304	1,293	34,100	34,150	0	0	240	0	0	661
31,150 31,200	31,200 31,250	0	0 0	861 850		296 288	1,282 1,272	34,150 34,200	34,200 34,250	0	0 0	229 219	0	0 0	650 640
31,250 31,300	31,300 31,350	0	0 0	840 829	0	280 272	1,261 1,250	34,250 34,300	34,300 34,350	0	0	208 197	0	0 0	629 619
31,350	31,400	0	0	819	0	264	1,240	34,350	34,400	0	0	187	0	0	608
31,400	31,450	0	0	808	0	256	1,229	34,400	34,450	0	0	176	0	0	598
31,450 31,500	31,500 31,550	0	0 0	798 787	0	248 240	1,219 1,208	34,450 34,500	34,500 34,550	0	0 0	166 155	0	0 0	587 577
31,550	31,600	0	0	777	0	232	1,198	34,550	34,600	0	0	145	0	0	566
31,600 31,650	31,650 31,700	0	0 0	766 756	0	224 216	1,187 1,177	34,600 34,650	34,650 34,700	0	0 0	134 124	0	0 0	555 545
31,700	31,750	0	0 0	745 735	0	208	1,166	34,700	34,750	0	0	113 103	0	0	534
31,750 31,800	31,800 31,850	0	0	735	0	200 192	1,156 1,145	34,750 34,800	34,800 34,850	0	0 0	92	0	0 0	524 513
31,850	31,900	0	0	713	0	185	1,135	34,850	34,900	0	0	82	0	0	503
31,900 31,950	31,950 32,000	0	0 0	703 692		177 169	1,124 1,114	34,900 34,950	34,950 35,000		0 0	71 61		0 0	492 482
32,000	32,050	0	0	682	0	161	1,103	35,000	35,050	0	0	50	0	0	471
32,050 32,100	32,100 32,150	-	0	671 661	0	153	1,093 1,082	35,050	35,100	0	0	40	0	0	461
32,150	32,200	0	0 0	650	0	145 137	1,082	35,100 35,150	35,150 35,200	0	0 0	29 18	0	0 0	450 440
32,200 32,250	32,250 32,300	0	0 0	640 629	0	129 121	1,061 1,050	35,200 35,250	35,250 35,300	0	0 0	8	0	0 0	429 419
32,300	32,350	0	0	619	0	113	1,040	35,300	35,350	0	0	0	Ő	0	408
32,350 32,400	32,400 32,450	0	0 0	608 598	0	105 97	1,029	35,350	35,400	0	0 0	0	0	0	398 387
32,450	32,450 32,500	0	0	598 587	0	97 89	1,019 1,008	35,400 35,450	35,450 35,500	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	376
32,500 32,550	32,550 32,600	0	0 0	577 566	0	81 73	998 987	35,500 35,550	35,550 35,600	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	366 355
32,600	32,650	0	0	555	0	65	977	35,600	35,650	0	0	0	0	0	345
32,650 32,700	32,700	0	0 0	545 534	0	57 49	966 956	35,650	35,700	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	334 324
32,700 32,750	32,750 32,800	0	0	534 524	0	49 41	956 945	35,700 35,750	35,750 35,800	0	0	0		0	324 313
32,800	32,850	0	0	513	0	33	935	35,800	35,850	0	0	0	0	0	303
32,850 32,900	32,900 32,950	0	0 0	503 492	0	25 17	924 914	35,850 35,900	35,900 35,950	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	292 282
32,950	33,000	0	0	482	0	9	903	35,950	36,000	0	0	0	0	0	271
33,000 33,050	33,050 33,100	0	0 0	471 461	0	*	892 882	36,000 36,050	36,050 36,100	0	0 0	0 0		0 0	261 250
33,300		L V		101			302		00,100		0	0		0	

*If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$31,000 (\$33,000 if married filing jointly) but less than \$31,030 (\$33,030 if married filing jointly), your credit is \$2. Otherwise, you cannot take the credit. **If the amount you are looking up from the worksheet is at least \$35,250 but less than \$35,263, your credit is \$1. Otherwise, you cannot take the credit.

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(Continued on page 58)

2005 Earned Income Credit (EIC) Table—Continued

(Caution. This is not a tax table.)

-		1	And	d vour filir	ng status is						Δn	d your filir	n etatue i	_	
	ount you are p from the et is—	Single, he or qualifyi you have- No	ad of ho ng widov	busehold,	ř	filing joir	ntly and	If the amo looking up worksheet		, v	ead of he	ousehold, ow(er) and	-	filing joir	ntly and
		children	child			child	children			children	child	children		child	children
At least	But less than	Your credit is— 0 0 0 0 0 0			You	r credit i	s—	At least	But less than	Yo	ur credi	t is—	You	ur credit	is—
36,100	36,150	0 0 0 0 0 240 0 0 0 0 0 229					240	36,850	36,900	0	0	0	0	0	82
36,150	36,200	0	0	0	0	0	229	36,900	36,950	0	0	0	0	0	71
36,200	36,250	0		0	0	0	219	36,950	37,000	0	0	0	0	0	61
36,250	36,300	0	0	0	0	0	208	37,000	37,050	0	0	0	0	0	50
36,300	36,350	0	0	0	0	0	197	37,050	37,100	0	0	0	0	0	40
36,350	36,400	0	0	0	0	0	187	37,100	37,150	0	0	0	0	0	29
36,400	36,450	0	0	0	0	0	176	37,150	37,200	0	0	0	0	0	18
36,450	36,500	0	0	0	0	0	166	37,200	37,250	0	0	0	0	0	8
36,500	36,550	0	0	0	0	0	155	37,250	37,263	0	0	0	0	0	1
36,550	36,600	0	0	0	0	0	145	37,263 o	r more	0	0	0	0	0	0
36,600	36,650	0	0	0	0	0	134								
36,650	36,700	0	0	0	0	0	124								
36,700	36,750	0	0	0	0	0	113								
36,750	36,800	0	0	0	0	0	103								
36,800	36,850	0	0	0	0	0	92								

Line 67

Excess Social Security and Tier 1 RRTA Tax Withheld

If you, or your spouse if filing a joint return, had more than one employer for 2005 and total wages of more than \$90,000, too much social security or tier 1 railroad retirement (RRTA) tax may have been withheld. You can take a credit on this line for the amount withheld in excess of \$5,580. But if any one employer withheld more than \$5,580, you cannot claim the excess on your return. The employer should adjust the tax for you. If the employer does not adjust the overcollection, you can file a claim for refund using Form 843. Figure this amount separately for you and your spouse.

You cannot claim a refund for excess tier 2 RRTA tax on Form 1040. Instead, use Form 843.

For more details, see Pub. 505.

Line 68 Additional Child Tax Credit

What Is the Additional Child Tax Credit?

This credit is for certain people who have at least one qualifying child as defined in the instructions for line 6c on page 19. The additional child tax credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax.

Two Steps To Take the Additional Child Tax Credit!

Step 1. Be sure you figured the amount, if any, of your child tax credit. See the instructions for line 52 that begin on page 41.

Step 2. Read the TIP at the end of your Child Tax Credit Worksheet. Use Form 8812 to see if you can take the additional child tax credit, but only if you meet the condition given in that TIP.

Line 69 Amount Paid With Request for Extension To File

If you filed Form 4868 to get an automatic extension of time to file Form 1040, enter any amount you paid with that form or by electronic funds withdrawal or credit card. If you paid by credit card, do not include on line 69 the convenience fee you were charged. Also, include any amounts paid with Form 2350.

Line 70

Check the box(es) on line 70 to report any credit from Form 2439, 4136, or 8885.

Refund

Line 72 Amount Overpaid

If line 72 is under \$1, we will send a refund only on written request.

If you want to check the status of your refund, please wait at least 6 weeks (3 weeks if you filed electronically) from the date you filed your return to do so. But if you filed Form 8379 with your return, allow 14 weeks (11 weeks if you filed electronically). See page 8 for details.



If the amount you overpaid is large, you may want to decrease the amount of income tax withheld from your pay by filing a

new Form W-4. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for 2006 *on page 62.*

Refund Offset

If you owe past-due federal tax, state income tax, child support, spousal support, or certain federal nontax debts, such as student loans, all or part of the overpayment on line 72 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. Offsets for federal taxes are made by the IRS. All other offsets are made by the Treasury Department's Financial Management Service (FMS). For federal tax offsets, you will receive a notice from the IRS. For all other offsets, you will receive a notice from FMS. To find out if you may have an offset or if you have any questions about it, contact the agency to which you owe the debt.

Injured Spouse

If you file a joint return and your spouse has not paid past-due federal tax, state income tax, child support, spousal support, or a federal nontax debt, such as a student loan, part or all of the overpayment on line 72 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. But your part of the overpayment may be refunded to you if certain conditions apply and you complete Form 8379. For details, use TeleTax topic 203 (see page 8) or see Form 8379.

Lines 73b Through 73d

DIRECT DEPOSIT

Simple. Safe. Secure.

Fast Refunds! Choose direct deposit–a fast, simple, safe, secure way to have your refund deposited automatically into your checking or savings account.

Why Use Direct Deposit?

• You get your refund fast—in half the time as paper filers if you *e-file*.

• Payment is more secure—there is no check to get lost.

• More convenient. No trip to the bank to deposit your check.

• Saves tax dollars. A refund by direct deposit costs less than a check.

Complete lines 73b through 73d if you want us to directly deposit the amount shown on line 73a into your checking or savings account at a bank or other financial institution (such as a mutual fund, brokerage firm, or credit union) in the United States. Otherwise, we will send you a check.

Note. If you do not want your refund directly deposited into your account, draw a line through the boxes on lines 73b and 73d.



Check with your financial institution to make sure your direct deposit will be accepted and to get the **correct** routing and ac-

count numbers. The IRS is not responsible for a lost refund if you enter the wrong account information.

If you file a joint return and fill in lines 73b through 73d, you are appointing your spouse as an agent to receive the refund. This appointment cannot be changed later.

Line 73b

The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. Otherwise, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. On the sample check on page 60, the routing number is 250250025.

Your check may state that it is payable through a financial institution different from the one at which you have your checking account. If so, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter on line 73b.

Line 73d

The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the sample check below, the account number is 20202086. Do not include the check number.



Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited into an individual account. If the direct deposit is

rejected, a check will be sent instead. The *IRS* is not responsible if a financial institution rejects a direct deposit.

Line 74 Applied to Your 2006 Estimated Tax

Enter on line 74 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 72 you want applied to your 2006 estimated tax. We will apply this amount to your account unless you attach a statement requesting us to apply it to your spouse's account. Include your spouse's social security number in the attached statement.



This election to apply part or all of the amount overpaid to your 2006 estimated tax cannot be changed later.

Amount You Owe

RE-file IRS *e-file* offers an additional payment antion

tional payment option: Electronic funds withdrawal. This option allows you to file your return early and schedule your payment for withdrawal from your checking or savings account on a future date up to and including April 17, 2006. Visit www.irs.gov/efile for details.

Line 75

Amount You Owe



Pay your taxes in full by April 17, 2006, to save interest and penalties. You do not have to pay if line 75 is under \$1.

Include any estimated tax penalty from line 76 in the amount you enter on line 75.

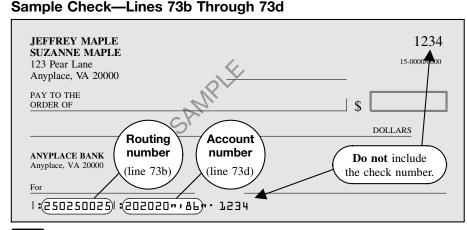
You can pay by check, money order, or credit card. Do not include any estimated tax payment for 2006 in your check, money order, or amount you charge. Instead, make the estimated tax payment separately.

To pay by check or money order. Make your check or money order payable to the "United States Treasury" for the full amount due. Do not send cash. Do not attach the payment to your return. Write "2005 Form 1040" and your name, address, daytime phone number, and social security number (SSN) on your payment. If you are filing a joint return, enter the SSN shown first on your tax return.

To help process your payment, enter the amount on the right side of the check like this: XXX.XX. Do not use dashes or lines (for example, do not enter "XXX-" or " $XXX^{\frac{XX}{100}}$ ").

Then, please complete Form 1040-V following the instructions on that form and enclose it in the envelope with your tax return and payment. Although you do not have to use Form 1040-V, doing so allows us to process your payment more accurately and efficiently.

To pay by credit card. You can use your American Express® Card, Discover® Card, MasterCard® card, or Visa® card. To pay by credit card, call toll-free or visit the website of either service provider listed on this page and follow the instructions. A convenience fee will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you





The routing and account numbers may be in different places on your check.

are paying. Fees may vary between the providers. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. You can also find out what the fee will be by calling the provider's toll-free automated customer service number or visiting the provider's website shown below. If you pay by credit card before filing your return, please enter on page 1 of Form 1040 in the upper left corner the confirmation number you were given at the end of the transaction and the amount you charged (not including the convenience fee).

Link2Gov Corporation

1-888-PAY-1040SM (1-888-729-1040) 1-888-658-5465 (Customer Service) www.PAY1040.com

Official Payments Corporation 1-800-2PAY-TAXSM (1-800-272-9829) 1-877-754-4413 (Customer Service) www.officialpayments.com



You may need to (a) increase the amount of income tax withheld from your pay by filing a new Form W-4, or (b) make es-

timated tax payments for 2006. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for 2006 *on page 62.*

What If You Cannot Pay?

If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 75 when you file, you can ask to make monthly installment payments for the full or a partial amount. You may have up to 60 months to pay. However, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on the tax not paid by April 17, 2006, even if your request to pay in installments is granted. You must also pay a fee. To limit the interest and penalty charges, pay as much of the tax as possible when you file. But before requesting an installment agreement, you should consider other less costly alternatives, such as a bank loan or credit card payment.

To ask for an installment agreement, use Form 9465. You should receive a response to your request to make installment payments within 30 days. But if you file your return after March 31, it may take us longer to reply.

Line 76 Estimated Tax Penalty

You may owe this penalty if:

• Line 75 is at least \$1,000 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on your return, or

• You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if

you are due a refund.

For most people, the "tax shown on your return" is the amount on your 2005 Form 1040, line 63, minus the total of any amounts shown on lines 66a and 68 and Forms 8828, 4137, 4136, 5329 (Parts III through VIII only), and 8885. Also subtract from line 63 any tax on an excess parachute payment and any excise tax on insider stock compensation of an expatriated corporation. When figuring the amount on line 63, include the amount on line 62 only if line 64 is more than zero or you would owe the penalty even if you did not include those taxes. But if you entered an amount on Schedule H, line 7, include the total of that amount plus the amount on Form 1040, line 62.

Exception. You will not owe the penalty if your 2004 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months and either of the following applies.

1. You had no tax shown on your 2004 return and you were a U.S. citizen or resident for all of 2004, or

2. The total of lines 64, 65, and 67 on your 2005 return is at least 100% of the tax shown on your 2004 return (110% of that amount if you are not a farmer or fisherman and your adjusted gross income shown on that return is more than \$150,000, or if married filing separately for 2005, more than \$75,000). Your estimated tax payments for 2005 must have been made on time and for the required amount.

For most people, the "tax shown on your 2004 return" is the amount on your 2004 Form 1040, line 62, minus the total of any amounts shown on lines 65a and 67 and Forms 8828, 4137, 4136, 5329 (Parts III through VIII only), and 8885. Also subtract from line 62 any tax on an excess parachute payment and any excise tax on insider stock compensation of an expatriated corporation. When figuring the amount on line 62, include the amount on line 61 only if line 63 is more than zero or you would have owed the estimated tax penalty for 2004 even if you did not include those taxes. But if you entered an amount on your 2004 Schedule H, line 7, include the total of that amount plus the amount on your 2004 Form 1040, line 61.

Figuring the Penalty

If the *Exception* above does not apply and you choose to figure the penalty yourself, see Form 2210 (or 2210-F for farmers and fishermen) to find out if you owe the penalty. If you do, you can use the form to figure the amount.

Enter the penalty on line 76. Add the penalty to any tax due and enter the total on line 75. If you are due a refund, subtract the penalty from the overpayment you show on line 72. Do not file Form 2210 with your return unless Form 2210 indicates that you

must do so. Instead, keep it for your records.



Because Form 2210 is complicated, you can leave line 76 blank and the IRS will figure the penalty and send you a bill.

We will not charge you interest on the penalty if you pay by the date specified on the bill. If your income varied during the year, the annualized income installment method may reduce the amount of your penalty. But you must file Form 2210 because the IRS cannot figure your penalty under this method. See the Instructions for Form 2210 for other situations in which you may be able to lower your penalty by filing Form 2210.

Third Party Designee

If you want to allow a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2005 tax return with the IRS, check the "Yes" box in the "Third Party Designee" area of your return. Also, enter the designee's name, phone number, and any five digits the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN). But if you want to allow the paid preparer who signed your return to discuss it with the IRS, just enter "Preparer" in the space for the designee's name. You do not have to provide the other information requested.

If you check the "Yes" box, you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, are authorizing the IRS to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

• Give the IRS any information that is missing from your return,

• Call the IRS for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s),

• Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request, and

• Respond to certain IRS notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the IRS. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, see Pub. 947.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2006 tax return. This is April 16, 2007, for most people. If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, see Pub. 947.

Sign Your Return

Form 1040 is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. If you are filing a joint return, your spouse must also sign. If your spouse cannot sign the return, see Pub. 501. Be sure to date your return and enter your occupation(s). If you have someone prepare your return, you are still responsible for the correctness of the return. If your return is signed by a representative for you, you must have a power of attorney attached that specifically authorizes the representative to sign your return. To do this, you can use Form 2848. If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, see *Death of a Taxpayer* on page 63.

Child's Return

If your child cannot sign the return, either parent can sign the child's name in the space provided. Then, enter "By (your signature), parent for minor child."

Daytime Phone Number

Providing your daytime phone number may help speed the processing of your return. We may have questions about items on your return, such as the earned income credit, credit for child and dependent care expenses, etc. By answering our questions over the phone, we may be able to continue processing your return without mailing you a letter. If you are filing a joint return, you can enter either your or your spouse's daytime phone number.

Paid Preparer Must Sign Your Return

Generally, anyone you pay to prepare your return must sign it in the space provided. The preparer must give you a copy of the return for your records. Someone who prepares your return but does not charge you should not sign your return.



Electronic Return Signatures!

Create your own personal identification number (PIN) and file a paperless return electronically or use a tax professional. If you are married filing jointly, you and your spouse will each need to create a PIN and enter these PINs as your electronic signatures.

A PIN is any combination of five digits you choose except five zeros. If you use a PIN, there is nothing to sign and nothing to mail—not even your Forms W-2.

To verify your identity, you will be prompted to enter your adjusted gross income (AGI) from your originally filed 2004 federal income tax return, if applicable. Do not use your AGI from an amended return (Form 1040X), a math error notice, or an IRS examination report. AGI is the amount shown on your 2004 Form 1040, line 37; Form 1040A, line 22; Form 1040EZ, line 4; or on the TeleFile Tax Record, line I. If you do not have your 2004 income tax return, call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 to get a free transcript of your return. You will also be prompted to enter your date of birth (DOB). Make sure your DOB is accurate and matches the information on record with the Social Security Administration by checking your annual social security statement.



You cannot sign your return electronically if you are a first-time filer under age 16 at the end of 2005 or if you are filing certain forms, such as Form 3115, 3468 (if attachments are required), 5713, 8283 (if Section B is completed), 8858, or 8885.

For more details, visit www.irs.gov/efile and click on "e-file for Individual Taxpayers."

Forms 8453 and 8453-OL. Your return is not complete without your signature. If you are not eligible or choose not to sign your return electronically, you must complete, sign, and file Form 8453 or Form 8453-OL, whichever applies.

If you use a paid preparer, ask to sign your return electronically!

Assemble Your Return

Assemble any schedules and forms behind Form 1040 in order of the "Attachment Sequence No." shown in the upper right corner of the schedule or form. If you have supporting statements, arrange them in the same order as the schedules or forms they support and attach them last. Do not attach correspondence or other items unless required to do so. Attach a copy of Forms W-2 and 2439 to the front of Form 1040. Also attach Forms W-2G and 1099-R to the front of Form 1040 if tax was withheld.

General Information

How To Avoid Common Mistakes

Mistakes can delay your refund or result in notices being sent to you.

• Make sure you entered the correct name and social security number (SSN) for each dependent you claim on line 6c. Check that each dependent's name and SSN agrees with his or her social security card. For each child under age 17 who is a qualifying child for the child tax credit, make sure you either checked the box in line 6c, column (4), or completed Form 8901.

• Check your math, especially for the child tax credit, earned income credit (EIC), taxable social security benefits, total income, itemized deductions or standard deduction, deduction for exemptions, taxable income, total tax, federal income tax withheld, and refund or amount you owe.

• Be sure you use the correct method to figure your tax. See the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37.

• Be sure to enter your SSN in the space provided on page 1 of Form 1040. If you are married filing a joint or separate return, also enter your spouse's SSN. Be sure to enter your SSN in the space next to your name. Check that your name and SSN agree with your social security card.

• Make sure your name and address are correct on the peel-off label. If not, enter the correct information. If you did not get a peel-off label, enter your (and your spouse's) name in the same order as shown on your last return. Check that your name agrees with your social security card.

• If you are taking the standard deduction and you checked any box on line 39a or 39b or you (or your spouse if filing jointly) can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 return, see page 35 to be sure you entered the correct amount on line 40.

• If you received capital gain distributions but were not required to file Schedule D, make sure you checked the box on line 13.

• If you are taking the EIC, be sure you used the correct column of the EIC Table for your filing status and the number of children you have.

• Remember to sign and date Form 1040 and enter your occupation(s).

• Attach your Form(s) W-2 and other required forms and schedules. Put all forms and schedules in the proper order. See *Assemble Your Return* above.

• If you owe tax and are paying by check or money order, be sure to include all the required information on your payment. See the instructions for line 75 on page 60 for details.

What Are Your Rights as a Taxpayer?

You have the right to be treated fairly, professionally, promptly, and courteously by IRS employees. Our goal at the IRS is to protect your rights so that you will have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of our tax system. To ensure that you always receive such treatment, you should know about the many rights you have at each step of the tax process. For details, see Pub. 1.

Innocent Spouse Relief

Generally, both you and your spouse are each responsible for paying the full amount

of tax, interest, and penalties on your joint return. However, you may qualify for relief from liability for tax on a joint return if (a) there is an understatement of tax because your spouse omitted income or claimed false deductions or credits, (b) you are divorced, separated, or no longer living with your spouse, or (c) given all the facts and circumstances, it would not be fair to hold you liable for the tax. To request relief, you must file Form 8857 no later than 2 years after the date on which the IRS first attempted to collect the tax from you. For more information, see Pub. 971 and Form 8857.

Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for 2006

If the amount you owe or the amount you overpaid is large, you may want to file a new Form W-4 with your employer to change the amount of income tax withheld from your 2006 pay. For details on how to complete Form W-4, see Pub. 919.

In general, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you expect that your 2006 Form 1040 will show a tax refund or a tax balance due of less than \$1,000. If your total estimated tax (including any household employment taxes and alternative minimum tax) for 2006 is \$1,000 or more, see Form 1040-ES. It has a worksheet you can use to see if you have to make estimated tax payments. For more details, see Pub. 505.

Do Both the Name and SSN on Your Tax Forms Agree With Your Social Security Card?

If not, certain deductions and credits may be reduced or disallowed, your refund may be delayed, and you may not receive credit for your social security earnings. If your Form W-2, Form 1099, or other tax document shows an incorrect SSN or name, notify your employer or the form-issuing agent as soon as possible to make sure your earnings are credited to your social security record. If the name or SSN on your social security card is incorrect, call the Social Security Administration at 1-800-772-1213.

Identity Theft

If you believe someone has assumed your identity to file federal income tax returns, or to commit other tax fraud, call 1-800-829-0433. Victims of identity theft who are having trouble filing their returns should call the Taxpayer Advocate at 1-877-777-4778.

The IRS does not request personal taxpayer information through email. If you receive this type of request, it may be an attempt by identity thieves to get your private tax information.

How Do You Make a Gift To Reduce Debt Held By the Public?

If you wish to do so, make a check payable to "Bureau of the Public Debt." You can send it to: Bureau of the Public Debt, Department G, P.O. Box 2188, Parkersburg, WV 26106-2188. Or you can enclose the check with your income tax return when you file. Do not add your gift to any tax you may owe. See page 60 for details on how to pay any tax you owe.



You may be able to deduct this gift on your 2006 tax return.

How Long Should Records Be Kept?

Keep a copy of your tax return, worksheets you used, and records of all items appearing on it (such as Forms W-2 and 1099) until the statute of limitations runs out for that return. Usually, this is 3 years from the date the return was due or filed, or 2 years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. You should keep some records longer. For example, keep property records (including those on your home) as long as they are needed to figure the basis of the original or replacement property. For more details, see Pub. 552.

Amended Return

File Form 1040X to change a return you already filed. Generally, Form 1040X must be filed within 3 years after the date the original return was filed, or within 2 years after the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. But you may have more time to file Form 1040X if you live in a Presidentially declared disaster area or you are physically or mentally unable to manage your financial affairs. See Pub. 556 for details.

Need a Copy of Your Tax Return?

If you need a copy of your tax return, use Form 4506. There is a \$39 fee for each return requested. If your main home, principal place of business, or tax records are located in a Presidentially declared disaster area, this fee will be waived. If you want a free transcript of your tax return or account, use Form 4506-T or call us. See page 10 for the number.

Death of a Taxpayer

If a taxpayer died before filing a return for 2005, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property. If the deceased taxpayer did not have to file a return but had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund. The person who files the return must enter "Deceased," the deceased taxpayer's name, and the date of death across the top of the return. If this information is not provided, it may delay the processing of the return.

If your spouse died in 2005 and you did not remarry in 2005, or if your spouse died in 2006 before filing a return for 2005, you can file a joint return. A joint return should show your spouse's 2005 income before death and your income for all of 2005. Enter "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she must also sign.

The surviving spouse or personal representative should promptly notify all payers of income, including financial institutions, of the taxpayer's death. This will ensure the proper reporting of income earned by the taxpayer's estate or heirs. A deceased taxpayer's social security number should not be used for tax years after the year of death, except for estate tax return purposes.

Claiming a Refund for a Deceased Taxpayer

If you are filing a joint return as a surviving spouse, you only need to file the tax return to claim the refund. If you are a court-appointed representative, file the return and attach a copy of the certificate that shows your appointment. All other filers requesting the deceased taxpayer's refund must file the return and attach Form 1310.

For more details, use TeleTax topic 356 (see page 8) or see Pub. 559.

Other Ways To Get Help

Send Your Written Tax Questions to the IRS

You should get an answer in about 30 days. If you do not have the mailing address, call us. See page 10 for the number. Do not send questions with your return.

Research Your Tax Questions Online

You can find answers to many of your tax questions online in several ways by accessing the IRS website at *www.irs.gov/help* and then clicking on "Help With Tax Questions." Here are some of the methods you may want to try.

• Frequently asked questions. This section contains an extensive list of questions and answers. You can select your question by category or keyword.

• Tax trails. This is an interactive section which asks questions you can answer by selecting "Yes" or "No."

• Tax topics. This section provides a broad picture of tax topics beginning with 17 main categories. Each topic link leads to further categories and then to a discussion of the topic.

Free Help With Your Return

Free help in preparing your return is available nationwide from IRS-sponsored volunteers. The Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) program is designed to help low-income taxpayers and the Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) program is designed to assist taxpayers age 60 or older with their tax returns. Many VITA sites offer free electronic filing and all volunteers will let you know about the credits and deductions you may be entitled to claim. If you are a member of the military, you can also get assistance on military tax benefits, such as combat zone tax benefits, at an office within your installation. For more information on these programs, go to www.irs.gov and enter keyword "VITA" in the upper right corner. Or, call us. See page 10 for the number. To find the nearest AARP Tax-Aide site, visit AARP's website at *www.aarp.org/taxaide* or call 1-888-227-7669.

When you go for help, take your photo ID and social security numbers (or individual taxpayer identification numbers) for your spouse, your dependents, and yourself. Also take a copy of your 2004 tax return (if available), all your Forms W-2, 1099, and 1098 for 2005, and any other information about your 2005 income and expenses.

Everyday Tax Solutions

You can get face-to-face help solving tax problems every business day in IRS Taxpayer Assistance Centers. An employee can explain IRS letters, request adjustments to your account, or help you set up a payment plan. Call your local Taxpayer Assistance Center for an appointment. To find the number, go to *www.irs.gov/localcontacts* or look in the phone book under "United States Government, Internal Revenue Service."

Online Services

If you subscribe to an online service, ask about online filing or tax information.

Large-Print Forms and Instructions

Pub. 1614 has large-print copies of Form 1040, Schedules A, B, D, E, and R, and Form 1040-V, and their instructions. You can use the large-print forms and schedules as worksheets to figure your tax, but you cannot file them. You can get Pub. 1614 by phone or mail. See pages 7 and 80.

Help for People With Disabilities

Telephone help is available using TTY/ TDD equipment by calling 1-800-829-4059. Braille materials are available at libraries that have special services for people with disabilities.

Interest and Penalties

You do not have to figure the amount of any interest or penalties you may owe. Because figuring these amounts can be complicated, we will do it for you if you want. We will send you a bill for any amount due.

If you include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) with your payment, identify and enter the amount in the bottom margin of Form 1040, page 2. Do not include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) in the amount you owe on line 75.

Interest

We will charge you interest on taxes not paid by their due date, even if an extension of time to file is granted. We will also charge you interest on penalties imposed for failure to file, negligence, fraud, substantial valuation misstatements, substantial understatements of tax, and reportable transaction understatements. Interest is charged on the penalty from the due date of the return (including extensions).

Penalties

Late filing. If you do not file your return by the due date (including extensions), the penalty is usually 5% of the amount due for each month or part of a month your return is late, unless you have a reasonable explanation. If you do, attach it to your return. The penalty can be as much as 25% of the tax due. The penalty is 15% per month, up to a maximum of 75%, if the failure to file is fraudulent. If your return is more than 60 days late, the minimum penalty will be \$100 or the amount of any tax you owe, whichever is smaller.

Late payment of tax. If you pay your taxes late, the penalty is usually $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% of the unpaid amount for each month or part of a month the tax is not paid. The penalty can be as much as 25% of the unpaid amount. It applies to any unpaid tax on the return. This penalty is in addition to interest charges on late payments.

Frivolous return. In addition to any other penalties, the law imposes a penalty of \$500 for filing a frivolous return. A frivolous return is one that does not contain information needed to figure the correct tax or shows a substantially incorrect tax because you take a frivolous position or desire to delay or interfere with the tax laws. This includes altering or striking out the preprinted language above the space where you sign.

Other. Other penalties can be imposed for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, reportable transaction understatements, and fraud. Criminal penalties may be imposed for willful failure to file, tax evasion, or making a false statement. See Pub. 17 for details on some of these penalties.

2005 Tax Table



See the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37 to see if you must use the Tax Table below to figure your tax.

Example. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on Form 1040, line 43, is \$25,300. First, they find the \$25,300–25,350 taxable income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the taxable income line and filing status column meet is \$3,069. This is the tax amount they should enter on Form 1040, line 44.

Sample Table

At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
		'	Your ta	ax is—	·
25,250 25,300	25,250 25,300 25,350 25,400	3,419 3,426 3,434 3,441	3,054 3,061 3,069 3,076	3,419 3,426 3,434 3,441	3,261 3,269 3,276 3,284

If line (taxabl income	e		And yo	ou are—		If line (taxab incom	le		And yo	u are—		If line (taxab incom	le		And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
			Your t	ax is—					Your ta	ax is—				Y	our tax	is—	1
0 5 15	5 15 25	0 1 2	0 1 2	0 1 2	0 1 2	1,300 1,325 1,350 1,375	1,325 1,350 1,375 1,400	131 134 136 139	131 134 136 139	131 134 136 139	131 134 136 139	2,700 2,725 2,750 2,775	2,725 2,750 2,775 2,800	271 274 276 279	271 274 276 279	271 274 276 279	271 274 276 279
25 50 75 100	50 75 100 125	4 6 9 11	4 6 9 11	4 6 9 11	4 6 9 11	1,400 1,425 1,450	1,425 1,450 1,475	141 144 146	141 144 146	141 144 146	141 144 146	2,800 2,825 2,850	2,825 2,850 2,875	281 284 286	281 284 286	281 284 286	281 284 286
125 150 175 200	125 150 175 200 225	14 16 19 21	14 16 19 21	14 16 19 21	14 16 19 21	1,475 1,500 1,525 1,550	1,500 1,525 1,550 1,575	149 151 154 156	149 151 154 156	149 151 154 156	149 151 154 156	2,875 2,900 2,925 2,950	2,900 2,925 2,950 2,975	289 291 294 296	289 291 294 296	289 291 294 296	289 291 294 296
200 225 250	225 250 275	21 24 26	21 24 26	21 24 26	24 26	1,575	1,600 1,625	159 161	159 161	159 161	159 161	2,975	3,000	299	299	299	299
275	300	29	29	29	29	1,625	1,650 1,675	164 166	164 166	164 166	164 166	· · ·	2 050	202	202	202	202
300 325 350 375	325 350 375 400	31 34 36 39	31 34 36 39	31 34 36 39	31 34 36 39	1,675 1,700 1,725 1,750	1,700 1,725 1,750 1,775	169 171 174 176	169 171 174 176	169 171 174 176	169 171 174 176	3,000 3,050 3,100 3,150	3,050 3,100 3,150 3,200	303 308 313 318	303 308 313 318	303 308 313 318	303 308 313 318
400 425 450 475	425 450 475 500	41 44 46 49	41 44 46 49	41 44 46 49	41 44 46 49	1,775 1,800 1,825 1,850	1,800 1,825 1,850 1,875	179 181 184	179 181 184	179 181 184	179 181 184 186	3,200 3,250 3,300 3,350	3,250 3,300 3,350 3,400	323 328 333 338	323 328 333 338	323 328 333 338	323 328 333 338
500 525 550 575	525 550 575 600	51 54 56 59	51 54 56 59	51 54 56 59	51 54 56 59	1,875 1,900 1,925	1,900 1,925 1,950	186 189 191 194	186 189 191 194	186 189 191 194	189 191 194	3,400 3,450 3,500 3,550	3,450 3,500 3,550 3,600	343 348 353 358	343 348 353 358	343 348 353 358	343 348 353 358
600 625	625 650	61 64	61 64	61 64	61 64	1,950 1,975	1,975 2,000	196 199	196 199	196 199	196 199	3,600 3,650	3,650 3,700	363 368	363 368	363 368	363 368
650 675	675 700	66 69	66 69	66 69	66 69	2,0	000					3,700 3,750	3,750 3,800	373 378	373 378	373 378	373 378
700 725 750	725 750 775	71 74 76	71 74 76	71 74 76	71 74 76	2,000 2,025 2,050	2,025 2,050 2,075	201 204 206	201 204 206	201 204 206	201 204 206	3,800 3,850 3,900	3,850 3,900 3,950	383 388 393	383 388 393	383 388 393	383 388 393
775 800	800 825	79 81	79 81	79 81	79 81	2,075	2,100 2,125	209 211	209 211	209 211	209 211	3,950	4,000	398	398	398	398
825 850	850 875	84 86	84 86	84 86	84 86	2,125	2,150 2,175	214	214 216	214 216	214 216	4,000	4,050	403	403	403	403
875 900	900 925	89 91	89 91	89 91	89 91	2,175	2,200 2,225	219 221	219 221	219 221	219 221	4,050 4,100	4,100 4,150	408 413	408 413	408 413	408 413
925 950	950 975	94 96	94 96	94 96	94 96	2,225 2,250 2,275	2,250 2,275 2,300	224 226 229	224 226 229	224 226 229	224 226 229	4,150	4,200 4,250	418 423	418 423	418 423	418 423
975	1,000	99	99	99	99	2,300	2,325	231	231	231	231	4,250 4,300	4,300 4,350	428 433	428 433	428 433	428 433
	000					2,325	2,350 2,375 2,400	234 236	234 236	234 236	234 236 220	4,350	4,400 4,450	438 443	438 443	438 443	438 443
1,000 1,025 1,050 1,075	1,025 1,050 1,075	101 104 106	101 104 106	101 104 106	101 104 106	2,375 2,400 2,425 2,450	2,400 2,425 2,450 2,475	239 241 244 246	239 241 244 246	239 241 244 246	239 241 244 246	4,450 4,500 4,550	4,500 4,550 4,600	448 453 458	448 453 458	448 453 458	448 453 458
1,100 1,125 1,150	1,100 1,125 1,150 1,175	109 111 114 116	109 111 114 116	109 111 114 116	109 111 114 116	2,475 2,500 2,525	2,500 2,525 2,550	249 251 254	249 251 254	249 251 254	249 251 254	4,600 4,650 4,700 4,750	4,650 4,700 4,750 4,800	463 468 473 478	463 468 473 478	463 468 473 478	463 468 473 478
1,175 1,200 1,225	1,200 1,225 1,250	119 121 124	119 121 124	119 121 124	119 121 124	2,550 2,575 2,600 2,625	2,575 2,600 2,625 2,650	256 259 261 264	256 259 261 264	256 259 261 264	256 259 261 264	4,800 4,850 4,900	4,850 4,900 4,950	483 488 493	483 488 493 498	483 488 493 498	483 488 493 498
1,250 1,275	1,275 1,300	126 129	126 129	126 129	126 129	2,650 2,675	2,675 2,700	266 269	266 269	266 269	266 269	4,950	5,000	498			498 page 66)

* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).

2005 1	And you are—																
If line 4 (taxable income)			And yo	ou are—		If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—		If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
5,0	00		Tourt			8,0	00		Tourt			11.	000		Tour		
5,000	5,050	503	503	503	503	8,000	8,050	839	803	839	803	· · · · ·	11,050	1,289	1,103	1,289	1,131
5,050 5,100 5,150	5,100 5,150 5,200	508 513 518	508 513 518	508 513 518	508 513 518	8,050 8,100 8,150	8,100 8,150 8,200	846 854 861	808 813 818	846 854 861	808 813 818	11,050 11,100 11,150	11,100 11,150 11,200	1,296 1,304 1,311	1,108 1,113 1,118	1,296 1,304 1,311	1,139 1,146 1,154
5,200 5,250 5,300 5,350	5,250 5,300 5,350 5,400	523 528 533 538	523 528 533 538	523 528 533 538	523 528 533 538	8,200 8,250 8,300 8,350	8,250 8,300 8,350 8,400	869 876 884 891	823 828 833 838	869 876 884 891	823 828 833 838	11,200 11,250 11,300 11,350	11,250 11,300 11,350 11,400	1,319 1,326 1,334 1,341	1,123 1,128 1,133 1,138	1,319 1,326 1,334 1,341	1,161 1,169 1,176 1,184
5,400 5,450 5,500 5,550	5,450 5,500 5,550 5,600	543 548 553 558	543 548 553 558	543 548 553 558	543 548 553 558	8,400 8,450 8,500 8,550	8,450 8,500 8,550 8,600	899 906 914 921	843 848 853 858	899 906 914 921	843 848 853 858	11,400 11,450 11,500 11,550	11,450 11,500 11,550 11,600	1,349 1,356 1,364 1,371	1,143 1,148 1,153 1,158	1,349 1,356 1,364 1,371	1,191 1,199 1,206 1,214
5,600 5,650 5,700 5,750	5,650 5,700 5,750 5,800	563 568 573 578	563 568 573 578	563 568 573 578	563 568 573 578	8,600 8,650 8,700 8,750	8,650 8,700 8,750 8,800	929 936 944 951	863 868 873 878	929 936 944 951	863 868 873 878	11,600 11,650 11,700 11,750	11,650 11,700 11,750 11,800	1,379 1,386 1,394 1,401	1,163 1,168 1,173 1,178	1,379 1,386 1,394 1,401	1,221 1,229 1,236 1,244
5,800 5,850 5,900 5,950	5,850 5,900 5,950 6,000	583 588 593 598	583 588 593 598	583 588 593 598	583 588 593 598	8,800 8,850 8,900 8,950	8,850 8,900 8,950 9,000	959 966 974 981	883 888 893 898	959 966 974 981	883 888 893 898	11,800 11,850 11,900 11,950	11,850 11,900 11,950 12,000	1,409 1,416 1,424 1,431	1,183 1,188 1,193 1,198	1,409 1,416 1,424 1,431	1,251 1,259 1,266 1,274
6,0	00					9,0	00					12,	000				
6,000 6,050 6,100	6,050 603 603 603 6,100 608 608 608 6,150 613 613 613 6,200 618 618 618					9,000 9,050 9,100	9,050 9,100 9,150 9,200	989 996 1,004	903 908 913	989 996 1,004 1,011	903 908 913 918	12,000 12,050 12,100	12,050 12,100 12,150	1,439 1,446 1,454 1,461	1,203 1,208 1,213	1,439 1,446 1,454	1,281 1,289 1,296
6,150 6,200 6,250 6,300 6,350	6,250 6,300 6,350 6,400	623 628 633 638	623 628 633 638	623 628 633 638	618 623 628 633 638	9,150 9,200 9,250 9,300 9,350	9,250 9,300 9,350 9,400	1,011 1,019 1,026 1,034 1,041	918 923 928 933 938	1,019 1,026 1,034 1,041	923 928 933 938	12,150 12,200 12,250 12,300 12,350	12,200 12,250 12,300 12,350 12,400	1,469 1,476 1,484 1,491	1,218 1,223 1,228 1,233 1,238	1,461 1,469 1,476 1,484 1,491	1,304 1,311 1,319 1,326 1,334
6,400 6,450 6,500 6,550	6,450 6,500 6,550 6,600	643 648 653 658	643 648 653 658	643 648 653 658	643 648 653 658	9,400 9,450 9,500 9,550	9,450 9,500 9,550 9,600	1,049 1,056 1,064 1,071	943 948 953 958	1,049 1,056 1,064 1,071	943 948 953 958	12,400 12,450 12,500 12,550	12,450 12,500 12,550 12,600	1,499 1,506 1,514 1,521	1,243 1,248 1,253 1,258	1,499 1,506 1,514 1,521	1,341 1,349 1,356 1,364
6,600 6,650 6,700 6,750	6,650 6,700 6,750 6,800	663 668 673 678	663 668 673 678	663 668 673 678	663 668 673 678	9,600 9,650 9,700 9,750	9,650 9,700 9,750 9,800	1,079 1,086 1,094 1,101	963 968 973 978	1,079 1,086 1,094 1,101	963 968 973 978	12,600 12,650 12,700 12,750	12,650 12,700 12,750 12,800	1,529 1,536 1,544 1,551	1,263 1,268 1,273 1,278	1,529 1,536 1,544 1,551	1,371 1,379 1,386 1,394
6,800 6,850 6,900 6,950	6,850 6,900 6,950 7,000	683 688 693 698	683 688 693 698	683 688 693 698	683 688 693 698	9,800 9,850 9,900 9,950	9,850 9,900 9,950 10,000	1,109 1,116 1,124 1,131	983 988 993 998	1,109 1,116 1,124 1,131	983 988 993 998	12,800 12,850 12,900 12,950	12,850 12,900 12,950 13,000	1,559 1,566 1,574 1,581	1,283 1,288 1,293 1,298	1,559 1,566 1,574 1,581	1,401 1,409 1,416 1,424
7,0							000					· · · · ·	000				
7,000 7,050 7,100 7,150 7,200 7,250 7,300	7,050 7,100 7,150 7,200 7,250 7,300 7,300	703 708 713 718 723 728 724	703 708 713 718 723 728 722	703 708 713 718 723 728 724	703 708 713 718 723 728 728	10,250	10,100 10,150 10,200 10,250 10,300	1,139 1,146 1,154 1,161 1,169 1,176	1,003 1,008 1,013 1,018 1,023 1,028	1,139 1,146 1,154 1,161 1,169 1,176	1,003 1,008 1,013 1,018 1,023 1,028	13,050 13,100 13,150 13,200 13,250	13,150 13,200 13,250 13,300	1,589 1,596 1,604 1,611 1,619 1,626	1,303 1,308 1,313 1,318 1,323 1,328 1,328	1,589 1,596 1,604 1,611 1,619 1,626	1,431 1,439 1,446 1,454 1,461 1,469
7,350 7,400 7,450 7,500	7,350 7,400 7,450 7,500 7,550 7,550	734 741 749 756 764 771	733 738 743 748 753 758	734 741 749 756 764 771	733 738 743 748 753 758	10,400 10,450 10,500	10,350 10,400 10,450 10,500 10,550 10,600	1,184 1,191 1,199 1,206 1,214	1,033 1,038 1,043 1,048 1,053 1,058	1,184 1,191 1,199 1,206 1,214 1,221	1,033 1,038 1,043 1,049 1,056	13,300 13,350 13,400 13,450 13,500 13,500	13,350 13,400 13,450 13,500 13,550 13,600	1,634 1,641 1,649 1,656 1,664	1,333 1,338 1,343 1,348 1,353 1,358	1,634 1,641 1,649 1,656 1,664	1,476 1,484 1,491 1,499 1,506
7,550 7,600 7,650 7,700 7,750	7,600 7,650 7,700 7,750 7,800	771 779 786 794 801	758 763 768 773 778	771 779 786 794 801	758 763 768 773 778	10,550 10,600 10,650 10,700 10,750	10,600 10,650 10,700 10,750 10,800	1,221 1,229 1,236 1,244 1,251	1,058 1,063 1,068 1,073 1,078	1,221 1,229 1,236 1,244 1,251	1,064 1,071 1,079 1,086 1,094	13,550 13,600 13,650 13,700 13,750	13,600 13,650 13,700 13,750 13,800	1,671 1,679 1,686 1,694 1,701	1,358 1,363 1,368 1,373 1,378	1,671 1,679 1,686 1,694 1,701	1,514 1,521 1,529 1,536 1,544
7,800 7,850 7,900 7,950	7,850 7,900 7,950 8,000	809 816 824 831	783 788 793 798	809 816 824 831	783 788 793 798	10,800 10,850 10,900 10,950		1,259 1,266 1,274 1,281	1,083 1,088 1,093 1,098	1,259 1,266 1,274 1,281	1,101 1,109 1,116 1,124	13,800 13,850 13,900 13,950	13,850 13,900 13,950 14,000	1,709 1,716 1,724 1,731	1,383 1,388 1,393 1,398	1,709 1,716 1,724 1,731	1,551 1,559 1,566 1,574
* This co	olumn m	ust also	be used	l by a qu	alifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on p	age 67)

													200	15 Tax	Table	-0011	unuea
If line 4 (taxable income)			And ye	ou are—		If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—		If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly * Your t	Married filing sepa- rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly * Your	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
14	000					17	000					20	000				
	14,050	1,739	1,403	1,739	1,581	17,000	17,050	2,189	1,824	2,189	2,031	20,000	20,050	2,639	2,274	2,639	2,481
14,050 14,100 14,150	14,100 14,150 14,200	1,746 1,754 1,761	1,408 1,413 1,418	1,746 1,754 1,761	1,589 1,596 1,604	17,050 17,100 17,150	17,100 17,150 17,200	2,196 2,204 2,211	1,831 1,839 1,846	2,196 2,204 2,211	2,039 2,046 2,054	20,050 20,100 20,150	20,100 20,150 20,200	2,646 2,654 2,661	2,281 2,289 2,296	2,646 2,654 2,661	2,489 2,496 2,504
14,200 14,250 14,300 14,350	14,250 14,300 14,350 14,400	1,769 1,776 1,784 1,791	1,423 1,428 1,433 1,438	1,769 1,776 1,784 1,791	1,611 1,619 1,626 1,634	17,200 17,250 17,300 17,350	17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400	2,219 2,226 2,234 2,241	1,854 1,861 1,869 1,876	2,219 2,226 2,234 2,241	2,061 2,069 2,076 2,084	20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350	20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400	2,669 2,676 2,684 2,691	2,304 2,311 2,319 2,326	2,669 2,676 2,684 2,691	2,511 2,519 2,526 2,534
14,400 14,450 14,500 14,550	14,450 14,500 14,550 14,600	1,799 1,806 1,814 1,821	1,443 1,448 1,453 1,458	1,799 1,806 1,814 1,821	1,641 1,649 1,656 1,664	17,400 17,450 17,500 17,550	17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600	2,249 2,256 2,264 2,271	1,884 1,891 1,899 1,906	2,249 2,256 2,264 2,271	2,091 2,099 2,106 2,114	20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550	20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	2,699 2,706 2,714 2,721	2,334 2,341 2,349 2,356	2,699 2,706 2,714 2,721	2,541 2,549 2,556 2,564
14,600 14,650 14,700	14,650 14,700 14,750 14,800	1,829 1,836 1,844 1,851	1,464 1,471 1,479 1,486	1,829 1,836 1,844 1,851	1,671 1,679 1,686 1,694	17,600 17,650 17,700 17,750	17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	2,279 2,286 2,294 2,301	1,914 1,921 1,929 1,936	2,279 2,286 2,294 2,301	2,121 2,129 2,136 2,144	20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750	20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	2,729 2,736 2,744 2,751	2,364 2,371 2,379 2,386	2,729 2,736 2,744 2,751	2,571 2,579 2,586 2,594
14,800 14,850 14,900 14,950	14,850 14,900 14,950 15,000	1,859 1,866 1,874 1,881	1,494 1,501 1,509 1,516	1,859 1,866 1,874 1,881	1,701 1,709 1,716 1,724	17,800 17,850 17,900 17,950	17,850 17,900 17,950 18,000	2,309 2,316 2,324 2,331	1,930 1,944 1,951 1,959 1,966	2,309 2,316 2,324 2,331	2,151 2,159 2,166 2,174	20,800 20,850 20,900 20,950	20,850 20,900 20,950 21,000	2,759 2,766 2,774 2,781	2,394 2,401 2,409 2,416	2,759 2,766 2,774 2,781	2,601 2,609 2,616 2,624
	000	.,	.,	.,	.,	· ·	000	2,001	.,	2,001	_,	L ´	000	2,. 0 .	2,0	2,. 0 .	2,02 .
15,000	15,050	1,889	1,524	1,889	1,731	18,000	18,050	2,339	1,974	2,339	2,181	21,000	21,050	2,789	2,424	2,789	2,631
15,150	15,100 15,150 15,200	1,896 1,904 1,911	1,531 1,539 1,546	1,896 1,904 1,911	1,739 1,746 1,754	18,050 18,100 18,150	18,100 18,150 18,200	2,346 2,354 2,361	1,981 1,989 1,996	2,346 2,354 2,361	2,189 2,196 2,204	21,050 21,100 21,150	21,100 21,150 21,200	2,796 2,804 2,811	2,431 2,439 2,446	2,796 2,804 2,811	2,639 2,646 2,654
15,200 15,250 15,300 15,350	15,250 15,300 15,350 15,400	1,919 1,926 1,934 1,941	1,554 1,561 1,569 1,576	1,919 1,926 1,934 1,941	1,761 1,769 1,776 1,784	18,200 18,250 18,300 18,350	18,250 18,300 18,350 18,400	2,369 2,376 2,384 2,391	2,004 2,011 2,019 2,026	2,369 2,376 2,384 2,391	2,211 2,219 2,226 2,234	21,200 21,250 21,300 21,350	21,250 21,300 21,350 21,400	2,819 2,826 2,834 2,841	2,454 2,461 2,469 2,476	2,819 2,826 2,834 2,841	2,661 2,669 2,676 2,684
15,400 15,450 15,500 15,550	15,450 15,500 15,550 15,600	1,949 1,956 1,964 1,971	1,584 1,591 1,599 1,606	1,949 1,956 1,964 1,971	1,791 1,799 1,806 1,814	18,400 18,450 18,500 18,550	18,450 18,500 18,550 18,600	2,399 2,406 2,414 2,421	2,034 2,041 2,049 2,056	2,399 2,406 2,414 2,421	2,241 2,249 2,256 2,264	21,400 21,450 21,500 21,550	21,450 21,500 21,550 21,600	2,849 2,856 2,864 2,871	2,484 2,491 2,499 2,506	2,849 2,856 2,864 2,871	2,691 2,699 2,706 2,714
15,600 15,650 15,700 15,750	15,650 15,700 15,750 15,800	1,979 1,986 1,994 2,001	1,614 1,621 1,629 1,636	1,979 1,986 1,994 2,001	1,821 1,829 1,836 1,844	18,600 18,650 18,700 18,750	18,650 18,700 18,750 18,800	2,429 2,436 2,444 2,451	2,064 2,071 2,079 2,086	2,429 2,436 2,444 2,451	2,271 2,279 2,286 2,294	21,600 21,650 21,700 21,750	21,650 21,700 21,750 21,800	2,879 2,886 2,894 2,901	2,514 2,521 2,529 2,536	2,879 2,886 2,894 2,901	2,721 2,729 2,736 2,744
15,800 15,850 15,900 15,950	15,850 15,900 15,950 16,000	2,009 2,016 2,024 2,031	1,644 1,651 1,659 1,666	2,009 2,016 2,024 2,031	1,851 1,859 1,866 1,874	18,800 18,850 18,900 18,950	18,850 18,900 18,950 19,000	2,459 2,466 2,474 2,481	2,094 2,101 2,109 2,116	2,459 2,466 2,474 2,481	2,301 2,309 2,316 2,324	21,800 21,850 21,900 21,950	21,850 21,900 21,950 22,000	2,909 2,916 2,924 2,931	2,544 2,551 2,559 2,566	2,909 2,916 2,924 2,931	2,751 2,759 2,766 2,774
16,	000					19,	000					22,	000	1			
16,000 16,050 16,100 16,150	16,100 16,150	2,039 2,046 2,054 2,061	1,674 1,681 1,689 1,696	2,039 2,046 2,054 2,061	1,881 1,889 1,896 1,904	19,000 19,050 19,100 19,150	19,050 19,100 19,150 19,200	2,489 2,496 2,504 2,511	2,124 2,131 2,139 2,146	2,489 2,496 2,504 2,511	2,331 2,339 2,346 2,354	22,000 22,050 22,100 22,150	22,050 22,100 22,150 22,200	2,939 2,946 2,954 2,961	2,574 2,581 2,589 2,596	2,939 2,946 2,954 2,961	2,781 2,789 2,796 2,804
16,250 16,300	16,250 16,300 16,350 16,400	2,069 2,076 2,084 2,091	1,704 1,711 1,719 1,726	2,069 2,076 2,084 2,091	1,911 1,919 1,926 1,934	19,200 19,250 19,300 19,350	19,250 19,300 19,350 19,400	2,519 2,526 2,534 2,541	2,154 2,161 2,169 2,176	2,519 2,526 2,534 2,541	2,361 2,369 2,376 2,384	22,200 22,250 22,300 22,350	22,250 22,300 22,350 22,400	2,969 2,976 2,984 2,991	2,604 2,611 2,619 2,626	2,969 2,976 2,984 2,991	2,811 2,819 2,826 2,834
16,400 16,450 16,500	16,450 16,500 16,550 16,600	2,099 2,106 2,114 2,121	1,734 1,741 1,749 1,756	2,099 2,106 2,114 2,121	1,941 1,949 1,956 1,964	19,400 19,450 19,500 19,550	19,450 19,500 19,550 19,600	2,549 2,556 2,564 2,571	2,184 2,191 2,199 2,206	2,549 2,556 2,564 2,571	2,391 2,399 2,406 2,414	22,400 22,450 22,500 22,550	22,450 22,500 22,550 22,600	2,999 3,006 3,014 3,021	2,634 2,641 2,649 2,656	2,999 3,006 3,014 3,021	2,841 2,849 2,856 2,864
16,600 16,650 16,700 16,750		2,129 2,136 2,144 2,151	1,764 1,771 1,779 1,786	2,129 2,136 2,144 2,151	1,971 1,979 1,986 1,994	19,600 19,650 19,700 19,750	19,650 19,700 19,750 19,800	2,579 2,586 2,594 2,601	2,214 2,221 2,229 2,236	2,579 2,586 2,594 2,601	2,421 2,429 2,436 2,444	22,600 22,650 22,700 22,750	22,650 22,700 22,750 22,800	3,029 3,036 3,044 3,051	2,664 2,671 2,679 2,686	3,029 3,036 3,044 3,051	2,871 2,879 2,886 2,894
16,800 16,850 16,900 16,950	16,900 16,950	2,159 2,166 2,174 2,181	1,794 1,801 1,809 1,816	2,159 2,166 2,174 2,181	2,001 2,009 2,016 2,024		19,850 19,900 19,950 20,000	2,609 2,616 2,624 2,631	2,244 2,251 2,259 2,266	2,609 2,616 2,624 2,631	2,451 2,459 2,466 2,474	22,800 22,850 22,900	22,850 22,900	3,059 3,066 3,074 3,081	2,694 2,701 2,709 2,716	3,059 3,066 3,074 3,081	2,901 2,909 2,916 2,924
* This co	olumn m	ust also	be used	d by a qu	ualifying	widow(e	er).							<u> </u>	(Contir	nued on p	age 68)

2005 Tax Table—Continued If line 43 (taxable income) is— If line 43 (taxable income) is— If line 43 (taxable income) is— If line 43 (taxable income) is—																	
(taxable	e		And yo	ou are—	-	(taxab	le		And yo	ou are—		(taxab	le		And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
			Your t	ax is—	<u> </u>				Your t	ax is—	·				Your	tax is—	
23,	000					26,	000					29,	000				
23,000 23,050 23,100 23,150	23,050 23,100 23,150 23,200	3,089 3,096 3,104 3,111	2,724 2,731 2,739 2,746	3,089 3,096 3,104 3,111	2,931 2,939 2,946 2,954	26,000 26,050 26,100 26,150	26,050 26,100 26,150 26,200	3,539 3,546 3,554 3,561	3,174 3,181 3,189 3,196	3,539 3,546 3,554 3,561	3,381 3,389 3,396 3,404	29,000 29,050 29,100 29,150	29,050 29,100 29,150 29,200	3,989 3,996 4,004 4,011	3,624 3,631 3,639 3,646	3,989 3,996 4,004 4,011	3,831 3,839 3,846 3,854
23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350	23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400	3,119 3,126 3,134 3,141	2,754 2,761 2,769 2,776	3,119 3,126 3,134 3,141	2,961 2,969 2,976 2,984	26,200 26,250 26,300 26,350	26,250 26,300 26,350 26,400	3,569 3,576 3,584 3,591	3,204 3,211 3,219 3,226	3,569 3,576 3,584 3,591	3,411 3,419 3,426 3,434	29,200 29,250 29,300 29,350	29,250 29,300 29,350 29,400	4,019 4,026 4,034 4,041	3,654 3,661 3,669 3,676	4,019 4,026 4,034 4,041	3,861 3,869 3,876 3,884
23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550	23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600	3,149 3,156 3,164 3,171	2,784 2,791 2,799 2,806	3,149 3,156 3,164 3,171	2,991 2,999 3,006 3,014	26,400 26,450 26,500 26,550	26,450 26,500 26,550 26,600	3,599 3,606 3,614 3,621	3,234 3,241 3,249 3,256	3,599 3,606 3,614 3,621	3,441 3,449 3,456 3,464	29,400 29,450 29,500 29,550	29,450 29,500 29,550 29,600	4,049 4,056 4,064 4,071	3,684 3,691 3,699 3,706	4,049 4,056 4,064 4,071	3,891 3,899 3,906 3,914
23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750	23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800	3,179 3,186 3,194 3,201	2,814 2,821 2,829 2,836	3,179 3,186 3,194 3,201	3,021 3,029 3,036 3,044	26,600 26,650 26,700 26,750	26,650 26,700 26,750 26,800	3,629 3,636 3,644 3,651	3,264 3,271 3,279 3,286	3,629 3,636 3,644 3,651	3,471 3,479 3,486 3,494	29,600 29,650 29,700 29,750	29,650 29,700 29,750 29,800	4,079 4,086 4,096 4,109	3,714 3,721 3,729 3,736	4,079 4,086 4,096 4,109	3,921 3,929 3,936 3,944
23,800 23,850 23,900 23,950	23,850 23,900 23,950 24,000	3,209 3,216 3,224 3,231	2,844 2,851 2,859 2,866	3,209 3,216 3,224 3,231	3,051 3,059 3,066 3,074	26,800 26,850 26,900 26,950	26,850 26,900 26,950 27,000	3,659 3,666 3,674 3,681	3,294 3,301 3,309 3,316	3,659 3,666 3,674 3,681	3,501 3,509 3,516 3,524	29,800 29,850 29,900 29,950	29,850 29,900 29,950 30,000	4,121 4,134 4,146 4,159	3,744 3,751 3,759 3,766	4,121 4,134 4,146 4,159	3,951 3,959 3,966 3,974
24,	000					27,	000					30,	000				
24,000 24,050 24,100 24,150	24,050 24,100 24,150 24,200	3,239 3,246 3,254 3,261	2,874 2,881 2,889 2,896	3,239 3,246 3,254 3,261	3,081 3,089 3,096 3,104	27,000 27,050 27,100 27,150	27,050 27,100 27,150 27,200	3,689 3,696 3,704 3,711	3,324 3,331 3,339 3,346	3,689 3,696 3,704 3,711	3,531 3,539 3,546 3,554	30,000 30,050 30,100 30,150	30,050 30,100 30,150 30,200	4,171 4,184 4,196 4,209	3,774 3,781 3,789 3,796	4,171 4,184 4,196 4,209	3,981 3,989 3,996 4,004
24,200 24,250 24,300 24,350	24,250 24,300 24,350 24,400	3,269 3,276 3,284 3,291	2,904 2,911 2,919 2,926	3,269 3,276 3,284 3,291	3,111 3,119 3,126 3,134	27,200 27,250 27,300 27,350	27,250 27,300 27,350 27,400	3,719 3,726 3,734 3,741	3,354 3,361 3,369 3,376	3,719 3,726 3,734 3,741	3,561 3,569 3,576 3,584	30,200 30,250 30,300 30,350	30,250 30,300 30,350 30,400	4,221 4,234 4,246 4,259	3,804 3,811 3,819 3,826	4,221 4,234 4,246 4,259	4,011 4,019 4,026 4,034
24,400 24,450 24,500 24,550	24,450 24,500 24,550 24,600	3,299 3,306 3,314 3,321	2,934 2,941 2,949 2,956	3,299 3,306 3,314 3,321	3,141 3,149 3,156 3,164	27,400 27,450 27,500 27,550	27,450 27,500 27,550 27,600	3,749 3,756 3,764 3,771	3,384 3,391 3,399 3,406	3,749 3,756 3,764 3,771	3,591 3,599 3,606 3,614	30,400 30,450 30,500 30,550	30,450 30,500 30,550 30,600	4,271 4,284 4,296 4,309	3,834 3,841 3,849 3,856	4,271 4,284 4,296 4,309	4,041 4,049 4,056 4,064
24,600 24,650 24,700 24,750	24,650 24,700 24,750 24,800	3,329 3,336 3,344 3,351	2,964 2,971 2,979 2,986	3,329 3,336 3,344 3,351	3,171 3,179 3,186 3,194	27,600 27,650 27,700 27,750	27,650 27,700 27,750 27,800	3,779 3,786 3,794 3,801	3,414 3,421 3,429 3,436	3,779 3,786 3,794 3,801	3,621 3,629 3,636 3,644	30,600 30,650 30,700 30,750	30,650 30,700 30,750 30,800	4,321 4,334 4,346 4,359	3,864 3,871 3,879 3,886	4,321 4,334 4,346 4,359	4,071 4,079 4,086 4,094
	24,850 24,900 24,950 25,000	3,359 3,366 3,374 3,381	2,994 3,001 3,009 3,016	3,359 3,366 3,374 3,381	3,201 3,209 3,216 3,224	27,800 27,850 27,900 27,950		3,809 3,816 3,824 3,831	3,444 3,451 3,459 3,466	3,809 3,816 3,824 3,831	3,651 3,659 3,666 3,674	· ·	30,850 30,900 30,950 31,000	4,371 4,384 4,396 4,409	3,894 3,901 3,909 3,916	4,371 4,384 4,396 4,409	4,101 4,109 4,116 4,124
	000						000					· · · · ·	000				
25,050 25,100 25,150	25,200	3,389 3,396 3,404 3,411	3,024 3,031 3,039 3,046	3,389 3,396 3,404 3,411	3,231 3,239 3,246 3,254	28,050 28,100 28,150	28,050 28,100 28,150 28,200	3,839 3,846 3,854 3,861	3,474 3,481 3,489 3,496	3,839 3,846 3,854 3,861	3,681 3,689 3,696 3,704	31,050 31,100 31,150	31,150 31,200	4,421 4,434 4,446 4,459	3,924 3,931 3,939 3,946	4,421 4,434 4,446 4,459	4,131 4,139 4,146 4,154
25,200 25,250 25,300 25,350	25,300 25,350 25,400	3,419 3,426 3,434 3,441	3,054 3,061 3,069 3,076	3,419 3,426 3,434 3,441	3,261 3,269 3,276 3,284	28,200 28,250 28,300 28,350	28,300 28,350 28,400	3,869 3,876 3,884 3,891	3,504 3,511 3,519 3,526	3,869 3,876 3,884 3,891	3,711 3,719 3,726 3,734	31,200 31,250 31,300 31,350	31,250 31,300 31,350 31,400	4,471 4,484 4,496 4,509	3,954 3,961 3,969 3,976	4,471 4,484 4,496 4,509	4,161 4,169 4,176 4,184
25,400 25,450 25,500 25,550	25,450 25,500 25,550 25,600	3,449 3,456 3,464 3,471	3,084 3,091 3,099 3,106	3,449 3,456 3,464 3,471	3,291 3,299 3,306 3,314	28,400 28,450 28,500 28,550	28,500 28,550 28,600	3,899 3,906 3,914 3,921	3,534 3,541 3,549 3,556	3,899 3,906 3,914 3,921	3,741 3,749 3,756 3,764	31,400 31,450 31,500 31,550	31,450 31,500 31,550 31,600	4,521 4,534 4,546 4,559	3,984 3,991 3,999 4,006	4,521 4,534 4,546 4,559	4,191 4,199 4,206 4,214
25,600 25,650 25,700 25,750	25,700 25,750 25,800	3,479 3,486 3,494 3,501	3,114 3,121 3,129 3,136	3,479 3,486 3,494 3,501	3,321 3,329 3,336 3,344	28,600 28,650 28,700 28,750	28,700 28,750 28,800	3,929 3,936 3,944 3,951	3,564 3,571 3,579 3,586	3,929 3,936 3,944 3,951	3,771 3,779 3,786 3,794	31,600 31,650 31,700 31,750	31,650 31,700 31,750 31,800	4,571 4,584 4,596 4,609	4,014 4,021 4,029 4,036	4,571 4,584 4,596 4,609	4,221 4,229 4,236 4,244
25,800 25,850 25,900 25,950	25,850 25,900 25,950 26,000	3,509 3,516 3,524 3,531	3,144 3,151 3,159 3,166	3,509 3,516 3,524 3,531	3,351 3,359 3,366 3,374	28,800 28,850 28,900 28,950		3,959 3,966 3,974 3,981	3,594 3,601 3,609 3,616	3,959 3,966 3,974 3,981	3,801 3,809 3,816 3,824	31,800 31,850 31,900 31,950	31,850 31,900 31,950 32,000	4,621 4,634 4,646 4,659	4,044 4,051 4,059 4,066	4,621 4,634 4,646 4,659	4,251 4,259 4,266 4,274
* This c	olumn m	ust also	be used	d by a q	ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on pa	age 69)

If line 43						If line	43				If line 43							
(taxable income	e l		And yo	ou are—		(taxab incom	le		And yo	ou are—		(taxab		And you are—				
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	
32.	000		Tour	ax 13—		35.	000		Tourt	ax 13—		Your tax is—						
32,000	32,050	4,671	4,074	4,671	4,281	35,000	35,050	5,421	4,524	5,421	4,731	38,000	38,050	6,171	4,974	6,171	5,181	
32,050 32,100	32,100 32,150	4,684 4,696	4,081 4,089	4,684 4,696	4,289	35,050	35,100 35,150	5,434 5,446	4,531 4,539	5,434 5,446	4,739 4,746	38,050	38,100 38,150	6,184 6,196	4,981 4,989	6,184 6,196	5,189 5,196	
32,150	32,200	4,709	4,096	4,709	4,304	35,150	35,200	5,459	4,546	5,459	4,754	38,150	38,200	6,209	4,996	6,209	5,204	
32,200	32,250	4,721	4,104	4,721	4,311	35,200	35,250	5,471	4,554	5,471	4,761	38,200	38,250	6,221	5,004	6,221	5,211	
32,250	32,300	4,734	4,111	4,734	4,319	35,250	35,300	5,484	4,561	5,484	4,769	38,250	38,300	6,234	5,011	6,234	5,219	
32,300	32,350	4,746	4,119	4,746	4,326	35,300	35,350	5,496	4,569	5,496	4,776	38,300	38,350	6,246	5,019	6,246	5,226	
32,350	32,400	4,759	4,126	4,759	4,334	35,350	35,400	5,509	4,576	5,509	4,784	38,350	38,400	6,259	5,026	6,259	5,234	
32,400	32,450	4,771	4,134	4,771	4,341	35,400	35,450	5,521	4,584	5,521	4,791	38,400	38,450	6,271	5,034	6,271	5,241	
32,450	32,500	4,784	4,141	4,784	4,349	35,450	35,500	5,534	4,591	5,534	4,799	38,450	38,500	6,284	5,041	6,284	5,249	
32,500	32,550	4,796	4,149	4,796	4,356	35,500	35,550	5,546	4,599	5,546	4,806	38,500	38,550	6,296	5,049	6,296	5,256	
32,550	32,600	4,809	4,156	4,809	4,364	35,550	35,600	5,559	4,606	5,559	4,814	38,550	38,600	6,309	5,056	6,309	5,264	
32,600	32,650	4,821	4,164	4,821	4,371		35,650	5,571	4,614	5,571	4,821	38,600	38,650	6,321	5,064	6,321	5,271	
32,650	32,700	4,834	4,171	4,834	4,379	35,650	35,700	5,584	4,621	5,584	4,829	38,650	38,700	6,334	5,071	6,334	5,279	
32,700	32,750	4,846	4,179	4,846	4,386	35,700	35,750	5,596	4,629	5,596	4,836	38,700	38,750	6,346	5,079	6,346	5,286	
32,750	32,800	4,859	4,186	4,859	4,394	35,750	35,800	5,609	4,636	5,609	4,844	38,750	38,800	6,359	5,086	6,359	5,294	
32,800	32,850	4,871	4,194	4,871	4,401	35,800	35,850	5,621	4,644	5,621	4,851	38,800	38,850	6,371	5,094	6,371	5,301	
32,850	32,900	4,884	4,201	4,884	4,409	35,850	35,900	5,634	4,651	5,634	4,859	38,850	38,900	6,384	5,101	6,384	5,309	
32,900	32,950	4,896	4,209	4,896	4,416	35,900	35,950	5,646	4,659	5,646	4,866	38,900	38,950	6,396	5,109	6,396	5,316	
32,950	33,000	4,909	4,216	4,909	4,424	35,950	36,000	5,659	4,666	5,659	4,874	38,950	39,000	6,409	5,116	6,409	5,324	
33,	000					36,000						39,	000	1				
33,000	33,050	4,921	4,224	4,921	4,431	36,000	36,050	5,671	4,674	5,671	4,881	39,000	39,050	6,421	5,124	6,421	5,331	
33,050	33,100	4,934	4,231	4,934	4,439	36,050	36,100	5,684	4,681	5,684	4,889	39,050	39,100	6,434	5,131	6,434	5,339	
33,100	33,150	4,946	4,239	4,946	4,446	36,100	36,150	5,696	4,689	5,696	4,896	39,100	39,150	6,446	5,139	6,446	5,346	
33,150	33,200	4,959	4,246	4,959	4,454	36,150	36,200	5,709	4,696	5,709	4,904	39,150	39,200	6,459	5,146	6,459	5,354	
33,200	33,250	4,971	4,254	4,971	4,461	36,200	36,250	5,721	4,704	5,721	4,911	39,200	39,250	6,471	5,154	6,471	5,361	
33,250	33,300	4,984	4,261	4,984	4,469	36,250	36,300	5,734	4,711	5,734	4,919	39,250	39,300	6,484	5,161	6,484	5,369	
33,300	33,350	4,996	4,269	4,996	4,476	36,300	36,350	5,746	4,719	5,746	4,926	39,300	39,350	6,496	5,169	6,496	5,376	
33,350	33,400	5,009	4,276	5,009	4,484	36,350	36,400	5,759	4,726	5,759	4,934	39,350	39,400	6,509	5,176	6,509	5,384	
33,400	33,450	5,021	4,284	5,021	4,491	36,400	36,450	5,771	4,734	5,771	4,941	39,400	39,450	6,521	5,184	6,521	5,391	
33,450	33,500	5,034	4,291	5,034	4,499	36,450	36,500	5,784	4,741	5,784	4,949	39,450	39,500	6,534	5,191	6,534	5,399	
33,500	33,550	5,046	4,299	5,046	4,506	36,500	36,550	5,796	4,749	5,796	4,956	39,500	39,550	6,546	5,199	6,546	5,406	
33,550	33,600	5,059	4,306	5,059	4,514	36,550	36,600	5,809	4,756	5,809	4,964	39,550	39,600	6,559	5,206	6,559	5,414	
33,600	33,650	5,071	4,314	5,071	4,521	36,600 36,650	36,650	5,821	4,764	5,821	4,971	39,600	39,650	6,571	5,214	6,571	5,421	
33,650	33,700	5,084	4,321	5,084	4,529		36,700	5,834	4,771	5,834	4,979	39,650	39,700	6,584	5,221	6,584	5,429	
33,700	33,750	5,096	4,329	5,096	4,536	36,700	36,750	5,846	4,779	5,846	4,986	39,700	39,750	6,596	5,229	6,596	5,436	
33,750	33,800	5,109	4,336	5,109	4,544	36,750	36,800	5,859	4,786	5,859	4,994	39,750	39,800	6,609	5,236	6,609	5,444	
33,800	33,850	5,121	4,344	5,121	4,551	36,800	36,850	5,871	4,794	5,871	5,001	39,800	39,850	6,621	5,244	6,621	5,454	
33,850	33,900	5,134	4,351	5,134	4,559		36,900	5,884	4,801	5,884	5,009	39,850	39,900	6,634	5,251	6,634	5,466	
33,900	33,950	5,146	4,359	5,146	4,566	36,900	36,950	5,896	4,809	5,896	5,016	39,900	39,950	6,646	5,259	6,646	5,479	
33,950	34,000	5,159	4,366	5,159	4,574	36,950	37,000	5,909	4,816	5,909	5,024	39,950	40,000	6,659	5,266	6,659	5,491	
34,	000					37,	000					40,000						
34,000	34,050	5,171	4,374	5,171	4,581	37,000	37,050	5,921	4,824	5,921	5,031	40,000	40,050	6,671	5,274	6,671	5,504	
34,050	34,100	5,184	4,381	5,184	4,589	37,050	37,100	5,934	4,831	5,934	5,039	40,050	40,100	6,684	5,281	6,684	5,516	
34,100	34,150	5,196	4,389	5,196	4,596	37,100	37,150	5,946	4,839	5,946	5,046	40,100	40,150	6,696	5,289	6,696	5,529	
34,150	34,200	5,209	4,396	5,209	4,604	37,150	37,200	5,959	4,846	5,959	5,054	40,150	40,200	6,709	5,296	6,709	5,541	
34,200	34,250	5,221	4,404	5,221	4,611	37,200	37,250	5,971	4,854	5,971	5,061	40,200 40,250	40,250	6,721	5,304	6,721	5,554	
34,250	34,300	5,234	4,411	5,234	4,619	37,250	37,300	5,984	4,861	5,984	5,069		40,300	6,734	5,311	6,734	5,566	
34,300	34,350	5,246	4,419	5,246	4,626	37,300	37,350	5,996	4,869	5,996	5,076	40,300	40,350	6,746	5,319	6,746	5,579	
34,350	34,400	5,259	4,426	5,259	4,634	37,350	37,400	6,009	4,876	6,009	5,084	40,350	40,400	6,759	5,326	6,759	5,591	
34,400 34,450	34,450 34,500	5,271 5,284 5,296	4,434 4,441 4,449	5,271 5,284	4,641 4,649	37,400 37,450	37,450 37,500	6,021 6,034	4,884 4,891	6,021 6,034	5,091 5,099	40,400 40,450	40,450 40,500	6,771 6,784	5,334 5,341	6,771 6,784	5,604 5,616	
34,500	34,550	5,296	4,449	5,296	4,656	37,500	37,550	6,046	4,899	6,046	5,106	40,500	40,550	6,796	5,349	6,796	5,629	
34,550	34,600	5,309	4,456	5,309	4,664	37,550	37,600	6,059	4,906	6,059	5,114	40,550	40,600	6,809	5,356	6,809	5,641	
34,600	34,650	5,321	4,464	5,321	4,671	37,600	37,650	6,071	4,914	6,071	5,121	40,600	40,650	6,821	5,364	6,821	5,654	
34,650	34,700	5,334	4,471	5,334	4,679	37,650	37,700	6,084	4,921	6,084	5,129	40,650	40,700	6,834	5,371	6,834	5,666	
34,700	34,750	5,346	4,479	5,346	4,686	37,700	37,750	6,096	4,929	6,096	5,136	40,700	40,750	6,846	5,379	6,846	5,679	
34,750	34,800	5,359	4,486	5,359	4,694	37,750	37,800	6,109	4,936	6,109	5,144	40,750	40,800	6,859	5,386	6,859	5,691	
34,800	34,850	5,371	4,494	5,371	4,701	37,800	37,850	6,121	4,944	6,121	5,151	40,800	40,850	6,871	5,394	6,871	5,704	
34,850	34,900	5,384	4,501	5,384	4,709	37,850	37,900	6,134	4,951	6,134	5,159	40,850	40,900	6,884	5,401	6,884	5,716	
34,900	34,950 35,000	5,396 5,409	4,509 4,516	5,396 5,409	4,716 4,724	37,900 37,950	37,950	6,146 6,159	4,959 4,966	6,146 6,159	5,166 5,174	40,900	40,950 41,000	6,896 6,909	5,409 5,416	6,896 6,909	5,729 5,741	
* This c	* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er).														(Contin	ued on p	age 70)	

2000 1	ax rac		Jinnua	JU																
If line 4 (taxable income	•		And yo	ou are—	-	If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	-	If line (taxab incom		And you are—						
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold			
			Your t	ax is—					Your t	ax is—		Your tax is—								
41,	,000					44,	000					47,000								
41,000	41,050	6,921	5,424	6,921	5,754	44,000	44,050	7,671	5,874	7,671	6,504	47,000	47,050	8,421	6,324	8,421	7,254			
41,050	41,100	6,934	5,431	6,934	5,766	44,050	44,100	7,684	5,881	7,684	6,516	47,050	47,100	8,434	6,331	8,434	7,266			
41,100	41,150	6,946	5,439	6,946	5,779	44,100	44,150	7,696	5,889	7,696	6,529	47,100	47,150	8,446	6,339	8,446	7,279			
41,150	41,200	6,959	5,446	6,959	5,791	44,150	44,200	7,709	5,896	7,709	6,541	47,150	47,200	8,459	6,346	8,459	7,291			
41,200	41,250	6,971	5,454	6,971	5,804	44,200	44,250	7,721	5,904	7,721	6,554	47,200	47,250	8,471	6,354	8,471	7,304			
41,250	41,300	6,984	5,461	6,984	5,816	44,250	44,300	7,734	5,911	7,734	6,566	47,250	47,300	8,484	6,361	8,484	7,316			
41,300	41,350	6,996	5,469	6,996	5,829	44,300	44,350	7,746	5,919	7,746	6,579	47,300	47,350	8,496	6,369	8,496	7,329			
41,350	41,400	7,009	5,476	7,009	5,841	44,350	44,400	7,759	5,926	7,759	6,591	47,350	47,400	8,509	6,376	8,509	7,341			
41,400	41,450	7,021	5,484	7,021	5,854	44,400	44,450	7,771	5,934	7,771	6,604	47,400	47,450	8,521	6,384	8,521	7,354			
41,450	41,500	7,034	5,491	7,034	5,866	44,450	44,500	7,784	5,941	7,784	6,616	47,450	47,500	8,534	6,391	8,534	7,366			
41,500	41,550	7,046	5,499	7,046	5,879	44,500	44,550	7,796	5,949	7,796	6,629	47,500	47,550	8,546	6,399	8,546	7,379			
41,550	41,600	7,059	5,506	7,059	5,891	44,550	44,600	7,809	5,956	7,809	6,641	47,550	47,600	8,559	6,406	8,559	7,391			
41,600	41,650	7,071	5,514	7,071	5,904	44,600	44,650	7,821	5,964	7,821	6,654	47,600	47,650	8,571	6,414	8,571	7,404			
41,650	41,700	7,084	5,521	7,084	5,916	44,650	44,700	7,834	5,971	7,834	6,666	47,650	47,700	8,584	6,421	8,584	7,416			
41,700	41,750	7,096	5,529	7,096	5,929	44,700	44,750	7,846	5,979	7,846	6,679	47,700	47,750	8,596	6,429	8,596	7,429			
41,750	41,800	7,109	5,536	7,109	5,941	44,750	44,800	7,859	5,986	7,859	6,691	47,750	47,800	8,609	6,436	8,609	7,441			
41,800	41,850	7,121	5,544	7,121	5,954	44,800	44,850	7,871	5,994	7,871	6,704	47,800	47,850	8,621	6,444	8,621	7,454			
41,850	41,900	7,134	5,551	7,134	5,966	44,850	44,900	7,884	6,001	7,884	6,716	47,850	47,900	8,634	6,451	8,634	7,466			
41,900	41,950	7,146	5,559	7,146	5,979	44,900	44,950	7,896	6,009	7,896	6,729	47,900	47,950	8,646	6,459	8,646	7,479			
41,950	42,000	7,159	5,566	7,159	5,991	44,950	45,000	7,909	6,016	7,909	6,741	47,950	48,000	8,659	6,466	8,659	7,491			
42,	42,000						45,000							48,000						
42,000	42,050	7,171	5,574	7,171	6,004	45,000	45,050	7,921	6,024	7,921	6,754	48,000	48,050	8,671	6,474	8,671	7,504			
42,050	42,100	7,184	5,581	7,184	6,016	45,050	45,100	7,934	6,031	7,934	6,766	48,050	48,100	8,684	6,481	8,684	7,516			
42,100	42,150	7,196	5,589	7,196	6,029	45,100	45,150	7,946	6,039	7,946	6,779	48,100	48,150	8,696	6,489	8,696	7,529			
42,150	42,200	7,209	5,596	7,209	6,041	45,150	45,200	7,959	6,046	7,959	6,791	48,150	48,200	8,709	6,496	8,709	7,541			
42,200	42,250	7,221	5,604	7,221	6,054	45,200	45,250	7,971	6,054	7,971	6,804	48,200	48,250	8,721	6,504	8,721	7,554			
42,250	42,300	7,234	5,611	7,234	6,066	45,250	45,300	7,984	6,061	7,984	6,816	48,250	48,300	8,734	6,511	8,734	7,566			
42,300	42,350	7,246	5,619	7,246	6,079	45,300	45,350	7,996	6,069	7,996	6,829	48,300	48,350	8,746	6,519	8,746	7,579			
42,350	42,400	7,259	5,626	7,259	6,091	45,350	45,400	8,009	6,076	8,009	6,841	48,350	48,400	8,759	6,526	8,759	7,591			
42,400	42,450	7,271	5,634	7,271	6,104	45,400	45,450	8,021	6,084	8,021	6,854	48,400	48,450	8,771	6,534	8,771	7,604			
42,450	42,500	7,284	5,641	7,284	6,116	45,450	45,500	8,034	6,091	8,034	6,866	48,450	48,500	8,784	6,541	8,784	7,616			
42,500	42,550	7,296	5,649	7,296	6,129	45,500	45,550	8,046	6,099	8,046	6,879	48,500	48,550	8,796	6,549	8,796	7,629			
42,550	42,600	7,309	5,656	7,309	6,141	45,550	45,600	8,059	6,106	8,059	6,891	48,550	48,600	8,809	6,556	8,809	7,641			
42,600	42,650	7,321	5,664	7,321	6,154	45,600	45,650	8,071	6,114	8,071	6,904	48,600	48,650	8,821	6,564	8,821	7,654			
42,650	42,700	7,334	5,671	7,334	6,166	45,650	45,700	8,084	6,121	8,084	6,916	48,650	48,700	8,834	6,571	8,834	7,666			
42,700	42,750	7,346	5,679	7,346	6,179	45,700	45,750	8,096	6,129	8,096	6,929	48,700	48,750	8,846	6,579	8,846	7,679			
42,750	42,800	7,359	5,686	7,359	6,191	45,750	45,800	8,109	6,136	8,109	6,941	48,750	48,800	8,859	6,586	8,859	7,691			
42,800	42,850	7,371	5,694	7,371	6,204	45,800	45,850	8,121	6,144	8,121	6,954	48,800	48,850	8,871	6,594	8,871	7,704			
42,850	42,900	7,384	5,701	7,384	6,216	45,850	45,900	8,134	6,151	8,134	6,966	48,850	48,900	8,884	6,601	8,884	7,716			
42,900	42,950	7,396	5,709	7,396	6,229	45,900	45,950	8,146	6,159	8,146	6,979	48,900	48,950	8,896	6,609	8,896	7,729			
42,950	43,000	7,409	5,716	7,409	6,241	45,950	46,000	8,159	6,166	8,159	6,991	48,950	49,000	8,909	6,616	8,909	7,741			
43,	,000					46,000						49,000								
43,050 43,100 43,150	43,150 43,200	7,421 7,434 7,446 7,459	5,724 5,731 5,739 5,746	7,421 7,434 7,446 7,459	6,254 6,266 6,279 6,291	46,000 46,050 46,100 46,150	46,050 46,100 46,150 46,200	8,171 8,184 8,196 8,209	6,174 6,181 6,189 6,196	8,171 8,184 8,196 8,209	7,004 7,016 7,029 7,041	49,000 49,050 49,100 49,150	49,050 49,100 49,150 49,200	8,921 8,934 8,946 8,959	6,624 6,631 6,639 6,646	8,921 8,934 8,946 8,959	7,754 7,766 7,779 7,791			
43,200	43,250	7,471	5,754	7,471	6,304	46,200	46,250	8,221	6,204	8,221	7,054	49,200	49,250	8,971	6,654	8,971	7,804			
43,250	43,300	7,484	5,761	7,484	6,316	46,250	46,300	8,234	6,211	8,234	7,066	49,250	49,300	8,984	6,661	8,984	7,816			
43,300	43,350	7,496	5,769	7,496	6,329	46,300	46,350	8,246	6,219	8,246	7,079	49,300	49,350	8,996	6,669	8,996	7,829			
43,350	43,400	7,509	5,776	7,509	6,341	46,350	46,400	8,259	6,226	8,259	7,091	49,350	49,400	9,009	6,676	9,009	7,841			
43,400	43,450	7,521	5,784	7,521	6,354	46,400	46,450	8,271	6,234	8,271	7,104	49,400	49,450	9,021	6,684	9,021	7,854			
43,450	43,500	7,534	5,791	7,534	6,366	46,450	46,500	8,284	6,241	8,284	7,116	49,450	49,500	9,034	6,691	9,034	7,866			
43,500	43,550	7,546	5,799	7,546	6,379	46,500	46,550	8,296	6,249	8,296	7,129	49,500	49,550	9,046	6,699	9,046	7,879			
43,550	43,600	7,559	5,806	7,559	6,391	46,550	46,600	8,309	6,256	8,309	7,141	49,550	49,600	9,059	6,706	9,059	7,891			
43,600	43,650	7,571	5,814	7,571	6,404	46,600	46,650	8,321	6,264	8,321	7,154	49,600	49,650	9,071	6,714	9,071	7,904			
43,650	43,700	7,584	5,821	7,584	6,416	46,650	46,700	8,334	6,271	8,334	7,166	49,650	49,700	9,084	6,721	9,084	7,916			
43,700	43,750	7,596	5,829	7,596	6,429	46,700	46,750	8,346	6,279	8,346	7,179	49,700	49,750	9,096	6,729	9,096	7,929			
43,750	43,800	7,609	5,836	7,609	6,441	46,750	46,800	8,359	6,286	8,359	7,191	49,750	49,800	9,109	6,736	9,109	7,941			
43,800	43,850	7,621	5,844	7,621	6,454	46,800	46,850	8,371	6,294	8,371	7,204	49,800	49,850	9,121	6,744	9,121	7,954			
43,850	43,900	7,634	5,851	7,634	6,466	46,850	46,900	8,384	6,301	8,384	7,216	49,850	49,900	9,134	6,751	9,134	7,966			
43,900	43,950	7,646	5,859	7,646	6,479	46,900	46,950	8,396	6,309	8,396	7,229	49,900	49,950	9,146	6,759	9,146	7,979			
43,950	44,000	7,659	5,866	7,659	6,491	46,950	47,000	8,409	6,316	8,409	7,241	49,950	50,000	9,159	6,766	9,159	7,991			
* This co	olumn mi	ust also	be usec	l by a q	ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on pa	age 71)			

lf line 43 (taxable			And yo	ou are—	-	If line 43 (taxable And you are—							43 ole	And you are—					
income) is—						ie) is—						ie) is—						
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold		
			Your t	ax is—					Your	tax is—		Your tax is—							
	,000					<i>'</i>	000				56,000								
50,000 50,050 50,100 50,150 50,200	50,050 50,100 50,150 50,200 50,250	9,171 9,184 9,196 9,209 9,221	6,774 6,781 6,789 6,796 6,804	9,171 9,184 9,196 9,209 9,221	8,004 8,016 8,029 8,041 8,054	53,000 53,050 53,100 53,150 53,200	53,050 53,100 53,150 53,200 53,250	9,921 9,934 9,946 9,959 9,971	7,224 7,231 7,239 7,246 7,254	9,921 9,934 9,946 9,959 9,971	8,754 8,766 8,779 8,791 8,804	56,000 56,050 56,100 56,150 56,200	56,050 56,100 56,150 56,200 56,250	10,671 10,684 10,696 10,709 10,721	7,681 7,689 7,696 7,704	10,671 10,684 10,696 10,709 10,721	9,504 9,516 9,529 9,541 9,554		
50,250 50,300 50,350	50,300 50,350 50,400	9,234 9,246 9,259	6,811 6,819 6,826	9,234 9,246 9,259	8,066 8,079 8,091	53,250 53,300 53,350	53,300 53,350 53,400	9,984 9,996 10,009	7,261 7,269 7,276	9,984 9,996 10,009	8,816 8,829 8,841	56,250 56,300 56,350	56,300 56,350 56,400	10,734 10,746 10,759	7,711 7,719 7,726	10,734 10,746 10,759	9,566 9,579 9,591		
50,400 50,450 50,500 50,550	50,450 50,500 50,550 50,600	9,271 9,284 9,296 9,309	6,834 6,841 6,849 6,856	9,271 9,284 9,296 9,309	8,104 8,116 8,129 8,141	53,400 53,450 53,500 53,550	53,450 53,500 53,550 53,600	10,021 10,034 10,046 10,059	7,284 7,291 7,299 7,306	10,021 10,034 10,046 10,059	8,854 8,866 8,879 8,891	56,400 56,450 56,500 56,550	56,450 56,500 56,550 56,600	10,771 10,784 10,796 10,809	7,734 7,741 7,749 7,756	10,771 10,784 10,796 10,809	9,604 9,616 9,629 9,641		
50,600 50,650 50,700 50,750	50,650 50,700 50,750 50,800	9,321 9,334 9,346 9,359	6,864 6,871 6,879 6,886	9,321 9,334 9,346 9,359	8,154 8,166 8,179 8,191	53,600 53,650 53,700 53,750	53,650 53,700 53,750 53,800	10,071 10,084 10,096 10,109	7,314 7,321 7,329 7,336	10,071 10,084 10,096 10,109	8,904 8,916 8,929 8,941	56,600 56,650 56,700 56,750	56,650 56,700 56,750 56,800	10,821 10,834 10,846 10,859	7,764 7,771 7,779 7,786	10,821 10,834 10,846 10,859	9,654 9,666 9,679 9,691		
50,800 50,850 50,900 50,950	50,850 50,900 50,950 51,000	9,371 9,384 9,396 9,409	6,894 6,901 6,909 6,916	9,371 9,384 9,396 9,409	8,204 8,216 8,229 8,241	53,800 53,850 53,900 53,950	53,850 53,900 53,950 54,000	10,121 10,134 10,146 10,159	7,344 7,351 7,359 7,366	10,121 10,134 10,146 10,159	8,954 8,966 8,979 8,991	56,800 56,850 56,900 56,950	56,850 56,900 56,950 57,000	10,871 10,884 10,896 10,909	7,794 7,801 7,809 7,816	10,871 10,884 10,896 10,909	9,704 9,716 9,729 9,741		
51,	,000					54,000						57,	000						
51,000 51,050 51,100 51,150	51,050 51,100 51,150 51,200	9,421 9,434 9,446 9,459	6,924 6,931 6,939 6,946	9,421 9,434 9,446 9,459	8,254 8,266 8,279 8,291	54,000 54,050 54,100 54,150	54,050 54,100 54,150 54,200	10,171 10,184 10,196 10,209	7,374 7,381 7,389 7,396	10,171 10,184 10,196 10,209	9,004 9,016 9,029 9,041	57,000 57,050 57,100 57,150	57,050 57,100 57,150 57,200	10,921 10,934 10,946 10,959	7,824 7,831 7,839 7,846	10,921 10,934 10,946 10,959	9,754 9,766 9,779 9,791		
51,200 51,250 51,300 51,350	51,250 51,300 51,350 51,400	9,471 9,484 9,496 9,509	6,954 6,961 6,969 6,976	9,471 9,484 9,496 9,509	8,304 8,316 8,329 8,341	54,200 54,250 54,300 54,350	54,250 54,300 54,350 54,400	10,221 10,234 10,246 10,259	7,404 7,411 7,419 7,426	10,221 10,234 10,246 10,259	9,054 9,066 9,079 9,091	57,200 57,250 57,300 57,350	57,250 57,300 57,350 57,400	10,971 10,984 10,996 11,009	7,854 7,861 7,869 7,876	10,971 10,984 10,996 11,009	9,804 9,816 9,829 9,841		
51,400 51,450 51,500 51,550	51,450 51,500 51,550 51,600	9,521 9,534 9,546 9,559	6,984 6,991 6,999 7,006	9,521 9,534 9,546 9,559	8,354 8,366 8,379 8,391	54,400 54,450 54,500 54,550	54,450 54,500 54,550 54,600	10,271 10,284 10,296 10,309	7,434 7,441 7,449 7,456	10,271 10,284 10,296 10,309	9,104 9,116 9,129 9,141	57,400 57,450 57,500 57,550	57,450 57,500 57,550 57,600	11,021 11,034 11,046 11,059	7,884 7,891 7,899 7,906	11,021 11,034 11,046 11,059	9,854 9,866 9,879 9,891		
51,600 51,650 51,700 51,750	51,650 51,700 51,750 51,800	9,571 9,584 9,596 9,609	7,014 7,021 7,029 7,036	9,571 9,584 9,596 9,609	8,404 8,416 8,429 8,441	54,600 54,650 54,700 54,750	54,650 54,700 54,750 54,800	10,321 10,334 10,346 10,359	7,464 7,471 7,479 7,486	10,321 10,334 10,346 10,359	9,154 9,166 9,179 9,191	57,600 57,650 57,700 57,750	57,650 57,700 57,750 57,800	11,071 11,084 11,096 11,109	7,921 7,929 7,936	11,071 11,084 11,096 11,109	9,904 9,916 9,929 9,941		
51,950	51,850 51,900 51,950 52,000	9,621 9,634 9,646 9,659	7,044 7,051 7,059 7,066	9,621 9,634 9,646 9,659	8,454 8,466 8,479 8,491		54,850 54,900 54,950 55,000	10,371 10,384 10,396 10,409	7,494 7,501 7,509 7,516	10,371 10,384 10,396 10,409	9,204 9,216 9,229 9,241		57,850 57,900 57,950 58,000	11,121 11,134 11,146 11,159		11,121 11,134 11,146 11,159	9,954 9,966 9,979 9,991		
	,000					- · · ·	000						000						
52,050 52,100 52,150	52,050 52,100 52,150 52,200	9,671 9,684 9,696 9,709	7,074 7,081 7,089 7,096	9,671 9,684 9,696 9,709	8,504 8,516 8,529 8,541	55,100 55,150	55,100 55,150 55,200	10,421 10,434 10,446 10,459	7,531 7,539 7,546	10,421 10,434 10,446 10,459	9,254 9,266 9,279 9,291	58,000 58,050 58,100 58,150	58,050 58,100 58,150 58,200	11,171 11,184 11,196 11,209	7,981 7,989 7,996	11,171 11,184 11,196 11,209	10,016 10,029 10,041		
	52,250 52,300 52,350 52,400	9,721 9,734 9,746 9,759	7,104 7,111 7,119 7,126	9,721 9,734 9,746 9,759	8,554 8,566 8,579 8,591	55,350	55,250 55,300 55,350 55,400	10,471 10,484 10,496 10,509	7,561 7,569 7,576	10,471 10,484 10,496 10,509	9,304 9,316 9,329 9,341	58,200 58,250 58,300 58,350	58,250 58,300 58,350 58,400	11,221 11,234 11,246 11,259	8,011 8,019 8,026	11,221 11,234 11,246 11,259	10,066 10,079 10,091		
52,400 52,450 52,500 52,550	52,450 52,500 52,550 52,600	9,771 9,784 9,796 9,809	7,134 7,141 7,149 7,156	9,771 9,784 9,796 9,809	8,604 8,616 8,629 8,641	55,400 55,450 55,500 55,550	55,450 55,500 55,550 55,600	10,521 10,534 10,546 10,559	7,591 7,599 7,606	10,521 10,534 10,546 10,559	9,354 9,366 9,379 9,391	58,400 58,450 58,500 58,550	58,450 58,500 58,550 58,600	11,271 11,284 11,296 11,309	8,041 8,049 8,056		10,116 10,129 10,141		
52,700 52,750	52,650 52,700 52,750 52,800	9,821 9,834 9,846 9,859	7,164 7,171 7,179 7,186	9,821 9,834 9,846 9,859	8,654 8,666 8,679 8,691	55,600 55,650 55,700 55,750	55,750 55,800	10,571 10,584 10,596 10,609	7,621 7,629 7,636	10,571 10,584 10,596 10,609	9,404 9,416 9,429 9,441	58,600 58,650 58,700 58,750	58,650 58,700 58,750 58,800	11,321 11,334 11,346 11,359	8,071 8,079 8,086	11,321 11,334 11,346 11,359	10,166 10,179 10,191		
	52,850 52,900 52,950 53,000	9,871 9,884 9,896 9,909	7,194 7,201 7,209 7,216	9,871 9,884 9,896 9,909	8,704 8,716 8,729 8,741		55,850 55,900 55,950 56,000	10,621 10,634 10,646 10,659	7,651 7,659	10,621 10,634 10,646 10,659	9,454 9,466 9,479 9,491	58,800 58,850 58,900 58,950	58,850 58,900 58,950 59,000	11,371 11,384 11,396 11,409	8,101 8,109	11,371 11,384 11,396 11,409	10,216 10,229		
* This co	olumn m	ust also	be used	l by a qu	ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on p	age 72)		

2003 1	2005 Tax Table—Continued If line 43 If line 43 If line 43																		
If line 4 (taxable income	•		And y	ou are-	-	If line (taxab incom			And y	ou are-	-	If line (taxab incom		And you are—					
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold		
	000		Your	tax is—			000		Your	ax is—			000		Your	tax is—			
	000	11 101	0.404	11 101	10.051	· · · · ·	000	10 171	0.000	10.000	11.001	65,000							
59,000 59,050 59,100 59,150	59,050 59,100 59,150 59,200	11,421 11,434 11,446 11,459	8,131 8,139	11,446	10,254 10,266 10,279 10,291	62,000 62,050 62,100 62,150	62,100 62,150 62,200	12,171 12,184 12,196 12,209	8,849 8,861 8,874	12,261	11,016	65,000 65,050 65,100 65,150	65,050 65,100 65,150 65,200	12,921 12,934 12,946 12,959	9,586 9,599 9,611 9,624	13,073 13,087 13,101 13,115	11,766 11,779 11,791		
59,200 59,250 59,300 59,350	59,250 59,300 59,350 59,400	11,471 11,484 11,496 11,509	8,161 8,169	11,484	10,304 10,316 10,329 10,341	62,200 62,250 62,300 62,350	62,250 62,300 62,350 62,400	12,221 12,234 12,246 12,259	8,899 8,911			65,200 65,250 65,300 65,350	65,250 65,300 65,350 65,400	12,971 12,984 12,996 13,009	9,636 9,649 9,661 9,674	13,129 13,143 13,157 13,171	11,816 11,829		
59,400 59,450 59,500 59,550	59,450 59,500 59,550 59,600	11,521 11,534 11,546 11,559	8,199 8,211	11,534 11,546	10,354 10,366 10,379 10,391	62,400 62,450 62,500 62,550	62,450 62,500 62,550 62,600	12,271 12,284 12,296 12,309	8,949 8,961	12,359	11,104 11,116 11,129 11,141	65,400 65,450 65,500 65,550	65,450 65,500 65,550 65,600	13,021 13,034 13,046 13,059	9,686 9,699 9,711 9,724	13,185 13,199 13,213 13,227	11,866 11,879		
59,600 59,650 59,700 59,750	59,650 59,700 59,750 59,800	11,571 11,584 11,596 11,609	8,236 8,249 8,261	11,571 11,584 11,596	10,404 10,416 10,429 10,441	62,600 62,650 62,700 62,750	62,650 62,700 62,750 62,800	12,321 12,334 12,346 12,359	8,986 8,999 9,011			65,600 65,650 65,700 65,750	65,650 65,700 65,750 65,800	13,071 13,084 13,096 13,109	9,736 9,749	13,241	11,904 11,916 11,929		
59,800 59,850 59,900 59,950	59,850 59,900 59,950 60,000	11,621 11,634 11,646 11,659	8,286 8,299 8,311		10,454 10,466 10,479	62,800 62,850 62,900 62,950	62,850 62,900 62,950	12,371 12,384 12,396 12,409	9,036 9,049 9,061	12,457 12,471	11,204 11,216 11,229	65,800 65,850 65,900 65,950	65,850 65,900 65,950 66,000	13,121 13,134 13,146 13,159	9,786 9,799 9,811	13,297 13,311 13,325 13,339	11,954 11,966 11,979		
60,000						63,000							66,000						
60,000	60,050	11,671	8,336	11,673	10,504		63,050	12,421	9,086	12,513	11,254	66,000	66,050	13,171	9,836	13,353	12,004		
60,050 60,100 60,150	60,100 60,150 60,200	11,684 11,696 11,709	8,361 8,374	11,687 11,701 11,715	10,529 10,541	63,050 63,100 63,150	63,100 63,150 63,200	12,434 12,446 12,459	9,111 9,124	12,555	11,279 11,291	66,050 66,100 66,150	66,100 66,150 66,200	13,184 13,196 13,209	9,874	13,367 13,381 13,395	12,029 12,041		
60,200 60,250 60,300 60,350	60,250 60,300 60,350 60,400	11,721 11,734 11,746 11,759	8,399 8,411 8,424	11,743 11,757 11,771	10,554 10,566 10,579 10,591	63,200 63,250 63,300 63,350	63,250 63,300 63,350 63,400	12,471 12,484 12,496 12,509	9,149 9,161 9,174	12,583 12,597 12,611	11,341	66,200 66,250 66,300 66,350	66,250 66,300 66,350 66,400	13,221 13,234 13,246 13,259	9,924	13,437 13,451	12,066 12,079 12,091		
60,400 60,450 60,500 60,550	60,450 60,500 60,550 60,600	11,771 11,784 11,796 11,809	8,449 8,461	11,785 11,799 11,813 11,827	10,616 10,629	63,400 63,450 63,500 63,550	63,450 63,500 63,550 63,600	12,521 12,534 12,546 12,559	9,199 9,211		11,366 11,379	66,400 66,450 66,500 66,550	66,450 66,500 66,550 66,600	13,271 13,284 13,296 13,309	9,936 9,949 9,961 9,974	13,465 13,479 13,493 13,507	12,116 12,129		
60,600 60,650 60,700 60,750	60,650 60,700 60,750 60,800	11,821 11,834 11,846 11,859	8,499 8,511	11,869	10,654 10,666 10,679 10,691	63,600 63,650 63,700 63,750	63,650 63,700 63,750 63,800	12,571 12,584 12,596 12,609	9,249 9,261	12,695 12,709	11,404 11,416 11,429 11,441	66,600 66,650 66,700 66,750	66,650 66,700 66,750 66,800		9,986 9,999 10,011 10,024	13,535 13,549	12,154 12,166 12,179 12,191		
60,800 60,850 60,900 60,950	60,850 60,900 60,950 61,000	11,871 11,884 11,896 11,909	8,549 8,561	11,897 11,911 11,925 11,939	10,716 10,729	63,800 63,850 63,900 63,950		12,621 12,634 12,646 12,659	9,299 9,311	12,737 12,751 12,765 12,779	11,466 11,479	66,800 66,850 66,900 66,950	66,850 66,900 66,950 67,000	13,384 13,396	10,049 10,061	13,605	12,216 12,229		
61,	000					64,	000					67,000							
61,050 61,100	61,050 61,100 61,150 61,200	11,921 11,934 11,946 11,959	8,599 8,611	11,953 11,967 11,981 11,995	10,766 10,779	64,050	64,150	12,684	9,349 9,361	12,793 12,807 12,821 12,835	11,516 11,529	67,050	67,050 67,100 67,150 67,200	13,434 13,446	10,086 10,099 10,111 10,124	13,647 13,661	12,266 12,279		
61,250 61,300 61,350	61,400	11,971 11,984 11,996 12,009	8,649 8,661 8,674	12,009 12,023 12,037 12,051	10,816 10,829 10,841	64,200 64,250 64,300 64,350	64,300 64,350 64,400	12,721 12,734 12,746 12,759	9,399 9,411 9,424	12,849 12,863 12,877 12,891	11,566 11,579 11,591	67,200 67,250 67,300 67,350	67,250 67,300 67,350 67,400	13,484 13,496 13,509	10,136 10,149 10,161 10,174	13,703 13,717 13,731	12,316 12,329 12,341		
61,500 61,550	61,500 61,550 61,600	12,021 12,034 12,046 12,059	8,699 8,711 8,724	12,065 12,079 12,093 12,107	10,866 10,879 10,891	64,500 64,550	64,550 64,600	12,771 12,784 12,796 12,809	9,449 9,461 9,474	12,905 12,919 12,933 12,947	11,616 11,629 11,641	67,400 67,450 67,500 67,550	67,450 67,500 67,550 67,600	13,534 13,546 13,559	10,186 10,199 10,211 10,224	13,759 13,773 13,787	12,366 12,379 12,391		
61,650 61,700 61,750	61,650 61,700 61,750 61,800	12,071 12,084 12,096 12,109	8,749 8,761 8,774	12,121 12,135 12,149 12,163	10,916 10,929 10,941	64,750	64,750 64,800	12,821 12,834 12,846 12,859	9,499 9,511 9,524	12,961 12,975 12,989 13,003	11,666 11,679 11,691	67,600 67,650 67,700 67,750	67,650 67,700 67,750 67,800	13,584 13,596 13,609	10,236 10,249 10,261 10,274	13,815 13,829 13,843	12,416 12,429 12,441		
		12,121 12,134 12,146 12,159	8,799 8,811	12,177 12,191 12,205 12,219	10,966 10,979			12,871 12,884 12,896 12,909	9,549 9,561	13,017 13,031 13,045 13,059	11,716 11,729		67,850 67,900 67,950 68,000	13,634 13,646	10,286 10,299 10,311 10,324	13,871 13,885	12,466 12,479		
* This co	olumn m	ust also	be use	d by a q	ualifying	widow(e	er).								(Contin	ued on p	age 73)		

If the 43 income) is_ And you are- If the 43 income is_ <																		
Intent Intent<	(taxable	e		And y	ou are–	-	(taxab	le		And y	ou are-	-	(taxab	ole		And yo	ou are—	
68,000 71,000 71,000 74,000 74,000 68,000 68,000 68,000 68,000 68,000 15,241 13,851 12,911 15,241 13,851 12,911 15,241 13,851 12,911 15,241 13,851 12,911 15,241 13,851 12,911 15,241 13,851 12,911 15,241 14,851 15,241 14,851 15,241 14,851 15,241 14,851 15,241 14,851 15,241 14,851 14,441 14,421 14,921		less	Single	filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	of a house-		less	Single	filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	of a house-		less	Single	filing jointly *	filing sepa- rately	of a house-
Biolog Biolog<	68.	.000										74.	000					
68,000 68,100 18,264 10,349 13,927 12,516 71,060 71,100 14,434 11,114 14,729 13,226 74,050 74,100 15,246 11,849 15,607 14,010 54,60 14,439 11,124 14,729 13,229 74,100 74,100 15,226 11,874 15,238 14,449 14,111 44 14,179 13,229 74,100 74,200 15,226 11,874 15,238 14,249 14,251 14,249 14,251 14,250 74,200 15,226 11,274 11,349 15,256 74,000 74,360 14,349 14,111 14,41 14,189 13,330 74,400 74,360 15,246 11,346 14,561 14,561 14,571 13,279 74,300 74,350 15,246 11,349 15,276 14,560 44,560 68,360 68,360 13,749 10,449 14,101 12,591 74,400 14,459 11,161 14,857 13,329 74,300 74,350 15,346 11,391 15,677 14,076 14,560 14,000 11,741 14,871 13,329 74,300 74,350 74,400 15,346 11,391 15,677 14,076 14,560 14,560 11,771 14,111 14,91 12,919 14,910 15,708 14,109 14,910 14			13,671	10,336	13,913	12,504	· · · · · ·		14,421	11,086	14,753	13,254	· · · · ·		15,234	11,836	15,593	14,004
e8_250 e8_300 e8_330 e8_330<	68,100 68,150	68,150 68,200	13,696 13,709	10,361 10,374	13,941 13,955	12,529 12,541	71,100 71,150	71,150 71,200	14,446 14,459	11,111 11,124	14,781 14,795	13,279 13,291	74,100 74,150	74,150 74,200	15,262 15,276	11,861 11,874	15,621 15,635	14,029 14,041
68,450 68,500 13,764 10,449 14,039 12,616 71,500 71,500 14,534 11,199 14,797 13,361 74,500 74,550 15,380 11,949 15,718 14,118 68,500 68,650 13,821 10,464 14,121 12,44 17,120 14,429 11,214 14,939 13,377 74,500 74,550 15,381 1,394 15,74 14,141 14,93 13,77 14,500 74,550 15,381 1,394 15,74 14,141 14,93 13,77 14,500 74,550 15,381 1,394 15,751 14,156 15,58 11,974 15,74 14,141 14,98 13,77 14,500 74,550 15,381 1,394 15,751 14,156 15,58 11,974 15,74 14,141 14,98 13,77 14,56 14,154 14,989 15,751 14,156 15,58 11,974 15,751 14,156 15,58 11,974 15,751 14,156 15,750 14,156 15,750 14,156 11,989 15,751 14,156 14,580 15,581 14,151 12,761 14,156 14,159 14,441 12,241 14,983 13,416 74,590 74,580 14,151 12,761 14,156 14,158 11,296 14,460 11,244 14,983 13,416 74,590 74,580 14,581 12,268 14,171 12,761 14,156 14,158 11,296 14,483 11,294 14,983 13,416 74,980 15,488 12,486 15,581 14,216 14,583 11,296 13,478 74,590 75,500 15,514 12,66 15,581 14,271 14,591 14,4	68,250 68,300	68,300 68,350	13,734 13,746	10,399 10,411	13,983 13,997	12,566 12,579	71,250 71,300	71,300 71,350	14,484 14,496	11,149 11,161	14,823 14,837	13,316 13,329	74,250 74,300	74,300 74,350	15,304 15,318	11,899 11,911	15,663 15,677	14,066 14,079
68,860 68,860 13,821 10,486 12,685 68,71 12,381 14,145 68,750 74,750 15,461 12,051 14,264 68,850 68,750 68,750 68,750 68,750 74,500 15,461 12,051 14,264 68,950 68,950 68,950 68,950 68,950 68,950 68,950 13,351 12,721 12,721 12,721 12,721 12,721 12,721 <th< th=""><th>68,450 68,500</th><th>68,500 68,550</th><th>13,784 13,796</th><th>10,449 10,461</th><th>14,039 14,053</th><th>12,616 12,629</th><th>71,450 71,500</th><th>71,500 71,550</th><th>14,534 14,546</th><th>11,199 11,211</th><th>14,879 14,893</th><th>13,366 13,379</th><th>74,450 74,500</th><th>74,500 74,550</th><th>15,360 15,374</th><th>11,949 11,961</th><th>15,719 15,733</th><th>14,116 14,129</th></th<>	68,450 68,500	68,500 68,550	13,784 13,796	10,449 10,461	14,039 14,053	12,616 12,629	71,450 71,500	71,500 71,550	14,534 14,546	11,199 11,211	14,879 14,893	13,366 13,379	74,450 74,500	74,500 74,550	15,360 15,374	11,949 11,961	15,719 15,733	14,116 14,129
68,850 68,850 10,850 10,851 11,210 11,280 14,821 11,286 14,977 13,454 74,850 75,000 74,850 75,000 74,850 75,000<	68,600 68,650 68,700	68,650 68,700 68,750	13,821 13,834 13,846	10,486 10,499 10,511	14,081 14,095 14,109	12,654 12,666 12,679	71,600 71,650 71,700	71,650 71,700 71,750	14,571 14,584 14,596	11,236 11,249 11,261	14,921 14,935 14,949	13,404 13,416 13,429	74,600 74,650 74,700	74,650 74,700 74,750	15,402 15,416 15,430	11,986 11,999 12,011	15,761 15,775 15,789	14,154 14,166 14,179
69,000 72,000 75,000 69,050 61,050 75,000 75,000 69,050 61,050	68,800 68,850 68,900	68,850 68,900 68,950	13,871 13,884 13,896	10,536 10,549 10,561	14,137 14,151 14,165	12,704 12,716 12,729	71,800 71,850 71,900	71,850 71,900 71,950	14,621 14,634 14,646	11,286 11,299 11,311	14,977 14,991 15,005	13,454 13,466 13,479	74,800 74,850 74,900	74,850 74,900 74,950	15,458 15,472 15,486	12,036 12,049 12,061	15,817 15,831 15,845	14,204 14,216 14,229
69.000 69.050 13.821 10.566 14.931 12.764 72.000 72.050 14.674 11.336 16.033 13.516 75.000 75.050 15.714 12.924 69.050 69.100 13.934 10.611 14.227 12.776 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.100 72.200 12.841 13.939 15.031 15.641 12.14 15.915 14.271 69.200 69.200 13.891 10.636 14.221 12.841 72.200 72.201 14.741 11.331 15.031 15.641 15.211 15.915 15.91 14.915 15.91 14.915 15.91 14.915 14.916 15.91 14.916 15.91 14.916 15.91 14.916 15.91 14.916 15.916 14.916 15.916 14.916 15.916 14.916 15.916 14.916 1		,	10,000	10,014	11,113	12,141	<u> </u>		17,000	11,024	10,010	10,401	<u> </u>		10,000	12,014	10,000	17,241
69,050 69,100 75,100<			13.921	10.586	14.193	12.754			14.674	11.336	15.033	13.504	- · · ·		15.514	12.086	15.873	14.254
69,250 69,300 13,984 10,649 14,263 12,280 72,300 13,566 75,200 75,300 75,500 75,700 75,700 75,700 75,700<	69,050 69,100	69,100 69,150	13,934 13,946	10,599 10,611	14,207 14,221	12,766 12,779	72,050	72,100 72,150	14,688 14,702	11,349 11,361	15,047 15,061	13,516 13,529	75,050	75,100 75,150	15,528 15,542	12,099 12,111	15,887 15,901	14,266 14,279
69,500 69,500 14,034 10,699 14,319 12,866 72,500 72,500 14,800 11,449 15,159 13,616 75,500 15,641 12,119 13,819 69,500 69,650 14,059 10,724 14,347 12,891 72,550 72,600 72,650 14,814 11,461 15,173 13,641 75,550 75,600 15,664 12,221 16,027 14,314 69,650 69,650 10,724 14,377 12,867 72,650 72,600 14,842 11,481 51,201 13,667 75,650 15,668 12,224 16,021 14,414 69,650 69,750 69,850 14,141 10,749 14,235 12,227 72,750 14,870 11,511 15,240 15,761 15,761 15,771 12,261 16,069 14,454 69,850 14,141 10,781 14,417 12,954 72,800 72,900 14,924 15,241 13,704 75,800 75,800 15,731 12,241 16,111 14,445 12,991 14,926 15,225 13,704 75,	69,250 69,300	69,300 69,350	13,984 13,996	10,649 10,661	14,263 14,277	12,816 12,829	72,250 72,300	72,300 72,350	14,744 14,758	11,399 11,411	15,103 15,117	13,566 13,579	75,250	75,300 75,350	15,584 15,598	12,149 12,161	15,943 15,957	14,316 14,329
69,650 69,700 14,084 10,749 14,375 12,916 72,650 72,700 72,750 14,876 11,511 15,223 13,666 75,660 75,700 75,750 75,750 15,710 12,221 16,086 14,441 69,800 69,800 14,110 10,774 14,438 12,929 72,750 72,700 72,750 15,710 75,750 75,700 75,750 15,710 12,221 16,088 14,441 69,800 69,850 14,114 10,794 14,245 12,997 72,900 14,912 11,549 15,221 13,716 75,800 75,780 15,718 12,228 16,083 14,441 69,850 69,950 14,146 10,811 14,445 12,997 72,900 14,926 11,561 15,285 13,729 75,900 75,950 15,764 12,311 16,125 14,447 70,000 70,000 14,145 10,811 14,940 11,574 15,231 13,774 76,000 76,000 15,794 12,336 16,153 14,450 14,450 70,0	69,450 69,500	69,500 69,550	14,034 14,046	10,699 10,711	14,319 14,333	12,866 12,879	72,450 72,500	72,500 72,550	14,800 14,814	11,449 11,461	15,159 15,173	13,616 13,629	75,450 75,500	75,500 75,550 75,600	15,640 15,654	12,199 12,211	15,999 16,013	14,366 14,379
69,800 69,900 14,134 10,799 14,431 12,966 72,800 72,900 14,926 15,722 12,711 13,716 75,800 75,900 15,752 12,224 16,111 14,466 69,900 69,950 14,164 10,811 14,445 12,979 72,900 72,950 73,000 14,926 15,723 12,324 16,133 14,479 70,000 14,171 10,836 14,473 13,004 73,000 73,000 73,000 74,900 76,000 76,000 15,782 12,324 16,153 14,504 70,000 14,184 10,849 14,473 13,004 73,000 73,000 14,954 11,534 13,779 76,000 76,000 76,000 15,782 12,336 16,113 14,504 70,000 14,184 10,849 14,451 13,004 73,000 73,000 14,924 15,531 73,700 15,321 15,761 12,336 16,111 14,466 70,000 14,2241<	69,650 69,700	69,700 69,750	14,084 14,096	10,749 10,761	14,375 14,389	12,916 12,929	72,650 72,700	72,700 72,750	14,856 14,870	11,499 11,511	15,215 15,229	13,666 13,679	75,650	75,700 75,750	15,696 15,710	12,249 12,261	16,055 16,069	14,416 14,429
70,000 70,050 14,171 10,836 14,473 13,004 73,000 73,050 14,954 11,586 15,313 13,754 76,000 76,050 15,794 12,336 16,153 14,504 70,050 70,100 14,184 10,886 14,487 13,016 73,050 73,150 14,982 11,611 15,341 13,779 76,150 76,100 76,100 76,100 76,100 76,100 76,100 15,822 12,341 16,161 14,529 70,200 70,250 14,221 10,886 14,529 13,054 73,250 15,010 11,636 15,369 13,804 76,200 76,250 15,836 12,374 16,129 14,557 70,300 70,350 14,246 10,911 14,557 13,007 73,350 15,038 11,661 15,397 13,829 76,400 76,450 15,878 12,441 16,227 14,579 70,450 14,271 10,936 14,557 13,007 73,500 15,	69,850 69,900	69,900 69,950	14,134 14,146	10,799 10,811	14,431 14,445	12,966 12,979	72,850 72,900	72,900 72,950	14,912 14,926	11,549 11,561	15,271 15,285	13,716 13,729	75,850	75,900 75,950	15,752 15,766	12,299 12,311	16,111 16,125	14,466 14,479
70,050 70,100 14,184 10,849 14,487 13,016 73,050 73,100 73,200 73,200 73,200 73,200 73,200 73,200 73,200 73,200 73,200 73,200 73,300 73,300 73,300 73,300 73,300 73,300 73,300 73,300 73,400 73,400 73,400 73,400 15,024 11,624 15,381 13,814 76,300 76,400 15,882 12,424 16,221 14,571 70,400 70,450 14,224 10,924 14,571 13,093 73,400 73,450	70,	,000					73,	000					76,	000				
70,250 70,300 14,234 10,899 14,543 13,066 73,250 73,300 15,024 11,649 15,383 13,816 76,250 76,300 15,864 12,399 16,223 14,566 70,300 70,350 14,246 10,911 14,557 13,079 73,350 73,300 15,024 11,649 15,383 13,816 76,250 76,300 15,864 12,399 16,223 14,567 70,350 70,400 14,257 10,924 14,571 13,091 73,350 73,400 15,021 11,674 15,411 13,841 76,350 76,400 15,864 12,399 16,223 14,571 70,400 70,450 14,221 10,936 14,555 13,104 73,450 73,500 15,066 11,686 15,425 13,854 76,400 76,450 76,500 15,904 12,414 16,231 14,291 10,914 14,612 13,129 73,550 73,600 15,108 11,724 15,457 13,891 76,500 15,904 12,441 16,231 14,624 16,321 14,624	70,050 70,100	70,100 70,150	14,184 14,196	10,849 10,861	14,487 14,501	13,016 13,029	73,050 73,100	73,100 73,150	14,968 14,982	11,599 11,611	15,327 15,341	13,766 13,779	76,050 76,100	76,100 76,150	15,808	12,349 12,361	16,167 16,181	14,516 14,529
70,45070,50014,28410,94914,59913,11673,45073,50015,08011,69915,43913,86676,45076,50015,92012,44916,27914,61670,50070,55014,29610,96114,61313,12973,55073,55015,09411,71115,45313,87976,55015,93412,46116,29314,62970,55070,60014,32110,98614,64113,15473,65073,65015,12211,73615,48113,90476,65076,60015,96212,48616,32114,66270,60070,70014,33411,01114,66513,16673,65073,70015,15611,74915,49513,91676,65015,96212,48616,32114,66470,70070,75014,34611,01114,66913,17973,75073,75015,15611,74915,49513,91676,70076,75015,99012,51116,34914,67970,75070,80014,35911,02414,68313,19173,75073,80073,85015,17811,78615,53713,95476,80076,80016,00412,52416,36314,69170,80070,85014,37111,03614,69713,20473,80073,85015,17811,78615,53713,95476,80076,80016,00412,52416,36314,69170,80070,85014,39611,06114,72513,20473	70,250 70,300	70,300 70,350	14,234 14,246	10,899 10,911	14,543 14,557	13,066 13,079	73,250 73,300	73,300 73,350	15,024 15,038	11,649 11,661	15,383 15,397	13,816 13,829	76,250 76,300	76,300 76,350	15,864 15,878	12,399 12,411	16,223 16,237	14,566 14,579
70,60070,65014,32110,98614,64113,15473,60073,65015,12211,73615,48113,90476,60076,65015,96212,48616,32114,65470,65070,70070,75014,34611,01114,66913,17973,75073,70073,75015,16411,77415,50913,94176,65076,70076,75015,97612,49916,33514,66670,70070,75070,80014,35911,02414,68313,19173,75073,80015,16411,77415,52313,94176,75076,80016,00412,52416,36314,69170,80070,85014,37111,03614,69713,20473,80073,85073,90015,17811,78615,53713,95476,80076,85016,01812,53616,37114,70470,85070,90014,38411,04914,71113,21673,95073,90015,19211,78615,53713,95476,80076,85016,01812,53616,37114,70470,85070,90014,39611,06114,72513,22973,95073,95015,20611,81115,56513,97976,85076,90016,04612,56116,40514,72970,95071,00014,40911,07414,73913,24173,95074,00015,22011,82415,57913,99176,85077,00016,06012,56116,40514,72970	70,450 70,500	70,500 70,550	14,271 14,284 14,296	10,936 10,949 10,961	14,585 14,599 14,613	13,104 13,116 13,129	73,400 73,450 73,500	73,500 73,550	15,066 15,080 15,094	11,686 11,699 11,711	15,425 15,439 15,453	13,854 13,866 13,879	76,400 76,450 76,500	76,500 76,550	15,906 15,920 15,934	12,436 12,449 12,461	16,265 16,279 16,293	14,604 14,616 14,629
70,800 70,850 14,371 11,036 14,697 13,204 73,800 73,850 15,178 11,786 15,537 13,954 76,800 76,850 16,018 12,536 16,377 14,704 70,900 70,950 14,396 11,061 14,725 13,229 73,900 73,950 15,120 11,799 15,551 13,966 76,850 76,900 16,032 12,549 16,031 14,716 14,716 14,716 14,716 14,716 14,716 15,206 11,811 15,555 13,956 76,900 76,950 16,046 12,561 16,405 14,729 70,950 71,000 14,409 11,074 14,739 13,241 73,950 74,000 15,220 11,824 15,579 13,991 76,950 76,950 16,046 12,561 16,405 14,729 71,000 14,409 14,739 13,241 73,950 74,000 15,220 11,824 15,579 13,991 76,950 77,000 16,060 <t< th=""><th>70,600 70,650 70,700</th><th>70,650 70,700 70,750</th><th>14,321 14,334 14,346</th><th>10,986 10,999 11,011</th><th>14,641 14,655 14,669</th><th>13,154 13,166 13,179</th><th>73,600 73,650 73,700</th><th>73,650 73,700 73,750</th><th>15,122 15,136 15,150</th><th>11,736 11,749 11,761</th><th>15,481 15,495 15,509</th><th>13,904 13,916 13,929</th><th>76,600 76,650 76,700</th><th>76,650 76,700 76,750</th><th>15,962 15,976 15,990</th><th>12,486 12,499 12,511</th><th>16,335 16,349</th><th>14,666 14,679</th></t<>	70,600 70,650 70,700	70,650 70,700 70,750	14,321 14,334 14,346	10,986 10,999 11,011	14,641 14,655 14,669	13,154 13,166 13,179	73,600 73,650 73,700	73,650 73,700 73,750	15,122 15,136 15,150	11,736 11,749 11,761	15,481 15,495 15,509	13,904 13,916 13,929	76,600 76,650 76,700	76,650 76,700 76,750	15,962 15,976 15,990	12,486 12,499 12,511	16,335 16,349	14,666 14,679
* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er). (Continued on page 74)	70,850 70,900	70,900 70,950	14,371 14,384 14,396	11,036 11,049 11,061	14,697 14,711 14,725	13,204 13,216 13,229	73,850 73,900	73,900 73,950	15,192 15,206	11,799 11,811	15,551 15,565	13,966 13,979	76,850	76,900 76,950	16,018 16,032 16,046	12,536 12,549 12,561	16,377 16,391 16,405	14,704 14,716 14,729
	* This c	olumn m	ust also	be used	d by a q	ualifying	widow(e	er).							I	(Contir	nued on p	age 74)

	axia		minut	54													
If line 43 (taxable income)		,	And yo	ou are-	-	If line (taxab incom			And y	ou are-	-	If line (taxab incom			And yo	u are—	
At least	But less than	f	Married filing jointly * Your t	Marriec filing sepa- rately :ax is—	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly * Your 1	Marriec filing sepa- rately :ax is—	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	filing jointly *	Married filing sepa- rately tax is—	Head of a house- hold
77.	000					80.	000					83,000					
	77,050	16,074 1	2.586	16.433	14.754	· · · ·	80.050	16.914	13,336	17.273	15.504	· · · · · ·	83,050	17.754	14,086	18.113	16.254
77,050 77,100 77,150	77,100 77,150 77,200	16,088 1 16,102 1 16,116 1	2,599 2,611 2,624	16,447 16,461 16,475	14,766 14,779 14,791	80,050 80,100 80,150	80,100 80,150 80,200	16,928 16,942 16,956	13,349 13,361 13,374	17,287 17,301 17,315	15,516 15,529 15,541	83,050 83,100 83,150	83,100 83,150 83,200	17,768 17,782 17,796	14,099 14,111 14,124	18,127 18,141 18,155	16,266 16,279 16,291
77,200 77,250 77,300 77,350	77,250 77,300 77,350 77,400	16,130 1 16,144 1 16,158 1 16,172 1	2,649 2,661	16,503 16,517	14,816 14,829	80,200 80,250 80,300 80,350	80,250 80,300 80,350 80,400	16,984 16,998	13,386 13,399 13,411 13,424	17,343 17,357	15,566 15,579	83,200 83,250 83,300 83,350	83,250 83,300 83,350 83,400	17,824 17,838	14,136 14,149 14,161 14,174	18,183 18,197	16,316 16,329
77,400 77,450 77,500 77,550	77,450 77,500 77,550 77,600	16,186 1 16,200 1 16,214 1 16,228 1	2,699 2,711	16,559 16,573	14,866 14,879	80,400 80,450 80,500 80,550	80,450 80,500 80,550 80,600	17,040 17,054	13,436 13,449 13,461 13,474	17,399 17,413	15,629	83,400 83,450 83,500 83,550	83,450 83,500 83,550 83,600	17,880 17,894	14,199 14,211	18,239 18,253	
77,600 77,650 77,700	77,650 77,700 77,750 77,800	16,242 1 16,256 1 16,270 1 16,284 1	2,736 2,749 2,761	16,601 16,615 16,629	14,904 14,916 14,929	80,600 80,650 80,700 80,750	80,650 80,700 80,750 80,800	17,082 17,096 17,110	13,486	17,441 17,455 17,469	15,654 15,666 15,679	83,600 83,650 83,700 83,750	83,650 83,700 83,750 83,800	17,922 17,936 17,950	14,236 14,249 14,261	18,281 18,295	16,404 16,416 16,429
77,800 77,850 77,900 77,950	77,850 77,900 77,950 78,000	16,298 12 16,312 12 16,326 12 16,340 12	2,786 2,799 2,811	16,657 16,671 16,685	14,954 14,966 14,979	80,800 80,850 80,900	80,850 80,900 80,950	17,138 17,152 17,166	13,536	17,497 17,511 17,525	15,704 15,716 15,729	83,800 83,850 83,900 83,950	83,850 83,900 83,950 84,000	17,978 17,992 18,006		18,337 18,351 18,365	16,454 16,466 16,479
	000	10,040	2,024	10,000	14,001		000	17,100	10,074	17,000	10,741	· ·	000	10,020	14,024	10,010	10,401
78,000		16,354 1	2,836	16,713	15,004	· · · ·		17,194	13,586	17,553	15,754	· · · · ·	84,050	18,034	14,336	18,393	16,504
78,050 78,100	78,100 78,150 78,200	16,368 1 16,382 1 16,396 1	2,849 2,861	16,727 16,741	15,016 15,029	81,050 81,100 81,150	81,100 81,150	17,208 17,222	13,599 13,611 13,624	17,567 17,581	15,766 15,779	84,050 84,100 84,150	84,100 84,150 84,200	18,048 18,062	14,349 14,361 14,374	18,407 18,421	16,516 16,529
78,200 78,250 78,300 78,350	78,250 78,300 78,350 78,400	16,410 12 16,424 12 16,438 12 16,452 12	2,899 2,911	16,783 16,797	15,066 15,079	81,200 81,250 81,300 81,350	81,250 81,300 81,350 81,400	17,264 17,278	13,636 13,649 13,661 13,674	17,623 17,637	15,816 15,829	84,200 84,250 84,300 84,350	84,250 84,300 84,350 84,400	18,104 18,118	14,399 14,411		
78,400 78,450 78,500 78,550	78,450 78,500 78,550 78,600	16,466 1 16,480 1 16,494 1 16,508 1	2,949 2,961	16,839 16,853	15,116 15,129	81,400 81,450 81,500 81,550	81,450 81,500 81,550 81,600	17,320 17,334	13,686 13,699 13,711 13,724	17,679 17,693	15,866 15,879	84,400 84,450 84,500 84,550	84,450 84,500 84,550 84,600	18,160 18,174 18,188	14,449 14,461 14,474	18,505 18,519 18,533 18,547	16,616 16,629
78,600 78,650 78,700 78,750	78,650 78,700 78,750 78,800	16,522 1 16,536 1 16,550 1 16,564 1	2,999 3,011	16,895 16,909	15,166 15,179	81,600 81,650 81,700 81,750	81,650 81,700 81,750 81,800	17,376	13,736 13,749 13,761 13,774	17,735	15,916 15,929	84,600 84,650 84,700 84,750	84,650 84,700 84,750 84,800	18,216 18,230	14,486 14,499 14,511 14,524		16,666 16,679
78,900	78,850 78,900 78,950 79,000	16,578 1 16,592 1 16,606 1 16,620 1	3,049 3,061	16,951 16,965	15,216 15,229	81,900	81,850 81,900 81,950 82,000	17,432 17,446	13,811	17,791 17,805	15,966 15,979	84,900	84,850 84,900 84,950 85,000	18,272 18,286	14,536 14,549 14,561 14,574	18,631 18,645	16,716 16,729
79,	000					82,	000					85,	000				
79,050	79,050 79,100 79,150 79,200	16,634 1 16,648 1 16,662 1 16,676 1	3,099 3,111	17,007 17,021	15,266 15,279	82,050 82,100	82,150	17,488 17,502	13,836 13,849 13,861 13,874	17,847 17,861	16,016 16,029	85,050 85,100	85,050 85,100 85,150 85,200	18,328 18,342	14,586 14,599 14,611 14,624	18,687 18,701	16,766 16,779
	79,300 79,350	16,690 1 16,704 1 16,718 1 16,732 1	3,149 3,161	17,063 17,077	15,316 15,329	82,250 82,300	82,300 82,350	17,544 17,558	13,886 13,899 13,911 13,924	17,903 17,917	16,066 16,079	85,200 85,250 85,300 85,350	85,250 85,300 85,350 85,400	18,384 18,398	14,636 14,649 14,661 14,674	18,743 18,757	16,816 16,829
79,400 79,450 79,500 79,550		16,746 1 16,760 1 16,774 1 16,788 1	3,199 3,211	17,119 17,133	15,366 15,379			17,600 17,614	13,936 13,949 13,961 13,974	17,959 17,973	16,116 16,129	85,400 85,450 85,500 85,550	85,450 85,500 85,550 85,600	18,440 18,454	14,686 14,699 14,711 14,724	18,799 18,813	16,866 16,879
79,650 79,700	79,650 79,700 79,750 79,800	16,802 1 16,816 1 16,830 1 16,844 1	3,249 3,261	17,175 17,189	15,416 15,429		82,750	17,656 17,670	13,986 13,999 14,011 14,024	18,015 18,029	16,166 16,179	85,600 85,650 85,700 85,750	85,650 85,700 85,750 85,800	18,496 18,510	14,736 14,749 14,761 14,774	18,855 18,869	16,916 16,929
79,850 79,900	79,850 79,900 79,950 80,000	16,858 1 16,872 1 16,886 1 16,900 1	3,299 3,311	17,231 17,245	15,466 15,479	82,850 82,900	82,850 82,900 82,950 83,000	17,712 17,726	14,036 14,049 14,061 14,074	18,071 18,085	16,216 16,229	85,900	85,850 85,900 85,950 86,000	18,552 18,566	14,786 14,799 14,811 14,824	18,911 18,925	16,966 16,979
* This co	* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er). (Continued on page 75)																

2005 Tax Table—Continued

	2005 Tax Table—Continued																
If line 4 (taxable income)			And y	ou are-	-	If line (taxab incom			And y	ou are-	-	If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	d Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
Your tax is—					Your tax is—					Your tax is— 92,000							
	86,050	18 50/	1/ 836	18,953	17 00/	· · · · ·	000 89,050	10/3/	15 586	19,793	17 75/	· · · ·	92,050	20.274	16 336	20,664	18 50/
	86,100 86,150 86,200 86,250 86,300	18,608 18,622 18,636 18,650	14,849 14,861 14,874 14,886	18,967 18,981 18,995 19,009 19,023	17,016 17,029 17,041 17,054		89,100 89,150 89,200 89,250 89,300	19,448 19,462 19,476 19,490	15,599 15,611 15,624 15,636	19,807 19,821	17,766 17,779 17,791 17,804	92,000 92,050 92,100 92,150 92,200 92,250	92,100 92,150 92,200 92,250 92,300	20,274 20,288 20,302 20,316 20,330 20,344	16,349 16,361 16,374 16,386	20,604 20,681 20,697 20,714 20,730 20,747	18,516 18,529 18,541 18,554
86,300 86,350	86,350 86,400	18,678	14,911	19,023 19,037 19,051	17,079	89,300 89,350	89,350 89,400	19,504 19,518 19,532	15,661	19,803 19,877 19,891	17,829	92,300 92,350	92,350 92,400	20,358	16,411		18,579
86,400 86,450 86,500 86,550	86,450 86,500 86,550 86,600	18,706 18,720 18,734	14,936 14,949 14,961	19,065 19,079 19,093 19,107	17,104 17,116 17,129	89,400 89,450 89,500 89,550	89,450 89,500 89,550 89,600	19,546 19,560 19,574 19,588	15,686 15,699 15,711	19,905	17,854 17,866 17,879	92,400 92,450 92,500 92,550	92,450 92,500 92,550 92,600	20,386 20,400 20,414	16,436 16,449	20,796 20,813 20,829	
86,600 86,650 86,700 86,750	86,650 86,700 86,750 86,800	18,776 18,790 18,804	14,999 15,011 15,024	19,121 19,135 19,149 19,163	17,166 17,179 17,191	89,600 89,650 89,700 89,750	89,650 89,700 89,750 89,800	19,602 19,616 19,630 19,644	15,749 15,761 15,774	19,989 20,003	17,916 17,929 17,941	92,600 92,650 92,700 92,750	92,650 92,700 92,750 92,800	20,456 20,470 20,484	16,511 16,524	20,895 20,912	18,666 18,679 18,691
86,800 86,850 86,900 86,950	86,850 86,900 86,950 87,000	18,832 18,846	15,049 15,061	19,177 19,191 19,205 19,219	17,216 17,229	89,800 89,850 89,900 89,950	89,850 89,900 89,950 90,000	19,672 19,686	15,799 15,811	20,017 20,031 20,045 20,059	17,966 17,979	92,800 92,850 92,900 92,950	92,850 92,900 92,950 93,000	20,512 20,526	16,561	20,928 20,945 20,961 20,978	18,716 18,729
87,	000					90,	000					93,	000				
87,000 87,050 87,100 87,150	87,100 87,150	18,888 18,902	15,099 15,111	19,233 19,247 19,261 19,275	17,266 17,279	90,000 90,050 90,100 90,150	90,050 90,100 90,150 90,200	19,728 19,742	15,836 15,849 15,861 15,874	20,073 20,087 20,101 20,115	18,016 18,029	93,000 93,050 93,100 93,150	93,050 93,100 93,150 93,200	20,568 20,582	16,611	20,994 21,011 21,027 21,044	18,766 18,779
87,350		18,944 18,958 18,972	15,149 15,161 15,174	19,289 19,303 19,317 19,331	17,316 17,329 17,341	90,200 90,250 90,300 90,350	90,250 90,300 90,350 90,400	19,784 19,798 19,812	15,899 15,911 15,924	20,129 20,143 20,157 20,171	18,066 18,079 18,091	93,200 93,250 93,300 93,350	93,250 93,300 93,350 93,400	20,624 20,638 20,652	16,649 16,661 16,674	21,060 21,077 21,093 21,110	18,816 18,829 18,841
	87,550 87,600	19,000 19,014 19,028	15,199 15,211 15,224	19,345 19,359 19,373 19,387	17,366 17,379 17,391	90,400 90,450 90,500 90,550	90,450 90,500 90,550 90,600	19,840 19,854 19,868	15,949 15,961 15,974	,	18,116 18,129 18,141	93,400 93,450 93,500 93,550	93,450 93,500 93,550 93,600	20,680 20,694 20,708	16,699 16,711 16,724	21,176	18,866 18,879 18,891
87,600 87,650 87,700 87,750	87,650 87,700 87,750 87,800	19,084	15,249 15,261 15,274	19,429 19,443	17,416 17,429 17,441	90,600 90,650 90,700 90,750	90,650 90,700 90,750 90,800	19,896 19,910 19,924	15,999 16,011 16,024	20,269 20,283	18,166 18,179 18,191	93,600 93,650 93,700 93,750	93,650 93,700 93,750 93,800	20,736 20,750 20,764	16,749 16,761 16,774	21,225 21,242	18,916 18,929 18,941
87,900 87,950		19,112	15,299 15,311	19,457 19,471 19,485 19,499	17,466 17,479		90,850 90,900 90,950 91,000	19,952 19,966	16,049 16,061	20,297 20,311 20,325 20,339	18,216 18,229		93,850 93,900 93,950 94,000	20,792 20,806	16,799 16,811	21,258 21,275 21,291 21,308	18,966 18,979
	000	10.154	15 000	10 510	17 504		000	10.004	10.000	00.050	10.054		000	00.004	10.000	01 004	10.004
88,150	88,100 88,150 88,200	19,168 19,182 19,196	15,349 15,361 15,374	19,513 19,527 19,541 19,555	17,516 17,529 17,541	91,050 91,100 91,150		20,008 20,022 20,036	16,099 16,111 16,124	20,353 20,367 20,381 20,395	18,266 18,279 18,291	94,050 94,100 94,150	94,050 94,100 94,150 94,200	20,848 20,862 20,876	16,849 16,861 16,874	21,324 21,341 21,357 21,374	19,016 19,029 19,041
88,200 88,250 88,300 88,350	88,300 88,350 88,400	19,224 19,238 19,252	15,399 15,411 15,424	19,569 19,583 19,597 19,611	17,566 17,579 17,591	91,300 91,350	91,250 91,300 91,350 91,400	20,064 20,078 20,092	16,149 16,161 16,174	20,409 20,423 20,437 20,451	18,316 18,329 18,341	94,200 94,250 94,300 94,350	94,250 94,300 94,350 94,400	20,904 20,918 20,932	16,899 16,911 16,924	21,390 21,407 21,423 21,440	19,066 19,079 19,091
88,500 88,550	88,500 88,550 88,600	19,280 19,294 19,308	15,449 15,461 15,474	19,625 19,639 19,653 19,667	17,616 17,629 17,641	91,550		20,120 20,134 20,148	16,199 16,211 16,224		18,366 18,379 18,391	94,400 94,450 94,500 94,550	94,450 94,500 94,550 94,600	20,960 20,974 20,988	16,949 16,961 16,974	21,456 21,473 21,489 21,506	19,116 19,129 19,141
88,600 88,650 88,700 88,750	88,700 88,750 88,800	19,336 19,350 19,364	15,499 15,511 15,524	19,681 19,695 19,709 19,723	17,666 17,679 17,691	91,650 91,700 91,750	91,650 91,700 91,750 91,800	20,176 20,190 20,204	16,249 16,261 16,274	20,532 20,549 20,565 20,582	18,416 18,429 18,441	94,600 94,650 94,700 94,750	94,700 94,750 94,800	21,016 21,030 21,044	16,999 17,011 17,024	21,522 21,539 21,555 21,572	19,166 19,179 19,191
88,850 88,900	88,850 88,900 88,950 89,000	19,392 19,406	15,549 15,561	19,737 19,751 19,765 19,779	17,716 17,729	91,900	91,850 91,900 91,950 92,000	20,232	16,299 16,311	20,598 20,615 20,631 20,648	18,466 18,479	94,800 94,850 94,900 94,950	94,850 94,900 94,950 95,000	21,072 21,086	17,049 17,061	21,588 21,605 21,621 21,638	19,216 19,229
* This co	* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er). (Continued on page 76)																

If line 44 (taxable income)	•		And yo	ou are—	-	If line (taxab incom			And yo	ou are—	-
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	Head of a house- hold
05	000		Your 1	ax is—		00	000		Your t	ax is—	
95,000	000 95,050	21,114	17 086	21,654	19,254	98,000	000 98,050	21 954	17,836	22,644	20,004
95,050 95,100 95,150	95,100 95,150 95,200	21,128 21,142 21,156	17,099 17,111 17,124	21,671 21,687 21,704	19,266 19,279 19,291	98,050 98,100 98,150	98,100 98,150 98,200	21,968 21,982 21,996	17,849 17,861 17,874	22,661 22,677 22,694	20,016 20,029 20,041
95,200 95,250 95,300 95,350	95,250 95,300 95,350 95,400	21,170 21,184 21,198 21,212	17,149 17,161	21,737 21,753	19,304 19,316 19,329 19,341	98,200 98,250 98,300 98,350	98,250 98,300 98,350 98,400	22,010 22,024 22,038 22,052	17,899 17,911	22,727 22,743	20,054 20,066 20,079 20,091
95,400 95,450 95,500 95,550	95,450 95,500 95,550 95,600	21,226 21,240 21,254 21,268	17,199 17,211	21,803 21,819	19,354 19,366 19,379 19,391	98,400 98,450 98,500 98,550	98,450 98,500 98,550 98,600	22,066 22,080 22,094 22,108	17,949 17,961	22,793 22,809	20,104 20,116 20,129 20,141
95,600 95,650 95,700 95,750	95,650 95,700 95,750 95,800	21,282 21,296 21,310 21,324	17,249 17,261	21,869 21,885	19,404 19,416 19,429 19,441	98,600 98,650 98,700 98,750	98,650 98,700 98,750 98,800	22,122 22,136 22,150 22,164	17,999 18,011	22,859 22,875	20,154 20,166 20,179 20,191
95,800 95,850 95,900 95,950	95,850 95,900 95,950 96,000	21,338 21,352 21,366 21,380	17,299 17,311	21,935 21,951	19,454 19,466 19,479 19,491	98,800 98,850 98,900 98,950	98,850 98,900 98,950 99,000	22,178 22,192 22,206 22,220	18,049 18,061	22,925 22,941	20,204 20,216 20,229 20,241
96,	000					99,	000				
96,000 96,050 96,100 96,150	96,050 96,100 96,150 96,200	21,394 21,408 21,422 21,436	17,349 17,361	21,984 22,001 22,017 22,034	19,504 19,516 19,529 19,541	99,000 99,050 99,100 99,150	99,050 99,100 99,150 99,200	22,234 22,248 22,262 22,276	18,099 18,111	22,991 23,007	20,254 20,266 20,279 20,291
96,200 96,250 96,300 96,350	96,250 96,300 96,350 96,400	21,450 21,464 21,478 21,492	17,386 17,399 17,411	22,050 22,067 22,083 22,100	19,554 19,566 19,579 19,591	99,200 99,250 99,300 99,350	99,250 99,300 99,350 99,400	22,290 22,304 22,318 22,332	18,136 18,149 18,161	23,040 23,057 23,073	20,304 20,316 20,329 20,341
96,400 96,450 96,500 96,550	96,450 96,500 96,550 96,600	21,506 21,520 21,534 21,548	17,449 17,461 17,474	22,133 22,149	19,604 19,616 19,629 19,641	99,400 99,450 99,500 99,550	99,450 99,500 99,550 99,600	22,346 22,360 22,374 22,388	18,199 18,211 18,224	23,123 23,139 23,156	20,354 20,366 20,379 20,391
96,600 96,650 96,700 96,750	96,650 96,700 96,750 96,800	21,562 21,576 21,590 21,604	17,499 17,511	22,182 22,199 22,215 22,232	19,654 19,666 19,679 19,691	99,600 99,650 99,700 99,750	99,650 99,700 99,750 99,800	22,402 22,416 22,430 22,444	18,249 18,261 18,274	23,189 23,205 23,222	20,404 20,416 20,429 20,441
96,950	96,850 96,900 96,950 97,000	21,646	17,549 17,561	22,265 22,281			99,850 99,900 99,950 100,000	22,486		23,255 23,271	20,454 20,466 20,479 20,491
	000										
97,000 97,050 97,100 97,150	97,050 97,100 97,150 97,200	21,674 21,688 21,702 21,716	17,599 17,611	22,331 22,347	19,754 19,766 19,779 19,791						
97,200 97,250 97,300 97,350	97,250 97,300 97,350 97,400	21,730 21,744 21,758 21,772	17,649 17,661	22,397 22,413	19,804 19,816 19,829 19,841			or o	0,000 ver —		
97,400 97,450 97,500 97,550	97,450 97,500 97,550 97,600	21,786 21,800 21,814 21,828	17,699	22,463 22,479	19,854 19,866 19,879 19,891			Comp	he Tax utation sheet		
97,600 97,650 97,700 97,750	97,650 97,700 97,750 97,800	21,842 21,856 21,870 21,884	17,749 17,761	22,529	19,904 19,916 19,929 19,941			on pa	age 77)	
97,800 97,850 97,900 97,950	97,850 97,900 97,950 98,000	21,898 21,912 21,926 21,940	17,799 17,811	22,595	19,954 19,966 19,979 19,991						
* This co	olumn m	ust also	be used	d by a q	ualifying	widow(e	er).				

2005 Tax Table—Continued

2005 Tax Computation Worksheet—Line 44



See the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37 to see if you must use the worksheet below to figure your tax.

Note. If you are required to use this worksheet to figure the tax on an amount from another form or worksheet, such as the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, Schedule J, or Form 8615, enter the amount from that form or worksheet in column (a) of the row that applies to the amount you are looking up. Enter the result on the appropriate line of the form or worksheet that you are completing.

Section A LIC	a if you	r filing statu	a in Single	Complete the row	balow that applies to w	~ 11
Section A-Os	e ii you	i innig statu	s is single.	Complete the row	below that applies to y	ou.

Taxable income. If line 43 is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 43	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 44
At least \$100,000 but not over \$150,150	\$	× 28% (.28)	\$	\$ 5,493.50	\$
Over \$150,150 but not over \$326,450	\$	× 33% (.33)	\$	\$ 13,001.00	\$
Over \$326,450	\$	× 35% (.35)	\$	\$ 19,530.00	\$

Section B—Use if your filing status is Married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er). Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 43 is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 43	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 44
At least \$100,000 but not over \$119,950	\$	× 25% (.25)	\$	\$ 6,670.00	\$
Over \$119,950 but not over \$182,800	\$	× 28% (.28)	\$	\$ 10,268.50	\$
Over \$182,800 but not over \$326,450	\$	× 33% (.33)	\$	\$ 19,408.50	\$
Over \$326,450	\$	× 35% (.35)	\$	\$ 25,937.50	\$

Section C—Use if your filing status is Married filing separately. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 43 is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 43	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 44
At least \$100,000 but not over \$163,225	\$	× 33% (.33)	\$	\$ 9,704.25	\$
Over \$163,225	\$	× 35% (.35)	\$	\$ 12,968.75	\$

Section D—Use if your filing status is Head of household. Complete the row below that applies to you.

Taxable income. If line 43 is—	(a) Enter the amount from line 43	(b) Multiplication amount	(c) Multiply (a) by (b)	(d) Subtraction amount	Tax. Subtract (d) from (c). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 44
At least \$100,000 but not over \$102,800	\$	× 25% (.25)	\$	\$ 4,502.50	\$
Over \$102,800 but not over \$166,450	\$	× 28% (.28)	\$	\$ 7,586.50	\$
Over \$166,450 but not over \$326,450	\$	× 33% (.33)	\$	\$ 15,909.00	\$
Over \$326,450	\$	× 35% (.35)	\$	\$ 22,438.00	\$

Disclosure, Privacy Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

The IRS Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998, the Privacy Act of 1974, and the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 require that when we ask you for information we must first tell you our legal right to ask for the information, why we are asking for it, and how it will be used. We must also tell you what could happen if we do not receive it and whether your response is voluntary, required to obtain a benefit, or mandatory under the law.

This notice applies to all papers you file with us, including this tax return. It also applies to any questions we need to ask you so we can complete, correct, or process your return; figure your tax; and collect tax, interest, or penalties.

Our legal right to ask for information is Internal Revenue Code sections 6001, 6011, and 6012(a), and their regulations. They say that you must file a return or statement with us for any tax you are liable for. Your response is mandatory under these sections. Code section 6109 requires that you provide your social security number or individual taxpayer identification number on what you file. This is so we know who you are, and can process your return and other papers. You must fill in all parts of the tax form that apply to you. But you do not have to check the boxes for the Presidential Election Campaign Fund or for the third-party designee. You also do not have to provide your daytime phone number.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law.

We ask for tax return information to carry out the tax laws of the United States. We need it to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

If you do not file a return, do not provide the information we ask for, or provide fraudulent information, you may be charged penalties and be subject to criminal prosecution. We may also have to disallow the exemptions, exclusions, credits, deductions, or adjustments shown on the tax return. This could make the tax higher or delay any refund. Interest may also be charged.

Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as stated in Code section 6103. However, Code section 6103 allows or requires the Internal Revenue Service to disclose or give the information shown on your tax return to others as described in the Code. For example, we may disclose your tax information to the Department of Justice to enforce the tax laws, both civil and criminal, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, U.S. commonwealths or possessions, and certain foreign governments to carry out their tax laws. We may disclose your tax information to the Department of Treasury and contractors for tax administration purposes; and to other persons as necessary to obtain information which we cannot get in any other way in order to determine the amount of or to collect the tax you owe. We may disclose your tax information to the Comptroller General of the United States to permit the Comptroller General to review the Internal Revenue Service. We may disclose your tax information to committees of Congress; federal, state, and local child support agencies; and

to other federal agencies for the purposes of determining entitlement for benefits or the eligibility for and the repayment of loans. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

Please keep this notice with your records. It may help you if we ask you for other information. If you have questions about the rules for filing and giving information, please call or visit any Internal Revenue Service office.

We Welcome Comments on Forms

We try to create forms and instructions that can be easily understood. Often this is difficult to do because our tax laws are very complex. For some people with income mostly from wages, filling in the forms is easy. For others who have businesses, pensions, stocks, rental income, or other investments, it is more difficult.

If you have suggestions for making these forms simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can email us at **taxforms@irs.gov.* Please put "Forms Comment" on the subject line. Or you can write to Internal Revenue Service, Tax Products Coordinating Committee, SE:W:CAR:MP:T:T:SP, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6406, Washington, DC 20224. Do not send your return to this address. Instead, see the back cover.

Estimates of Taxpayer Burden

The new estimates of taxpayer burden shown below were developed by the IRS to better measure and understand the burden taxpayers experience when preparing their taxes. These estimates of average preparation times and out-of-pocket expenses are based on a new survey of taxpayers and a more accurate method of estimating taxpayer burden. They focus on taxpayer characteristics and activities, rather than forms, and replace the burden estimates shown in prior year tax form instructions. The information collected to figure the new estimates includes type of taxpayer, preparation method, filing method, and taxpayer activities. The new estimates shown below are grouped by principal combinations of forms submitted and are not available separately for each form.

These changes create a one-time shift in estimates of burden levels. Comparisons should not be made between these and earlier published estimates.

To determine the average burden of taxpayers like you, select the row in the table below that applies to you. You are a "business" filer if you file one or more of the following with your Form 1040: Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ. You are a "nonbusiness" filer if you did not file any of those schedules or forms with your Form 1040.

If you have comments concerning the time and expense estimates below, you can contact us at either one of the addresses shown under *We Welcome Comments on Forms* on page 78.

These estimates were the latest available when the forms went to print. The most current information can be found on the IRS website at *www.irs.gov.*

Estimated Average Preparation Times and Out-of-Pocket Expenses by Return Preparation Method

The average time and expenses required to complete and file Form 1040, its schedules, and accompanying forms will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated averages are:

		red Without oftware		red With Tax tware	Prepared by Paid Professional	
Taxpayer and Form Combinations for Form 1040 Filers	Hours	Costs	Hours	Costs	Hours	Costs
Nonbusiness Filers *	16.1	\$17	21.8	\$42	10.9	\$172
Form 1040 and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule A or D	13.7	\$13	15.9	\$26	7.6	\$121
Form 1040, Schedule A, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule D	16.7	\$18	22.7	\$51	12.1	\$174
Form 1040, Schedule D, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule A	17.5	\$30	18.3	\$36	12.8	\$215
Form 1040, Schedules A and D, and other forms and schedules	27.5	\$18	37.8	\$63	18.0	\$313
Business Filers *	45.1	\$43	67.1	\$93	47.9	\$542
Form 1040, Schedule C or C-EZ, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule E or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ	48.0	\$19	80.2	\$88	55.4	\$329
Form 1040, Schedule E, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule C, C-EZ, or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ	34.1	\$72	49.0	\$65	36.6	\$685
Form 1040 and Schedule F and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule C, C-EZ, or E or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ	44.8	\$15	62.8	\$102	49.7	\$296
Form 1040, Form 2106 or 2106-EZ, and other forms and schedules, but not Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F	35.9	\$17	15.9	\$67	27.7	\$349
Form 1040 and forms and schedules including more than one Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ	66.0	\$128	80.5	\$177	62.4	\$866

* You are a "business" filer if you file one or more of the following with your Form 1040: Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F or Form 2106 or 2106-EZ. You are a "nonbusiness" filer if you did not file any of those schedules or forms with your Form 1040.

Estimated Average Preparation Time by Taxpayer Activities

The average time needed to complete and file Form 1040, its schedules, and accompanying forms by taxpayer activities is shown below.

	Average Time (Hours)						
Taxpayer and Form Combinations for Form 1040 Filers	Total	Record- keeping	Tax Planning	Form Completion	All Other Activities		
Nonbusiness Filers	12.9	5.7	2.5	2.9	1.9		
Business Filers	51.4	36.5	5.1	4.4	5.5		

Double click on the icon to the left for additional information on the new estimates of taxpayer burden, which will open a separate HTML file.

Order Blank for Forms and Publications

The most frequently ordered forms and publications are listed on the order blank below. You will receive two copies of each form and one copy of each publication you order. To help reduce waste, please order only the items you need to prepare your return.



For faster ways of getting the items you need, such as by Internet, see page 7.

How To Use the Order Blank

Circle the items you need on the order blank below. Use the blank spaces to order items not listed. If you need more space, attach a separate sheet of paper. Print or type your name and address accurately in the space provided to ensure delivery of your order. Cut the order blank on the dotted line. Enclose the order blank in an envelope and mail it to the IRS address shown on this page. You should receive your order within 10 days after receipt of your request. Do not send your tax return to the address listed below. Instead, see the back cover.

Mail Your Order Blank To: Internal Revenue Service National Distribution Center P.O. Box 8903 Bloomington, IL 61702-8903

Cut here

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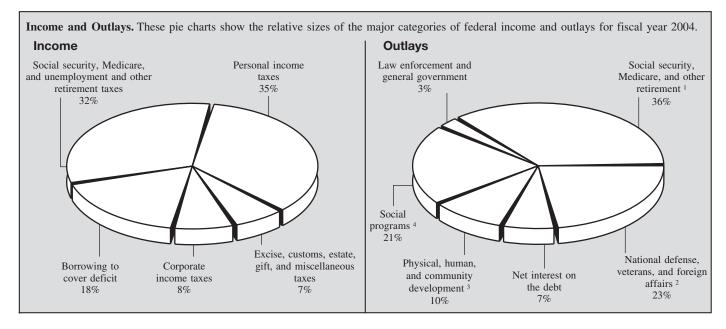
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1040	Schedule F (1040)	Schedule 3 (1040A)	4506	8822	Pub. 501	Pub. 535	Pub. 926
Schedules A&B (1040)	Schedule H (1040)	1040EZ	4562	8829	Pub. 502	Pub. 547	Pub. 970
Schedule C (1040)	Schedule J 1040-ES (2006)		4684	8863	Pub. 505	Pub. 550	Pub. 972
Schedule C-EZ (1040)	Schedule R (1040)	1040-V	4868	9465	Pub. 523	Pub. 554	
Schedule D (1040)	Schedule SE (1040)	1040X	6251	Pub. 1	Pub. 525	Pub. 575	
Schedule D-1 (1040)	1040A	2106	8283	Pub. 17	Pub. 526	Pub. 590	
Schedule E (1040)	Schedule 1 (1040A)	2106-EZ	8606	Pub. 334	Pub. 527	Pub. 596	
Schedule EIC (1040A or 1040)	$\mathbf{OA} \begin{bmatrix} \text{Schedule 2} \\ (1040\text{ A}) \end{bmatrix} = 2$		8812	Pub. 463	Pub. 529	Pub. 910	

Circle the forms and publications you need. The instructions for any form you order will be included.

Major Categories of Federal Income and Outlays for Fiscal Year 2004



On or before the first Monday in February of each year, the President is required by law to submit to the Congress a budget proposal for the fiscal year that begins the following October. The budget plan sets forth the President's proposed receipts, spending, and the surplus or deficit for the Federal Government. The plan includes recommendations for new legislation as well as recommendations to change, eliminate, and add programs. After receiving the President's proposal, the Congress reviews it and makes changes. It first passes a budget resolution setting its own targets for receipts, outlays, and the surplus or deficit. Next, individual spending and revenue bills that are consistent with the goals of the budget resolution are enacted.

In fiscal year 2004 (which began on October 1, 2003, and ended on September 30, 2004), federal income was \$1.9 trillion and

outlays were \$2.3 trillion, leaving a deficit of \$0.4 trillion.

Footnotes for Certain Federal Outlays

1. Social security, Medicare, and other retirement: These programs provide income support for the retired and disabled and medical care for the elderly.

2. National defense, veterans, and foreign affairs: About 19% of outlays were to equip, modernize, and pay our armed forces and to fund other national defense activities; about 3% were for veterans benefits and services; and about 1% were for international activities, including military and economic assistance to foreign countries and the maintenance of U.S. embassies abroad. 3. Physical, human, and community development: These outlays were for agriculture; natural resources; environment; transportation; aid for elementary and secondary education and direct assistance to college students; job training; deposit insurance, commerce and housing credit, and community development; and space, energy, and general science programs.

4. **Social programs:** About 14% of total outlays were for Medicaid, food stamps, temporary assistance for needy families, supplemental security income, and related programs; and the remaining outlays were for health research and public health programs, unemployment compensation, assisted housing, and social services.

Note. The percentages on this page exclude undistributed offsetting receipts, which were \$59 billion in fiscal year 2004. In the budget, these receipts are offset against spending in figuring the outlay totals shown above. These receipts are for the U.S. Government's share of its employee retirement programs, rents and royalties on the Outer Continental Shelf, and proceeds from the sale of assets.

2005 Tax Rate Schedules



The Tax Rate Schedules are shown so you can see the tax rate that applies to all levels of taxable income. Do not use them to figure your tax. Instead, see the instructions for line 44 that begin on page 37.

Schedule X—If your filing status is Single

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	
Over—	But not over—		of the amount over—
\$0	\$7,300	10%	\$0
7,300	29,700	\$730.00 + 15%	7,300
29,700	71,950	4,090.00 + 25%	29,700
71,950	150,150	14,652.50 + 28%	71,950
150,150	326,450	36,548.50 + 33%	150,150
326,450		94,727.50 + 35%	326,450

Schedule Y-1—If your filing status is Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	<i>с.</i> н
Over—	But not over—		of the amount over—
\$0	\$14,600	10%	\$0
14,600	59,400	\$1,460.00 + 15%	14,600
59,400	119,950	8,180.00 + 25%	59,400
119,950	182,800	23,317.50 + 28%	119,950
182,800	326,450	40,915.50 + 33%	182,800
326,450		88,320.00 + 35%	326,450

Schedule Y-2—If your filing status is Married filing separately

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	
Over—	But not over—		of the amount over—
\$0	\$7,300	10%	\$0
7,300	29,700	\$730.00 + 15%	7,300
29,700	59,975	4,090.00 + 25%	29,700
59,975	91,400	11,658.75 + 28%	59,975
91,400	163,225	20,457.75 + 33%	91,400
163,225		44,160.00 + 35%	163,225

Schedule Z—If your filing status is Head of household

If your taxable income is:		The tax is:	of the
Over—	But not over—		amount over—
\$0	\$10,450	10%	\$0
10,450	39,800	\$1,045.00 + 15%	10,450
39,800	102,800	5,447.50 + 25%	39,800
102,800	166,450	21,197.50 + 28%	102,800
166,450	326,450	39,019.50 + 33%	166,450
326,450		91,819.50 + 35%	326,450



2005 Instructions for Schedules A & B (Form 1040)

Instructions for Schedule A, Itemized **Deductions**

Use Schedule A (Form 1040) to figure your itemized deductions. In most cases, your federal income tax will be less if you take the larger of your itemized deductions or your standard deduction.

If you itemize, you can deduct a part of your medical and dental expenses and unreimbursed employee business expenses, and amounts you paid for certain taxes, interest, contributions, and miscellaneous expenses. You can also deduct certain casualty and theft losses

If you and your spouse paid expenses jointly and are filing separate returns for 2005, see Pub. 504 to figure the portion of joint expenses that you can claim as itemized deductions.



Do not include on Schedule A items deducted elsewhere, such as on Form 1040 or Schedule C, C-EZ, E, or F.

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

What's New

• Certain cash contributions paid after August 27, 2005, are not subject to the overall limitation on itemized deductions or the 50% adjusted gross income limitation. See the instructions for line 15b on page A-7.

• Casualty and theft losses that occurred in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area after August 24, 2005, are not subject to the \$100 and the 10% adjusted gross income limitations if the loss was caused by Hurricane Katrina. See the instructions for line 19 on page A-8.

• The 2005 rate for use of your vehicle to get medical care is 15 cents a mile (22 cents a mile after August 31, 2005).

• The 2005 rate for charitable use of your vehicle to provide relief related to Hurricane Katrina is 29 cents a mile after August 24, 2005 (34 cents a mile after August 31, 2005).

• If you deduct more than \$500 for a contribution of a motor vehicle, boat, or airplane, you must attach a statement from the charitable organization to your return. See the instructions for line 16 that begin on page A-7.

• If you elected to deduct contributions made in January 2005 for the relief of victims of the Indian Ocean tsunami on your 2004 return, you cannot deduct the contributions for 2005. See Contributions You Cannot Deduct on page A-7.

• Special rules apply to certain contributions of food inventory and book inventory made after August 27, 2005. For details, see Pub. 526.

• Certain whaling captains may be able to claim a charitable deduction for whale hunting expenses. See Gifts to Charity on page A-6 for more details.

• The tables and worksheet needed to figure your state and local sales tax deduction using the optional method have been added to the instructions for line 5 that begin on page A-3. Pub. 600 and Pub. 600-A do not apply for 2005.

• Line 29 has been added to elect to itemize even though your itemized deductions are less than your standard deduction. This election was previously made on Form 1040.

Medical and Dental Expenses

You can deduct only the part of your medical and dental expenses that exceeds 7.5% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38.

Pub. 502 discusses the types of expenses that you can and cannot deduct. It also explains when you can deduct capital expenses and special care expenses for disabled persons.



If you received a distribution from a health savings account or a medical savings account in 2005, see Pub. 969 to figure vour deduction.

Examples of Medical and **Dental Payments You Can** Deduct

To the extent you were not reimbursed, you can deduct what you paid for:

• Insurance premiums for medical and dental care, including premiums for qualified long-term care contracts as defined in Pub. 502. But see Limit on long-term care premiums you can deduct on page A-2. Reduce the insurance premiums by any self-employed health insurance deduction you claimed on Form 1040, line 29.

Note. If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation pension recipient, you must reduce your insurance premiums by any amounts used to figure the health coverage tax credit. See the instructions for line 1 on page A-2.



You cannot deduct insurance premiums paid with pretax dollars because the premiums are not included in box 1 of your

Form(s) W-2.

• Prescription medicines or insulin.

• Acupuncturists, chiropractors, dentists, eye doctors, medical doctors, occupational therapists, osteopathic doctors, physical therapists, podiatrists, psychiatrists, psychoanalysts (medical care only), and psychologists.

 Medical examinations, X-ray and laboratory services, insulin treatment, and whirlpool baths your doctor ordered.

 Nursing help (including your share of the employment taxes paid). If you paid someone to do both nursing and housework, you can deduct only the cost of the nursing help.

• Hospital care (including meals and lodging), clinic costs, and lab fees.

• Qualified long-term care services (see Pub. 502).

• The supplemental part of Medicare insurance (Medicare B).

• A program to stop smoking and for prescription medicines to alleviate nicotine withdrawal.

• A weight-loss program as treatment for a specific disease (including obesity) diagnosed by a doctor.

• Medical treatment at a center for drug or alcohol addiction.

 Medical aids such as eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aids, braces, crutches, wheelchairs, and guide dogs, including the cost of maintaining them.

• Surgery to improve defective vision, such as laser eye surgery or radial keratotomy.

• Lodging expenses (but not meals) while away from home to receive medical care in a hospital or a medical care facility related to a hospital, provided there was no significant element of personal pleasure, recreation, or vacation in the travel. Do not deduct more than \$50 a night for each eligible person.

• Ambulance service and other travel costs to get medical care. If you used your own car, you can claim what you spent for gas and oil to go to and from the place you received the care; or you can claim 15 cents a mile (22 cents a mile for travel after August 31, 2005). Add parking and tolls to the amount you claim under either method.

Note. Certain medical expenses paid out of a deceased taxpayer's estate can be claimed on the deceased taxpayer's final return. See Pub. 502 for details.

Limit on long-term care premiums you can deduct. The amount you can deduct for qualified long-term care contracts (as defined in Pub. 502) depends on the age, at the end of 2005, of the person for whom the premiums were paid. See the chart below for details.

IF the person was, at the end of 2005, age	THEN the most you can deduct is
40 or under	\$ 270
41-50	\$ 510
51-60	\$ 1,020
61-70	\$ 2,720
71 or older	\$ 3,400

Examples of Medical and Dental Payments You Cannot Deduct

• The basic cost of Medicare insurance (Medicare A).



If you were age 65 or older but not entitled to social security benefits, you can deduct premiums you voluntarily paid for Medicare A coverage.

• The cost of diet food.

 Cosmetic surgery unless it was necessary to improve a deformity related to a congenital abnormality, an injury from an accident or trauma, or a disfiguring disease.

• Life insurance or income protection policies.

• The Medicare tax on your wages and tips or the Medicare tax paid as part of the self-employment tax or household employment taxes.

• Nursing care for a healthy baby. But you may be able to take a credit for the amount you paid. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 48.

Illegal operations or drugs.

• Imported drugs not approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). This includes foreign-made versions of U.S.-approved drugs manufactured without FDA approval.

 Nonprescription medicines (including nicotine gum and certain nicotine patches).

 Travel your doctor told you to take for rest or a change.

• Funeral, burial, or cremation costs.

Line 1 **Medical and Dental** Expenses

Enter the total of your medical and dental expenses (see page A-1), after you reduce these expenses by any payments received from insurance or other sources. See Reim*bursements* on this page.



Do not forget to include insurance premiums you paid for medical and dental care. But if you claimed the self-employed

health insurance deduction on Form 1040, line 29, reduce the premiums by the amount on line 29.

Note. If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation pension recipient, you must complete Form 8885 before completing Schedule A, line 1. When figuring the amount of insurance premiums you can deduct on Schedule A, do not include any health coverage tax credit advance payments shown in box 1 of Form 1099-H. Also, subtract the amount

shown on Form 8885, line 4 (reduced by any advance payments shown on line 6 of that form), from the total insurance premiums you paid.

Whose medical and dental expenses can you include? You can include medical and dental bills you paid for:

• Yourself and your spouse.

• All dependents you claim on your return.

• Your child whom you do not claim as a dependent because of the rules for children of divorced or separated parents.

• Any person you could have claimed as a dependent on your return except that person received \$3,200 or more of gross income or filed a joint return.

• Any person you could have claimed as a dependent except that you, or your spouse if filing jointly, can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 return.

Example. You provided over half of your mother's support but cannot claim her as a dependent because she received wages of \$3,200 in 2005. You can include on line 1 any medical and dental expenses you paid in 2005 for your mother.

Reimbursements. If your insurance company paid the provider directly for part of your expenses, and you paid only the amount that remained, include on line 1 only the amount you paid. If you received a reimbursement in 2005 for medical or dental expenses you paid in 2005, reduce your 2005 expenses by this amount. If you received a reimbursement in 2005 for prior year medical or dental expenses, do not reduce your 2005 expenses by this amount. But if you deducted the expenses in the earlier year and the deduction reduced your tax, you must include the reimbursement in income on Form 1040, line 21. See Pub. 502 for details on how to figure the amount to include.

Cafeteria plans. Do not include on line 1 insurance premiums paid by an employer-sponsored health insurance plan (cafeteria plan) unless the premiums are included in box 1 of your Form(s) W-2. Also, do not include any other medical and dental expenses paid by the plan unless the amount paid is included in box 1 of your Form(s) W-2.

Taxes You Paid Taxes You Cannot Deduct

Federal income and excise taxes.

• Social security, Medicare, federal unemployment (FUTA), and railroad retirement (RRTA) taxes.

Customs duties.

• Federal estate and gift taxes. But see the instructions for line 27 on page A-9.

 Certain state and local taxes, including: tax on gasoline, car inspection fees, assessments for sidewalks or other improvements to your property, tax you paid for someone else, and license fees (marriage, driver's, dog, etc.).

Line 5



You can elect to deduct state and local general sales taxes instead of state and local income taxes. You cannot deduct

both.

State and Local Income Taxes

If you deduct state and local income taxes, check box a on line 5. Include on this line the state and local income taxes listed below

 State and local income taxes withheld from your salary during 2005. Your Form(s) W-2 will show these amounts. Forms W-2G, 1099-G, 1099-R, and 1099-MISC may also show state and local income taxes withheld.

• State and local income taxes paid in 2005 for a prior year, such as taxes paid with your 2004 state or local income tax return. Do not include penalties or interest.

 State and local estimated tax payments made during 2005, including any part of a prior year refund that you chose to have credited to your 2005 state or local income taxes.

 Mandatory contributions you made to the California, New Jersey, or New York Nonoccupational Disability Benefit Fund, Rhode Island Temporary Disability Benefit Fund, or Washington State Supplemental Workmen's Compensation Fund.

Do not reduce your deduction by any:

• State or local income tax refund or credit you expect to receive for 2005, or

• Refund of, or credit for, prior year state and local income taxes you actually received in 2005. Instead, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 10.

State and Local General Sales Taxes

If you elect to deduct state and local general sales taxes, you **must** check **box b** on line 5. To figure your deduction, you can use either your actual expenses or the optional sales tax tables.

Actual Expenses

Generally, you can deduct the actual state and local general sales taxes (including compensating use taxes) you paid in 2005 if the tax rate was the same as the general sales tax rate. However, sales taxes on food, clothing, medical supplies, and motor vehicles are deductible as a general sales tax even if the tax rate was less than the general sales tax rate. Sales taxes on motor vehicles are also deductible as a general sales tax if the tax rate was more than the

general sales tax rate, but the tax is deductible only up to the amount of tax that would have been imposed at the general sales tax rate. Motor vehicles include cars, motorcycles, motor homes, recreational vehicles, sport utility vehicles, trucks, vans, and off-road vehicles. Also include any state and local general sales taxes paid for a leased motor vehicle.

Do not include sales taxes paid on items used in your trade or business.



You must keep your actual receipts showing general sales taxes paid to use this method.

Refund of general sales taxes. If you received a refund of state or local general sales taxes in 2005 for amounts paid in 2005, reduce your 2005 state and local general sales taxes by this amount. If you received a refund of state or local general sales taxes in 2005 for prior year purchases, do not reduce your 2005 state and local general sales taxes by this amount. But if you deducted your state and local general sales taxes in the earlier year and the deduction reduced your tax, you may have to include the refund in income on Form 1040, line 21. See *Recoveries* in Pub. 525 for details.

Optional Sales Tax Tables

Instead of using your actual expenses, you can use the tables on pages A-10 through A-12 to figure your state and local general sales tax deduction. You may also be able to add the state and local general sales taxes paid on certain specified items.

To figure your state and local general sales tax deduction using the tables, complete the worksheet on page A-4.

Note. Instead of completing the worksheet, you can use the 2005 Sales Tax Calculator on the IRS website at www.irs.gov/pub/ irs-soi/SalesTaxCalc05.xls.



If your filing status is married filing separately, both you and your spouse elect to deduct sales taxes, and your spouse

elects to use the optional sales tax tables, you also must use the tables to figure your state and local general sales tax deduction.

Instructions for Line 5b Worksheet

Line 1. If you lived in the same state for all of 2005, enter the applicable amount, based on your 2005 income and exemptions, from the optional state sales tax table for your state on page A-10 or A-11. Read down the "At least-But less than" columns for your state and find the line that includes your 2005 income. If married filing separately, do not include your spouse's income. Your 2005 income is the amount shown on your Form 1040, line 38, plus any nontaxable items, such as the following.

- Tax-exempt interest.
- Veterans' benefits.

• Nontaxable combat pay.

• Workers' compensation.

• Nontaxable part of social security and railroad retirement benefits.

 Nontaxable part of IRA, pension, or annuity distributions. Do not include rollovers.

• Public assistance payments. The exemptions column refers to the number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040, line 6d. Do not include any additional exemptions you listed on Form 8914 for individuals displaced by Hurricane Katrina.

What if you lived in more than one state? If you lived in more than one state during 2005, look up the table amount for each state using the above rules. If there is no table for your state, the table amount is considered to be zero. Multiply the table amount for each state you lived in by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of days you lived in the state during 2005 and the denominator is the total number of days in the year (365). Enter the total of the prorated table amounts for each state on line 1. However, if you also lived in a locality during 2005 that imposed a local general sales tax, do not enter the total on line 1. Instead, complete a separate worksheet for each state you lived in and enter the prorated amount for that state on line 1.

Example. You lived in State A from January 1 through August 31, 2005 (243 days), and in State B from September 1 through December 31, 2005 (122 days). The table amount for State A is \$500. The table amount for State B is \$400. You would figure your state general sales tax as follows.

State A:	\$500 x 243/365 =	\$333
State B:	\$400 x 122/365 =	134
Total	=	\$467

If none of the localities in which you lived during 2005 imposed a local general sales tax, enter \$467 on line 1 of your worksheet. Otherwise, complete a separate worksheet for State A and State B. Enter \$333 on line 1 of the State A worksheet and \$134 on line 1 of the State B worksheet.

Line 2. If you checked the "No" box, enter -0- on line 2, and go to line 3. If you checked the "Yes" box and lived in the same locality for all of 2005, enter the applicable amount, based on your 2005 income and exemptions, from the optional local sales tax table for your locality on page A-12. Read down the "At least-But less than" columns for your locality and find the line that includes your 2005 income. See the line 1 instructions on this page to figure your 2005 income. The exemptions column refers to the number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040, line 6d. Do not include any additional exemptions you listed on Form 8914 for individuals displaced by Hurricane Katrina.

What if you lived in more than one locality? If you lived in more than one locality during 2005, look up the table amount

for each locality using the above rules. If there is no table for your locality, the table amount is considered to be zero. Multiply the table amount for each locality you lived in by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of days you lived in the locality during 2005 and the denominator is the total number of days in the year (365). If you lived in more than one locality in the same state and the local general sales tax rate was the same for each locality, enter the total of the prorated table amounts for each locality in that state on line 2. Otherwise, complete a separate worksheet for lines 2 through 6 for each locality and enter each prorated table amount on line 2 of the applicable worksheet.

Example. You lived in Locality 1 from January 1 through August 31, 2005 (243 days), and in Locality 2 from September 1 through December 31, 2005 (122 days). The table amount for Locality 1 is \$100. The table amount for Locality 2 is \$150.

You would figure the amount to enter on line 2 as follows. Note that this amount may not equal your local sales tax deduction, which is figured on line 6 of the worksheet.

Locality 1:	\$100 x 243/365 =	\$ 67
Locality 2:	\$150 x 122/365 =	50
Total	=	\$117

Line 3. If you lived in Virginia, check the "No" box. Your state and local general sales taxes are combined in the table on page A-11.

If you lived in California, check the "No" box if your combined state and local general sales tax rate is 7.25%. Otherwise, check the "Yes" box and include on line 3 only the part of the combined rate that is more than 7.25%.

If you lived in Nevada, check the "No" box if your combined state and local general sales tax rate is 6.5%. Otherwise, check the "Yes" box and include on line 3 only the part of the combined rate that is more than 6.5%

If you lived in Texarkana, Arkansas, check the "Yes" box and enter "4.0" on line 3. Your local general sales tax rate of 4.0% includes the additional 1.0% Arkansas state sales tax rate for Texarkana and the 1.5% sales tax rate for Miller County.

What if your local general sales tax rate changed during 2005? If you checked the "Yes" box and your local general sales tax rate changed during 2005, figure the rate to enter on line 3 as follows. Multiply each tax rate for the period it was in effect by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of days the rate was in effect during 2005 and the denominator is the total number of days in the year (365). Enter the total of the prorated tax rates on line 3.

. Enter your state general sales taxes from the applicable table on page A-10 or A-11 (see	ee ins	tructions)	1.	
Did you live in Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas (Texarkana only), California (Los Angeles Colorado, Georgia, Illinois, Louisiana, New York (New York City only), or North Car				
No. Enter -0-				
Yes. Enter your local general sales taxes from the applicable table on page A-12 (see instructions)	2.			
• Did your locality impose a local general sales tax in 2005? Virginia residents, check the "No" box. Residents of California, Nevada, and Texarkana, Arkansas, see instructions.				
No. Skip lines 3 through 5, enter -0- on line 6, and go to line 7.				
Yes. Enter your local general sales tax rate, but omit percentages (for example, if your local general sales tax rate was 2.5%, enter 2.5). If your local general sales tax rate changed or you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005, see instructions	3.		_	
. Did you enter -0- on line 2 above?				
No. Skip lines 4 and 5 and go to line 6.				
Yes. Enter your state general sales tax rate (from the table heading for your state), but omit percentages. For example, if your state general sales tax rate is 6%, enter 6.0.	4.			
Divide line 3 by line 4. Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places)	5.			
Did you enter -0- on line 2 above?				
No. Multiply line 2 by line 3			6.	
Yes. Multiply line 1 by line 5. If you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005, see instructions.				
Enter your general sales taxes paid on specified items, if any (see instructions)			7.	
Deduction for general sales taxes. Add lines 1, 6, and 7. Enter the result here and the your worksheets, if applicable, on Schedule A, line 5. Be sure to check box b on that 1			8.	

Example. Locality 1 imposed a 1% local general sales tax from January 1 through September 30, 2005 (273 days). The rate increased to 1.75% for the period from October 1 through December 31, 2005 (92 days). You would enter "1.189" on line 3, figured as follows.

January 1 –		
September 30:	1.00 x 273/365 =	0.748
October 1 -		
December 31:	$1.75 \times 92/365 =$	0.441
Total	=	1.189

What if you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005? Complete a separate worksheet for lines 2 through 6 for each locality in your state if you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005 and either of the following applies.

• Each locality did not have the same local general sales tax rate.

• You lived in Texarkana, AR; Los Angeles County, CA; or New York, NY.

To figure the amount to enter on line 3 of the worksheet for each locality in which you lived (except a locality for which you used the table on page A-12 to figure your local general sales tax deduction), multiply the local general sales tax rate by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of days you lived in the locality during 2005 and the denominator is the total number of days in the year (365).

Example. You lived in Locality 1 from January 1 through August 31, 2005 (243 days), and in Locality 2 from September 1 through December 31, 2005 (122 days). The local general sales tax rate for Locality 1 is 1%. The rate for Locality 2 is 1.75%. You would enter "0.666" on line 3 for the Locality 1 worksheet and "0.585" for the Locality 2 worksheet, figured as follows.

Locality 1: $1.00 \times 243/365 = 0.666$ Locality 2: $1.75 \times 122/365 = 0.585$

Line 6. If you lived in more than one locality in the same state during 2005, you should have completed line 1 only on the first worksheet for that state and separate worksheets for lines 2 through 6 for any other locality within that state in which you lived during 2005. If you checked the "Yes" box on line 6 of any of those worksheets, multiply line 5 of that worksheet by the amount that you entered on line 1 for that state on the first worksheet.

Line 7. Enter on line 7 any state and local general sales taxes paid on the following specified items. If you are completing more than one worksheet, include the total for line 7 on only one of the worksheets.

1. A motor vehicle (including a car, motorcycle, motor home, recreational vehicle, sport utility vehicle, truck, van, and off-road vehicle). Also include any state and local general sales taxes paid for a leased motor vehicle. If the state sales tax rate on these items is higher than the general sales tax rate, only include the amount of tax you would have paid at the general sales tax rate.

2. An aircraft or boat, if the tax rate was the same as the general sales tax rate.

3. A home (including a mobile home or prefabricated home) or substantial addition to or major renovation of a home, but only if the tax rate was the same as the general sales tax rate and any of the following applies.

a. Your state or locality imposes a general sales tax directly on the sale of a home or on the cost of a substantial addition or major renovation.

b. You purchased the materials to build a home or substantial addition or to perform a major renovation and paid the sales tax directly.

c. Under your state law, your contractor is considered your agent in the construction of the home or substantial addition or the performance of a major renovation. The contract must state that the contractor is authorized to act in your name and must follow your directions on construction decisions. In this case, you will be considered to have purchased any items subject to a sales tax and to have paid the sales tax directly.

Do not include sales taxes paid on items used in your trade or business. If you received a refund of state or local general sales taxes in 2005, see *Refund of general sales taxes* on page A-3.

Line 6 Real Estate Taxes

Include taxes (state, local, or foreign) you paid on real estate you own that was not used for business, but only if the taxes are based on the assessed value of the property. Also, the assessment must be made uniformly on property throughout the community, and the proceeds must be used for general community or governmental purposes. Pub. 530 explains the deductions homeowners can take.

Do not include the following amounts on line 6.

• Itemized charges for services to specific property or persons (for example, a \$20 monthly charge per house for trash collection, a \$5 charge for every 1,000 gallons of water consumed, or a flat charge for mowing a lawn that had grown higher than permitted under a local ordinance).

• Charges for improvements that tend to increase the value of your property (for example, an assessment to build a new sidewalk). The cost of a property improvement is added to the basis of the property. However, a charge is deductible if it is used only to maintain an existing public facility in service (for example, a charge to repair an existing sidewalk, and any interest included in that charge). If your mortgage payments include your real estate taxes, you can deduct only the amount the mortgage company actually paid to the taxing authority in 2005.

If you sold your home in 2005, any real estate tax charged to the buyer should be shown on your settlement statement and in box 5 of any Form 1099-S you received. This amount is considered a refund of real estate taxes. See *Refunds and rebates* below. Any real estate taxes you paid at closing should be shown on your settlement statement.

Refunds and rebates. If you received a refund or rebate in 2005 of real estate taxes you paid in 2005, reduce your deduction by the amount of the refund or rebate. If you received a refund or rebate in 2005 of real estate taxes you paid in an earlier year, do not reduce your deduction by this amount. Instead, you must include the refund or rebate in income on Form 1040, line 21, if you deducted the real estate taxes in the earlier year and the deduction reduced your tax. See *Recoveries* in Pub. 525 for details on how to figure the amount to include in income.

Line 7 Personal Property Taxes

Enter personal property tax you paid, but only if it is based on value alone and it is charged on a yearly basis.

Example. You paid a yearly fee for the registration of your car. Part of the fee was based on the car's value and part was based on its weight. You can deduct only the part of the fee that was based on the car's value.

Line 8 Other Taxes

If you had any deductible tax not listed on line 5, 6, or 7, list the type and amount of tax. Enter only one total on line 8. Include on this line income tax you paid to a foreign country or U.S. possession.



You may want to take a credit for the foreign tax instead of a deduction. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 47, for

details.

Interest You Paid

Whether your interest expense is treated as investment interest, personal interest, or business interest depends on how and when you used the loan proceeds. See Pub. 535 for details.

In general, if you paid interest in 2005 that applies to any period after 2005, you can deduct only amounts that apply for 2005.

Lines 10 and 11

Home Mortgage Interest

A home mortgage is any loan that is secured by your main home or second home. It includes first and second mortgages, home equity loans, and refinanced mortgages.

A home can be a house, condominium, cooperative, mobile home, boat, or similar property. It must provide basic living accommodations including sleeping space, toilet, and cooking facilities.

Limit on home mortgage interest. If you took out any mortgages after October 13, 1987, your deduction may be limited. Any additional amounts borrowed after October 13, 1987, on a line-of-credit mortgage you had on that date are treated as a mortgage taken out after October 13, 1987. If you refinanced a mortgage you had on October 13, 1987, treat the new mortgage as taken out on or before October 13, 1987. But if you refinanced for more than the balance of the old mortgage, treat the excess as a mortgage taken out after October 13, 1987.

See Pub. 936 to figure your deduction if either (1) or (2) below applies. If you had more than one home at the same time, the dollar amounts in (1) and (2) apply to the total mortgages on both homes.

1. You took out any mortgages after October 13, 1987, and used the proceeds for purposes other than to buy, build, or improve your home, and all of these mortgages totaled over \$100,000 at any time during 2005. The limit is \$50,000 if married filing separately. An example of this type of mortgage is a home equity loan used to pay off credit card bills, buy a car, or pay tuition.

2. You took out any mortgages after October 13, 1987, and used the proceeds to buy, build, or improve your home, and these mortgages plus any mortgages you took out on or before October 13, 1987, totaled over \$1 million at any time during 2005. The limit is \$500,000 if married filing separately.



If the total amount of all mortgages is more than the fair market value of the home, additional limits apply. See

Pub. 936. Line 10

Enter on line 10 mortgage interest and points reported to you on Form 1098 under your social security number (SSN). If this form shows any refund of overpaid interest, do not reduce your deduction by the refund. Instead, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 21. If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if filing jointly) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage, and the interest was reported on Form 1098 under the other person's SSN, report your share of the interest on line 11 (as explained in the line 11 instructions below). If you paid more interest to the recipient than is shown on Form 1098, see Pub. 936 to find out if you can deduct the additional interest. If you can, attach a statement explaining the difference and enter "See attached" to the right of line 10.



If you are claiming the mortgage interest credit (for holders of qualified mortgage credit

certificates issued by state or local governmental units or agencies), subtract the amount shown on Form 8396, line 3, from the total deductible interest you paid on your home mortgage. Enter the result on line 10.

Line 11

If you did not receive a Form 1098 from the recipient, report your deductible mortgage interest on line 11.

If you bought your home from the recipient, be sure to show that recipient's name, identifying no., and address on the dotted lines next to line 11. If the recipient is an individual, the identifying no. is his or her social security number (SSN). Otherwise, it is the employer identification number. You must also let the recipient know your SSN. If you do not show the required information about the recipient or let the recipient know your SSN, you may have to pay a \$50 penalty.

If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if filing jointly) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage, and the other person received the Form 1098, attach a statement to your return showing the name and address of that person. To the right of line 11, enter "See attached."

Line 12 Points Not Reported on Form 1098

Points are shown on your settlement statement. Points you paid only to borrow money are generally deductible over the life of the loan. See Pub. 936 to figure the amount you can deduct. Points paid for other purposes, such as for a lender's services, are not deductible.

Refinancing. Generally, you must deduct points you paid to refinance a mortgage over the life of the loan. This is true even if the new mortgage is secured by your main home.

If you used part of the proceeds to improve your main home, you may be able to deduct the part of the points related to the improvement in the year paid. See Pub. 936 for details.



If you paid off a mortgage early, deduct any remaining points in the year you paid off the mortgage.

Line 13 Investment Interest

Investment interest is interest paid on money you borrowed that is allocable to property held for investment. It does not include any interest allocable to passive activities or to securities that generate tax-exempt income.

Complete and attach Form 4952 to figure your deduction.

Exception. You do not have to file Form 4952 if all three of the following apply.

1. Your investment interest expense is not more than your investment income from interest and ordinary dividends minus any qualified dividends.

2. You have no other deductible investment expenses.

3. You have no disallowed investment interest expense from 2004.



Alaska Permanent Fund dividends, including those reported on Form 8814, are not investment income.

For more details, see Pub. 550.

Gifts to Charity

You can deduct contributions or gifts you gave to organizations that are religious, charitable, educational, scientific, or literary in purpose. You can also deduct what you gave to organizations that work to prevent cruelty to children or animals. Certain whaling captains may be able to deduct expenses paid in 2005 for Native Alaskan subsistence bowhead whale hunting activities. See Pub. 526 for details.

To verify an organization's charitable status, you can:

• Check with the organization to which you made the donation. The organization should be able to provide you with verification of its charitable status.

• See Pub. 78 for a list of most qualified organizations. You can access Pub. 78 on the IRS website at *www.irs.gov* under *Charities and Non-Profits.*

• Call our Tax Exempt/Government Entities Customer Account Services at 1-877-829-5500. Assistance is available Monday through Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. Eastern Time.

Examples of Qualified Charitable Organizations

• Churches, mosques, synagogues, temples, etc.

• Boy Scouts, Boys and Girls Clubs of America, CARE, Girl Scouts, Goodwill Industries, Red Cross, Salvation Army, United Way, etc.

• Fraternal orders, if the gifts will be used for the purposes listed above.

• Veterans' and certain cultural groups.

• Nonprofit schools, hospitals, and organizations whose purpose is to find a cure for, or help people who have, arthritis, asthma, birth defects, cancer, cerebral palsy, cystic fibrosis, diabetes, heart disease, hemophilia, mental illness or retardation, multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, tuberculosis, etc.

• Federal, state, and local governments if the gifts are solely for public purposes.

Contributions You Can Deduct

Contributions can be in cash (keep canceled checks, receipts, or other reliable written records showing the name of the organization and the date and amount given), property, or out-of-pocket expenses you paid to do volunteer work for the kinds of organizations described earlier. If you drove to and from the volunteer work, you can take the actual cost of gas and oil or 14 cents a mile. But, if the volunteer work was to provide relief related to Hurricane Katrina after August 24, 2005, this amount is increased to 29 cents a mile (34 cents a mile after August 31, 2005). Add parking and tolls to the amount you claim under either method. But do not deduct any amounts that were repaid to you.

Gifts from which you benefit. If you made a gift and received a benefit in return, such as food, entertainment, or merchandise, you can generally only deduct the amount that is more than the value of the benefit. But this rule does not apply to certain membership benefits provided in return for an annual payment of \$75 or less. For details, see Pub. 526.

Example. You paid \$70 to a charitable organization to attend a fund-raising dinner and the value of the dinner was \$40. You can deduct only \$30.

Gifts of \$250 or more. You can deduct a gift of \$250 or more only if you have a statement from the charitable organization showing the information in (1) and (2) below.

In figuring whether a gift is \$250 or more, do not combine separate donations. For example, if you gave your church \$25 each week for a total of \$1,300, treat each \$25 payment as a separate gift. If you made donations through payroll deductions, treat each deduction from each paycheck as a separate gift. See Pub. 526 if you made a separate gift of \$250 or more through payroll deduction.

1. The amount of any money contributed and a description (but not value) of any property donated.

2. Whether the organization did or did not give you any goods or services in return for your contribution. If you did receive any goods or services, a description and estimate of the value must be included. If you received only intangible religious benefits (such as admission to a religious ceremony), the organization must state this, but it does not have to describe or value the benefit.



You must get the statement by the date you file your return or the due date (including extensions) for filing your return,

whichever is earlier. Do not attach the statement to your return. Instead, keep it for your records.

Limit on the amount you can deduct. See Pub. 526 to figure the amount of your deduction if any of the following applies.

1. Your cash contributions or contributions of ordinary income property are more than 30% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38.

2. Your gifts of capital gain property are more than 20% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38.

3. You gave gifts of property that increased in value or gave gifts of the use of property.



The limit described in item (1) above does not apply to certain cash contributions paid after August 27, 2005, if you elect to

treat those contributions as qualified contributions. See the instructions for line 15b on this page for details.

Contributions You Cannot Deduct

• Any contribution you made in January 2005 for the relief of victims in areas affected by the December 26, 2004, Indian Ocean tsunami that you elected to deduct on your 2004 return.

• Travel expenses (including meals and lodging) while away from home, unless there was no significant element of personal pleasure, recreation, or vacation in the travel.

• Political contributions.

• Dues, fees, or bills paid to country clubs, lodges, fraternal orders, or similar groups.

• Cost of raffle, bingo, or lottery tickets. But you may be able to deduct these expenses on line 27. See page A-9 for details.

• Cost of tuition. But you may be able to deduct this expense on line 20 (see page A-8), or Form 1040, line 34, or take a credit for this expense (see Form 8863).

• Value of your time or services.

• Value of blood given to a blood bank.

• The transfer of a future interest in tangible personal property (generally, until the entire interest has been transferred).

• Gifts to individuals and groups that are run for personal profit.

• Gifts to foreign organizations. But you may be able to deduct gifts to certain U.S. organizations that transfer funds to foreign charities and certain Canadian, Israeli, and Mexican charities. See Pub. 526 for details.

• Gifts to organizations engaged in certain political activities that are of direct financial interest to your trade or business. See section 170(f)(9).

• Gifts to groups whose purpose is to lobby for changes in the laws.

• Gifts to civic leagues, social and sports clubs, labor unions, and chambers of commerce.

• Value of benefits received in connection with a contribution to a charitable organization. See Pub. 526 for exceptions.

Line 15a Total Gifts by Cash or Check

Enter on line 15a the total gifts you made in cash or by check (including out-of-pocket expenses).

Line 15b Qualified Contributions

In general, you can elect to treat gifts by cash or check as qualified contributions if the gifts were paid after August 27, 2005, to a qualified charitable organization (other than certain private foundations described in section 509(a)(3)). Qualified contributions are not subject to the overall limitation on itemized deductions or the 50% adjusted gross income limitation.

Qualified contributions do not include contributions to organizations for which cash gifts are subject to a limit based on 30% of your adjusted gross income (such as contributions to veterans' organizations, fraternal societies, nonprofit cemeteries, and certain private nonoperating foundations). Also, qualified contributions do not include any contributions to a segregated fund or account for which you (or any person appointed or designated by you) have, or reasonably expect to have, advisory privileges with respect to distributions or investments based on your contribution.

Certain limits may apply if your qualified contributions are more than the amount on Form 1040, line 38, minus all other allowable contributions. For details, see Pub. 526.

Line 16 Other Than by Cash or Check

Enter your contributions of property. If you gave used items, such as clothing or furniture, deduct their fair market value at the time you gave them. Fair market value is what a willing buyer would pay a willing seller when neither has to buy or sell and both are aware of the conditions of the sale. For more details on determining the value of donated property, see Pub. 561.

If the amount of your deduction is more than \$500, you must complete and attach Form 8283. For this purpose, the "amount of your deduction" means your deduction before applying any income limits that could result in a carryover of contributions. If you deduct more than \$500 for a contribution of a motor vehicle, boat, or airplane, you must also attach a statement from the charitable organization to your return. If your total deduction is over \$5,000, you may also have to get appraisals of the values of the donated property. See Form 8283 and its instructions for details.

Recordkeeping. If you gave property, you should keep a receipt or written statement from the organization you gave the property to, or a reliable written record, that shows the organization's name and address, the date and location of the gift, and a description of the property. For each gift of property, you should also keep reliable written records that include:

• How you figured the property's value at the time you gave it. If the value was determined by an appraisal, keep a signed copy of the appraisal.

• The cost or other basis of the property if you must reduce it by any ordinary income or capital gain that would have resulted if the property had been sold at its fair market value.

• How you figured your deduction if you chose to reduce your deduction for gifts of capital gain property.

• Any conditions attached to the gift.



If your total deduction for gifts of property is over \$500, you gave less than your entire interest in the property, or you made

a "qualified conservation contribution," your records should contain additional information. See Pub. 526 for details.

Line 17 Carryover From Prior Year

Enter any carryover of contributions that you could not deduct in an earlier year because they exceeded your adjusted gross income limit. See Pub. 526 for details.

Casualty and Theft Losses

Line 19

Complete and attach Form 4684 to figure the amount of your loss to enter on line 19.

You may be able to deduct part or all of each loss caused by theft, vandalism, fire, storm, or similar causes, and car, boat, and other accidents. You may also be able to deduct money you had in a financial institution but lost because of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the institution.

You can deduct nonbusiness casualty or theft losses only to the extent that:

1. The amount of each separate casualty or theft loss is more than \$100, and

2. The total amount of all losses during the year (reduced by the \$100 limit discussed in (1) above) is more than 10% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38.



The limits in items (1) and (2) above do not apply to casualty and theft losses that occurred in the Hurricane Katrina disaster

area after August 24, 2005, if the loss was caused by Hurricane Katrina. See Form 4684 and its instructions for details.

Special rules apply if you had both gains and losses from nonbusiness casualties or thefts. See Form 4684 and its instructions for details.

Use Schedule A, line 22, to deduct the costs of proving that you had a property loss. Examples of these costs are appraisal fees and photographs used to establish the amount of your loss.

For information on federal disaster area losses, see Pub. 547. For information on tax benefits related to Hurricane Katrina, see Pub. 4492.

Job Expenses and Certain Miscellaneous Deductions

You can deduct only the part of these expenses that exceeds 2% of the amount on Form 1040, line 38.

Pub. 529 discusses the types of expenses that can and cannot be deducted.

Examples of Expenses You Cannot Deduct

- Political contributions.
- Personal legal expenses.
- Lost or misplaced cash or property.

• Expenses for meals during regular or extra work hours.

• The cost of entertaining friends.

• Commuting expenses. See Pub. 529 for the definition of commuting.

• Travel expenses for employment away from home if that period of employment exceeds 1 year. See Pub. 529 for an exception for certain federal employees.

• Travel as a form of education.

• Expenses of attending a seminar, convention, or similar meeting unless it is related to your employment.

• Club dues. See Pub. 529 for exceptions.

• Expenses of adopting a child. But you may be able to take a credit for adoption expenses. See Form 8839 for details.

Fines and penalties.

• Expenses of producing tax-exempt income.

Line 20 Unreimbursed Employee Expenses

Enter the total ordinary and necessary job expenses you paid for which you were not reimbursed. (Amounts your employer included in box 1 of your Form W-2 are not considered reimbursements.)

An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your field of trade, business, or profession. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your business. An expense does not have to be required to be considered necessary.

But you must fill in and attach Form 2106 if either (1) or (2) below applies.

1. You claim any travel, transportation, meal, or entertainment expenses for your job.

2. Your employer paid you for any of your job expenses reportable on line 20.



If you used your own vehicle and (2) above does not apply, you may be able to file Form 2106-EZ instead.

If you do not have to file Form 2106 or 2106-EZ, list the type and amount of each expense on the dotted line next to line 20. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 20.



Do not include on line 20 any educator expenses you deducted on Form 1040, line 23.

Examples of other expenses to include on line 20 are:

• Safety equipment, small tools, and supplies needed for your job.

• Uniforms required by your employer that are not suitable for ordinary wear.

• Protective clothing required in your work, such as hard hats, safety shoes, and glasses.

• Physical examinations required by your employer.

• Dues to professional organizations and chambers of commerce.

Subscriptions to professional journals.

• Fees to employment agencies and other costs to look for a new job in your present occupation, even if you do not get a new job.

• Certain business use of part of your home. For details, including limits that apply, use TeleTax topic 509 (see page 8 of the Form 1040 instructions) or see Pub. 587.

• Certain educational expenses. For details, use TeleTax topic 513 (see page 8 of the Form 1040 instructions) or see Pub. 970. Reduce your educational expenses by any tuition and fees deduction you claimed on Form 1040, line 34.



You may be able to take a credit for your educational expenses instead of a deduction. See Form 8863 for details.

Line 21

Tax Preparation Fees

Enter the fees you paid for preparation of your tax return, including fees paid for filing your return electronically. If you paid your tax by credit card, do not include the convenience fee you were charged.

Line 22

Other Expenses

Enter the total amount you paid to produce or collect taxable income and manage or protect property held for earning income. But do not include any personal expenses. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 22. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 22.

Examples of expenses to include on line 22 are:

- Certain legal and accounting fees.
- Clerical help and office rent.
- Custodial (for example, trust account) fees.

• Your share of the investment expenses of a regulated investment company.

• Certain losses on nonfederally insured deposits in an insolvent or bankrupt financial institution. For details, including limits that apply, see Pub. 529.

• Casualty and theft losses of property used in performing services as an employee from Form 4684, lines 35 and 41b, or Form 4797, line 18a.

• Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if \$3,000 or less.

Other Miscellaneous Deductions

Line 27

Only the expenses listed next can be deducted on this line. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 27. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on line 27.

• Gambling losses, but only to the extent of gambling winnings reported on Form 1040, line 21.

• Casualty and theft losses of income-producing property from Form

4684, lines 35 and 41b, or Form 4797, line 18a.

• Loss from other activities from Schedule K-1(Form 1065-B), box 2.

• Federal estate tax on income in respect of a decedent.

• Amortizable bond premium on bonds acquired before October 23, 1986.

• Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if over \$3,000. See Pub. 525 for details.

• Certain unrecovered investment in a pension.

• Impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person.

For more details, see Pub. 529.

Total Itemized Deductions

Line 28

Use the worksheet below to figure the amount to enter on line 28 if the amount on Form 1040, line 38, is over \$145,950 (\$72,975 if married filing separately).

Line 29

If you elect to itemize for state tax or other purposes even though your itemized deductions are less than your standard deduction, check the box on line 29.

Itemized Deductions Worksheet—Line 28

Keep for Your Records

	Enter the total of the amounts from Schedule A, lines 4, 9, 14, 18, 19, 26, and 27 Enter the total of the amounts from Schedule A, lines 4, 13, 15b, and 19, plus any gambling and casualty or theft losses included on line 27	
	Be sure your total gambling and casualty or theft losses are clearly identified on the dotted lines next to line 27.	
3.	Is the amount on line 2 less than the amount on line 1?	
	No. (STOP) Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 28.	
	Yes. Subtract line 2 from line 1	3.
4.	Multiply line 3 by 80% (.80)	
	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 38 5.	
6.	Enter: \$145,950 (\$72,975 if married filing separately) 6.	
7.	Is the amount on line 6 less than the amount on line 5?	
	No. Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 28.	
	Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5	
8.	Multiply line 7 by 3% (.03)	
9.	Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 8	9.
10.	Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1. Enter the result here and on Schedule A,	
	line 28	10

2005 Optional State and Certain Local Sales Tax Tables

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(Continued on page A-11)

2005 Optional State and Certain Local Sales Tax Tables (Continued)

2005 Optional State and O			iu v				otion		Jai			xem						xem	ation			Exemptions									
inc	But	1	2	3	4	5	Over	1	2	3	4	5	Over 5	1	2	3	4	5	Over 5	1	2	3	4	5	Over 5	1	2	3	4		Over 5
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	ome \$20,000	Wyc	236	264	287	1.000 305												əs tax	rate ir	n addi	tion to	the 6	.25%	state	sales	tax rat	e.				
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Which Optional Local Sales Tax Table Should I Use?

IF you live in the state of	AND you live in	THEN use Local Table
Alaska	Any locality	С
Arizona	Any locality	В
Arkansas	Texarkana	В
California	Los Angeles County	В
Colorado	Aurora, Greeley, Longmont, or City of Pueblo	В
	Arvada, City of Boulder, Fort Collins, Lakewood, Thornton, or Westminster	С
	Boulder County, Pueblo County, or any other locality	A
Georgia	Any locality	В
Illinois	Arlington Heights, Aurora, Bloomington, Champaign, Chicago, Cicero, Decatur, Elgin, Evanston, Joliet, Palatine, Peoria, Schaumburg, Skokie, Springfield, or Waukegan	В
	Any other locality	A
Louisiana	Any locality	С
New York	New York City	В
North Carolina	Any locality	С

2005 Optional Local Sales Tax Tables A, B, and C (Based on a local sales tax rate of 1 percent)

Inc	ome			Local 1	Table A					Local 1	Table E	3				Local .	Table C	;	
At	But less				ptions	-				Exem	ptions					Exem	ptions		
least	than	1	2	3	4	5	Over 5	1	2	3	4	5	Over 5	1	2	3	4	5	Over 5
\$0	\$20,000	32	37	40	43	45	48	41	48	53	57	60	65	50	60	67	72	77	83
20,000	30,000	54	62	67	71	75	79	66	78	87	93	98	105	80	96	107	115	122	132
30,000	40,000	65 75	75 86	81 93	86 99	90	96 110	80 92	94 108	104 119	111 127	118 134	126 144	96 109	114 130	127 144	137 155	145 165	157 178
40,000	50,000					103	-	-				134							-
50,000	60,000	84	96	104	111	116	123	102	120	132	142	149	161	121	144	160	172	182	197
60,000	70,000	92	106	115	121	127	135	112	131	145	155	163	175	132	157	174	187	198	214
70,000 80,000	80,000 90.000	100 107	115 123	124 133	132 141	138 148	146 157	121 129	142 152	156 167	167 179	176 189	189 202	142 151	169 180	187 200	202 215	214 228	230 245
90,000	100,000	114	131	142	150	157	167	137	161	177	190	200	215	160	191	211	227	241	260
100,000	120,000	124	141	153	162	170	180	148	174	191	204	216	231	172	205	227	244	258	279
120,000	140,000	137	156	169	179	187	198	163	191	210	225	237	254	189	224	248	267	282	304
140,000	160,000	148	169	183	194	202	214	176	206	226	242	255	273	203	241	266	286	303	327
160,000	180,000 200,000	159 170	182 194	197 210	208 222	218 232	231 245	189 201	221 235	243 258	260 276	274 290	293 311	217 230	257 273	285 301	306 324	324 343	349 369
200,000	or more	222	253	274	289	302	320	260	304	333	356	374	401	295	348	384	413	436	470

Instructions for Schedule B, Interest and Ordinary Dividends



You can list more than one payer on each entry space for lines 1 and 5, but be sure to clearly show the amount paid

next to the payer's name. Add the separate amounts paid by the payers listed on an entry space and enter the total in the "Amount" column. If you still need more space, attach separate statements that are the same size as the printed schedule. Use the same format as lines 1 and 5, but show your totals on Schedule B. Be sure to put your name and social security number (SSN) on the statements and attach them at the end of your return.

Part I. Interest

Line 1

Interest

Report on line 1 all of your taxable interest. Interest should be shown on your Forms 1099-INT, Forms 1099-OID, or substitute statements. Include interest from series EE and I U.S. savings bonds. List each payer's name and show the amount.

Special Rules

Seller-Financed Mortgages

If you sold your home or other property and the buyer used the property as a personal residence, list first any interest the buyer paid you on a mortgage or other form of seller financing. Be sure to show the buyer's name, address, and SSN. You must also let the buyer know your SSN. If you do not show the buyer's name, address, and SSN, or let the buyer know your SSN, you may have to pay a \$50 penalty.

Nominees

If you received a Form 1099-INT that includes interest you received as a nominee (that is, in your name, but the interest actually belongs to someone else), report the total on line 1. Do this even if you later distributed some or all of this income to others. Under your last entry on line 1, put a subtotal of all interest listed on line 1. Below this subtotal, enter "Nominee Distribution" and show the total interest you received as a nominee. Subtract this amount from the subtotal and enter the result on line 2. Use Schedule B (Form 1040) if any of the following applies.

- You had over \$1,500 of taxable interest.
- Any of the Special Rules listed in the instructions for line 1 apply to you.

• You are claiming the exclusion of interest from series EE or IU.S. savings bonds issued after 1989.

- You had over \$1,500 of ordinary dividends.
- You received ordinary dividends as a nominee.

• You had a foreign account or you received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust. Part III of the schedule has questions about foreign accounts and trusts.



If you received interest as a nominee, you must give the actual owner a Form 1099-INT unless the owner is your

spouse. You must also file a Form 1096 and a Form 1099-INT with the IRS. For more details, see the General Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G and the Instructions for Forms 1099-INT and 1099-OID.

Accrued Interest

When you buy bonds between interest payment dates and pay accrued interest to the seller, this interest is taxable to the seller. If you received a Form 1099 for interest as a purchaser of a bond with accrued interest, follow the rules earlier under *Nominees* to see how to report the accrued interest on Schedule B. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "Accrued Interest."

Tax-Exempt Interest

If you received a Form 1099-INT for tax-exempt interest, follow the rules earlier under *Nominees* to see how to report the interest on Schedule B. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "Tax-Exempt Interest."

Original Issue Discount (OID)

If you are reporting OID in an amount less than the amount shown on Form 1099-OID, follow the rules earlier under *Nominees* to see how to report the OID on Schedule B. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "OID Adjustment."

Amortizable Bond Premium

If you are reducing your interest income on a bond by the amount of amortizable bond premium, follow the rules earlier under *Nominees* to see how to report the interest on Schedule B. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "ABP Adjustment."

Line 3

Excludable Interest on Series EE and I U.S. Savings Bonds Issued After 1989

If, during 2005, you cashed series EE or I U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989 and you paid qualified higher education expenses for yourself, your spouse, or your

dependents, you may be able to exclude part or all of the interest on those bonds. See Form 8815 for details.

Part II. Ordinary Dividends



You may have to file Form 5471 if, in 2005, you were an officer or director of a foreign corporation. You may also have

to file Form 5471 if, in 2005, you owned 10% or more of the total (a) value of a foreign corporation's stock, or (b) combined voting power of all classes of a foreign corporation's stock with voting rights. For details, see Form 5471 and its instructions.

Line 5

Ordinary Dividends

Report on line 5 all of your ordinary dividends. This amount should be shown in box 1a of your Forms 1099-DIV or substitute statements. List each payer's name and show the amount.

Nominees

If you received a Form 1099-DIV that includes ordinary dividends you received as a nominee (that is, in your name, but the ordinary dividends actually belong to someone else), report the total on line 5. Do this even if you later distributed some or all of this income to others. Under your last entry on line 5, put a subtotal of all ordinary dividends listed on line 5. Below this subtotal, enter "Nominee Distribution" and show the total ordinary dividends you received as a nominee. Subtract this amount from the subtotal and enter the result on line 6.



If you received dividends as a nominee, you must give the actual owner a Form 1099-DIV unless the owner is your

spouse. You must also file a Form 1096 and a Form 1099-DIV with the IRS. For more details, see the General Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G and the Instructions for Form 1099-DIV.

Part III. Foreign Accounts and Trusts

Lines 7a and 7b Foreign Accounts

Line 7a

Check the "Yes" box on line 7a if either (1) or (2) below applies.

1. You own more than 50% of the stock in any corporation that owns one or more foreign bank accounts.

2. At any time during 2005 you had an interest in or signature or other authority over a financial account in a foreign country (such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial account).



For line 7a, item (2) does not apply to foreign securities held in a U.S. securities account.

Exceptions. Check the "No" box if any of the following applies to you.

• The combined value of the accounts was \$10,000 or less during the whole year.

• The accounts were with a U.S. military banking facility operated by a U.S. financial institution. • You were an officer or employee of a commercial bank that is supervised by the Comptroller of the Currency, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; the account was in your employer's name; and you did not have a personal financial interest in the account.

• You were an officer or employee of a domestic corporation with securities listed on national securities exchanges or with assets of more than \$1 million and 500 or more shareholders of record; the account was in your employer's name; you did not have a personal financial interest in the account; and the corporation's chief financial officer has given you written notice that the corporation has filed a current report that includes the account.

See Form TD F 90-22.1 to find out if you are considered to have an interest in or signature or other authority over a financial account in a foreign country (such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial account). You can get Form TD F 90-22.1 by visiting the IRS website at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f9022-1.pdf.

If you checked the "Yes" box on line 7a, file Form TD F 90-22.1 by June 30, 2006, with the Department of the Treasury at the address shown on that form. Do not attach it to Form 1040.



If you are required to file Form 90-22.1 but do not do so, you may have to pay a penalty of up to \$10,000 (more in some

cases).

Line 7b

If you checked the "Yes" box on line 7a, enter the name of the foreign country or countries in the space provided on line 7b. Attach a separate statement if you need more space.

Line 8 Foreign Trusts

If you received a distribution from a foreign trust, you must provide additional information. For this purpose, a loan of cash or marketable securities generally is considered to be a distribution. See Form 3520 for details.

If you were the grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust that existed during 2005, you may have to file Form 3520.

2005 Instructions for Schedule C

Profit or Loss From Business

Use Schedule C (Form 1040) to report income or loss from a business you operated or a profession you practiced as a sole proprietor. Also, use Schedule C to report wages and expenses you had as a statutory employee. An activity qualifies as a business if your primary purpose for engaging in the activity is for income or profit and you are involved in the activity with continuity and regularity. For example, a sporadic activity or a hobby does not qualify as a business. To report income from a nonbusiness activity, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 21.

Small businesses and statutory employees with expenses of \$5,000 or less may be able to file Schedule C-EZ instead of Schedule C. See Schedule C-EZ for details.

You may be subject to state and local taxes and other requirements such as business licenses and fees. Check with your state and local governments for more information.

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

What's New

Special rules for contributing book or food inventories under the Katrina Emergency Tax Relief Act of 2005. See Pub. 4492 for information on qualifying contributions, adjusting your inventory, and claiming any allowable deduction.

Employee retention credit for employers affected by Hurricane Katrina. If you had employees in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, you may be eligible for a credit against the wages you paid them while your business was inoperable. For more information, see Form 5884-A.

Biodiesel fuels credit. If you claimed the biodiesel fuels credit on Form 8864, you must include the credit in your income on line 6. See the instructions for line 6 on page C-3.

General Instructions

Other Schedules and Forms You May Have To File

• Schedule A to deduct interest, taxes, and casualty losses not related to your business.

• Schedule E to report rental real estate and royalty income or (loss) that is not subject to self-employment tax.

• Schedule F to report profit or (loss) from farming.

• Schedule J to figure your tax by averaging your fishing income over the previous 3 years. Doing so may reduce your tax.

• Schedule SE to pay self-employment tax on income from any trade or business.

• Form 4562 to claim depreciation on assets placed in service in 2005, to claim amortization that began in 2005, to make an election under section 179 to expense certain property, or to report information on listed property.

• Form 4684 to report a casualty or theft gain or loss involving property used in your

trade or business or income-producing property.

• Form 4797 to report sales, exchanges, and involuntary conversions (not from a casualty or theft) of trade or business property.

• Form 8594 to report certain purchases or sales of groups of assets that constitute a trade or business.

• Form 8824 to report like-kind exchanges.

• Form 8829 to claim expenses for business use of your home.

• Form 8903 to take a deduction for income from domestic production activities.

Husband-wife business. If you and your spouse jointly own and operate a business and share in the profits and losses, you are partners in a partnership, whether or not you have a formal partnership agreement. Do not use Schedule C or C-EZ. Instead, file Form 1065. See Pub. 541 for more details.

Exception. If you and your spouse wholly own an unincorporated business as community property under the community property laws of a state, foreign country, or U.S. possession, you can treat the business either as a sole proprietorship or a partnership. The only states with community property laws are Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin. A change in your reporting position will be treated as a conversion of the entity.

Single-member limited liability company (LLC). Generally, a single-member domestic LLC is not treated as a separate entity for federal income tax purposes. If you are the sole member of a domestic LLC, file Schedule C or C-EZ (or Schedule E or F, if applicable). However, you can elect to treat a domestic LLC as a corporation. See Form 8832 for details on the election and the tax treatment of a foreign LLC.

Heavy highway vehicle use tax. If you use certain highway trucks, truck-trailers, tractor-trailers, or buses in your trade or business, you may have to pay a federal highway motor vehicle use tax. See the Instructions for Form 2290 to find out if you owe this tax.

Information returns. You may have to file information returns for wages paid to employees, certain payments of fees and other nonemployee compensation, interest, rents, royalties, real estate transactions, annuities, and pensions. You may also have to file an information return if you sold \$5,000 or more of consumer products to a person on a buy-sell, deposit-commission, or other similar basis for resale. For details, see the 2005 General Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G.

If you received cash of more than \$10,000 in one or more related transactions in your trade or business, you may have to file Form 8300. For details, see Pub. 1544.

Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement

Use Form 8886 to disclose information for each reportable transaction in which you participated. Form 8886 must be filed for each tax year that your federal income tax liability is affected by your participation in the transaction. You may have to pay a penalty if you are required to file Form 8886 but do not do so. You may also have to pay interest and penalties on any reportable transaction understatements. The following are reportable transactions.

• Any transaction that is the same as or substantially similar to tax avoidance transactions identified by the IRS.

• Any transaction offered under conditions of confidentiality for which you paid an advisor a minimum fee.

• Any transaction for which you have contractual protection against disallowance of the tax benefits.

• Any transaction resulting in a loss of at least \$2 million in any single tax year or \$4 million in any combination of tax years. (At least \$50,000 for a single tax year if the loss arose from a foreign currency transaction defined in section 988(c)(1), whether or not the loss flows through from an S corporation or partnership.) • Any transaction resulting in a book-tax difference of more than \$10 million on a gross basis.

• Any transaction resulting in a tax credit of more than \$250,000, if you held the asset generating the credit for 45 days or less.

See the Instructions for Form 8886 for more details and exceptions.

Additional Information

See Pub. 334 for more information for small businesses.

Specific Instructions

Filers of Form 1041. Do not complete the block labeled "Social security number (SSN)." Instead, enter your employer identification number (EIN) on line D.

Line A

Describe the business or professional activity that provided your principal source of income reported on line 1. If you owned more than one business, you must complete a separate Schedule C for each business. Give the general field or activity and the type of product or service. If your general field or activity is wholesale or retail trade, or services connected with production services (mining, construction, or manufacturing), also give the type of customer or client. For example, "wholesale sale of hardware to retailers" or "appraisal of real estate for lending institutions."

Line D

You need an employer identification number (EIN) only if you had a qualified retirement plan or were required to file an employment, excise, estate, trust, or alcohol, tobacco, and firearms tax return. If you need an EIN, see the Instructions for Form SS-4. If you do not have an EIN, leave line D blank. Do not enter your SSN.

Line E

Enter your business address. Show a street address instead of a box number. Include the suite or room number, if any. If you conducted the business from your home located at the address shown on Form 1040, page 1, you do not have to complete this line.

Line F

Generally, you can use the cash method, accrual method, or any other method permitted by the Internal Revenue Code. In all cases, the method used must clearly reflect income. Unless you are a qualifying taxpayer or a qualifying small business taxpayer, you must use the accrual method for sales and purchases of inventory items. See the Part III instructions on page C-6 for the definition of a qualifying taxpayer and a qualifying small business taxpayer. Special rules apply to long-term contracts. See section 460 for details.

If you use the cash method, show all items of taxable income actually or constructively received during the year (in cash, property, or services). Income is constructively received when it is credited to your account or set aside for you to use. Also, show amounts actually paid during the year for deductible expenses. However, if the payment of an expenditure creates an asset having a useful life that extends substantially beyond the close of the year, it may not be deductible or may be deductible only in part for the year of the payment. See Pub. 535.

If you use the accrual method, report income when you earn it and deduct expenses when you incur them even if you do not pay them during the tax year. Accrual-basis taxpayers are put on a cash basis for deducting business expenses owed to a related cash-basis taxpayer. Other rules determine the timing of deductions based on economic performance. See Pub. 538.

To change your accounting method, you generally must file Form 3115. You may also have to make an adjustment to prevent amounts of income or expense from being duplicated or omitted. This is called a section 481(a) adjustment.

Example. You change to the cash method of accounting and choose to account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental. You accrued sales in 2004 for which you received payment in 2005. You must report those sales in both years as a result of changing your accounting method and must make a section 481(a) adjustment to prevent duplication of income.

A net negative section 481(a) adjustment is taken into account entirely in the year of the change. A net positive section 481(a) adjustment is generally taken into account over a period of 4 years. Include any net positive section 481(a) adjustments on line 6. If the net section 481(a) adjustment is negative, report it in Part V.

For details on figuring section 481(a) adjustments, see the Instructions for Form 3115, Rev. Proc. 2004-23, 2004-16 I.R.B. 785, available at *www.irs.gov/irb/2004-16_IRB/ar11.html*, and Rev. Proc. 2004-57, 2004-38 I.R.B. 498, available at *www.irs.gov/irb/2004-38_IRB/ar11.html*.

Line G

If your business activity was not a rental activity and you met any of the material participation tests below or the exception for oil and gas applies (explained on page C-3), check the "Yes" box. Otherwise, check the "No" box. If you check the "No" box, this business is a passive activity. If you have a loss from this business, see *Limit on losses* on page C-3. If you have a profit from this business activity but have current year losses from other passive activities or you have prior year unallowed passive activity losses, see the Instructions for Form 8582.

Material participation. Participation, for purposes of the seven material participation

tests listed below, generally includes any work you did in connection with an activity if you owned an interest in the activity at the time you did the work. The capacity in which you did the work does not matter. However, work is not treated as participation if it is work that an owner would not customarily do in the same type of activity and one of your main reasons for doing the work was to avoid the disallowance of losses or credits from the activity under the passive activity rules.

Work you did as an investor in an activity is not treated as participation unless you were directly involved in the day-to-day management or operations of the activity. Work done as an investor includes:

• Studying and reviewing financial statements or reports on the activity,

• Preparing or compiling summaries or analyses of the finances or operations of the activity for your own use, and

• Monitoring the finances or operations of the activity in a nonmanagerial capacity.

Participation by your spouse during the tax year in an activity you own can be counted as your participation in the activity. This applies even if your spouse did not own an interest in the activity and whether or not you and your spouse file a joint return.

For purposes of the passive activity rules, you materially participated in the operation of this trade or business activity during 2005 if you met any of the following seven tests.

1. You participated in the activity for more than 500 hours during the tax year.

2. Your participation in the activity for the tax year was substantially all of the participation in the activity of all individuals (including individuals who did not own any interest in the activity) for the tax year.

3. You participated in the activity for more than 100 hours during the tax year, and you participated at least as much as any other person for the tax year. This includes individuals who did not own any interest in the activity.

4. The activity is a significant participation activity for the tax year, and you participated in all significant participation activities for more than 500 hours during the year. An activity is a "significant participation activity" if it involves the conduct of a trade or business, you participated in the activity for more than 100 hours during the tax year, and you did not materially participate under any of the material participation tests (other than this test 4).

5. You materially participated in the activity for any 5 of the prior 10 tax years.

6. The activity is a personal service activity in which you materially participated for any 3 prior tax years. A personal service activity is an activity that involves performing personal services in the fields of health, law, engineering, architecture, accounting, actuarial science, performing arts, consulting, or any other trade or business in which capital is not a material income-producing factor.

7. Based on all the facts and circumstances, you participated in the activity on a regular, continuous, and substantial basis during the tax year. But you do not meet this test if you participated in the activity for 100 hours or less during the tax year. Your participation in managing the activity does not count in determining if you meet this test if any person (except you) (a) received compensation for performing management services in connection with the activity or (b) spent more hours during the tax year than you spent performing management services in connection with the activity (regardless of whether the person was compensated for the services).

Rental of personal property. A rental activity (such as long-term equipment leasing) is a passive activity even if you materially participated in the activity. However, if you met any of the five exceptions listed under *Rental Activities* in the Instructions for Form 8582, the rental of the property is not treated as a rental activity and the material participation rules above apply.

Exception for oil and gas. If you are filing Schedule C to report income and deductions from an oil or gas well in which you own a working interest directly or through an entity that does not limit your liability, check the "Yes" box. The activity of owning the working interest is not a passive activity regardless of your participation.

Limit on losses. If you checked the "No" box and you have a loss from this business, you may have to use Form 8582 to figure your allowable loss, if any, to enter on Schedule C, line 31. Generally, you can deduct losses from passive activities only to the extent of income from passive activities. For details, see Pub. 925.

Line H

If you started or acquired this business in 2005, check the box on line H. Also check the box if you are reopening or restarting this business after temporarily closing it, and you did not file a 2004 Schedule C or C-EZ for this business.

Part I. Income

Except as otherwise provided in the Internal Revenue Code, gross income includes income from whatever source derived. Gross income, however, does not include extraterritorial income that is qualifying foreign trade income. Use Form 8873 to figure the extraterritorial income exclusion. Report it on Schedule C as explained in the Instructions for Form 8873.

Line 1

Enter gross receipts from your trade or business. Include amounts you received in your trade or business that were properly shown on Forms 1099-MISC. If the total amounts that were reported in box 7 of Forms 1099-MISC are more than the total you are reporting on line 1, attach a statement explaining the difference. **Statutory employees.** If you received a Form W-2 and the "Statutory employee" box in box 13 of that form was checked, report your income and expenses related to that income on Schedule C or C-EZ. Enter your statutory employee income from box 1 of Form W-2 on line 1 of Schedule C or C-EZ and check the box on that line. Social security and Medicare tax should have been withheld from your earnings; therefore, you do not owe self-employment tax on these earnings. Statutory employees include full-time life insurance agents, certain agent or commission drivers and traveling salespersons, and certain homeworkers.

If you had both self-employment income and statutory employee income, you must file two Schedules C. You cannot use Schedule C-EZ or combine these amounts on a single Schedule C.

Installment sales. Generally, the installment method cannot be used to report income from the sale of (a) personal property regularly sold under the installment method, or (b) real property held for resale to customers. But the installment method can be used to report income from sales of certain residential lots and timeshares if you elect to pay interest on the tax due on that income after the year of sale. See section 453(l)(2)(B) for details. If you make this election, include the interest on Form 1040, line 63. Also, enter "453(l)(3)" and the amount of the interest on the dotted line to the left of line 63.

If you use the installment method, attach a schedule to your return. Show separately for 2005 and the 3 preceding years: gross sales, cost of goods sold, gross profit, percentage of gross profit to gross sales, amounts collected, and gross profit on amounts collected.

Line 6

Report on line 6 amounts from finance reserve income, scrap sales, bad debts you recovered, interest (such as on notes and accounts receivable), state gasoline or fuel tax refunds you got in 2005, credit for biodiesel fuels claimed on Form 8864, credit for federal tax paid on gasoline or other fuels claimed on your 2004 Form 1040, prizes and awards related to your trade or business, and other kinds of miscellaneous business income. Include amounts you received in your trade or business as shown on Form 1099-PATR. Also, include any recapture of the deduction for clean-fuel vehicles used in your business and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. For details, see Pub. 535.

If the business use percentage of any listed property (defined in the instructions for line 13 on page C-4) decreased to 50% or less in 2005, report on this line any recapture of excess depreciation, including any section 179 expense deduction. Use Form 4797 to figure the recapture. Also, if the business use percentage drops to 50% or less on leased listed property (other than a vehicle), include on this line any inclusion amount. See Pub. 946 to figure the amount.

Part II. Expenses

Capitalizing costs of property. If you produced real or tangible personal property or acquired property for resale, certain expenses attributable to the property generally must be included in inventory costs or capitalized. In addition to direct costs, producers of inventory property generally must also include part of certain indirect costs in their inventory. Purchasers of personal property acquired for resale must include part of certain indirect costs in inventory only if the average annual gross receipts for the 3 prior tax years exceed \$10 million. Also, you must capitalize part of the indirect costs that benefit real or tangible personal property constructed for use in a trade or business, or noninventory property produced for sale to customers. Reduce the amounts on lines 8 through 26 and Part V by amounts capitalized. For details, see Pub. 538.

Exception for certain producers. Producers who account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental can currently deduct expenditures for direct labor and all indirect costs that would otherwise be included in inventory costs. See *Cost of Goods Sold* on page C-6 for more details.

Exception for creative property. If you are an artist, author, or photographer, you may be exempt from the capitalization rules. However, your personal efforts must have created (or reasonably be expected to create) the property. This exception does not apply to any expense related to printing, photographic plates, motion picture films, video tapes, or similar items. These expenses are subject to the capitalization rules. For details, see Pub. 538.

Line 9

You can deduct the actual expenses of running your car or truck or take the standard mileage rate. You must use actual expenses if you used your vehicle for hire (such as a taxicab) or you used more than four vehicles simultaneously in your business (such as in fleet operations). You cannot use actual expenses for a leased vehicle if you previously used the standard mileage rate for that vehicle.

You can take the standard mileage rate for 2005 only if you:

• Owned the vehicle and use the standard mileage rate for the first year you placed the vehicle in service, or

• Leased the vehicle and are using the standard mileage rate for the entire lease period (except the period, if any, before 1998).

If you deduct actual expenses:

• Include on line 9 the business portion of expenses for gasoline, oil, repairs, insurance, tires, license plates, etc., and

• Show depreciation on line 13 and rent or lease payments on line 20a.

If you take the standard mileage rate, do not deduct depreciation, rent or lease payments, or your actual operating expenses. Multiply the number of business miles driven:

• Before September 1, 2005, by 40.5 cents, and

• After August 31, 2005, by 48.5 cents.

Add to this amount your parking fees and tolls, and enter the total on line 9.

For details, see Pub. 463.

Information on your vehicle. If you claim any car and truck expenses, you must provide certain information on the use of your vehicle by completing one of the following.

• Schedule C, Part IV, or Schedule C-EZ, Part III, if: (a) you are claiming the standard mileage rate, you lease your vehicle, or your vehicle is fully depreciated, and (b) you are not required to file Form 4562 for any other reason. If you used more than one vehicle during the year, attach your own schedule with the information requested in Schedule C, Part IV, or Schedule C-EZ, Part III, for each additional vehicle.

• Form 4562, Part V, if you are claiming depreciation on your vehicle or you are required to file Form 4562 for any other reason (see the instructions for line 13).

Line 11

Enter the total cost of contract labor for the tax year. Do not include contract labor deducted elsewhere on your return such as contract labor that you included in Part III. Also, do not include salaries and wages paid to your employees, instead see line 26.

Line 12

Enter your deduction for depletion on this line. If you have timber depletion, attach Form T. See Pub. 535 for details.

Line 13

Depreciation and section 179 expense deduction. Depreciation is the annual deduction allowed to recover the cost or other basis of business or investment property having a useful life substantially beyond the tax year. You can also depreciate improvements made to leased business property. However, stock in trade, inventories, and land are not depreciable. Depreciation starts when you first use the property in your business or for the production of income. It ends when you take the property out of service, deduct all your depreciable cost or other basis, or no longer use the property in your business or for the production of income. You can also elect under section 179 to expense part of the cost of certain property you bought in 2005 for use in your business. See the Instructions for Form 4562 to figure the amount to enter on line 13.

When to attach Form 4562. You must complete and attach Form 4562 only if:

• You are claiming depreciation on property placed in service during 2005;

• You are claiming depreciation on listed property (defined below), regardless of the date it was placed in service; or

• You are claiming a section 179 expense deduction.

If you acquired depreciable property for the first time in 2005, see Pub. 946.

Listed property generally includes, but is not limited to:

• Passenger automobiles weighing 6,000 pounds or less;

• Any other property used for transportation if the nature of the property lends itself to personal use, such as motorcycles, pickup trucks, etc.;

• Any property used for entertainment or recreational purposes (such as photographic, phonographic, communication, and video recording equipment);

• Cellular telephones or other similar telecommunications equipment; and

• Computers or peripheral equipment.

Exceptions. Listed property does not include photographic, phonographic, communication, or video equipment used exclusively in your trade or business or at your regular business establishment. It also does not include any computer or peripheral equipment used exclusively at a regular business establishment and owned or leased by the person operating the establishment. For purposes of these exceptions, a portion of your home is treated as a regular business establishment only if that portion meets the requirements under section 280A(c)(1) for deducting expenses for the business use of your home.

See the instructions for line 6 on page C-3 if the business use percentage of any listed property decreased to 50% or less in 2005.

Line 14

Deduct contributions to employee benefit programs that are not an incidental part of a pension or profit-sharing plan included on line 19. Examples are accident and health plans, group-term life insurance, and dependent care assistance programs. If you made contributions on your behalf as a self-employed person to a dependent care assistance program, complete Form 2441, Parts I and III, to figure your deductible contributions to that program.

Do not include on line 14 any contributions you made on your behalf as a self-employed person to an accident and health plan or for group-term life insurance. You may be able to deduct on Form 1040, line 29, the amount you paid for health insurance on behalf of yourself, your spouse, and dependents, even if you do not itemize your deductions. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 29, for details.

Line 15

Deduct premiums paid for business insurance on line 15. Deduct on line 14 amounts paid for employee accident and health insurance. Do not deduct amounts credited to a reserve for self-insurance or premiums paid for a policy that pays for your lost earnings due to sickness or disability. For details, see Pub. 535.

Lines 16a and 16b

Interest allocation rules. The tax treatment of interest expense differs depending on its type. For example, home mortgage interest and investment interest are treated differently. "Interest allocation" rules require you to allocate (classify) your interest expense so it is deducted (or capitalized) on the correct line of your return and receives the right tax treatment. These rules could affect how much interest you are allowed to deduct on Schedule C or C-EZ.

Generally, you allocate interest expense by tracing how the proceeds of the loan were used. See Pub. 535 for details.

If you paid interest on a debt secured by your main home and any of the proceeds from that debt were used in connection with your trade or business, see Pub. 535 to figure the amount that is deductible on Schedule C or C-EZ.

How to report. If you have a mortgage on real property used in your business (other than your main home), enter on line 16a the interest you paid for 2005 to banks or other financial institutions for which you received a Form 1098 (or similar statement). If you did not receive a Form 1098, enter the interest on line 16b.

If you paid more mortgage interest than is shown on Form 1098, see Pub. 535 to find out if you can deduct the additional interest. If you can, include the amount on line 16a. Attach a statement to your return explaining the difference and enter "See attached" in the margin next to line 16a.

If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if you file a joint return) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage and the other person received the Form 1098, include your share of the interest on line 16b. Attach a statement to your return showing the name and address of the person who received the Form 1098. In the margin next to line 16b, enter "See attached."

If you paid interest in 2005 that applies to future years, deduct only the part that applies to 2005.

Line 17

Include on this line fees for tax advice related to your business and for preparation of the tax forms related to your business.

Line 19

Enter your deduction for contributions to a pension, profit-sharing, or annuity plan, or plans for the benefit of your employees. If the plan included you as a self-employed person, enter contributions made as an employer on your behalf on Form 1040, line 28, not on Schedule C.

Generally, you must file the applicable form listed below if you maintain a pension, profit-sharing, or other funded-deferred compensation plan. The filing requirement is not affected by whether or not the plan qualified under the Internal Revenue Code, or whether or not you claim a deduction for the current tax year. There is a penalty for failure to timely file these forms.

Form 5500. File this form for a plan that is not a one-participant plan (see below).

Form 5500-EZ. File this form for a one-participant plan. A one-participant plan is a plan that only covers you (or you and your spouse).

For details, see Pub. 560.

Lines 20a and 20b

If you rented or leased vehicles, machinery, or equipment, enter on line 20a the business portion of your rental cost. But if you leased a vehicle for a term of 30 days or more, you may have to reduce your deduction by an amount called the inclusion amount. See Pub. 463 to figure your inclusion amount.

Enter on line 20b amounts paid to rent or lease other property, such as office space in a building.

Line 21

Deduct the cost of repairs and maintenance. Include labor, supplies, and other items that do not add to the value or increase the life of the property. Do not deduct the value of your own labor. Do not deduct amounts spent to restore or replace property; they must be capitalized.

Line 22

Generally, you can deduct the cost of supplies only to the extent you actually consumed and used them in your business during the tax year (unless you deducted them in a prior tax year). However, if you had incidental supplies on hand for which you kept no inventories or records of use, you can deduct the cost of supplies you actually purchased during the tax year, provided that method clearly reflects income.

Line 23

You can deduct the following taxes and licenses on this line.

• State and local sales taxes imposed on you as the seller of goods or services. If you collected this tax from the buyer, you must also include the amount collected in gross receipts or sales on line 1.

• Real estate and personal property taxes on business assets.

• Licenses and regulatory fees for your trade or business paid each year to state or local governments. But some licenses, such as liquor licenses, may have to be amortized. See Pub. 535 for details.

• Social security and Medicare taxes paid to match required withholding from your employees' wages. Also, federal unemployment tax paid. Reduce your deduction by the amount shown on Form 8846, line 4.

• Federal highway use tax.

Do not deduct the following on this line.

• Federal income taxes, including your self-employment tax. However, you can deduct one-half of your self-employment tax on Form 1040, line 27.

• Estate and gift taxes.

• Taxes assessed to pay for improvements, such as paving and sewers.

• Taxes on your home or personal use property.

• State and local sales taxes on property purchased for use in your business. Instead, treat these taxes as part of the cost of the property.

• State and local sales taxes imposed on the buyer that you were required to collect and pay over to state or local governments. These taxes are not included in gross receipts or sales nor are they a deductible expense. However, if the state or local government allowed you to retain any part of the sales tax you collected, you must include that amount as income on line 6.

• Other taxes and license fees not related to your business.

Line 24a

Enter your expenses for lodging and transportation connected with overnight travel for business while away from your tax home. Generally, your tax home is your main place of business regardless of where you maintain your family home. You cannot deduct expenses paid or incurred in connection with employment away from home if that period of employment exceeds 1 year. Also, you cannot deduct travel expenses for your spouse, your dependent, or any other individual unless that person is your employee, the travel is for a bona fide business purpose, and the expenses would otherwise be deductible by that person.

Do not include expenses for meals and entertainment on this line. Instead, see the instructions for line 24b on this page.

Instead of keeping records of your actual incidental expenses, you can use an optional method for deducting incidental expenses only if you did not pay or incur meal expenses on a day you were traveling away from your tax home. The amount of the deduction is \$3 a day. Incidental expenses include fees and tips given to por-ters, baggage carriers, bellhops, hotel maids, stewards or stewardesses and others on ships, and hotel servants in foreign countries. They do not include expenses for laundry, cleaning and pressing of clothing, lodging taxes, or the costs of telegrams or telephone calls. You cannot use this method on any day that you use the standard meal allowance (as explained in the instructions for line 24b).

You cannot deduct expenses for attending a foreign convention unless it is directly related to your trade or business and it is as reasonable for the meeting to be held outside the North American area as within it. These rules apply to both employers and employees. Other rules apply to luxury water travel.

For details, see Pub. 463.

Line 24b

Enter your total deductible business meal and entertainment expenses. Include meal expenses while traveling away from home for business.

Deductible expenses. Business meal expenses are deductible only if they are (a) directly related to or associated with the active conduct of your trade or business, (b) not lavish or extravagant, and (c) incurred while you or your employee is present at the meal.

You cannot deduct any expense paid or incurred for a facility (such as a yacht or hunting lodge) used for any activity usually considered entertainment, amusement, or recreation.

Also, you cannot deduct membership dues for any club organized for business, pleasure, recreation, or other social purpose. This includes country clubs, golf and athletic clubs, airline and hotel clubs, and clubs operated to provide meals under conditions favorable to business discussion. But it does not include civic or public service organizations, professional organizations (such as bar and medical associations), business leagues, trade associations, chambers of commerce, boards of trade, and real estate boards, unless a principal purpose of the organization is to entertain, or provide entertainment facilities for, members or their guests.

There are exceptions to these rules as well as other rules that apply to sky-box rentals and tickets to entertainment events. See Pub. 463.

Standard meal allowance. Instead of the actual cost of your meals while traveling away from home, you can use the standard meal allowance for your daily meals and incidental expenses. Under this method, you deduct a specified amount, depending on where you travel, instead of keeping records of your actual meal expenses. However, you must still keep records to prove the time, place, and business purpose of your travel.

The standard meal allowance is the federal M&IE rate. You can find these rates on the Internet at *www.gsa.gov*. Click on "Per Diem Rates." For locations outside the continental United States, the applicable rates are published monthly. You can find these rates on the Internet at *www.state.gov*.

See Pub. 463 for details on how to figure your deduction using the standard meal allowance, including special rules for partial days of travel.

Amount of deduction. Generally, you can deduct only 50% of your business meal and entertainment expenses, including meals incurred while away from home on business. For individuals subject to the Department of Transportation (DOT) hours of service limits, that percentage is increased to 70% for business meals consumed during, or incident to, any period of duty for which those limits are in effect. Individuals subject to the DOT hours of service limits include the following persons.

• Certain air transportation workers (such as pilots, crew, dispatchers, mechanics, and control tower operators) who are under Federal Aviation Administration regulations.

• Interstate truck operators who are under DOT regulations.

• Certain merchant mariners who are under Coast Guard regulations.

However, you can fully deduct meals, incidentals, and entertainment furnished or reimbursed to an employee if you properly treat the expense as wages subject to withholding. You can also fully deduct meals, incidentals, and entertainment provided to a nonemployee to the extent the expenses are includible in the gross income of that person and reported on Form 1099-MISC. See Pub. 535 for details and other exceptions.

Daycare providers. If you qualify as a family daycare provider, you can use the standard meal and snack rates, instead of actual costs, to compute the deductible cost of meals and snacks provided to eligible children. See Pub. 587 for details, including recordkeeping requirements.

Line 25

Deduct only utility expenses for your trade or business.

Local telephone service. If you used your home phone for business, do not deduct the base rate (including taxes) of the first phone line into your residence. But you can deduct expenses for any additional costs you incurred for business that are more than the cost of the base rate for the first phone line. For example, if you had a second line, you can deduct the business percentage of the charges for that line, including the base rate charges.

Line 26

Enter the total salaries and wages for the tax year. Do not include salaries and wages deducted elsewhere on your return or amounts paid to yourself. Reduce your deduction by the amounts claimed on:

• Form 5884, Work Opportunity Credit, line 2;

• Form 5884-A, Hurricane Katrina Employee Retention Credit, line 2;

• Form 8844, Empowerment Zone and Renewal Community Employment Credit, line 2;

• Form 8845, Indian Employment Credit, line 4; and

• Form 8861, Welfare-to-Work Credit, line 2.



If you provided taxable fringe benefits to your employees, such as personal use of a car, do not deduct as wages the amount

applicable to depreciation and other expenses claimed elsewhere.

Line 30

Business use of your home. You may be able to deduct certain expenses for business use of your home, subject to limitations. You must attach Form 8829 if you claim

this deduction. For details, see the Instructions for Form 8829 and Pub. 587.

Line 31

If you have a loss, the amount of loss you can deduct this year may be limited. Go to line 32 before entering your loss on line 31. If you answered "No" to Schedule C, Question G, also see the Instructions for Form 8582. Enter the net profit or deductible loss here. Combine this amount with any profit or loss from other businesses, and enter the total on Form 1040, line 12, and Schedule SE, line 2. Estates and trusts should enter the total on Form 1041, line 3.

If you have a net profit on line 31, this amount is earned income and may qualify you for the earned income credit. See the instructions for Form 1040, lines 66a and 66b, for details.

Statutory employees. Include your net profit or deductible loss from line 31 with other Schedule C amounts on Form 1040, line 12. However, do not report this amount on Schedule SE, line 2. If you are required to file Schedule SE because of other self-employment income, see the Instructions for Schedule SE.

Line 32

At-risk rules. Generally, if you have (a) a business loss and (b) amounts in the business for which you are not at risk, you will have to complete Form 6198 to figure your allowable loss. The at-risk rules generally limit the amount of loss (including loss on the disposition of assets) you can claim to the amount you could actually lose in the business.

Check box 32b if you have amounts for which you are not at risk in this business, such as the following.

• Nonrecourse loans used to finance the business, to acquire property used in the business, or to acquire the business that are not secured by your own property (other than property used in the business). However, there is an exception for certain non-recourse financing borrowed by you in connection with holding real property.

• Cash, property, or borrowed amounts used in the business (or contributed to the business, or used to acquire the business) that are protected against loss by a guarantee, stop-loss agreement, or other similar arrangement (excluding casualty insurance and insurance against tort liability).

• Amounts borrowed for use in the business from a person who has an interest in the business, other than as a creditor, or who is related under section 465(b)(3) to a person (other than you) having such an interest.

If all amounts are at risk in this business, check box 32a and enter your loss on line 31. But if you answered "No" to Question G, you may need to complete Form 8582 to figure your deductible loss. See the Instructions for Form 8582 for details.

If you checked box 32b, see Form 6198 to determine the amount of your deductible

loss. But if you answered "No" to Question G, your loss may be further limited. See the Instructions for Form 8582. If your at-risk amount is zero or less, enter -0- on line 31. Be sure to attach Form 6198 to your return. If you checked box 32b and you do not attach Form 6198, the processing of your tax return may be delayed.

Any loss from this business not allowed for 2005 because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to the business in 2006. For details, see the Instructions for Form 6198 and Pub. 925.

Part III. Cost of Goods Sold

Generally, if you engaged in a trade or business in which the production, purchase, or sale of merchandise was an income-producing factor, you must take inventories into account at the beginning and end of your tax year.

However, if you are a qualifying taxpayer or a qualifying small business taxpayer, you can account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental. To change your accounting method, see the instructions for line F on page C-2.

A qualifying taxpayer is a taxpayer (a) whose average annual gross receipts for the 3 prior tax years are \$1 million or less, and (b) whose business is not a tax shelter (as defined in section 448(d)(3)).

A qualifying small business taxpayer is a taxpayer (a) whose average annual gross receipts for the 3 prior tax years are more than \$1 million but not more than \$10 million, (b) whose business is not a tax shelter (as defined in section 448(d)(3)), and (c) whose principal business activity is not an ineligible activity as explained in Rev. Proc. 2002-28. You can find Rev. Proc. 2002-28 on page 815 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2002-18 at www.irs.gov/pub/ irs-irbs/irb02-18.pdf

Under this accounting method, inventory costs for raw materials purchased for use in producing finished goods and merchandise purchased for resale are deductible in the year the finished goods or merchandise are sold (but not before the year you paid for the raw materials or merchandise, if you are also using the cash method). Enter amounts paid for all raw materials and merchandise during 2005 on line 36. The amount you can deduct for 2005 is figured on line 42.

Additional information. For additional guidance on this method of accounting for inventoriable items, see Rev. Proc. 2001-10 if you are a qualifying taxpayer or Rev. Proc. 2002-28 if you are a qualifying small business taxpayer. You can find Rev. Proc. 2001-10 on page 272 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2001-2 at www.irs.gov/pub/ irs-irbs/irb01-02.pdf, and Rev. Proc. 2002-28 on page 815 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2002-18 at www.irs.gov/pub/ irs-irbs/irb02-18.pdf.



Certain direct and indirect expenses may have to be capitalized or included in inventory. See the instructions for Part II beginning on page C-3.

Line 33

Your inventories can be valued at cost; cost or market value, whichever is lower; or any other method approved by the IRS. However, you are required to use cost if you are using the cash method of accounting.

Line 35

If you are changing your method of accounting beginning with 2005, refigure last year's closing inventory using your new method of accounting and enter the result on line 35. If there is a difference between last year's closing inventory and the refigured amount, attach an explanation and take it into account when figuring your section 481(a) adjustment. See the example on page C-2 for details.

Line 41

If you account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental, enter on line 41 the portion of your raw materials and merchandise purchased for resale that are included on line 40 and were not sold during the year.

Part IV. Information on Your Vehicle

Line 44b

Generally, commuting is travel between your home and a work location. If you converted your vehicle during the year from personal to business use (or vice versa), enter your commuting miles only for the period you drove your vehicle for business. For information on certain travel that is considered a business expense rather than commuting, see the Instructions for Form 2106.

Part V. Other Expenses

Include all ordinary and necessary business expenses not deducted elsewhere on Schedule C. List the type and amount of each expense separately in the space provided. Enter the total on lines 48 and 27. Do not include the cost of business equipment or furniture, replacements or permanent improvements to property, or personal, living, and family expenses. Do not include charitable contributions. Also, you cannot deduct fines or penalties paid to a government for violating any law. For details on business expenses, see Pub. 535.

Amortization. Include amortization in this part. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

You can amortize:

 The cost of pollution-control facilities.

 Amounts paid for research and experimentation.

Qualified revitalization expenditures.

• Amounts paid to acquire, protect, expand, register, or defend trademarks or trade names.

 Goodwill and certain other intangibles.

In general, you cannot amortize real property construction period interest and taxes. Special rules apply for allocating interest to real or personal property produced in your trade or business.

At-risk loss deduction. Any loss from this activity that was not allowed as a deduction last year because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to this activity in 2005.

Business start-up costs. You can either deduct or begin amortizing certain business start-up costs in the year your business begins. The method you use depends on when the costs were paid or incurred.

Paid or incurred before October 23, **2004.** You can elect to amortize these business start-up costs over 60 months or more, beginning with the month the business began.

Paid or incurred after October 22, 2004. You can elect to deduct up to \$5,000 of these business start-up costs for the year your business began. This limit is reduced (but not below zero) by the amount by which your total start-up costs exceed \$50,000. Your remaining start-up costs can be amortized over a 180-month period, beginning with the month the business began.

For details, see Pub. 535. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

Capital construction fund. Do not claim on Schedule C or C-EZ the deduction for amounts contributed to a capital construction fund set up under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936. Instead, reduce the amount you would otherwise enter on Form 1040, line 43, by the amount of the deduction. Next to line 43, enter "CCF" and the amount of the deduction. For details, see Pub. 595.

Clean-fuel vehicles and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. You may be able to deduct part of the cost of qualified clean-fuel vehicle property used in your business and qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. See Pub. 535 for details.

Disabled access credit and the deduction for removing barriers to individuals with disabilities and the elderly. You may be able to claim a tax credit of up to \$5,000 for eligible expenditures paid or incurred in 2005 to provide access to your business for individuals with disabilities. See Form 8826 for details. You can also deduct up to \$15,000 of costs paid or incurred in 2005 to remove architectural or transportation barriers to individuals with disabilities and the elderly. However, you cannot take both the credit and the deduction on the same expenditures.

Film and television production expenses. You can elect to deduct costs of certain qualified film and television productions. For details, see Pub. 535.

Forestation and reforestation costs. You can elect to deduct up to \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separately) of qualifying reforestation costs paid or incurred after October 22, 2004. The remaining costs can be amortized over an 84-month period. The amortization election does not apply to trusts and the expense election does not apply to estates and trusts. For details, see Pub. 535. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated burden for individual taxpayers filing this form is included in the estimates shown in the instructions for their individual income tax return. The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is approved under OMB control number 1545-1974 and is shown below.

Recordkeeping	1 hr. 18 min.
Learning about the law or the form	24 min.
Preparing the form	1 hr.
Copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS	20 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

Principal Business or Professional Activity Codes

These codes for the Principal Business or Professional Activity classify sole proprietorships by the type of activity classify sole prophetorships by the type of activity they are engaged in to facilitate the administration of the Internal Revenue Code. These six-digit codes are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Accommodation, Food

Services, & Drinking Places

Select the category that best describes your primary business activity (for example, Real Estate). Then select the activity that best identifies the principal source of your sales or receipts (for example, real estate agent). Now find the six-digit code assigned to this activity (for example, 531210, the code for offices

of real estate agents and brokers) and enter it on Schedule C or C-EZ, line B.

Note. If your principal source of income is from farming activities, you should file Schedule F.

Accom	modation	115210	Support activities for animal
721310	Rooming & boarding houses	115110	production (including farrier
721210	RV (recreational vehicle)	115110	Support activities for crop production (including cotton
721100	parks & recreational camps		ginning, soil preparation,
721100	Traveler accommodation (including hotels, motels, &	115210	planting, & cultivating)
	bed & breakfast inns)	115310	Support activities for forestr
Food S Places	Services & Drinking	Arts, E Recrea	Entertainment, & ation
722410	Drinking places (alcoholic		ement, Gambling, &
722110	beverages) Full-service restaurants		ation Industries
7222110	Limited-service eating places	713100	Amusement parks & arcade
722300	Special food services	713200	Gambling industries
	(including food service	713900	Other amusement & recreation services (includin
	contractors & caterers)		golf courses, skiing facilities
	istrative & Support		marinas, fitness centers, bowling centers, skating
	aste Management & diation Services		rinks, miniature golf courses
	istrative & Support		ms, Historical Sites, &
Servic		712100	r Institutions Museums, historical sites, &
561430	Business service centers	/12100	similar institutions
	(including private mail centers & copy shops)		ming Arts, Spectator
561740	Carpet & upholstery cleaning	5ports 711410	s, & Related Industries
561440	services	/11410	Agents & managers for artists, athletes, entertainers,
561440 561450	Collection agencies Credit bureaus		& other public figures
561410	Document preparation	711510	Independent artists, writers, performers
	services	711100	Performing arts companies
561300	Employment services	711300	Promoters of performing art
561710	Exterminating & pest control services		sports, & similar events
561210	Facilities support	711210	Spectator sports (including professional sports clubs &
561600	(management) services		racetrack operations)
561600	Investigation & security		
201000	services	Const	ruction of Buildinas
561720		Const 236200	ruction of Buildings
561720 561730	services Janitorial services Landscaping services	236200	Nonresidential building construction
561720 561730 561110	services Janitorial services Landscaping services Office administrative services		Nonresidential building construction Residential building
561720 561730	services Janitorial services Landscaping services	236200 236100	Nonresidential building construction Residential building construction
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561720 561730 561110 561420 561500 561490 561790 561900 Waste Remec 562000 Agricu Huntin 112900 114110	services Janitorial services Janitorial services Office administrative services Telephone call centers (including telephone answering services & telemarketing bureaus) Travel arrangement & reservation services Other business support services (including repossession services, court reporting, & stenotype services) Other support services (including packaging & labeling services, & convention & trade show organizers) Management & liation Services Waste management & remediation services (including packaging & labeling services) Animal production (including breeding of cats and dogs) Fishing Forestry & logging (including forest nurseries & timber	236200 236100 Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237100 237990 Specia 238310 238210 238350 238330 238130 238140 238120 238140 238120 238110 238110 238110 238110	Nonresidential building construction Residential building construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors Plumbing, heating & air- conditioning contractors Poured concrete foundation structure contractors Siding contractors Site preparation contractors Structural steel & precast

C		
Suppo	rt Activities for	23
•	Iture & Forestry	2
115210	Support activities for animal production (including farriers)	23
115110	Support activities for crop	23
	production (including cotton ginning, soil preparation,	2
	planting, & cultivating)	
115310	Support activities for forestry	E
	intertainment, &	6
Recrea		
	ment, Gambling, & tion Industries	F
713100	Amusement parks & arcades	С
713200 713900	Gambling industries Other amusement &	R
/10/00	recreation services (including	52
	golf courses, skiing facilities, marinas, fitness centers,	
	bowling centers, skating	52
Museu	rinks, miniature golf courses) ms, Historical Sites, &	5.
	Institutions	
712100	Museums, historical sites, & similar institutions	52
Perform	ning Arts, Spectator	
•	, & Related Industries	Ir
711410	Agents & managers for artists, athletes, entertainers,	R 52
	& other public figures	5.
711510	Independent artists, writers, & performers	52
711100	Performing arts companies	S
711300	Promoters of performing arts, sports, & similar events	C Ir
711210	Spectator sports (including professional sports clubs &	Ä
	racetrack operations)	52 52
Constr	ruction of Buildings	52
236200	Nonresidential building	
236100	construction Residential building	52
	construction	52
Heavy	construction and Civil Engineering	52 52
	construction and Civil Engineering uction	
Heavy Constr 237310	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction	52 H
Heavy Constr	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision	5: H A
Heavy Constr 237310 237210	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil	5: H A
Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237100 237990	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction	5: H A
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Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237100 237990 Specia 238310 238210	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors	52 H A S 62
Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237100 237990 Specia 238310 238210 238210 238350	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors	52 H A S 62 62
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Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237990 Specia 238310 238210 238210 238350 238330 238130 238150	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors	5: H A S 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6:
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Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237900 Specia 238310 238210 238350 238330 238130 238150 238140 238120	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors	52 H A S 62 62 62 62 62 62
Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237100 237990 Specia 238310 238210 238350 238130 238130 238130 238150 238140	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Glass & glazing contractors Painting & wall covering contractors Plumbing, heating & air-	5: H A S 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6:
Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237900 Specia 238310 238210 238350 238330 238130 238150 238140 238120	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors	52 H A S 62 62 62 62 62 62
Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237900 Specia 238310 238210 238350 238330 238130 238130 238150 238140 238120 238120 238220	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors Plumbing, heating & air- conditioning contractors Poured concrete foundation &	5: HAS 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6:
Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237100 237990 Specia 238310 238210 238350 238330 238130 238130 238150 238120 238120 238120 238110 238110 238110	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors Plumbing, heating & air- conditioning contractors Poured concrete foundation & structure contractors Roofing contractors Siding contractors	5: H A A S 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6:
Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237100 237990 Specia 238310 238210 238330 238130 238130 238130 238130 238130 238120 238140 238220 238220 238110 238160 238170 23810 23810 23810	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors Plumbing, heating & air- conditioning contractors Roofing contractors Poured concrete foundation & structure contractors Roofing contractors Siding contractors Siding contractors	5: HAS 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6:
Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237100 237990 Specia 238310 238210 238350 238330 238130 238130 238150 238120 238120 238120 238110 238110 238110	construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors Plumbing, heating & air- conditioning contractors Poured concrete foundation & structure contractors Roofing contractors Siding contractors	5: HAS 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6: 6:

238290	Other building equipment	621900	Other ambulatory health care
238390	contractors Other building finishing contractors		services (including ambulance services, blood, & organ banks)
238190	Other foundation, structure, & building exterior contractors	Hospit	als
238990	All other specialty trade		Hospitals g & Residential Care
Educa	tional Services	623000	Nursing & residential care
611000	Educational services	Social	facilities Assistance
	(including schools, colleges, & universities)	624410	Child day care services
Financ	e & Insurance	624200	Community food & housing, & emergency & other relief
	Intermediation & d Activities	624100	services Individual & family services
522100	Depository credit	624310	Vocational rehabilitation
	intermediation (including commercial banking, savings		services
	institutions, & credit unions)	Inform	
522200	Nondepository credit intermediation (including	511000	Publishing industries (except Internet)
	sales financing & consumer lending)		casting (except Internet) communications
522300	Activities related to credit intermediation (including loan	515000	0 (1 1 I 1 1)
	brokers)	517000	Telecommunications Publishing &
	nce Agents, Brokers, & d Activities	Broade	casting
524210	Insurance agencies & brokerages	516110	Internet publishing & broadcasting
524290	Other insurance related activities	Web S	et Service Providers, earch Portals, & Data ssing Services
Securi	ties, Commodity cts, & Other Financial	518210	Data processing, hosting, &
Investr	ments & Related	510111	related services
Activit 523140	Commodity contracts brokers	518111 518112	Internet service providers Web search portals
523140	Commodity contracts dealers	519100	Other information services
523110	Investment bankers & securities dealers		(including news syndicates and libraries)
523210	Securities & commodity exchanges	Motion Record	Picture & Sound
523120	Securities brokers	512100	Motion picture & video
523900	Other financial investment activities (including		industries (except video rental)
	investment advice)	512200	Sound recording industries
	Care & Social		acturing
Assist		315000 312000	Apparel mfg. Beverage & tobacco product
Servic	atory Health Care		mfg.
621610 621510	Home health care services Medical & diagnostic	334000	Computer & electronic product mfg.
	laboratories	335000	Electrical equipment, appliance, & component mfg.
621310 621210	Offices of chiropractors Offices of dentists	332000	Fabricated metal product mfg.
621330	Offices of mental health	337000	Furniture & related product mfg.
	practitioners (except physicians)	333000	Machinery mfg.
621320	Offices of optometrists	339110	Medical equipment & supplies mfg.
621340	Offices of physical, occupational & speech	322000	Paper mfg.
621111	therapists, & audiologists	324100	Petroleum & coal products mfg.
621111	Offices of physicians (except mental health specialists)	326000	Plastics & rubber products mfg.
621112	Offices of physicians, mental health specialists	331000	Primary metal mfg.
621391	Offices of podiatrists	323100	Printing & related support activities
621399	Offices of all other miscellaneous health	313000	Textile mills
621400	practitioners	314000 336000	Textile product mills Transportation equipment
021400	Outpatient care centers		mfg.
		321000 339900	Wood product mfg. Other miscellaneous mfg.

cipal Business or Profession al Activity Codes (continued)

Princip	al Business or Profession	nal A
Chemi	cal Manufacturing	Re
325100	Basic chemical mfg.	811
325500	Paint, coating, & adhesive mfg.	811
325300	Pesticide, fertilizer, & other agricultural chemical mfg.	011
325410	Pharmaceutical & medicine mfg.	811
325200	Resin, synthetic rubber, & artificial & synthetic fibers & filaments mfg.	811
325600	Soap, cleaning compound, & toilet preparation mfg.	
325900	Other chemical product & preparation mfg.	811
	lanufacturing	
311110	Animal food mfg.	
311800	Bakeries & tortilla mfg.	8114
311500	Dairy product mfg.	
311400	Fruit & vegetable preserving & speciality food mfg.	8114
311200	Grain & oilseed milling	
311610	Animal slaughtering & processing	811
311710	Seafood product preparation & packaging	811
311300	Sugar & confectionery product mfg.	Pro Teo
311900	Other food mfg. (including coffee, tea, flavorings, &	541
	seasonings)	541
	r & Allied Product	5 4 1 1
Manufa	acturing	541
316210	Footwear mfg. (including	541
316110	leather, rubber, & plastics) Leather & hide tanning &	541: Arc
316990	finishing Other leather & allied product	Re 541
Nonme	mfg. etallic Mineral Product	541 541
Manufa	acturing	541
327300	Cement & concrete product	541
327100	mfg. Clay product & refractory	541
327210	mfg. Glass & glass product mfg.	541
327400	Lime & gypsum product mfg.	
327900	Other nonmetallic mineral	541
	product mfg.	Co
Minsing	_	Rel
Mining		541
212110	0	
212200	Metal ore mining	Spe
212300	Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying	541
211110	Oil & gas extraction	
213110	Support activities for mining	Oth
Othor	Services	& 1
		541
Persor	al & Laundry Services	541
812111	Barber shops	541
812112	Beauty salons	541
812220	Cemeteries & crematories	0.11
812310	Coin-operated laundries &	541
812320	drycleaners	541
	Drycleaning & laundry	
	Drycleaning & laundry services (except coin-operated) (including	541
	services (except coin-operated) (including	
812210	services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral	541 541 541
	services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services	541
812330	services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral	541
	services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services	541
812330	services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply	541 541
812330 812113	services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons	541 541 Re Lea
812330 812113 812930	services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons Parking lots & garages	541 541 Re Lea
812330 812113 812930	services (except coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites) Funeral homes & funeral services Linen & uniform supply Nail salons Parking lots & garages Pet care (except veterinary)	541 541 Re Lea

Other personal care services (including diet & weight

reducing centers)

812990 All other personal services

812190

Repair	& Maintenance	53
811120	Automotive body, paint,	
011120	interior, & glass repair	53
811110	Automotive mechanical &	53
	electrical repair &	
	maintenance	R
811190	Other automotive repair &	53
	maintenance (including oil change & lubrication shops &	
	car washes)	53
811310	Commercial & industrial	
	machinery & equipment	53
	(except automotive &	55
	electronic) repair & maintenance	53
811210	Electronic & precision	
011210	equipment repair &	53
	maintenance	53
811430	Footwear & leather goods	53
011410	repair	R
811410	Home & garden equipment &	C
	appliance repair & maintenance	ŏ
811420	Reupholstery & furniture	81
	repair	01
811490	Other personal & household	
	goods repair & maintenance	D
Profes	sional Scientific &	R
	sional, Scientific, &	В
	ical Services	E
541100	Legal services	44
541211	Offices of certified public accountants	44
541214		44
541214	Payroll services	
541213	Tax preparation services	44
541219	Other accounting services	44
Polator	ectural, Engineering, & d Services	
		C
541310	Architectural services	S
541350	Building inspection services	44
541340	Drafting services	44
541330	Engineering services	
541360	Geophysical surveying &	44
541360	Geophysical surveying & mapping services	44 44
	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture	44
541360	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services	44 44 44
541360 541320 541370	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture	44 44
541360541320541370541380	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories	44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories iter Systems Design &	44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compu	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories	44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design &	44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compu Related 541510	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services	44 44 44 44 44 44 E I 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compu Related 541510 Specia	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories iter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services	44 44 44 44 44 44 EI 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compu Related 541510	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services Specialized design services	44 44 44 44 44 44 E 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compu Related 541510 Specia	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories iter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services	44 44 44 44 44 44 EI 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541400	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services Specialized design services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial,	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541400 Other I	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories tter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design)	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541400 Other I	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories iter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, inical Services	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compu Related 541510 Specia 541400 Other I	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nical Services Advertising & related services	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541500 Specia 541400	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories iter Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, inical Services	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
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541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541500 Specia 541400 Other I & Tech 541800 541600 541910	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, mical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541510 Specia 541400 Other I & Tech 541800 541910 541920	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, mical Services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541500 Specia 541400 Other I & Tech 541800 541600 541910	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories therefore Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services Iized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nical Services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research &	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541400 Other I & Tech 541800 541910 541920 541700	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541510 Specia 541400 Other I & Tech 541800 541910 541920	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories therefore Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services Iized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nical Services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research &	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541400 Other I & Tech 541800 541910 541920 541700	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, mical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services	444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541510 Specia 541500 Sher I & Tech 541800 541910 541920 541930	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, mical Services Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation	444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541510 Specia 541500 Sher I Staren 541900 541910 541930 541930	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories ther Systems Design & d Services Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, mical Services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical	444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 44
541360 541320 541370 541380 Compt Related 541510 Specia 541510 Specia 541500 Sher I Staren 541900 541910 541930 541930	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories therefore Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, nical Services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Market research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services All other professional,	444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 44
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541360 541320 541370 541370 541380 Compt Relater 541510 Specia 541510 Specia 541400 541910 541920 541930 541930 541930 541940 541940 541940 541940	Geophysical surveying & mapping services Landscape architecture services Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services Testing laboratories therefore Systems Design & deservices Computer systems design & related services lized Design Services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Professional, Scientific, mical Services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services Scientific research & public opinion polling Photographic services Scientific research & development services Translation & interpretation services Veterinary services All other professional, scientific, & technical services state & Rental & g state Lessors of real estate (including miniwarehouses & self-storage units)	44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44

531320	Offices of real estate	446190	Other health & personal care stores
531310	appraisers Real estate property managers	Motor	Vehicle & Parts Dealers
531390	Other activities related to real	441300	Automotive parts, accessories,
	estate		& tire stores
	& Leasing Services	441222	Boat dealers
532100	Automotive equipment rental & leasing	441221 441110	Motorcycle dealers New car dealers
532400	Commercial & industrial	441110	Recreational vehicle dealers
	machinery & equipment	111210	(including motor home &
532210	rental & leasing Consumer electronics &	441100	travel trailer dealers)
552210	appliances rental	441120 441229	Used car dealers All other motor vehicle
532220	Formal wear & costume	441229	dealers
532310	rental General rental centers		ng Goods, Hobby,
5322310	Video tape & disc rental		& Music Stores
532290	Other consumer goods rental	451211 451120	Book stores
Delini	un Crantmaking	451120	Hobby, toy, & game stores Musical instrument &
	ous, Grantmaking, Professional, & Similar	101110	supplies stores
Organ	izations	451212	News dealers & newsstands
813000	Religious, grantmaking, civic,	451220	Prerecorded tape, compact disc, & record stores
	professional, & similar	451130	Sewing, needlework, & piece
	organizations		goods stores
Retail	Trade	451110	Sporting goods stores
	ng Material & Garden		laneous Store Retailers
	nent & Supplies Dealers	453920 453110	Art dealers Florists
444130 444110	Hardware stores	453220	Gift, novelty, & souvenir
444110	Home centers Lawn & garden equipment &	100220	stores
444200	supplies stores	453930	Manufactured (mobile) home
444120	Paint & wallpaper stores	453210	dealers Office supplies & stationery
444190	Other building materials dealers	435210	stores
Clothir	ng & Accessories	453910	Pet & pet supplies stores
Stores		453310	Used merchandise stores
448130	Children's & infants' clothing stores	453990	All other miscellaneous store retailers (including tobacco,
448150	Clothing accessories stores	Neget	candle, & trophy shops)
		NONSIG	
448140	Family clothing stores		
448310	Family clothing stores Jewelry stores	454112	Electronic auctions
	Jewelry stores Luggage & leather goods		
448310 448320	Jewelry stores Luggage & leather goods stores	454112 454111	Electronic auctions Electronic shopping
448310	Jewelry stores Luggage & leather goods	454112 454111 454310 454113 454210	Electronic auctions Electronic shopping Fuel dealers Mail-order houses Vending machine operators
448310 448320 448110 448210 448120	Jewelry stores Luggage & leather goods stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores	454112 454111 454310 454113	Electronic auctions Electronic shopping Fuel dealers Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling
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448310 448320 448110 448210 448120 448190	Jewelry stores Luggage & leather goods stores Men's clothing stores Shoe stores Women's clothing stores Other clothing stores onic & Appliance Stores Camera & photographic	454112 454111 454310 454113 454210	Electronic auctions Electronic shopping Fuel dealers Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen
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ter bus industry eral freight trucking, local eral freight trucking, long nce urban & rural bus portation line transportation transportation ic & sightseeing portation ool & employee bus portation ialized freight trucking uding household moving & limousine service in transit systems er transportation er transit & ground enger transportation port activities for portation (including r vehicle towing)

Principal Business or Professional Activity Codes (continued)

	Har Activity Couce (continued)		
Couriers & Messengers 492000 Couriers & messengers Warehousing & Storage Facilities 493100 Warehousing & storage	 423940 Jewelry, watch, precious stone, & precious metals 423300 Lumber & other construction materials 423800 Machinery, equipment, & wareline 	Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods424300Apparel, piece goods, & notions424800Beer, wine, & distilled	 424700 Petroleum & petroleum products 424940 Tobacco & tobacco products 424990 Other miscellaneous nondurable goods
Utilities 221000 Utilities Wholesale Trade	supplies 423500 Metal & mineral (except petroleum) 423100 Motor vehicle & motor vehicle parts & supplies 423400 Professional & commercial equipment & supplies 423930 Recyclable materials	alcoholic beverage 424920 Books, periodicals, & newspapers 424600 Chemical & allied products 424210 Drugs & druggists' sundries 424500 Farm product raw materials 424910 Farm supplies	Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents & Brokers 425110 Business to business electronic markets 425120 Wholesale trade agents & brokers
Wholesale fradeMerchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods423600Electrical & electronic goods423200Furniture & home furnishing423700Hardware, & plumbing & heating equipment & supplies	 423910 Sporting & recreational goods & supplies 423920 Toy & hobby goods & supplies 423990 Other miscellaneous durable goods 	 424930 Flower, nursery stock, & florists' supplies 424400 Grocery & related products 424950 Paint, varnish, & supplies 424100 Paper & paper products 	9999999 Unclassified establishments (unable to classify)



2005 Instructions for Schedule D

Capital Gains and Losses

Use Schedule D (Form 1040) to report the following.

• The sale or exchange of a capital asset (defined on this page) not reported on another form or schedule.

• Gains from involuntary conversions (other than from casualty or theft) of capital assets not held for business or profit.

- Capital gain distributions not reported directly on Form 1040, line 13.
- Nonbusiness bad debts.

Additional information. See Pub. 544 and Pub. 550 for more details. For a comprehensive filled-in example of Schedule D, see Pub. 550.

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

What's New

Empowerment zone business stock. You can now exclude up to 60% of the gain on the sale or exchange of qualified small business stock of an empowerment zone business if certain requirements are met. See *Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock* on page D-4.

Other Forms You May Have To File

Use Form 4797 to report the following.

1. The sale or exchange of:

a. Property used in a trade or business;

b. Depreciable and amortizable property;

c. Oil, gas, geothermal, or other mineral property; and

d. Section 126 property.

2. The involuntary conversion (other than from casualty or theft) of property used in a trade or business and capital assets held for business or profit.

3. The disposition of noncapital assets other than inventory or property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of your trade or business.

4. Ordinary loss on the sale, exchange, or worthlessness of small business investment company (section 1242) stock.

5. Ordinary loss on the sale, exchange, or worthlessness of small business (section 1244) stock.

6. Ordinary gain or loss on securities held in connection with your trading business, if you previously made a mark-to-market election. See *Traders in Securities* on page D-3.

Use Form 4684 to report involuntary conversions of property due to casualty or theft.

Use Form 6781 to report gains and losses from section 1256 contracts and straddles.

Use Form 8824 to report like-kind exchanges. A like-kind exchange occurs when you exchange business or investment property for property of a like kind.

Capital Asset

Most property you own and use for personal purposes, pleasure, or investment is a capital asset. For example, your house, furniture, car, stocks, and bonds are capital assets. A capital asset is any property held by you except the following.

• Stock in trade or other property included in inventory or held mainly for sale to customers.

• Accounts or notes receivable for services performed in the ordinary course of your trade or business or as an employee, or from the sale of stock in trade or other property held mainly for sale to customers.

• Depreciable property used in your trade or business, even if it is fully depreciated.

• Real estate used in your trade or business.

• Copyrights, literary, musical, or artistic compositions, letters or memoranda, or similar property: (a) created by your personal efforts; (b) prepared or produced for you (in the case of letters, memoranda, or similar property); or (c) that you received from someone who created them or for whom they were created, as mentioned in (a) or (b), in a way (such as by gift) that entitled you to the basis of the previous owner.

• U.S. Government publications, including the Congressional Record, that you received from the government, other than by purchase at the normal sales price, or that you got from someone who had received it in a similar way, if your basis is determined by reference to the previous owner's basis.

• Certain commodities derivative financial instruments held by a dealer. See section 1221(a)(6).

• Certain hedging transactions entered into in the normal course of your trade or business. See section 1221(a)(7).

• Supplies regularly used in your trade or business.

Short Term or Long Term

Separate your capital gains and losses according to how long you held or owned the property. The holding period for short-term capital gains and losses is 1 year or less. The holding period for long-term capital gains and losses is more than 1 year. To figure the holding period, begin counting on the day after you received the property and include the day you disposed of it.

If you disposed of property that you acquired by inheritance, report the disposition as a long-term gain or loss, regardless of how long you held the property.

A nonbusiness bad debt must be treated as a short-term capital loss. See Pub. 550 for what qualifies as a nonbusiness bad debt and how to enter it on Schedule D.

Capital Gain Distributions

These distributions are paid by a mutual fund (or other regulated investment company) or real estate investment trust from its net realized long-term capital gains. Distributions of net realized short-term capital gains are not treated as capital gains. Instead, they are included on Form 1099-DIV as ordinary dividends.

Enter on line 13 the total capital gain distributions paid to you during the year, regardless of how long you held your investment. This amount is shown in box 2a of Form 1099-DIV.

If there is an amount in box 2b, include that amount on line 11 of the Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet on page D-8 if you complete line 19 of Schedule D.

If there is an amount in box 2c, see *Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock* on page D-4.

If there is an amount in box 2d, include that amount on line 4 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7 if you complete line 18 of Schedule D.

If you received capital gain distributions as a nominee (that is, they were paid to you but actually belong to someone else), report on line 13 only the amount that belongs to you. Attach a statement showing the full amount you received and the amount you received as a nominee. See the Instructions

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for Schedule B for filing requirements for Forms 1099-DIV and 1096.

Sale of Your Home

If you sold or exchanged your main home, do not report it on your tax return unless your gain exceeds your exclusion amount. Your exclusion amount is zero if you acquired your home in a like-kind exchange and you sold or exchanged the home during the 5-year period beginning on the date you acquired it. Generally, if you meet the two tests below, you can exclude up to \$250,000 of gain. If both you and your spouse meet these tests and you file a joint return, you can exclude up to \$500,000 of gain (but only one spouse needs to meet the ownership requirement in *Test 1*).

Test 1. You owned and used the home as your main home for 2 years or more during the 5-year period ending on the date you sold or exchanged your home.

Test 2. You have not sold or exchanged another main home during the 2-year period ending on the date of the sale or exchange of your home.

Even if you do not meet one or both of the above two tests, you still can claim an exclusion if you sold or exchanged the home because of a change in place of employment, health, or certain unforeseen circumstances. In this case, the maximum amount of gain you can exclude is reduced.

You can choose to have the 5-year test period for ownership and use in *Test 1* above suspended during any period you or your spouse serve on qualified official extended duty as a member of the uniformed services or Foreign Service of the United States. This means you may be able to meet *Test 1* even if, because of your service, you did not actually use the home as your main home for at least the required 2 years during the 5-year period ending on the date of sale.

See Pub. 523 for details, including how to report any taxable gain if:

• You (or your spouse if married) used any part of the home for business or rental purposes after May 6, 1997, or

• Your gain exceeds your exclusion amount.

Partnership Interests

A sale or other disposition of an interest in a partnership may result in ordinary income, collectibles gain (28% rate gain), or unrecaptured section 1250 gain. For details on 28% rate gain, see the instructions for line 18 on page D-7. For details on unrecaptured section 1250 gain, see the instructions for line 19 beginning on page D-7.

Capital Assets Held for Personal Use

Generally, gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for personal use is a capital gain. Report it on Schedule D, Part I or Part II. However, if you converted depreciable property to personal use, all or part of the gain on the sale or exchange of that property may have to be recaptured as ordinary income. Use Part III of Form 4797 to figure the amount of ordinary income recapture. The recapture amount is included on line 31 (and line 13) of Form 4797. Do not enter any gain for this property on line 32 of Form 4797. If you are not completing Part III for any other properties, enter "N/A" on line 32. If the total gain is more than the recapture amount, enter "From Form 4797" in column (a) of line 1 or line 8 of Schedule D, skip columns (b) through (e), and in column (f) enter the excess of the total gain over the recapture amount.

Loss from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for personal use is not deductible. But if you had a loss from the sale or exchange of real estate held for personal use for which you received a Form 1099-S, you must report the transaction on Schedule D even though the loss is not deductible. For example, you have a loss on the sale of a vacation home that is not your main home and you received a Form 1099-S for the transaction. Report the transaction on line 1 or 8, depending on how long you owned the home. Complete columns (a) through (e). Because the loss is not deductible, enter -0- in column (f).

Nondeductible Losses

Do not deduct a loss from the direct or indirect sale or exchange of property between any of the following.

• Members of a family.

• A corporation and an individual owning more than 50% of the corporation's stock (unless the loss is from a distribution in complete liquidation of a corporation).

• A grantor and a fiduciary of a trust.

• A fiduciary and a beneficiary of the same trust.

• A fiduciary and a beneficiary of another trust created by the same grantor.

• An executor of an estate and a beneficiary of that estate, unless the sale or exchange was to satisfy a pecuniary bequest (that is, a bequest of a sum of money).

• An individual and a tax-exempt organization controlled by the individual or the individual's family.

See Pub. 544 for more details on sales and exchanges between related parties.

If you disposed of (a) an asset used in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply or (b) any part of your interest in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, and you have amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk, see the Instructions for Form 6198.

If the loss is allowable under the at-risk rules, it then may be subject to the passive activity rules. See Form 8582 and its instructions for details on reporting capital gains and losses from a passive activity.

Items for Special Treatment

• Transactions by a securities dealer. See section 1236.

• Bonds and other debt instruments. See Pub. 550.

• Certain real estate subdivided for sale that may be considered a capital asset. See section 1237.

• Gain on the sale of depreciable property to a more than 50% owned entity or to

a trust of which you are a beneficiary. See Pub. 544.

• Gain on the disposition of stock in an interest charge domestic international sales corporation. See section 995(c).

• Gain on the sale or exchange of stock in certain foreign corporations. See section 1248.

• Transfer of property to a partnership that would be treated as an investment company if it were incorporated. See Pub. 541.

• Sales of stock received under a qualified public utility dividend reinvestment plan. See Pub. 550.

• Transfer of appreciated property to a political organization. See section 84.

• In general, no gain or loss is recognized on the transfer of property from an individual to a spouse or a former spouse if the transfer is incident to a divorce. See Pub. 504.

• Amounts received on the retirement of a debt instrument generally are treated as received in exchange for the debt instrument. See Pub. 550.

• Any loss on the disposition of converted wetland or highly erodible cropland that is first used for farming after March 1, 1986, is reported as a long-term capital loss on Schedule D, but any gain is reported as ordinary income on Form 4797.

• If qualified dividends that you reported on Form 1040, line 9b, include extraordinary dividends, any loss on the sale or exchange of the stock is a long-term capital loss to the extent of the extraordinary dividends. An extraordinary dividend is a dividend that equals or exceeds 10% (5% in the case of preferred stock) of your basis in the stock.

• Amounts received by shareholders in corporate liquidations. See Pub. 550.

• Cash received in lieu of fractional shares of stock as a result of a stock split or stock dividend. See Pub. 550.

• Mutual fund load charges, which may not be taken into account in determining gain or loss on certain dispositions of stock in mutual funds if reinvestment rights were exercised. See Pub. 564.

• The sale or exchange of S corporation stock or an interest in a trust held for more than 1 year, which may result in collectibles gain (28% rate gain). See page D-7.

• Gain or loss on the disposition of securities futures contracts. See Pub. 550.

• Gain on the constructive sale of certain appreciated financial positions. See Pub. 550.

• Certain constructive ownership transactions. Gain in excess of the gain you would have recognized if you had held a financial asset directly during the term of a derivative contract must be treated as ordinary income. See section 1260. If any portion of the constructive ownership transaction was open in any prior year, you may have to pay interest. See section 1260(b) for details, including how to figure the interest. Include the interest as an additional tax on Form 1040, line 63. Write "Section 1260(b) interest" and the amount of the interest to the left of line 63. This interest is not deductible.

• The sale of publicly traded securities, if you elect to postpone gain by purchasing common stock or a partnership interest in a specialized small business investment company during the 60-day period that began on the date of the sale. See Pub. 550.

• The sale of qualified securities, held for at least 3 years, to an employee stock ownership plan or eligible worker-owned cooperative, if you elect to postpone gain by purchasing qualified replacement property. See Pub. 550.

• Gain or loss from the disposition of stock or other securities in an investment club. See Pub. 550.

Wash Sales

A wash sale occurs when you sell or otherwise dispose of stock or securities (including a contract or option to acquire or sell stock or securities) at a loss and, within 30 days before or after the sale or disposition, you:

• Buy substantially identical stock or securities,

• Acquire substantially identical stock or securities in a fully taxable trade, or

• Enter into a contract or option to acquire substantially identical stock or securities.

You cannot deduct losses from wash sales unless the loss was incurred in the ordinary course of your business as a dealer in stock or securities. The basis of the substantially identical property (or contract or option to acquire such property) is its cost increased by the disallowed loss. For more details on wash sales, see Pub. 550.

Report a wash sale transaction on line 1 or 8. Enter the full amount of the (loss) in column (f). Directly below the line on which you reported the loss, enter "Wash Sale" in column (a), and enter as a positive amount in column (f) the amount of the loss not allowed.

Traders in Securities

You are a trader in securities if you are engaged in the business of buying and selling securities for your own account. To be engaged in business as a trader in securities:

• You must seek to profit from daily market movements in the prices of securities and not from dividends, interest, or capital appreciation.

• Your activity must be substantial.

• You must carry on the activity with continuity and regularity.

The following facts and circumstances should be considered in determining if your activity is a business.

• Typical holding periods for securities bought and sold.

• The frequency and dollar amount of your trades during the year.

• The extent to which you pursue the activity to produce income for a livelihood.

• The amount of time you devote to the activity.

You are considered an investor, and not a trader, if your activity does not meet the above definition of a business. It does not matter whether you call yourself a trader or a "day trader."

Like an investor, a trader must report each sale of securities (taking into account commissions and any other costs of acquiring or disposing of the securities) on Schedule D or D-1 or on an attached statement containing all the same information for each sale in a similar format. However, if a trader previously made the mark-to-market election (see below), each transaction is reported in Part II of Form 4797 instead of Schedules D and D-1. Regardless of whether a trader reports his or her gains and losses on Schedules D and D-1 or Form 4797, the gain or loss from the disposition of securities is not taken into account when figuring net earnings from self-employment on Schedule SE. See the Instructions for Schedule SE for an exception that applies to section 1256 contracts.

The limitation on investment interest expense that applies to investors does not apply to interest paid or incurred in a trading business. A trader reports interest expense and other expenses (excluding commissions and other costs of acquiring or disposing of securities) from a trading business on Schedule C (instead of Schedule A).

A trader also may hold securities for investment. The rules for investors generally will apply to those securities. Allocate interest and other expenses between your trading business and your investment securities.

Mark-To-Market Election for Traders

A trader may make an election under section 475(f) to report all gains and losses from securities held in connection with a trading business as ordinary income (or loss), including those from securities held at the end of the year. Securities held at the end of the year are "marked to market" by treating them as if they were sold (and reacquired) for fair market value on the last business day of the year. Generally, the election must be made by the due date (not including extensions) of the tax return for the year prior to the year for which the election becomes effective. To be effective for 2005, the election must have been made by April 15, 2005.

Starting with the year the election becomes effective, a trader reports all gains and losses from securities held in connection with the trading business, including securities held at the end of the year, in Part II of Form 4797. If you previously made the election, see the Instructions for Form 4797. For details on making the mark-to-market election for 2006, see Pub. 550 or Rev. Proc. 99-17, 1999-1 C.B. 503. You can find Rev. Proc. 99-17 on page 52 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 1999-7 at *www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb99-07.pdf*.

If you hold securities for investment, you must identify them as such in your records on the day you acquired them (for example, by holding the securities in a separate brokerage account). Securities held for investment are not marked-to-market.

Short Sales

A short sale is a contract to sell property you borrowed for delivery to a buyer. At a later date, you either buy substantially identical property and deliver it to the lender or deliver property that you held but did not want to transfer at the time of the sale. Usually, your holding period is the amount of time you actually held the property eventually delivered to the lender to close the short sale. However, your gain when closing a short sale is short term if you (a) held substantially identical property for 1 year or less on the date of the short sale or (b) acquired property substantially identical to the property sold short after the short sale but on or before the date you close the short sale. If you held substantially identical property for more than 1 year on the date of a short sale, any loss realized on the short sale is a long-term capital loss, even if the property used to close the short sale was held 1 year or less.

Gain or Loss From Options

Report on Schedule D gain or loss from the closing or expiration of an option that is not a section 1256 contract but is a capital asset in your hands. If an option you purchased expired, enter the expiration date in column (c) and enter "EXPIRED" in column (d). If an option that was granted (written) expired, enter the expiration date in column (b) and enter "EXPIRED" in column (e). Fill in the other columns as appropriate. See Pub. 550 for details.

Undistributed Capital Gains

Include on line 11 the amount from box 1a of Form 2439. This represents your share of the undistributed long-term capital gains of the regulated investment company (including a mutual fund) or real estate investment trust.

If there is an amount in box 1b, include that amount on line 11 of the Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet on page D-8 if you complete line 19 of Schedule D.

If there is an amount in box 1c, see *Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock* on page D-4.

If there is an amount in box 1d, include that amount on line 4 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7 if you complete line 18 of Schedule D.

Enter on Form 1040, line 70, the tax paid as shown in box 2 of Form 2439. Also on line 70, check the box for Form 2439. Add to the basis of your stock the excess of the amount included in income over the amount of the credit for the tax paid. See Pub. 550 for details.

Installment Sales

If you sold property (other than publicly traded stocks or securities) at a gain and you will receive a payment in a tax year after the year of sale, you generally must report the sale on the installment method unless you elect not to. Use Form 6252 to report the sale on the installment method. Also use Form 6252 to report any payment received in 2005 from a sale made in an earlier year that you reported on the installment method.

To elect out of the installment method, report the full amount of the gain on Schedule D on a timely filed return (including extensions) for the year of the sale. If your original return was filed on time, you may make the election on an amended return filed no later than 6 months after the due date of your return (excluding extensions). Write "Filed pursuant to section 301.9100-2" at the top of the amended return.

Demutualization of Life Insurance Companies

Demutualization of a life insurance company occurs when a mutual life insurance company changes to a stock company. If you were a policyholder or annuitant of the mutual company, you may have received either stock in the stock company or cash in exchange for your equity interest in the mutual company. The basis of your equity interest in the mutual company is considered to be zero.

If the demutualization transaction qualifies as a tax-free reorganization, no gain is recognized on the exchange of your equity interest in the mutual company for stock. The company can advise you if the transaction is a tax-free reorganization. Because the basis of your equity interest in the mutual company is considered to be zero, your basis in the stock received is zero. Your holding period for the new stock includes the period you held an equity interest in the mutual company. If you received cash in exchange for your equity interest, you must recognize a capital gain in an amount equal to the cash received. If you held the equity interest for more than 1 year, report the gain as a long-term capital gain on line 8. If you held the equity interest for 1 year or less, report the gain as a short-term capital gain on line 1.

If the demutualization transaction does not qualify as a tax-free reorganization, you must recognize a capital gain in an amount equal to the cash and fair market value of the stock received. If you held the equity interest for more than 1 year, report the gain as a long-term capital gain on line 8. If you held the equity interest for 1 year or less, report the gain as a short-term capital gain on line 1. Your holding period for the new stock begins on the day after you received the stock.

Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business (QSB) Stock

Section 1202 allows for an exclusion of up to 50% of the eligible gain on the sale or exchange of QSB stock. The section 1202 exclusion applies only to QSB stock held for more than 5 years. The exclusion can be up to 60% for certain empowerment zone business stock. See *Empowerment Zone Business Stock* on this page.

To be QSB stock, the stock must meet all of the following tests.

1. It must be stock in a C corporation (that is, not S corporation stock).

2. It must have been originally issued after August 10, 1993.

3. As of the date the stock was issued, the corporation was a domestic C corporation with total gross assets of \$50 million or less (a) at all times after August 9, 1993, and before the stock was issued and (b) immediately after the stock was issued. Gross assets include those of any predecessor of the corporation. All corporations that are members of the same parent-subsidiary controlled group are treated as one corporation.

4. You must have acquired the stock at its original issue (either directly or through an underwriter), either in exchange for money or other property or as pay for services (other than as an underwriter) to the corporation. In certain cases, you may meet the test if you acquired the stock from another person who met the test (such as by gift or inheritance) or through a conversion or exchange of QSB stock you held.

5. During substantially all the time you held the stock:

a. The corporation was a C corporation,

b. At least 80% of the value of the corporation's assets were used in the active conduct of one or more qualified businesses (defined below), and

c. The corporation was not a foreign corporation, DISC, former DISC, regulated investment company, real estate investment trust, REMIC, FASIT, cooperative, or a corporation that has made (or that has a subsidiary that has made) a section 936 election.



SSBIC. A specialized small business investment company (SSBIC) is treated as having met test 5b above.

Qualified Business

A qualified business is any business that is not one of the following.

• A business involving services performed in the fields of health, law, engineering, architecture, accounting, actuarial science, performing arts, consulting, athletics, financial services, or brokerage services.

• A business whose principal asset is the reputation or skill of one or more employees.

• A banking, insurance, financing, leasing, investing, or similar business.

• A farming business (including the raising or harvesting of trees).

• A business involving the production of products for which percentage depletion can be claimed.

• A business of operating a hotel, motel, restaurant, or similar business.

For more details about limits and additional requirements that may apply, see section 1202.

Empowerment Zone Business Stock

You generally can exclude up to 60% of your gain if you meet the following additional requirements.

1. The stock you sold or exchanged was stock in a corporation that qualified as an empowerment zone business during substantially all of the time you held the stock.

2. You acquired the stock after December 21, 2000.

Requirement 1 will still be met if the corporation ceased to qualify after the 5-year period that began on the date you acquired the stock. However, the gain that qualifies for the 60% exclusion cannot be more than the gain you would have had if you had sold the stock on the date the corporation ceased to qualify.

For more information about empowerment zone businesses, see Pub. 954.

Pass-Through Entities

If you held an interest in a pass-through entity (a partnership, S corporation, or mutual fund or other regulated investment company) that sold QSB stock, to qualify for the exclusion you must have held the interest on the date the pass-through entity acquired the QSB stock and at all times thereafter until the stock was sold.

How To Report

Report on line 8 the entire gain realized on the sale of QSB stock. Complete all columns as indicated. Directly below the line on which you reported the gain, enter in column (a) "Section 1202 exclusion" and enter as a loss in column (f) the amount of the allowable exclusion. If you are completing line 18 of Schedule D, enter as a positive number the amount of your allowable exclusion on line 2 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7.

Gain from Form 1099-DIV. If you received a Form 1099-DIV with a gain in box 2c, part or all of that gain (which is also included in box 2a) may be eligible for the section 1202 exclusion. In column (a) of line 8, enter the name of the corporation whose stock was sold. In column (f), enter the amount of your allowable exclusion as a loss. If you are completing line 18 of Schedule D, enter as a positive number the amount of your allowable exclusion on line 2 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7.

Gain from Form 2439. If you received a Form 2439 with a gain in box 1c, part or all of that gain (which is also included in box 1a) may be eligible for the section 1202 exclusion. In column (a) of line 8, enter the name of the corporation whose stock was sold. In column (f), enter the amount of your allowable exclusion as a loss. If you are completing line 18 of Schedule D, enter as a positive number the amount of your allowable exclusion on line 2 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7.

Gain from an installment sale of QSB stock. If all payments are not received in the year of sale, a sale of QSB stock that is not traded on an established securities market generally is treated as an installment sale and is reported on Form 6252. Figure the allowable section 1202 exclusion for the year by multiplying the total amount of the exclusion by a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of eligible gain to be recognized for the tax year and the denominator of which is the total amount of eligible gain. In column (a) of line 8, enter the name of the corporation whose stock was sold. In column (f), enter the amount of your allowable exclusion as a loss. If you are completing line 18 of Schedule D, enter as a positive number the amount of your allowable exclusion on line 2 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7.

Alternative minimum tax. You must enter 7% of your allowable exclusion for the year on line 12 of Form 6251.

Rollover of Gain From QSB Stock

If you sold QSB stock (defined on page D-4) that you held for more than 6 months, you may elect to postpone gain if you purchase other QSB stock during the 60-day period that began on the date of the sale. A pass-through entity also may make the election to postpone gain. The benefit of the postponed gain applies to your share of the entity's postponed gain if you held an interest in the entity for the entire period the entity held the QSB stock. If a pass-through entity sold QSB stock held for more than 6 months and you held an interest in the entity for the entire period the entity held the stock, you also may elect to postpone gain if you, rather than the pass-through entity, purchase the replacement QSB stock within the 60-day period.

You must recognize gain to the extent the sale proceeds exceed the cost of the replacement stock. Reduce the basis of the replacement stock by any postponed gain.

You must make the election no later than the due date (including extensions) for filing your tax return for the tax year in which the QSB stock was sold. If your original return was filed on time, you may make the election on an amended return filed no later than 6 months after the due date of your return (excluding extensions). Write "Filed pursuant to section 301.9100-2" at the top of the amended return.

To make the election, report the entire gain realized on the sale on line 1 or 8. Directly below the line on which you reported the gain, enter in column (a) "Section 1045 rollover," and enter the amount of the postponed gain as a (loss) in column (f).

Rollover of Gain From Empowerment Zone Assets

If you sold a qualified empowerment zone asset that you held for more than 1 year, you may be able to elect to postpone part or all of the gain that you would otherwise include on Schedule D. If you make the election, the gain on the sale generally is recognized only to the extent, if any, that the amount realized on the sale exceeds the cost of qualified empowerment zone assets (replacement property) you purchased during the 60-day period beginning on the date of the sale. The following rules apply. • No portion of the cost of the replacement property may be taken into account to the extent the cost is taken into account to exclude gain on a different empowerment zone asset.

• The replacement property must qualify as an empowerment zone asset with respect to the same empowerment zone as the asset sold.

• You must reduce the basis of the replacement property by the amount of postponed gain.

• This election does not apply to any gain (a) treated as ordinary income or (b) attributable to real property, or an intangible asset, that is not an integral part of an enterprise zone business.

• The District of Columbia enterprise zone is not treated as an empowerment zone for this purpose.

• The election is irrevocable without IRS consent.

See Pub. 954 for the definition of empowerment zone and enterprise zone business. You can find out if your business is located within an empowerment zone by using the RC/EZ/EC Address Locator at *www.hud.gov/crlocator.*

Qualified empowerment zone assets are:

1. Tangible property, if:

a. You acquired the property after December 21, 2000,

b. The original use of the property in the empowerment zone began with you, and

c. Substantially all of the use of the property, during substantially all of the time that you held it, was in your enterprise zone business; and

2. Stock in a domestic corporation or a capital or profits interest in a domestic partnership, if:

a. You acquired the stock or partnership interest after December 21, 2000, solely in exchange for cash, from the corporation at its original issue (directly or through an underwriter) or from the partnership;

b. The business was an enterprise zone business (or a new business being organized as an enterprise zone business) as of the time you acquired the stock or partnership interest; and

c. The business qualified as an enterprise zone business during substantially all of the time during which you held the stock or partnership interest.

How to report. Report the entire gain realized from the sale as you otherwise would without regard to the election. On Schedule D, line 8, enter "Section 1397B Rollover" in column (a) and enter as a loss in column (f) the amount of gain included on Schedule D that you are electing to postpone. If you are reporting the sale directly on Schedule D, line 8, use the line directly below the line on which you are reporting the sale.

See section 1397B for more details.

Exclusion of Gain From DC Zone Assets

If you sold or exchanged a District of Columbia Enterprise Zone (DC Zone) asset that you held for more than 5 years, you may be able to exclude the amount of qualified capital gain that you would otherwise include on Schedule D. The exclusion applies to an interest in, or property of, certain businesses operating in the District of Columbia.

DC Zone asset. A DC Zone asset is any of the following.

- DC Zone business stock.
- DC Zone partnership interest.
- DC Zone business property.

Qualified capital gain. Qualified capital gain is any gain recognized on the sale or exchange of a DC Zone asset that is a capital asset or property used in a trade or business. It does not include any of the following gains.

• Gain treated as ordinary income under section 1245.

• Section 1250 gain figured as if section 1250 applied to all depreciation rather than the additional depreciation.

• Gain attributable to real property, or an intangible asset, that is not an integral part of a DC Zone business.

• Gain from a related-party transaction. See *Sales and Exchanges Between Related Persons* in chapter 2 of Pub. 544.

See Pub. 954 and section 1400B for more details on DC Zone assets and special rules.

How to report. Report the entire gain realized from the sale or exchange as you otherwise would without regard to the exclusion. On Schedule D, line 8, enter "DC Zone Asset" in column (a) and enter as a loss in column (f) the amount of the allowable exclusion. If you are reporting the sale directly on Schedule D, line 8, use the line directly below the line on which you are reporting the sale.

Specific Instructions Lines 1 and 8

Enter all sales and exchanges of capital assets, including stocks, bonds, etc., and real estate (if not reported on Form 4684, 4797, 6252, 6781, or 8824). But do not report the sale or exchange of your main home unless required (see page D-2). Include these transactions even if you did not receive a Form 1099-B or 1099-S (or substitute statement) for the transaction. You can use stock ticker symbols or abbreviations to describe the property as long as they are based on the descriptions of the property as shown on Form 1099-B or 1099-S (or substitute statement).

You must enter the details of each transaction on a separate line. If you have more than five transactions to report on line 1 or line 8, report the additional transactions on Schedule D-1. Use as many Schedules D-1 as you need. Enter on Schedule D, lines 2 and 9, the combined totals from all your Schedules D-1.

Do not enter "see attached" and summary totals from an attachment in lieu of reporting the details of each transaction directly on Schedule D or D-1.



Add the following amounts reported to you for 2005 on Forms 1099-B and 1099-S (or substitute statements) that you

are not reporting on another form or schedule included with your return: (a) proceeds from transactions involving stocks, bonds, and other securities and (b) gross proceeds from real estate transactions (other than the sale of your main home if you are not required to report it). If this total is more than the total of lines 3 and 10, attach an explanation of the difference (for example, you were the nominee for the actual owner of the property).

Column (b)—Date Acquired

Enter in this column the date you acquired the asset. Use the trade date for stocks and bonds traded on an exchange or over-the-counter market. For stock or other property sold short, enter the date the stock or property was delivered to the broker or lender to close the short sale.

The date acquired for an asset you held on January 1, 2001, for which you made an election to recognize any gain in a deemed sale is the date of the deemed sale and reacquisition.

If you disposed of property that you acquired by inheritance, report the gain or (loss) on line 8 and enter "INHERITED" in column (b) instead of the date you acquired the property.

If you sold a block of stock (or similar property) that you acquired through several different purchases, you may report the sale on one line and enter "VARIOUS" in column (b). However, you still must report the short-term gain or (loss) on the sale in Part I and the long-term gain or (loss) in Part II.

Column (c)—Date Sold

Enter in this column the date you sold the asset. Use the trade date for stocks and bonds traded on an exchange or over-the-counter market. For stock or other property sold short, enter the date you sold the stock or property you borrowed to open the short sale transaction.

Column (d)—Sales Price

Enter in this column either the gross sales price or the net sales price from the sale. If you sold stocks or bonds and you received a Form 1099-B (or substitute statement) from your broker that shows gross sales price, enter that amount in column (d). But if Form 1099-B (or substitute statement) indicates that gross proceeds minus commissions and option premiums were reported to the IRS, enter that net amount in column (d). If you enter the net amount in column (d), do not include the commissions and option premiums from the sale in column (e).

You should not have received a Form 1099-B (or substitute statement) for a transaction merely representing the return of your original investment in a nontransferable obligation, such as a savings bond or a certificate of deposit. But if you did, report the amount shown on Form 1099-B (or substitute statement) in both columns (d) and (e).



Be sure to add all sales price entries on lines 1 and 8, column (d), to amounts on lines 2 and 9, column (d). Enter the totals on

lines 3 and 10.

Column (e)—Cost or Other Basis

In general, the cost or other basis is the cost of the property plus purchase commissions and improvements, minus depreciation, amortization, and depletion. If you inherited the property, got it as a gift, or received it in a tax-free exchange, involuntary conversion, or "wash sale" of stock, you may not be able to use the actual cost as the basis. If you do not use the actual cost, attach an explanation of your basis.

If you sold stock, adjust your basis by subtracting all the nondividend distributions you received before the sale. Also adjust your basis for any stock splits. See Pub. 550 for details.

If you elected to recognize gain on an asset held on January 1, 2001, your basis in the asset is its closing market price or fair market value, whichever applies, on the date of the deemed sale and reacquisition, whether the deemed sale resulted in a gain or an unallowed loss.

You may elect to use an average basis for all shares of a mutual fund if you acquired the shares at various times and prices and you left the shares on deposit in an account handled by a custodian or agent who acquired or redeemed those shares. If you are reporting an average basis, include "AVGB" in column (a) of Schedule D. For details on making the election and how to figure average basis, see Pub. 564.

The basis of property acquired by gift is generally the basis of the property in the hands of the donor. The basis of property acquired from a decedent is generally the fair market value at the date of death. See Pub. 551 for details.

Increase the cost or other basis of an original issue discount (OID) debt instrument by the amount of OID that has been

Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet—Lines 6 and 14

Keep for Your Records

Use this worksheet to figure your capital loss carryovers from 2004 to 2005 if your 2004 Schedule D, line 21, is a loss and (a) that loss is a smaller loss than the loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 16, or (b) your 2004 Form 1040, line 40, is a loss. Otherwise, you do not have any carryovers.

1.	Enter the amount from your 2004 Form 1040, line 40. If a loss, enclose the amount in parentheses	1.	
2.	Enter the loss from your 2004 Schedule D, line 21, as a positive amount	2.	
3.	Combine lines 1 and 2. If zero or less, enter -0	3.	
4.	Enter the smaller of line 2 or line 3	4.	
	If line 7 of your 2004 Schedule D is a loss, go to line 5; otherwise, enter -0- on line 5 and go to line 9.		
5.	Enter the loss from your 2004 Schedule D, line 7, as a positive amount	5.	
6.	Enter any gain from your 2004 Schedule D, line 15 6.		
7.	Add lines 4 and 6	7.	
8.	Short-term capital loss carryover for 2005. Subtract line 7 from line 5. If zero or less, enter -0 If more than		
	zero, also enter this amount on Schedule D, line 6	8.	
	If line 15 of your 2004 Schedule D is a loss, go to line 9; otherwise, skip lines 9 through 13.		
9.	Enter the loss from your 2004 Schedule D, line 15, as a positive amount	9.	
	Enter any gain from your 2004 Schedule D, line 7 10.		
11.	Subtract line 5 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0 11		
12.	Add lines 10 and 11	12.	
13.	Long-term capital loss carryover for 2005. Subtract line 12 from line 9. If zero or less, enter -0 If more than		
	zero, also enter this amount on Schedule D, line 14	13.	

included in gross income for that instrument. See Pub. 550 for details.

If a charitable contribution deduction is allowed because of a bargain sale of property to a charitable organization, the adjusted basis for purposes of determining gain from the sale is the amount that has the same ratio to the adjusted basis as the amount realized has to the fair market value. See Pub. 544 for details.

Increase your cost or other basis by any expense of sale, such as broker's fees, commissions, state and local transfer taxes, and option premiums, before making an entry in column (e), unless you reported the net sales price in column (d).

For more details, see Pub. 551.

Column (f)—Gain or (Loss)

You must make a separate entry in this column for each transaction reported on lines 1 and 8 and any other line(s) that applies to you. For lines 1 and 8, subtract the amount in column (e) from the amount in column (d). Enter negative amounts in parentheses.

Line 18

If you checked "Yes" on line 17, complete the worksheet below if either of the following apply for 2005.

• You reported in Part II a section 1202 exclusion from the eligible gain on qualified small business stock (see page D-4), or

• You reported in Part II a collectibles gain or (loss). A collectibles gain or (loss) is any long-term gain or deductible long-term loss from the sale or exchange of a collectible that is a capital asset.

Collectibles include works of art, rugs, antiques, metals (such as gold, silver, and platinum bullion), gems, stamps, coins, alcoholic beverages, and certain other tangible property.

Include on the worksheet any gain (but not loss) from the sale or exchange of an interest in a partnership, S corporation, or trust held for more than 1 year and attributable to unrealized appreciation of collectibles. For details, see Regulations section 1.1(h)-1. Also, attach the statement required under Regulations section 1.1(h)-1(e).

Line 19

If you checked "Yes" on line 17, complete the worksheet on page D-8 if any of the following apply for 2005.

• You sold or otherwise disposed of section 1250 property (generally, real property that you depreciated) held more than 1 year.

• You received installment payments for section 1250 property held more than 1 year for which you are reporting gain on the installment method.

• You received a Schedule K-1 from an estate or trust, partnership, or S corporation that shows "unrecaptured section 1250 gain."

• You received a Form 1099-DIV or Form 2439 from a real estate investment trust or regulated investment company (including a mutual fund) that reports "unrecaptured section 1250 gain."

• You reported a long-term capital gain from the sale or exchange of an interest in a partnership that owned section 1250 property.

Instructions for the Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet

Lines 1 through 3. If you had more than one property described on line 1, complete lines 1 through 3 for each property on a separate worksheet. Enter the total of the line 3 amounts for all properties on line 3 and go to line 4.

Line 4. To figure the amount to enter on line 4, follow the steps below for each installment sale of trade or business property held more than 1 year.

Step 1. Figure the smaller of (a) the depreciation allowed or allowable or (b) the total gain for the sale. This is the smaller of line 22 or line 24 of your 2005 Form 4797 (or the comparable lines of Form 4797 for the year of sale) for the property.

Step 2. Reduce the amount figured in step 1 by any section 1250 ordinary income recapture for the sale. This is the amount

from line 26g of your 2005 Form 4797 (or the comparable line of Form 4797 for the year of sale) for the property. The result is your total unrecaptured section 1250 gain that must be allocated to the installment payments received from the sale.

Step 3. Generally, the amount of section 1231 gain on each installment payment is treated as unrecaptured section 1250 gain until the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain figured in step 2 has been used in full. Figure the amount of gain treated as unrecaptured section 1250 gain for installment payments received in 2005 as the smaller of (a) the amount from line 26 or line 37 of your 2005 Form 6252, whichever applies, or (b) the amount of unrecaptured section 1250 gain remaining to be reported. This amount is generally the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain for the sale reduced by all gain reported in prior years (excluding section 1250 ordinary income recapture). However, if you chose not to treat all of the gain from payments received after May 6, 1997, and before August 24, 1999, as unrecaptured section 1250 gain, use only the amount you chose to treat as unrecaptured section 1250 gain for those payments to reduce the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain remaining to be reported for the sale. Include this amount on line 4.

Line 10. Include on line 10 your share of the partnership's unrecaptured section 1250 gain that would result if the partnership had transferred all of its section 1250 property in a fully taxable transaction immediately before you sold or exchanged your interest in that partnership. If you recognized less than all of the realized gain, the partnership will be treated as having transferred only a proportionate amount of each section 1250 property. For details, see Regulations section 1.1(h)-1. Also attach the statement required under Regulations section 1.1(h)-1(e).

Line 12. An example of an amount to include on line 12 is unrecaptured section 1250 gain from the sale of a vacation home you previously used as a rental property but converted to personal use prior to the sale. To figure the amount to enter on line 12,

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28% Rate Gain Worksheet—Line 18

1.	Enter the total of all collectibles gain or (loss) from items you reported on line 8, column (f), of Schedules D and D-1	1.	
2.	Enter as a positive number the amount of any section 1202 exclusion you reported on line 8, column (f), of Schedules D and D-1	2.	
3.	Enter the total of all collectibles gain or (loss) from Form 4684, line 4 (but only if Form 4684, line 15, is more than zero); Form 6252; Form 6781, Part II; and Form 8824		
4.	Enter the total of any collectibles gain reported to you on: • Form 1099-DIV, box 2d; • Form 2439, box 1d; and	4.	
	 Schedule K-1 from a partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust. 		
5.	Enter your long-term capital loss carryovers from Schedule D, line 14, and Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), box 11, code C	5.	()
	If Schedule D, line 7, is a (loss), enter that (loss) here. Otherwise, enter -0-	6.	()
7.	Combine lines 1 through 6. If zero or less, enter -0 If more than zero, also enter this amount on Schedule D, line 18	7.	
	Schedule D, line 18	7.	

follow the applicable instructions below.

Installment sales. To figure the amount to include on line 12, follow the steps below for each installment sale of property held more than 1 year for which you did not make an entry in Part I of your Form 4797 for the year of sale.

• Step 1. Figure the smaller of (a) the depreciation allowed or allowable or (b) the total gain for the sale. This is the smaller of line 22 or line 24 of your 2005 Form 4797 (or the comparable lines of Form 4797 for the year of sale) for the property.

• Step 2. Reduce the amount figured in step 1 by any section 1250 ordinary income recapture for the sale. This is the amount from line 26g of your 2005 Form 4797 (or the comparable line of Form 4797 for the year of sale) for the property. The result is your total unrecaptured section 1250 gain that must be allocated to the installment payments received from the sale.

• Step 3. Generally, the amount of capital gain on each installment payment is treated as unrecaptured section 1250 gain until the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain figured in step 2 has been used in full. Figure the amount of gain treated as unre-

captured section 1250 gain for installment payments received in 2005 as the smaller of (a) the amount from line 26 or line 37 of your 2005 Form 6252, whichever applies, or (b) the amount of unrecaptured section 1250 gain remaining to be reported. This amount is generally the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain for the sale reduced by all gain reported in prior years (excluding section 1250 ordinary income recapture). However, if you chose not to treat all of the gain from payments received after May 6, 1997, and before August 24, 1999, as unrecaptured section 1250 gain, use only the amount you chose to treat as unrecaptured section 1250 gain for those payments to reduce the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain remaining to be reported for the sale. Include this amount on line 12.

Other sales or dispositions of section 1250 property. For each sale of property held more than 1 year (for which you did not make an entry in Part I of Form 4797), figure the smaller of (a) the depreciation allowed or allowable or (b) the total gain for the sale. This is the smaller of line 22 or line 24 of Form 4797 for the property. Next, reduce that amount by any section 1250 ordinary income recapture for the sale. This is the amount from line 26g of Form 4797 for the property. The result is the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain for the sale. Include this amount on line 12.

Line 21

You have a capital loss carryover from 2005 to 2006 if you have a loss on line 16 and either:

• That loss is more than the loss on line 21, or

• Form 1040, line 41, is less than zero.

To figure any capital loss carryover to 2006, you will use the Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet in the 2006 Instructions for Schedule D. If you want to figure your carryover now, see Pub. 550.



You will need a copy of your 2005 Form 1040 and Schedule D to figure your capital loss carryover to 2006.

Unrecaptured Section 1250 Gain Worksheet—Line 19

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If you are not reporting a gain on Form 4797, line 7, skip lines 1 through 9 and go to line 10.	
 If you have a section 1250 property in Part III of Form 4797 for which you made an entry in Part I of Form 4797 (but not on Form 6252), enter the smaller of line 22 or line 24 of Form 4797 for that property. If you did not have any such property, go to line 4. If you had more than one such property, see instructions	
2. Enter the amount from Form 4797, line 26g, for the property for which you made an entry on line 1 2.	
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1	
4. Enter the total unrecaptured section 1250 gain included on line 26 or line 37 of Form(s) 6252 from installment	
sales of trade or business property held more than 1 year (see instructions)	
5. Enter the total of any amounts reported to you on a Schedule K-1 from a partnership or an S corporation as "unrecaptured section 1250 gain"	
6. Add lines 3 through 5	
7. Enter the smaller of line 6 or the gain from Form 4797, line 7 7.	
8. Enter the amount, if any, from Form 4797, line 8	
9. Subtract line 8 from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0	
10. Enter the amount of any gain from the sale or exchange of an interest in a partnership attributable to	
unrecaptured section 1250 gain (see instructions) 10.	
11. Enter the total of any amounts reported to you on a Schedule K-1, Form 1099-DIV, or Form 2439 as	
"unrecaptured section 1250 gain" from an estate, trust, real estate investment trust, or mutual fund (or other	
regulated investment company)	
12. Enter the total of any unrecaptured section 1250 gain from sales (including installment sales) or other	
dispositions of section 1250 property held more than 1 year for which you did not make an entry in Part I of	
Form 4797 for the year of sale (see instructions)	
13. Add lines 9 through 12 13.	
 14. If you had any section 1202 gain or collectibles gain or (loss), enter the total of lines 1 through 4 of the 28% Rate Gain Worksheet on page D-7. Otherwise, enter -0 14. 	
15. Enter the (loss), if any, from Schedule D, line 7. If Schedule D, line 7, is zero or a gain, enter -0 15. (
16. Enter your long-term capital loss carryovers from Schedule D, line 14, and Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), box 11, code C 16. (())	
17. Combine lines 14 through 16. If the result is a (loss), enter it as a positive amount. If the result is zero or a gain, enter -0	
18. Unrecaptured section 1250 gain. Subtract line 17 from line 13. If zero or less, enter -0 If more than zero,	
enter the result here and on Schedule D, line 19	
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	nplete this worksheet only if line 18 or line 19 of Schedule D is more than zero. Otherwise, complete the Qualified Dividen Worksheet on page 38 of the Instructions for Form 1040 to figure your tax.	ds and Capital Gain
Exc	eption: Do not use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or this worksheet to figure your tax if: Line 15 or line 16 of Schedule D is zero or less and you have no qualified dividends on Form 1040, line 9b, or	
	Form 1040, line 43, is zero or less.	
	tead, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 44.	
	Enter your taxable income from Form 1040, line 43	1
	Enter your qualified dividends from Form 1040, line 9b 2.	
	Enter the amount from Form 4952, line 4g 3 Enter the amount from Form 4952, line 4e* 4	
-4.	Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, enter -0 5.	
	Subtract line 5 from line 2. If zero or less, enter -0	
7.	Enter the smaller of line 15 or line 16 of Schedule D 7.	
8	Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4	
	Subtract line 8 from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0	
	Add lines 6 and 9	
	Add lines 18 and 19 of Schedule D 11.	
12.	Enter the smaller of line 9 or line 11	
	Subtract line 12 from line 10	13.
	Subtract line 13 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0-	
15.	Enter the smaller of:	
	• The amount on line 1 or	
	 \$29,700 if single or married filing separately; \$59,400 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); or \$39,800 if head of howshold 	
	\$39,800 if head of household	
16.	Enter the smaller of line 14 or line 15 16.	
17.	Subtract line 10 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0 17.	
	Enter the larger of line 16 or line 17 18.	
	If lines 15 and 16 are the same, skip lines 19 and 20 and go to line 21. Otherwise, go to line 19.	
19.	Subtract line 16 from line 15 19.	
	Multiply line 19 by 5% (.05)	20.
	If lines 1 and 15 are the same, skip lines 21 through 33 and go to line 34. Otherwise, go to line 21.	
	Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 13	
22.	Enter the amount from line 19 (if line 19 is blank, enter -0-) 22.	
23.	Subtract line 22 from line 21. If zero or less, enter -0	
24.	Multiply line 23 by 15% (.15)	24.
	If Schedule D, line 19, is zero or blank, skip lines 25 through 30 and go to line 31. Otherwise, go to line 25.	
25.	Enter the smaller of line 9 above or Schedule D, line 19	
26.	Add lines 10 and 18	
27.	Enter the amount from line 1 above	
28.	Subtract line 27 from line 26. If zero or less, enter -0	
	Subtract line 28 from line 25. If zero or less, enter -0 29.	
30.	Multiply line 29 by 25% (.25)	30.
	If Schedule D, line 18, is zero or blank, skip lines 31 through 33 and go to line 34. Otherwise, go to line 31.	
	Add lines 18, 19, 23, and 29	
32.	Subtract line 31 from line 1	
33.		33.
	Figure the tax on the amount on line 18 . Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies	34.
	Add lines 20, 24, 30, 33, and 34	35.
	Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies	36.
37.	Tax on all taxable income (including capital gains and qualified dividends). Enter the smaller of line 35 or line 36. Also	27
	include this amount on Form 1040, line 44	37.
	*If applicable, enter instead the smaller amount you entered on the dotted line next to line 4e of Form 4952.	

2005 Instructions for Schedule E (Form 1040)

Supplemental Income and Loss

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

At-Risk Rules

Generally, you must complete Form 6198 to figure your allowable loss if you have:

• A loss from an activity carried on as a trade or business or for the production of income, and

• Amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk.

The at-risk rules generally limit the amount of loss (including loss on the disposition of assets) you can claim to the amount you could actually lose in the activity. However, the at-risk rules do not apply to losses from an activity of holding real property, if you acquired your interest in the activity before 1987 and the property was placed in service before 1987. The activity of holding mineral property does not qualify for this exception.

In most cases, you are not at risk for amounts such as the following.

• Nonrecourse loans used to finance the activity, to acquire property used in the activity, or to acquire your interest in the activity that are not secured by your own property (other than property used in the activity). However, there is an exception for certain nonrecourse financing borrowed by you in connection with holding real property (other than mineral property). See *Qualified nonrecourse financing* on this page.

• Cash, property, or borrowed amounts used in the activity (or contributed to the activity, or used to acquire your interest in the activity) that are protected against loss by a guarantee, stop-loss agreement, or other similar arrangement (excluding casualty insurance and insurance against tort liability).

• Amounts borrowed for use in the activity from a person who has an interest in the activity (other than as a creditor) or who is related, under section 465(b)(3)(C), to a Use Schedule E (Form 1040) to report income or loss from rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates, trusts, and residual interests in REMICs.

You can attach your own schedule(s) to report income or loss from any of these sources. Use the same format as on Schedule E.

Enter separately on Schedule E the total income and the total loss for each part. Enclose loss figures in (parentheses).

person (other than you) having such an interest.

Qualified nonrecourse financing. Qualified nonrecourse financing is treated as an amount at risk if it is secured by real property used in an activity of holding real property that is subject to the at-risk rules. Qualified nonrecourse financing is financing for which no one is personally liable for repayment and is:

• Borrowed by you in connection with holding real property (other than mineral property),

• Not convertible from a debt obligation to an ownership interest, and

• Loaned or guaranteed by any federal, state, or local government, or borrowed by you from a qualified person.

Qualified person. A qualified person is a person who actively and regularly engages in the business of lending money, such as a bank or savings and loan association. A qualified person cannot be:

• Related to you (unless the nonrecourse financing obtained is commercially reasonable and on the same terms as loans involving unrelated persons),

• The seller of the property (or a person related to the seller), or

• A person who receives a fee due to your investment in real property (or a person related to that person).

For more details about the at-risk rules, see the Instructions for Form 6198 and Pub. 925.

Passive Activity Loss Rules

The passive activity loss rules may limit the amount of losses you can deduct. These rules apply to losses in Parts I, II, and III, and line 40 of Schedule E.

Losses from passive activities may be subject first to the at-risk rules. Losses deductible under the at-risk rules are then subject to the passive activity loss rules.

You generally can deduct losses from passive activities only to the extent of income from passive activities. An exception applies to certain rental real estate activities (explained on page E-2).

Passive Activity

A passive activity is any business activity in which you did not materially participate and any rental activity, except as explained on this page and page E-2. If you are a limited partner, you generally are not treated as having materially participated in the partnership's activities for the year.

The rental of real or personal property is generally a rental activity under the passive activity loss rules, but exceptions apply. If your rental of property is not treated as a rental activity, you must determine whether it is a trade or business activity, and if so, whether you materially participated in the activity for the tax year.

See the Instructions for Form 8582 to determine whether you materially participated in the activity and for the definition of "rental activity."

See Pub. 925 for special rules that apply to rentals of:

• Substantially nondepreciable property,

• Property incidental to development activities, and

• Property to activities in which you materially participate.

Activities That Are Not Passive Activities

Activities of real estate professionals. If you were a real estate professional in 2005, any rental real estate activity in which you materially participated is not a passive activity. You were a real estate professional only if you met both of the following conditions.

1. More than half of the personal services you performed in trades or businesses were performed in real property trades or businesses in which you materially participated.

2. You performed more than 750 hours of services in real property trades or businesses in which you materially participated.

For purposes of this rule, each interest in rental real estate is a separate activity, unless you elect to treat all your interests in rental real estate as one activity. To make this election, attach a statement to your original tax return that declares you are a qualifying taxpayer for the year and you are making the election under section 469(c)(7)(A). The election applies for the year made and all later years in which you are a real estate professional. You can revoke the election only if your facts and circumstances materially change.

If you are married filing jointly, either you or your spouse must meet both of the above conditions, without taking into account services performed by the other spouse.

A real property trade or business is any real property development, redevelopment, construction, reconstruction, acquisition, conversion, rental, operation, management, leasing, or brokerage trade or business. Services you performed as an employee are not treated as performed in a real property trade or business unless you owned more than 5% of the stock (or more than 5% of the capital or profits interest) in the employer.

If you were a real estate professional for 2005, complete Schedule E, line 43, on page 2.

Other activities. The rental of your home that you also used for personal purposes is not a passive activity. See the instructions for line 2 on page E-3.

A working interest in an oil or gas well that you held directly or through an entity that did not limit your liability is not a passive activity even if you did not materially participate.

Royalty income not derived in the ordinary course of a trade or business reported on Schedule E generally is not considered income from a passive activity.

For more details on passive activities, see the Instructions for Form 8582 and Pub. 925.

Exception for Certain Rental Real Estate Activities

If you meet all three of the following conditions, your rental real estate losses are not limited by the passive activity loss rules. If you do not meet all three of these conditions, see the Instructions for Form 8582 to find out if you must complete and attach Form 8582 to figure any losses allowed.

1. Rental real estate activities are your only passive activities.

2. You do not have any prior year unallowed losses from any passive activities.

3. All of the following apply if you have an overall net loss from these activities:

a. You actively participated (defined on this page) in all of the rental real estate activities;

b. If married filing separately, you lived apart from your spouse all year;

c. Your overall net loss from these activities is \$25,000 or less (\$12,500 or less if married filing separately);

d. You have no current or prior year unallowed credits from passive activities; and

e. Your modified adjusted gross income (defined below) is \$100,000 or less (\$50,000 or less if married filing separately).

Active participation. You can meet the active participation requirement without regular, continuous, and substantial involvement in real estate activities. But you must have participated in making management decisions or arranging for others to provide services (such as repairs) in a significant and bona fide sense. Such management decisions include:

- Approving new tenants,
- Deciding on rental terms,

• Approving capital or repair expenditures, and

• Other similar decisions.

You are not considered to actively participate if, at any time during the tax year, your interest (including your spouse's interest) in the activity was less than 10% by value of all interests in the activity.

Modified adjusted gross income. This is your adjusted gross income from Form 1040, line 38, without taking into account:

• Any passive activity loss,

• Rental real estate losses allowed for real estate professionals (see *Activities of real estate professionals* that begin on page E-1),

• Taxable social security or tier 1 railroad retirement benefits,

• Deductible contributions to a traditional IRA or certain other qualified retirement plans under section 219,

• The student loan interest deduction,

• The tuition and fees deduction,

• The domestic production activities deduction,

• The deduction for one-half of self-employment tax,

• The exclusion from income of interest from series EE and I U.S. savings bonds used to pay higher education expenses, and

• Any excluded amounts under an employer's adoption assistance program.

Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement

Use Form 8886 to disclose information for each reportable transaction in which you participated. Form 8886 must be filed for each tax year that your federal income tax liability is affected by your participation in the transaction. You may have to pay a penalty if you are required to file Form 8886 but do not do so. The following are reportable transactions. • Any transaction that is the same as or substantially similar to tax avoidance transactions identified by the IRS.

• Any transaction offered under conditions of confidentiality for which you paid an advisor a minimum fee.

• Any transaction for which you have contractual protection against disallowance of the tax benefits.

• Any transaction resulting in a loss of at least \$2 million in any single tax year or \$4 million in any combination of tax years. (At least \$50,000 for a single tax year if the loss arose from a foreign currency transaction defined in section 988(c)(1), whether or not the loss flows through from an S corporation or partnership.)

• Any transaction resulting in a book-tax difference of more than \$10 million on a gross basis.

• Any transaction resulting in a tax credit of more than \$250,000, if you held the asset generating the credit for 45 days or less.

See the Instructions for Form 8886 for more details and exceptions.

Tax Shelter Registration Number

Complete and attach Form 8271 if you are claiming or reporting any income, deduction, loss, credit, or other tax benefit, from an interest purchased or otherwise acquired in a tax shelter required to be registered with the IRS. Form 8271 is used to report the name, tax shelter registration number, and identifying number of the tax shelter.

Specific Instructions

Filers of Form 1041

If you are a fiduciary filing Schedule E with Form 1041, enter the estate's or trust's employer identification number (EIN) in the space for "Your social security number."

Part I

Income or Loss From Rental Real Estate and Royalties

Use Part I to report:

• Income and expenses from rental real estate (including personal property leased with real estate), and

• Royalty income and expenses.

See the instructions for lines 3 and 4 to determine if you should report your rental real estate and royalty income on Schedule C, Schedule C-EZ, or Form 4835 instead of Schedule E.

If you own a part interest in a rental real estate property, report only your part of the income and expenses on Schedule E.

Complete lines 1 and 2 for each rental real estate property. Leave these lines blank for each royalty property.

If you have more than three rental real estate or royalty properties, complete and attach as many Schedules E as you need to list them. But fill in the "Totals" column on only one Schedule E. The figures in the "Totals" column on that Schedule E should be the combined totals of all your Schedules E. If you are also using page 2 of Schedule E, use the same Schedule E on which you entered the combined totals for Part I.

Personal property. Do not use Schedule E to report income and expenses from the rental of personal property, such as equipment or vehicles. Instead, use Schedule C or C-EZ if you are in the business of renting personal property. You are in the business of renting personal property if the primary purpose for renting the property is income or profit and you are involved in the rental activity with continuity and regularity.

If your rental of personal property is not a business, see the instructions for Form 1040, lines 21 and 36, to find out how to report the income and expenses.

Extraterritorial income exclusion. Except as otherwise provided in the Internal Revenue Code, gross income includes all income from whatever source derived. Gross income, however, does not include 80% of extraterritorial income that is qualifying foreign trade income. Use Form 8873 to figure the extraterritorial income exclusion. Report it on Schedule E as explained in the Instructions for Form 8873.

Line 1

For rental real estate property only, show all of the following.

• The kind of property you rented (for example, townhouse).

• The street address, city or town, and state. You do not have to give the ZIP code.

• Your percentage of ownership in the property, if less than 100%.

Line 2

If you rented out a dwelling unit that you also used for personal purposes during the year, you may not be able to deduct all the expenses for the rental part. "Dwelling unit" (unit) means a house, apartment, condominium, or similar property.

A day of personal use is any day, or part of a day, that the unit was used by:

You for personal purposes,

• Any other person for personal purposes, if that person owns part of the unit

(unless rented to that person under a "shared equity" financing agreement),

• Anyone in your family (or in the family of someone else who owns part of the unit), unless the unit is rented at a fair rental price to that person as his or her main home,

• Anyone who pays less than a fair rental price for the unit, or

• Anyone under an agreement that lets you use some other unit.

Do not count as personal use:

• Any day you spent working substantially full time repairing and maintaining the unit, even if family members used it for recreational purposes on that day, or

• Any days you used the unit as your main home before or after renting it or offering it for rent, if you rented or tried to rent it for at least 12 consecutive months (or for a period of less than 12 consecutive months at the end of which you sold or exchanged it).

Check "Yes" if you or your family used the unit for personal purposes in 2005 more than the greater of:

1. 14 days, or

2. 10% of the total days it was rented to others at a fair rental price.

Otherwise, check "No."

If you checked "No," you can deduct all your expenses for the rental part, subject to the *At-Risk Rules* and the *Passive Activity Loss Rules* explained beginning on page E-1.

If you checked "Yes" and rented the unit out for fewer than 15 days, do not report the rental income and do not deduct any rental expenses. If you itemize deductions on Schedule A, you can deduct allowable interest, taxes, and casualty losses.

If you checked "Yes" and rented the unit out for at least 15 days, you may not be able to deduct all your rental expenses. You can deduct all of the following expenses for the rental part on Schedule E.

- Mortgage interest.
- Real estate taxes.
- Casualty losses.

• Other rental expenses not related to your use of the unit as a home, such as advertising expenses and rental agents' fees.

If any income is left after deducting these expenses, you can deduct other expenses, including depreciation, up to the amount of remaining income. You can carry over to 2006 the amounts you cannot deduct.

See Pub. 527 for details.

Line 3

If you received rental income from real estate (including personal property leased with real estate) and you were not in the real estate business, report the income on line 3. Use a separate column (A, B, or C) for each rental property. Include income received for renting a room or other space. If you received services or property instead of money as rent, report the fair market value of what you received as rental income.

Be sure to enter the total of all your rents in the "Totals" column even if you have only one property.

If you provided significant services to the renter, such as maid service, report the rental activity on Schedule C or C-EZ, not on Schedule E. Significant services do not include the furnishing of heat and light, cleaning of public areas, trash collection, or similar services.

If you were in the real estate sales business, include on line 3 only the rent received from real estate (including personal property leased with real estate) you held for investment or speculation. Do not use Schedule E to report income and expenses from rentals of real estate held for sale to customers in the ordinary course of your real estate sales business. Instead, use Schedule C or C-EZ for these rentals.

For more details on rental income use TeleTax topic 414 (see page 8 of the Form 1040 instructions) or see Pub. 527.

Rental income from farm production or crop shares. Report farm rental income and expenses on Form 4835 if:

• You received rental income based on crops or livestock produced by the tenant, and

• You did not manage or operate the farm to any great extent.

Line 4

Report on line 4 royalties from oil, gas, or mineral properties (not including operating interests); copyrights; and patents. Use a separate column (A, B, or C) for each royalty property. Be sure to enter the total of all your royalties in the "Totals" column even if you have only one source of royalties.

If you received \$10 or more in royalties during 2005, the payer should send you a Form 1099-MISC or similar statement by January 31, 2006, showing the amount you received.

If you are in business as a self-employed writer, inventor, artist, etc., report your royalty income and expenses on Schedule C or C-EZ.

You may be able to treat amounts received as "royalties" for the transfer of a patent or amounts received on the disposal of coal and iron ore as the sale of a capital asset. For details, see Pub. 544.

Enter on line 4 the gross amount of royalty income, even if state or local taxes were withheld from oil or gas payments you received. Include taxes withheld by the producer on line 16.

General Instructions for Lines 5 Through 21

Enter your rental and royalty expenses for each property in the appropriate column. You can deduct all ordinary and necessary expenses, such as taxes, interest, repairs, insurance, management fees, agents' commissions, and depreciation.

Do not deduct the value of your own labor or amounts paid for capital investments or capital improvements.

Enter your total expenses for mortgage interest (line 12), total expenses before depreciation expense or depletion (line 19), and depreciation expenses or depletion (line 20) in the "Totals" column even if you have only one property.

Renting out part of your home. If you rent out only part of your home or other property, deduct the part of your expenses that applies to the rented part.

Credit or deduction for access expenditures. You may be able to claim a tax credit for eligible expenditures paid or incurred in 2005 to provide access to your business for individuals with disabilities. See Form 8826 for details.

You can also deduct up to \$15,000 of qualified costs paid or incurred in 2005 to remove architectural or transportation barriers to individuals with disabilities and the elderly.

You cannot take both the credit and the deduction for the same expenditures.

Line 6

You can deduct ordinary and necessary auto and travel expenses related to your rental activities, including 50% of meal expenses incurred while traveling away from home. You generally can either deduct your actual expenses or take the standard mileage rate. You must use actual expenses if you used more than four vehicles simultaneously in your rental activities (as in fleet operations). You cannot use actual expenses for a leased vehicle if you previously used the standard mileage rate for that vehicle.

You can use the standard mileage rate for 2005 only if:

• You owned the vehicle and used the standard mileage rate for the first year you placed the vehicle in service, or

• You leased the vehicle and are using the standard mileage rate for the entire lease period (except the period, if any, before 1998).

If you deduct actual auto expenses:

• Include on line 6 the rental activity portion of the cost of gasoline, oil, repairs, insurance, tires, etc., and

• Show auto rental or lease payments on line 18 and depreciation on line 20.

If you take the standard mileage rate, multiply the number of miles you drove your auto in connection with your rental activities by:

• 40.5 cents for miles driven before September 1, 2005, and

• 48.5 cents for miles driven after August 31, 2005.

Include this amount and your parking fees and tolls on line 6.

If you claim any auto expenses (actual or the standard mileage rate), you must complete Part V of Form 4562 and attach Form 4562 to your tax return.

See Pub. 527 and Pub. 463 for details.

Line 10

Include on line 10 fees for tax advice and the preparation of tax forms related to your rental real estate or royalty properties.

Do not deduct legal fees paid or incurred to defend or protect title to property, to recover property, or to develop or improve property. Instead, you must capitalize these fees and add them to the property's basis.

Lines 12 and 13

In general, to determine the interest expense allocable to your rental activities, you must have records to show how the proceeds of each debt were used. Specific tracing rules apply for allocating debt proceeds and repayment. See Pub. 535 for details.

If you have a mortgage on your rental property, enter on line 12 the amount of interest you paid for 2005 to banks or other financial institutions. Be sure to enter the total of all your mortgage interest in the "Totals" column even if you have only one property.

Do not deduct prepaid interest when you paid it. You can deduct it only in the year to which it is properly allocable. Points, including loan origination fees, charged only for the use of money must be deducted over the life of the loan.

If you paid \$600 or more in interest on a mortgage during 2005, the recipient should send you a Form 1098 or similar statement by January 31, 2006, showing the total interest received from you.

If you paid more mortgage interest than is shown on your Form 1098 or similar statement, see Pub. 535 to find out if you can deduct part or all of the additional interest. If you can, enter the entire deductible amount on line 12. Attach a statement to your return explaining the difference. On the dotted line next to line 12, enter "See attached."

Note. If the recipient was not a financial institution or you did not receive a Form

1098 from the recipient, report your deductible mortgage interest on line 13.

If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if you file a joint return) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage, and the other person received Form 1098, report your share of the deductible interest on line 13. Attach a statement to your return showing the name and address of the person who received Form 1098. On the dotted line next to line 13, enter "See attached."

Line 14

You can deduct the cost of repairs made to keep your property in good working condition. Repairs generally do not add significant value to the property or extend its life. Examples of repairs are fixing a broken lock or painting a room. Improvements that increase the value of the property or extend its life, such as replacing a roof or renovating a kitchen, must be capitalized and depreciated (that is, they cannot be deducted in full in the year they are paid or incurred). See the instructions for line 20.

Line 17

You can deduct the cost of ordinary and necessary telephone calls related to your rental activities or royalty income (for example, calls to the renter). However, the base rate (including taxes and other charges) for local telephone service for the first telephone line into your residence is a personal expense and is not deductible.

Line 20

Depreciation is the annual deduction you must take to recover the cost or other basis of business or investment property having a useful life substantially beyond the tax year. Land is not depreciable.

Depreciation starts when you first use the property in your business or for the production of income. It ends when you deduct all your depreciable cost or other basis or no longer use the property in your business or for the production of income.

See the Instructions for Form 4562 to figure the amount of depreciation to enter on line 20. Be sure to enter the total of all your depreciation in the "Totals" column even if you have only one property.

You must complete and attach Form 4562 only if you are claiming:

• Depreciation on property first placed in service during 2005,

• Depreciation on listed property (defined in the Instructions for Form 4562), including a vehicle, regardless of the date it was placed in service, or

• A section 179 expense deduction or amortization of costs that began in 2005.

See Pub. 527 for more information on depreciation of residential rental property.

See Pub. 946 for a more comprehensive guide to depreciation.

If you own mineral property or an oil, gas, or geothermal well, you may be able to take a deduction for depletion. See Pub. 535 for details.

Line 22

If you have amounts for which you are not at risk, use Form 6198 to determine the amount of your deductible loss. Enter that amount in the appropriate column of Schedule E, line 22. In the space to the left of line 22, enter "Form 6198." Attach Form 6198 to your return. For details on the at-risk rules, see page E-1.

Line 23

Do not complete line 23 if the amount on line 22 is from royalty properties.

If you have a rental real estate loss from a passive activity (defined on page E-1), the amount of loss you can deduct may be limited by the passive activity loss rules. You may need to complete Form 8582 to figure the amount of loss, if any, to enter on line 23.

If your rental real estate loss is not from a passive activity or you meet the exception for certain rental real estate activities (explained on page E-2), you do not have to complete Form 8582. Enter the loss from line 22 on line 23.

Parts II and III

If you need more space in Part II or III to list your income or losses, attach a continuation sheet using the same format as shown in Part II or III. However, be sure to complete the "Totals" columns for lines 29a and 29b, or lines 34a and 34b, as appropriate. If you also completed Part I on more than one Schedule E, use the same Schedule E on which you entered the combined totals in Part I.

Tax preference items. If you are a partner, a shareholder in an S corporation, or a beneficiary of an estate or trust, you must take into account your share of preferences and adjustments from these entities for the alternative minimum tax on Form 6251 or Schedule I of Form 1041.

Part II

Income or Loss From Partnerships and S Corporations

If you are a member of a partnership or joint venture or a shareholder in an S corporation, use Part II to report your share of the partnership or S corporation income (even if not received) or loss. You should receive a Schedule K-1 from the partnership or S corporation. You should also receive a copy of the Partner's or Shareholder's Instructions for Schedule K-1. Your copy of Schedule K-1 and its instructions will tell you where on your return to report your share of the items. If you did not receive these instructions with your Schedule K-1, see page 7 of the Form 1040 instructions for how to get a copy. Do not attach Schedules K-1 to your return. Keep them for your records.

If you are treating items on your tax return differently from the way the partnership (other than an electing large partnership) or S corporation reported them on its return, you may have to file Form 8082. If you are a partner in an electing large partnership, you must report the items shown on Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B) on your tax return the same way that the partnership reported the items on Schedule K-1.

Special rules that limit losses. Please note the following.

• If you have a current year loss, or a prior year unallowed loss, from a partnership or an S corporation, see *At-Risk Rules* and *Passive Activity Loss Rules* on page E-1.

Partners and S corporation shareholders should get a separate statement of income, expenses, deductions, and credits for each activity engaged in by the partnership and S corporation. If you are subject to the at-risk rules for any activity, use Form 6198 to figure the amount of any deductible loss. If the activity is nonpassive, enter any deductible loss from Form 6198 on the appropriate line in Part II, column (h), of Schedule E.

• If you have a passive activity loss, you generally need to complete Form 8582 to figure the amount of the allowable loss to enter in Part II, column (f), for that activity. But if you are a general partner or an S corporation shareholder reporting your share of a partnership or an S corporation loss from a rental real estate activity and you meet all three of the conditions listed on page E-2 under *Exception for Certain Rental Real Estate Activities*, you do not have to complete Form 8582. Instead, enter your allowable loss in Part II, column (f).

If you have passive activity income, complete Part II, column (g), for that activity.

If you have nonpassive income or losses, complete Part II, columns (h) through (j), as appropriate.

Partnerships

See the Schedule K-1 instructions before entering on your return other partnership items from a passive activity or income or loss from any publicly traded partnership.

You can deduct unreimbursed ordinary and necessary expenses you paid on behalf of the partnership if you were required to pay these expenses under the partnership agreement. See the instructions for line 27 on page E-6 for how to report these expenses.

Report allowable interest expense paid or incurred from debt-financed acquisitions in Part II or on Schedule A depending on the type of expenditure to which the interest is allocated. See Pub. 535 for details.

If you claimed a credit for federal tax on gasoline or other fuels on your 2004 Form 1040 based on information received from the partnership, enter as income in column (g) or column (j), whichever applies, the amount of the credit claimed for 2004.

Part or all of your share of partnership income or loss from the operation of the business may be considered net earnings from self-employment that must be reported on Schedule SE. Enter the amount from Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (or from Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9 (code K1)), on Schedule SE, after you reduce this amount by any allowable expenses attributable to that income.

Foreign partnerships. If you are a U.S. person, you may have to file Form 8865 if any of the following applies.

1. You controlled a foreign partnership (that is, you owned more than a 50% direct or indirect interest in the partnership).

2. You owned at least a 10% direct or indirect interest in a foreign partnership while U.S. persons controlled that partnership.

3. You had an acquisition, disposition, or change in proportional interest of a foreign partnership that:

a. Increased your direct interest to at least 10% or reduced your direct interest of at least 10% to less than 10%, or

b. Changed your direct interest by at least a 10% interest.

4. You contributed property to a foreign partnership in exchange for a partnership interest if:

a. Immediately after the contribution, you owned, directly or indirectly, at least a 10% interest in the partnership, or

b. The fair market value of the property you contributed to the partnership in exchange for a partnership interest, when added to other contributions of property you made to the partnership during the preceding 12-month period, exceeds \$100,000.

Also, you may have to file Form 8865 to report certain dispositions by a foreign partnership of property you previously contributed to that partnership if you were a partner at the time of the disposition.

For more details, including penalties for failing to file Form 8865, see Form 8865 and its separate instructions.

S Corporations

If you are a shareholder in an S corporation, your share of the corporation's aggregate losses and deductions (combined income, losses, and deductions) is limited to the adjusted basis of your corporate stock and any debt the corporation owes you. Any loss or deduction not allowed this year because of the basis limitation can be carried forward and deducted in a later year subject to the basis limitation for that year.

If you are claiming a deduction for your share of an aggregate loss, attach to your return a computation of the adjusted basis of your corporate stock and of any debt the corporation owes you. See the Schedule K-1 instructions for details.

After applying the basis limitation, the deductible amount of your aggregate losses and deductions may be further reduced by the at-risk rules and the passive activity loss rules. See page E-1.

Distributions of prior year accumulated earnings and profits of S corporations are dividends and are reported on Form 1040, line 9a.

Interest expense relating to the acquisition of shares in an S corporation may be fully deductible on Schedule E. For details, see Pub. 535.

Your share of the net income of an S corporation is not subject to self-employment tax.

Line 27

If you answered "Yes" on line 27, follow the instructions below. If you fail to follow these instructions, the IRS may send you a notice of additional tax due because the amounts reported by the partnership or S corporation on Schedule K-1 do not match the amounts you reported on your tax return.

Losses Not Allowed in Prior Years Due to the At-Risk or Basis Limitations

• Enter your total prior year unallowed losses that are now deductible on a separate line in column (h) of line 28. Do not combine these losses with, or net them against, any current year amounts from the partnership or S corporation.

• Enter "PYA" (prior year amount) in column (a) of the same line.

Prior Year Unallowed Losses From a Passive Activity Not Reported on Form 8582

• Enter on a separate line in column (f) of line 28 your total prior year unallowed losses not reported on Form 8582. Such losses include prior year unallowed losses that are now deductible because you did not have an overall loss from all passive activities or you disposed of your entire interest in a passive activity in a fully taxable transaction. Do not combine these losses with,

or net them against, any current year amounts from the partnership or S corporation.

• Enter "PYA" (prior year amount) in column (a) of the same line.

Unreimbursed Partnership Expenses

• You can deduct unreimbursed ordinary and necessary partnership expenses you paid on behalf of the partnership on Schedule E if you were required to pay these expenses under the partnership agreement (except amounts deductible only as itemized deductions, which you must enter on Schedule A).

• Enter unreimbursed partnership expenses from nonpassive activities on a separate line in column (h) of line 28. Do not combine these expenses with, or net them against, any other amounts from the partnership.

• If the expenses are from a passive activity and you are not required to file Form 8582, enter the expenses related to a passive activity on a separate line in column (f) of line 28. Do not combine these expenses with, or net them against, any other amounts from the partnership.

• Enter "UPE" (unreimbursed partnership expenses) in column (a) of the same line.

Line 28

For nonpassive income or loss (and passive income or losses for which you are not filing Form 8582), enter in the applicable column of line 28 your current year ordinary income or loss from the partnership or S corporation. Report each related item required to be reported on Schedule E (including items of income or loss stated separately on Schedule K-1) in the applicable column of a separate line following the line on which you reported the current year ordinary income or loss. Also enter a description of the related item (for example, depletion) in column (a) of the same line.

If you are required to file Form 8582, see the Instructions for Form 8582 before completing Schedule E.

Part III Income or Loss From Estates and Trusts

If you are a beneficiary of an estate or trust, use Part III to report your part of the income (even if not received) or loss. You should receive a Schedule K-1 (Form 1041) from the fiduciary. Your copy of Schedule K-1 and its instructions will tell you where on your return to report the items from Schedule K-1. Do not attach Schedule K-1 to your return. Keep it for your records. If you are treating items on your tax return differently from the way the estate or trust reported them on its return, you may have to file Form 8082.

If you have estimated taxes credited to you from a trust (Schedule K-1, box 13, code A), enter "ES payment claimed" and the amount on the dotted line next to line 37. Do not include this amount in the total on line 37. Instead, enter the amount on Form 1040, line 65.

A U.S. person who transferred property to a foreign trust may have to report the income received by the trust as a result of the transferred property if, during 2005, the trust had a U.S. beneficiary. See section 679. An individual who received a distribution from, or who was the grantor of or transferor to, a foreign trust must also complete Part III of Schedule B (Form 1040) and may have to file Form 3520. In addition, the owner of a foreign trust must ensure that the trust files an annual information return on Form 3520-A.

Part IV

Income or Loss From Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduits (REMICs)

If you are the holder of a residual interest in a REMIC, use Part IV to report your total share of the REMIC's taxable income or loss for each quarter included in your tax year. You should receive Schedule Q (Form 1066) and instructions from the REMIC for each quarter. Do not attach Schedules Q to your return. Keep them for your records.

If you are treating REMIC items on your tax return differently from the way the REMIC reported them on its return, you may have to file Form 8082.

If you are the holder of a residual interest in more than one REMIC, attach a continuation sheet using the same format as in Part IV. Enter the totals of columns (d) and (e) on Schedule E, line 39. If you also completed Part I on more than one Schedule E, use the same Schedule E on which you entered the combined totals in Part I.

REMIC income or loss is not income or loss from a passive activity.

Note. If you are the holder of a regular interest in a REMIC, do not use Schedule E to report the income you received. Instead, report it on Form 1040, line 8a.

Column (c). Report the total of the amounts shown on Schedule(s) Q, line 2c. This is the smallest amount you are allowed to report as your taxable income (Form 1040, line 43). It is also the smallest amount you are allowed to report as your alternative minimum taxable income (AMTI) (Form 6251, line 28).

If the amount in column (c) is larger than your taxable income would otherwise be, enter the amount from column (c) on Form 1040, line 43. Similarly, if the amount in column (c) is larger than your AMTI would otherwise be, enter the amount from column (c) on Form 6251, line 28. Enter "Sch. Q" on the dotted line to the left of this amount on Form 1040, line 43, and Form 6251, line 28, if applicable.

Note. These rules also apply to estates and trusts that hold a residual interest in a REMIC. Be sure to make the appropriate entries on the comparable lines on Form 1041.



Do not include the amount shown in column (c) in the total on Schedule E, line 39.

Column (e). Report the total of the amounts shown on Schedule(s) Q, line 3b. If you itemize your deductions, include this amount on Schedule A, line 22.

Part V Summary

Line 42

You will not be charged a penalty for underpayment of estimated tax if: 1. Your gross farming or fishing income for 2004 or 2005 is at least two-thirds of your gross income, and

2. You file your 2005 tax return and pay the tax due by March 1, 2006.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual

circumstances. The estimated burden for individual taxpayers filing this form is included in the estimates shown in the instructions for their individual income tax return. The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is approved under OMB control number 1545–1972 and is shown below.

Recordkeeping		3 hr.
Learning about the law or the form	1 hr., 13	3 min.
Preparing the form	1 hr., 27	min.
Copying, assembling, and		

sending the form to the IRS 34 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.



2005 Instructions for Schedule F

Profit or Loss From Farming

What's New

Employee retention credit for employers affected by Hurricane Katrina. If you had employees in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, you may be eligible for a credit against the wages you paid them while your business was inoperable. For more information, see Form 5884-A.

Biodeisel and renewable diesel fuels credit. If you claimed the biodiesel and renewable diesel fuels credit on Form 8864, you must include the credit in your income on line 10 if you use the cash method or line 44 if you use the accrual method. See the instructions for line 10 on page F-3.

General Instructions Other Schedules and Forms You May Have To File

• Schedule E, Part I, to report rental income from pastureland that is based on a flat charge. Report on Schedule F, line 10, pasture income received from taking care of someone else's livestock.

• Schedule J to figure your tax by averaging your farm income over the previous 3 years. Doing so may reduce your tax.

• Schedule SE to pay self-employment tax on income from your farming business.

• Form 4562 to claim depreciation on assets placed in service in 2005, to claim amortization that began in 2005, to make an election under section 179 to expense certain property, or to report information on vehicles and other listed property.

• Form 4684 to report a casualty or theft gain or loss involving farm business property including livestock held for draft, breeding, sport, or dairy purposes.

See Pub. 225 for more information on how to report various farm losses, such as losses due to death of livestock or damage to crops or other farm property.

• Form 4797 to report sales, exchanges, or involuntary conversions (other than from a casualty or theft) of certain farm property. Also use this form to report sales of livestock held for draft, breeding, sport, or dairy purposes.

Use Schedule F (Form 1040) to report farm income and expenses. File it with Form 1040, 1041, 1065, or 1065-B.

This activity may subject you to state and local taxes and other requirements such as business licenses and fees. Check with your state and local governments for more information.

Additional information. Pub. 225 has samples of filled-in forms and schedules, and lists important dates that apply to farmers.

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

• Form 4835 to report rental income based on farm production or crop shares if you did not materially participate in the management or operation of the farm. This income is not subject to self-employment tax. See Pub. 225.

• Form 8824 to report like-kind exchanges.

• Form 8903 to take a deduction for income from domestic production activities.

Heavy highway vehicle use tax. If you use certain highway trucks, truck-trailers, tractor-trailers, or buses in your farming business, you may have to pay a federal highway motor vehicle use tax. See the Instructions for Form 2290 to find out if you owe this tax.

Information returns. You may have to file information returns for wages paid to employees, certain payments of fees and other nonemployee compensation, interest, rents, royalties, annuities, and pensions. You may also have to file an information return if you sold \$5,000 or more of consumer products to a person on a buy-sell, deposit-commission, or other similar basis for resale. For details, see the 2005 General Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G.

If you received cash of more than \$10,000 in one or more related transactions in your farming business, you may have to file Form 8300. For details, see Pub. 1544.

Reportable transaction disclosure statement. If you entered into a reportable transaction in 2005, you must file Form 8886 to disclose information if your federal income tax liability is affected by your participation in the transaction. You may have to pay a penalty if you are required to file Form 8886 but do not do so. You may also have to pay interest and penalties on any reportable transaction understatements. For more information on reportable transactions, see *Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement* that begins on page C-1 of the Instructions for Schedule C.

Estimated Tax

If you had to make estimated tax payments in 2005 and you underpaid your estimated tax, you will not be charged a penalty if both of the following apply.

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Cat. No. 17152R

• Your gross farming or fishing income for 2004 or 2005 is at least two-thirds of your gross income.

• You file your 2005 tax return and pay the tax due by March 1, 2006.

For details, see Pub. 225.

Specific Instructions

Filers of Forms 1041, 1065, and 1065-B

Do not complete the block labeled "Social security number (SSN)." Instead, enter your employer identification number (EIN) on line D.

Line B

On line B, enter one of the 14 principal agricultural activity codes listed in Part IV on page 2 of Schedule F. Select the code that best describes the source of most of your income.

Line C

If you use the cash method, check the box labeled "Cash." Complete Schedule F, Parts I and II. Generally, report income in the year in which you actually or constructively received it and deduct expenses in the year you paid them. However, if the payment of an expenditure creates an asset having a useful life that extends substantially beyond the close of the year, it may not be deductible or may be deductible only in part for the year of the payment. See Pub. 225.

If you use an accrual method, check the box labeled "Accrual." Complete Schedule F, Parts II, III, and Part I, line 11. Generally, report income in the year in which you earned it and deduct expenses in the year you incurred them, even if you did not pay them in that year. Accrual basis taxpayers are put on a cash basis for deducting business expenses owed to a related cash-basis taxpayer. Other rules determine the timing of deductions based on economic performance. See Pub. 538. Farming syndicates cannot use the cash method of accounting. A farming syndicate may be a partnership, any other noncorporate group, or an S corporation if:

• The interests in the business have ever been for sale in a way that would require registration with any federal or state agency, or

• More than 35% of the loss during any tax year is shared by limited partners or limited entrepreneurs. A limited partner is one who can lose only the amount invested or required to be invested in the partnership. A limited entrepreneur is a person who does not take any active part in managing the business.

Line D

You need an employer identification number (EIN) only if you had a qualified retirement plan or were required to file an employment, excise, estate, trust, partnership, or alcohol, tobacco, and firearms tax return. If you need an EIN, see the Instructions for Form SS-4. If you do not have an EIN, leave line D blank.

Line E

Material participation. For the definition of material participation for purposes of the passive activity rules, see the instructions for Schedule C, line G, that begin on page C-2. If you meet any of the material participation tests described in those instructions, check the "Yes" box.

If you are a retired or disabled farmer, you are treated as materially participating in a farming business if you materially participated 5 of the 8 years preceding your retirement or disability. Also, a surviving spouse is treated as materially participating in a farming activity if the real property used for farming meets the estate tax rules for special valuation of farm property passed from a qualifying decedent, and the surviving spouse actively manages the farm.

Check the "No" box if you did not materially participate. If you checked "No" and you have a loss from this business, see *Limit on passive losses* below. If you have a profit from this business activity but have current year losses from other passive activities or prior year unallowed passive activity losses, see the Instructions for Form 8582.

Limit on passive losses. If you checked the "No" box and you have a loss from this business, you may have to use Form 8582 to figure your allowable loss, if any, to enter on Schedule F, line 36. Generally, you can deduct losses from passive activities only to the extent of income from passive activities. For details, see Pub. 925.

Part I. Farm Income— Cash Method

In Part I, show income received for items listed on lines 1 through 10. Generally, include both the cash actually or constructively received and the fair market value of goods or other property received for these items. Income is constructively received when it is credited to your account or set aside for you to use. However, direct payments or counter-cyclical payments received under the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 are required to be included in income only in the year of actual receipt.

If you ran the farm yourself and received rents based on crop shares or farm production, report these rents as income on line 4.

Sales of Livestock Because of Weather-Related Conditions

If you sold livestock because of drought, flood, or other weather-related conditions, you can elect to report the income from the sale in the year after the year of sale if all of the following apply.

• Your main business is farming.

• You can show that you sold the livestock only because of weather-related conditions.

• Your area qualified for federal aid. See Pub. 225 for details.

Forms 1099 or CCC-1099-G

If you received Forms 1099 or CCC-1099-G showing amounts paid to you, first determine if the amounts are to be included with farm income. Then, use the following chart to determine where to report the income on Schedule F. Include the Form 1099 or CCC-1099-G amounts in the total amount reported on that line.

Form	Where to report
1099-PATR	Line 5a
1099-A	Line 7b
1099-MISC	
(for crop insurance)	Line 8a
1099-G or CCC-1099-G	
(for disaster payments)	Line 8a
(for other agricultural	
program payments)	Line 6a

You may also receive Form 1099-MISC for other types of income. In this case, report it on whichever line best describes the income. For example, if you received a Form 1099-MISC for custom farming work, include this amount on line 9, "Custom hire (machine work) income."

Lines 5a and 5b

If you received distributions from a cooperative in 2005, you should receive Form 1099-PATR. On line 5a, show your total distributions from cooperatives. This includes patronage dividends, nonpatronage distributions, per-unit retain allocations, and redemption of nonqualified notices and per-unit retain allocations.

Show patronage dividends received in cash and the dollar amount of qualified written notices of allocation. If you received property as patronage dividends, report the fair market value of the property as income. Include cash advances received from a marketing cooperative. If you received per-unit retains in cash, show the amount of cash. If you received qualified per-unit retain certificates, show the stated dollar amount of the certificates.

Do not include as income on line 5b patronage dividends from buying personal or family items, capital assets, or depreciable assets. Enter these amounts on line 5a only. If you do not report patronage dividends from these items as income, you must subtract the amount of the dividend from the cost or other basis of these items.

Lines 6a and 6b

Enter on line 6a the total of the following amounts.

- Direct payments.
- Counter-cyclical payments.
- Price support payments.

• Market gain from the repayment of a secured Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loan for less than the original loan amount.

- Diversion payments.
- Cost-share payments (sight drafts).

• Payments in the form of materials (such as fertilizer or lime) or services (such as grading or building dams).

These amounts are government payments you received, usually reported to you on Form 1099-G. You may also receive Form CCC-1099-G from the Department of Agriculture showing the amounts and types of payments made to you.

On line 6b, report only the taxable amount. For example, do not report the market gain shown on Form CCC-1099-G on line 6b if you elected to report CCC loan proceeds as income in the year received (see *Lines 7a Through 7c* on page F-3). No gain results from redemption of the commodity because you previously reported the CCC loan proceeds as income. You are treated as repurchasing the commodity for the amount of the loan repayment. However, if you did not report the CCC loan proceeds under the election, you must report the market gain on line 6b.

Lines 7a Through 7c

Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) loans. Generally, you do not report CCC loan proceeds as income. However, if you pledge part or all of your production to secure a CCC loan, you can elect to report the loan proceeds as income in the year you receive them, instead of the year you sell the crop. If you make this election (or made the election in a prior year), report loan proceeds you received in 2005 on line 7a. Attach a statement to your return showing the details of the loan(s).

Forfeited CCC loans. Include the full amount forfeited on line 7b, even if you reported the loan proceeds as income.

If you did not elect to report the loan proceeds as income, also include the forfeited amount on line 7c.

If you did elect to report the loan proceeds as income, you generally will not have an entry on line 7c. But if the amount forfeited is different from your basis in the commodity, you may have an entry on line 7c.

See Pub. 225 for details on the tax consequences of electing to report CCC loan proceeds as income or forfeiting CCC loans.

Lines 8a Through 8d

In general, you must report crop insurance proceeds in the year you receive them. Federal crop disaster payments are treated as crop insurance proceeds. However, if 2005 was the year of damage, you can elect to include certain proceeds in income for 2006. To make this election, check the box on line 8c and attach a statement to your return. See Pub. 225 for a description of the proceeds for which an election can be made and for what you must include in your statement.

Generally, if you elect to defer any eligible crop insurance proceeds, you must defer all such crop insurance proceeds (including federal crop disaster payments).

Enter on line 8a the total crop insurance proceeds you received in 2005, even if you elect to include them in income for 2006.

Enter on line 8b the taxable amount of the proceeds you received in 2005. Do not include proceeds you elect to include in income for 2006.

Enter on line 8d the amount, if any, of crop insurance proceeds you received in 2004 and elected to include in income for 2005.

Line 10

Use this line to report income not shown on lines 1 through 9, such as the following.

• Illegal federal irrigation subsidies. See Pub. 225.

• Bartering income.

• Income from cancellation of debt. Generally, if a debt is canceled or forgiven, you must include the canceled amount in income. If a federal agency, financial institution, or credit union canceled or forgave a debt you owed of \$600 or more, it should send you a Form 1099-C, or similar statement, by January 31, 2006, showing the amount of debt canceled in 2005. However, certain solvent farmers can exclude canceled qualified farm indebtedness from income. To find out if you must include any cancellation of debt in income, see Pub. 225.

• State gasoline or fuel tax refund you received in 2005.

• The amount of credit for federal tax paid on fuels claimed on your 2004 Form 1040.

• The amount of credit for alcohol used as fuel that was claimed on Form 6478.

• The amount of biodiesel and renewable diesel fuels credit that was claimed on Form 8864.

• Any recapture of excess depreciation, including any section 179 expense deduction, if the business use percentage of any listed property decreased to 50% or less in 2005. Use Form 4797 to figure the recapture. See the instructions for Schedule C, line 13, on page C-4 for the definition of listed property.

• The inclusion amount on leased listed property (other than vehicles) when the business use percentage drops to 50% or less. See Pub. 946 to figure the amount.

• Any recapture of the deduction for clean-fuel vehicles used in your farming business and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. For details on how to figure recapture, see Pub. 535.

• The gain or loss on the sale of commodity futures contracts if the contracts were made to protect you from price changes. These are a form of business insurance and are considered hedges. If you had a loss in a closed futures contract, enclose it in parentheses.



For property acquired and hedging positions established, you must clearly identify on your books and records both the

hedging transaction and the item(s) or aggregate risk that is being hedged.

Purchase or sales contracts are not true hedges if they offset losses that already occurred. If you bought or sold commodity futures with the hope of making a profit due to favorable price changes, report the profit or loss on Form 6781 instead of this line.

Part II. Farm Expenses

Do not deduct the following.

• Personal or living expenses (such as taxes, insurance, or repairs on your home) that do not produce farm income.

• Expenses of raising anything you or your family used.

• The value of animals you raised that died.

• Inventory losses.

• Personal losses.

If you were repaid for any part of an expense, you must subtract the amount you were repaid from the deduction.

Capitalizing costs of property. If you produced real or tangible personal property or acquired property for resale, certain expenses must be included in inventory costs or capitalized. These expenses include the direct costs of the property and the share of any indirect costs allocable to that property. However, these rules generally do not apply to expenses of:

1. Producing any plant that has a preproductive period of 2 years or less,

2. Raising animals, or

3. Replanting certain crops if they were lost or damaged by reason of freezing temperatures, disease, drought, pests, or casualty.



Exceptions 1 and 2 above do not apply to tax shelters, farming syndicates, or partnerships required to use the accrual

method of accounting under section 447 or 448.

But you may be able to currently deduct rather than capitalize the expenses of producing a plant with a preproductive period of more than 2 years. See *Election to deduct certain preproductive period expenses* below.

Do not reduce your deductions on lines 12 through 34e by the preproductive period expenses you must capitalize. Instead, enter the total amount capitalized in parentheses on line 34f. See *Preproductive period expenses* on page F-6 for details.

If you revoked an election made before 1989 to deduct preproductive period expenses for animals, you must continue to apply the alternative depreciation rules to property placed in service while your election was in effect. Also, the expenses you previously chose to deduct will have to be recaptured as ordinary income when you dispose of the animals.

Election to deduct certain preproductive period expenses. If the preproductive period of any plant you produce is more than 2 years, you can elect to currently deduct the expenses rather than capitalize them. But you cannot make this election for the costs of planting or growing citrus or almond groves that are incurred before the end of the 4th tax year beginning with the tax year you planted them in their permanent grove. By deducting the preproductive period expenses for which you can make this election, you are treated as having made the election.



In the case of a partnership or S corporation, the election must be made by the partner or shareholder. This election cannot be

made by tax shelters, farming syndicates, or partners in partnerships required to use

the accrual method of accounting under section 447 or 448.

If you make the election to deduct preproductive expenses for plants, any gain you realize when disposing of the plants is ordinary income up to the amount of the preproductive expenses you deducted. Also, the alternative depreciation rules apply to property placed in service in any tax year your election is in effect. Unless you obtain IRS consent, you must make this election for the first tax year in which you engage in a farming business involving the production of property subject to the capitalization rules. You cannot revoke this election without IRS consent.

For details, see Pub. 225.

Prepaid farm supplies. Generally, if you use the cash method of accounting and your prepaid farm supplies are more than 50% of your other deductible farm expenses, your deduction for those supplies may be limited. Prepaid farm supplies include expenses for feed, seed, fertilizer, and similar farm supplies not used or consumed during the year. They also include the cost of poultry that would be allowable as a deduction in a later tax year if you were to (a) capitalize the cost of poultry bought for use in your farming business and deduct it ratably over the lesser of 12 months or the useful life of the poultry, and (b) deduct the cost of poultry bought for resale in the year you sell or otherwise dispose of it.

If the limit applies, you can deduct prepaid farm supplies that do not exceed 50% of your other deductible farm expenses in the year of payment. You can deduct the excess only in the year you use or consume the supplies (other than poultry, which is deductible as explained above). For details and exceptions to these rules, see Pub. 225.

Line 12

You can deduct the actual expenses of running your car or truck or take the standard mileage rate. You must use actual expenses if you used your vehicle for hire or you used more than four vehicles simultaneously in your farming business (such as in fleet operations). You cannot use actual expenses for a leased vehicle if you previously used the standard mileage rate for that vehicle.

You can take the standard mileage rate for 2005 only if you:

• Owned the vehicle and use the standard mileage rate for the first year you placed the vehicle in service, or

• Leased the vehicle and are using the standard mileage rate for the entire lease period (except the period, if any, before 1998).

If you deduct actual expenses:

• Include on line 12 the business portion of expenses for gasoline, oil, repairs, insurance, tires, license plates, etc., and

• Show depreciation on line 16 and rent or lease payments on line 26a.

If you take the standard mileage rate, multiply the number of business miles driven by 40.5 cents (48.5 cents for business miles driven after August 31, 2005). Add to this amount your parking fees and tolls, and enter the total on line 12. Do not deduct depreciation, rent or lease payments, or your actual operating expenses.

If you claim any car or truck expenses (actual or the standard mileage rate), you must provide the information requested on Form 4562, Part V. Be sure to attach Form 4562 to your return.

For details, see Pub. 463.

Line 14

Deductible soil and water conservation expenses generally are those that are paid to conserve soil and water or to prevent erosion of land used for farming. These expenses include (but are not limited to) the cost of leveling, grading and terracing, contour furrowing, the construction, control, and protection of diversion channels, drainage ditches, earthen dams, watercourses, outlets and ponds, the eradication of brush, and the planting of windbreaks.

These expenses can be deducted only if they are consistent with a conservation plan approved by the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the Department of Agriculture for the area in which your land is located. If no plan exists, the expenses must be consistent with a plan of a comparable state agency. You cannot deduct the expenses if they were paid or incurred for land used in farming in a foreign country.

Do not deduct expenses you paid or incurred to drain or fill wetlands, to prepare land for center pivot irrigation systems, or to clear land.

Your deduction cannot exceed 25% of your gross income from farming (excluding certain gains from selling assets such as farm machinery and land). If your conservation expenses are more than the limit, the excess can be carried forward and deducted in later tax years. However, the amount deductible for any 1 year cannot exceed the 25% gross income limit for that year.

For details, see Pub. 225.

Line 15

Enter amounts paid for custom hire or machine work (the machine operator furnished the equipment).

Do not include amounts paid for rental or lease of equipment that you operated yourself. Instead, report those amounts on line 26a.

Line 16

You can deduct depreciation of buildings, improvements, cars and trucks, machinery, and other farm equipment of a permanent nature.

Do not deduct depreciation on your home, furniture or other personal items,

land, livestock you bought or raised for resale, or other property in your inventory.

You can also elect under section 179 to expense a portion of the cost of certain property you bought in 2005 for use in your farming business.

For details, including when you must complete and attach Form 4562, see the instructions for Schedule C, line 13, on page C-4.

Line 17

Deduct contributions to employee benefit programs that are not an incidental part of a pension or profit-sharing plan included on line 25. Examples are accident and health plans, group-term life insurance, and dependent care assistance programs. If you made contributions on your behalf as a self-employed person to a dependent care assistance program, complete Form 2441, Parts I and III, to figure your deductible contributions to that program.

Do not include on line 17 any contributions you made on your behalf as a self-employed person to an accident and health plan or for group-term life insurance. You may be able to deduct on Form 1040, line 29, the amount you paid for health insurance on behalf of yourself, your spouse, and dependents even if you do not itemize your deductions. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 29, for details.

Line 18

If you use the cash method, you cannot deduct when paid the cost of feed your livestock will consume in a later year unless all of the following apply.

• The payment was for the purchase of feed rather than a deposit.

• The prepayment had a business purpose and was not made merely to avoid tax.

• Deducting the prepayment will not materially distort your income.

If all of the above apply, you can deduct the prepaid feed, which is subject to the overall limit for *Prepaid farm supplies* explained on this page. If all of the above do not apply, you can deduct the prepaid feed only in the year it is consumed.

Line 20

Do not include the cost of transportation incurred in purchasing livestock held for resale as freight paid. Instead, add these costs to the cost of the livestock, and deduct them when the livestock is sold.

Line 22

Deduct on this line premiums paid for farm business insurance. Deduct on line 17 amounts paid for employee accident and health insurance. Amounts credited to a reserve for self-insurance or premiums paid for a policy that pays for your lost earnings due to sickness or disability are not deductible.

Lines 23a and 23b

Interest allocation rules. The tax treatment of interest expense differs depending on its type. For example, home mortgage interest and investment interest are treated differently. "Interest allocation" rules require you to allocate (classify) your interest expense so it is deducted on the correct line of your return and receives the right tax treatment. These rules could affect how much interest you are allowed to deduct on Schedule F.

Generally, you allocate interest expense by tracing how the proceeds of the loan are used. See Pub. 535 for details.

If you paid interest on a debt secured by your main home and any of the proceeds from that debt were used in your farming business, see Pub. 535 to figure the amount to include on lines 23a and 23b.

How to report. If you have a mortgage on real property used in your farming business (other than your main home), enter on line 23a the interest you paid for 2005 to banks or other financial institutions for which you received a Form 1098 (or similar statements). If you did not receive a Form 1098, enter the interest on line 23b.

If you paid more mortgage interest than is shown on Form 1098, see Pub. 535 to find out if you can deduct the additional interest. If you can, include the amount on line 23a. Attach a statement to your return explaining the difference and enter "See attached" in the margin next to line 23a.

If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if you file a joint return) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage and the other person received the Form 1098, include your share of the interest on line 23b. Attach a statement to your return showing the name and address of the person who received the Form 1098. In the margin next to line 23b, enter "See attached."

Do not deduct interest you prepaid in 2005 for later years; include only the part that applies to 2005.

Line 24

Enter the amounts you paid for farm labor. Do not include amounts paid to yourself. Reduce your deduction by the amounts claimed on:

• Form 5884, Work Opportunity Credit, line 2;

• Form 5884-A, Hurricane Katrina Employee Retention Credit, line 2;

• Form 8844, Empowerment Zone and Renewal Community Employment Credit, line 2;

• Form 8845, Indian Employment Credit, line 4; and

• Form 8861, Welfare-to-Work Credit, line 2.

Include the cost of boarding farm labor but not the value of any products they used from the farm. Include only what you paid household help to care for farm laborers.



If you provided taxable fringe benefits to your employees, such as personal use of a car, do not include in farm labor the

amounts you depreciated or deducted elsewhere.

Line 25

Enter your deduction for contributions to employee pension, profit-sharing, or annuity plans. If the plan included you as a self-employed person, enter contributions made as an employer on your behalf on Form 1040, line 28, not on Schedule F.

Generally, you must file the applicable form listed below if you maintain a pension, profit-sharing, or other funded-deferred compensation plan. The filing requirement is not affected by whether or not the plan qualified under the Internal Revenue Code, or whether or not you claim a deduction for the current tax year. There is a penalty for failure to timely file these forms.

Form 5500. File this form for a plan that is not a one-participant plan (see below).

Form 5500-EZ. File this form for a one-participant plan. A one-participant plan is a plan that only covers you (or you and your spouse).

For details, see Pub. 560.

Lines 26a and 26b

If you rented or leased vehicles, machinery, or equipment, enter on line 26a the business portion of your rental cost. But if you leased a vehicle for a term of 30 days or more, you may have to reduce your deduction by an inclusion amount. See *Leasing a Car* in Pub. 463 to figure your inclusion amount.

Enter on line 26b amounts paid to rent or lease other property such as pasture or farmland.

Line 27

Enter amounts you paid for repairs and maintenance of farm buildings, machinery, and equipment. You can also include what you paid for tools of short life or minimal cost, such as shovels and rakes.

Do not deduct repairs or maintenance on your home.

Line 31

You can deduct the following taxes on this line.

• Real estate and personal property taxes on farm business assets.

• Social security and Medicare taxes you paid to match what you are required to withhold from farm employees' wages and any federal unemployment tax paid.

• Federal highway use tax.

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Do not deduct the following taxes on this line.

• Federal income taxes, including your self-employment tax. However, you can deduct one-half of your self-employment tax on Form 1040, line 27.

• Estate and gift taxes.

• Taxes assessed for improvements, such as paving and sewers.

• Taxes on your home or personal use property.

• State and local sales taxes on property purchased for use in your farming business. Instead, treat these taxes as part of the cost of the property.

• Other taxes not related to your farming business.

Line 32

Enter amounts you paid for gas, electricity, water, etc., for business use on the farm. Do not include personal utilities. You cannot deduct the base rate (including taxes) of the first telephone line into your residence, even if you use it for your farming business. But you can deduct expenses you paid for your farming business that are more than the cost of the base rate for the first phone line. For example, if you had a second phone line, you can deduct the business percentage of the charges for that line, including the base rate charges.

Lines 34a Through 34f

Include all ordinary and necessary farm expenses not deducted elsewhere on Schedule F, such as advertising, office supplies, etc. Do not include fines or penalties paid to a government for violating any law.

At-risk loss deduction. Any loss from this activity that was not allowed as a deduction last year because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to this activity in 2005.

Bad debts. See Pub. 535.

Business start-up costs. If your business began in 2005, you can elect to deduct up to \$5,000 for certain business start-up costs. This limit is reduced by the amount by which your start-up costs exceed \$50,000. You can elect to amortize any remaining qualified business start-up costs over 15 years. For details, see Pub. 225. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

Business use of your home. You may be able to deduct certain expenses for business use of your home, subject to limitations. Use the worksheet in Pub. 587 to figure your allowable deduction. Do not use Form 8829.

Clean-fuel vehicles and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. You may be able to deduct part of the cost of qualified clean-fuel vehicle property used in your farming business and qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. See Pub. 535.

Forestation and reforestation costs. You can elect to amortize certain forestation and reforestation costs over 84 months. You

can also elect to expense up to \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separately) of certain forestation and reforestation costs paid or incurred in 2005, for each qualified timber property. The amortization election does not apply to trusts and the expense election does not apply to estates and trusts. For details, see Pub. 225. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

Legal and professional fees. You can deduct on this line fees for tax advice related to your farming business and for the preparation of the tax forms related to your farming business.

Travel, meals, and entertainment. Generally, you can deduct expenses for farm business travel and 50% of your business meals and entertainment. But there are exceptions and limitations. See the instructions for Schedule C, lines 24a and 24b, that begin on page C-5.

Preproductive period expenses. If you had preproductive period expenses in 2005 and you decided to capitalize them, you must enter the total of these expenses in parentheses on line 34f and enter "263A" in the space to the left of the total. Subtract the amount on line 34f from the total of lines 12 through 34e. Enter the result on line 35.

For details, see *Capitalizing costs of property* on page F-3 and Pub. 225.

Line 36

If you have a loss, the amount of loss you can deduct this year may be limited. Go to line 37 before entering your loss on line 36. If you checked the "No" box on Schedule F, line E, also see the Instructions for Form 8582. Enter the net profit or deductible loss here and on Form 1040, line 18, and Schedule SE, line 1. Estates and trusts should enter the net profit or deductible loss here and on Form 1041, line 6. Partnerships should stop here and enter the profit or loss on this line and on Form 1065, line 5 (or Form 1065-B, line 7).

If you have a net profit on line 36, this amount is earned income and may qualify you for the earned income credit if you meet certain conditions. See the instructions for Form 1040, lines 66a and 66b, for details.

Line 37

At-risk rules. Generally, if you have a loss from a farming activity and amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk, you will have to complete Form 6198 to figure your allowable loss. The at-risk rules generally limit the amount of loss (including loss on the disposition of assets) you can claim to the amount you could actually lose in the activity.

Check box 37b if you have amounts for which you are not at risk in this activity, such as the following.

• Nonrecourse loans used to finance the activity, to acquire property used in the activity, or to acquire the activity that are not secured by your own property (other than property used in the activity). However, there is an exception for certain nonrecourse financing borrowed by you in connection with holding real property.

• Cash, property, or borrowed amounts used in the activity (or contributed to the activity, or used to acquire the activity) that are protected against loss by a guarantee, stop-loss agreement, or other similar arrangement (excluding casualty insurance and insurance against tort liability).

• Amounts borrowed for use in the activity from a person who has an interest in the activity, other than as a creditor, or who is related under section 465(b)(3) to a person (other than you) having such an interest.

If all amounts are at risk in this business, check box 37a and enter your loss on line 36. But if you checked the "No" box on line E, you may need to complete Form 8582 to figure your allowable loss to enter on line 36. See the Instructions for Form 8582.

If you checked box 37b, see Form 6198 to determine the amount of your deductible loss and enter that amount on line 36. But if you checked the "No" box on line E, your loss may be further limited. See the Instructions for Form 8582. If your at-risk amount is zero or less, enter -0- on line 36. Be sure to attach Form 6198 to your return. If you checked box 37b and you do not attach Form 6198, the processing of your tax return may be delayed.

Any loss from this activity not allowed for 2005 because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to the activity in 2006.

For details, see Pub. 925 and the Instructions for Form 6198.

Part III. Farm Income—Accrual Method

If you use an accrual method, report farm income when you earn it, not when you receive it. Generally, you must include animals and crops in your inventory if you use this method. See Pub. 225 for exceptions, inventory methods, how to change methods of accounting, and for rules that require certain costs to be capitalized or included in inventory.

Lines 39a Through 41c

See the instructions for lines 5a through 7c that begin on page F-2.

Line 44

See the instructions for line 10 on page F-3.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated burden for individual taxpayers filing this form is included in the estimates shown in the instructions for their individual income tax return. The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is approved under OMB control numbers 1545–1975 and 1545–1976 and is shown below.

Recordkeeping	7 hr., 5 min.				
Learning about the law or the form	1 hr., 2 min.				
Preparing the form	2 hr., 52 min.				
Copying, assembling, and					

sending the form to the IRS 40 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.



2005 Instructions for Schedule J

Income Averaging for Farmers and Fishermen

General Instructions

Prior Year Tax Returns

You may need copies of your original or amended income tax returns for 2002, 2003, and 2004 to figure your tax on Schedule J. If you do not have copies of those returns, you can get them by filing Form 4506. There is a \$39 fee for each return requested. If your main home, principal place of business, or tax records are located in a Presidentially declared disaster area, the fee will be waived. If you want a free transcript of your tax return, use Form 4506-T. See your Form 1040 instruction booklet to find out how to get these forms. Keep a copy of your 2005 income tax return for use in 2006, 2007, or 2008.

Definitions

Farming business. A farming business is the trade or business of cultivating land or raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity. This includes:

1. Operating a nursery or sod farm;

2. Raising or harvesting of trees bearing fruits, nuts, or other crops;

3. Raising ornamental trees (but not every ergreen trees that are more than 6 years old when severed from the roots);

4. Raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and managing animals; and

5. Leasing land to a tenant engaged in a farming business, but only if the lease payments are (a) based on a share of the tenant's production (not a fixed amount), and (b) determined under a written agreement entered into before the tenant begins significant activities on the land.

A farming business does not include:

• Contract harvesting of an agricultural or horticultural commodity grown or raised by someone else, or

• Merely buying or reselling plants or animals grown or raised by someone else.

Use Schedule J (Form 1040) to elect to figure your 2005 tax by averaging, over the previous 3 years (base years), all or part of your 2005 taxable income from your trade or business of farming or fishing. This election may give you a lower tax if your 2005 income from farming or fishing is high and your taxable income for one or more of the 3 prior years was low.

This election does not apply when figuring your alternative minimum tax on Form 6251. Also, you do not have to recompute, because of this election, the tax liability of any minor child who was required to use your tax rates in the prior years.

Fishing business. A fishing business is the trade or business of fishing in which the fish harvested, either in whole or in part, are intended to enter commerce or enter commerce through sale, barter, or trade. This includes:

1. The catching, taking, or harvesting of fish;

2. The attempted catching, taking, or harvesting of fish;

3. Any other activity which can reasonably be expected to result in the catching, taking, or harvesting of fish; or

4. Any operations at sea in support of, or in preparation for, any activity described in (1) through (3) above.

The word fish means finfish, mollusks, crustaceans, and all other forms of marine animal and plant life other than marine mammals and birds.

A fishing business does not include any scientific research activity which is conducted by a scientific research vessel.

Additional Information

See Regulations section 1.1301-1 for more details.

Specific Instructions

Line 2

Elected Farm Income

To figure elected farm income, first figure your taxable income from farming or fishing. This includes all income, gains, losses, and deductions attributable to any farming or fishing business. However, it does not include gain from the sale or other disposition of land.

Your elected farm income is the amount of your taxable income from farming or fishing that you elect to include on line 2. You do not have to include all of your taxable income from farming or fishing on line 2. It may be to your advantage to include less than the full amount, depending on how the amount you include on line 2 affects your tax bracket for the current and prior 3 tax years.

Your elected farm income cannot exceed your taxable income. Also, the portion of your elected farm income treated as a net capital gain cannot exceed the smaller of your total net capital gain or your net capital gain attributable to your farming or fishing business. If your elected farm income includes net capital gain, you must allocate an equal portion of the net capital gain to each of the base years. If, for any base year, you had a capital loss that resulted in a capital loss carryover to the next tax year, do not reduce the elected farm income allocated to that base year by any part of the carryover.



Generally, income, gains, losses, and deductions from farming or fishing are reported on:

- Form 1040, line 7, to the extent of wages and other compensation you received as a shareholder in an S corporation engaged in a farming or fishing business;
- Schedule C or C-EZ;
- Schedule D;
- Schedule E, Part II;
- Schedule F;
- Form 4797; and
- Form 4835.

Line 4

Figure the tax on the amount on line 3 using the 2005 Tax Table, Tax Computation Worksheet, or Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet from the 2005 Instructions for Form 1040, or the Schedule D Tax Worksheet in the 2005 Instructions for Schedule D. Enter the tax on line 4.

If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004 (that is, you entered the amount from that Schedule J, line 22, on Form 1040, line 43, or on Form 1040X), enter on line 5 the amount from your 2004 Schedule J, line 11. If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2003 but not 2004, enter on line 5 the amount from your 2003 Schedule J, line 15. If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2002 but not 2003 nor 2004, enter on line 5 the amount from your 2002 Schedule J, line 3.

If you figured your tax for 2002, 2003, and 2004 without using Schedule J, enter on line 5 the taxable income from your 2002 tax return (or as previously adjusted by the IRS, an amended return, etc.). But if that amount is zero or less, complete the worksheet below to figure the amount to enter on line 5.

If you filed your 2002 tax return using TeleFile, enter the taxable income from your TeleFile Tax Record. If you did not file a tax return for 2002, use the amount you would have reported as your taxable income had you been required to file a tax return. Be sure to keep all your records for 2002 for at least 3 years after April 17, 2006 (or the date you file your 2005 tax return, if later).

Instructions for 2002 Taxable Income Worksheet

Line 2. Any net capital loss deduction on your 2002 Schedule D, line 18, is not al-

lowed for income averaging purposes to the extent it did not reduce your capital loss carryover to 2003. This could happen if the taxable income before subtracting exemptions shown on your 2002 Form 1040, line 39 (or as previously adjusted), was less than zero. Enter the amount by which your 2002 capital loss carryover to 2003 (the sum of your short- and long-term capital loss carryovers) exceeds the excess of the loss on your 2002 Schedule D, line 17, over the loss on your 2002 Schedule D, line 18. If you had any net operating loss (NOL) carrybacks to 2002, be sure you refigured your 2002 capital loss carryover to 2003.

Line 3. If you had an NOL for 2002, enter the amount of that NOL as figured on the 2002 Form 1045, Schedule A, line 27, you filed with Form 1045 or Form 1040X. If you did not have an NOL for 2002, enter the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2002 that were not used in 2002 and were carried to years after 2002.

Example. John Farmington did not use income averaging for 2002, 2003, nor 2004. For 2005, John has \$18,000 of elected farm income on line 2. The taxable income before subtracting exemptions on his 2002 Form 1040, line 39, is \$4,000. A deduction for exemptions of \$3,000 is shown on line 40, and line 41, taxable income, is \$1,000. However, John had a \$22,200 NOL in 2003, \$9,000 of which was remaining to carry to 2002 after the NOL was carried back to 2001. To complete line 1 of the

worksheet, John combines the \$9,000 NOL deduction with the \$1,000 from his 2002 Form 1040, line 41. The result is a negative \$8,000, John's 2002 taxable income, which he enters as a positive amount on line 1 of the 2002 worksheet.

When John filed his 2002 tax return, he had a \$3,000 net capital loss deduction on Schedule D, line 18 (which was also entered on Form 1040, line 13), a \$7,000 loss on Schedule D, line 17, and a \$4,000 capital loss carryover to 2003. However, when John carried back the 2003 NOL to 2002, he refigured his 2002 capital loss carryover to 2003 as \$7,000. John adds the \$3,000 from Schedule D, line 18, and the \$7,000 carryover. He subtracts from the result the \$7,000 loss on his Schedule D, line 17, and enters \$3,000 on line 2 of the worksheet.

John had \$1,000 of taxable income in 2002 that reduced the 2003 NOL carryback. The \$3,000 of exemptions and \$3,000 net capital loss deduction also reduced the amount of the 2003 NOL carryback. Therefore, only \$2,000 was available to carry to 2004 and later years, as shown on his 2003 Form 1045, Schedule B, line 9. John enters the \$2,000 on line 3 of the worksheet, and \$5,000 on line 4. He then subtracts the \$5,000 from the \$8,000 on line 1 and enters the result, \$3,000, on line 5 of the worksheet. He enters a negative \$3,000 on Schedule J, line 5. He combines that amount with the \$6,000 on Schedule J, line 6, and enters \$3,000 on Schedule J, line 7.

2002 Taxable Income Worksheet—Line 5

Keep for Your Records

1	Complete this worksheet if you did not use Schedule J to figure your tax for both 2003 and 2004 and your 2002 taxable income was zero or less. See the instructions above before completing this worksheet.					
Z	Figure the taxable income from your 2002 tax return (or as previously adjusted) without limiting it to zero. If you had an NOL for 2002, do not include any NOL carryovers or carrybacks to 2002. Enter he result as a positive amount	1.				
2. I	f there is a loss on your 2002 Schedule D, line 18, add that loss (as a positive amount) and your 2002 capital loss carryover to 2003. Subtract from that sum the umount of the loss on your 2002 Schedule D, line 17, and enter the result 2.					
р	f you had an NOL for 2002, enter it as a positive amount. Otherwise, enter as a positive amount the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2002 hat were not used in 2002 and were carried to years after 2002					
4. A	Add lines 2 and 3	4.				
5. S	Subtract line 4 from line 1. Enter the result as a negative amount on Schedule J, line 5	5				

2002 Tax Rate Schedules—Line 8

Schedule X—Use if your 2002 filing status was Single				Schedule Y-2—Use if your 2002 filing status was Married filing separately					
If Schedule J, line 7, is: <i>Over</i> —	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 8		of the amount over—	If Schedule J, line 7, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 8		of the amount over—
\$0 6,000 27,950 67,700 141,250 307,050	\$6,000 27,950 67,700 141,250 307,050	\$600.00 + 3,892.50 + 14,625.00 + 36,690.00 + 94,720.00 +	10% 15% 27% 30% 35% 38.6%	\$0 6,000 27,950 67,700 141,250 307,050	\$0 6,000 23,350 56,425 85,975 153,525	\$6,000 23,350 56,425 85,975 153,525	\$600.00 + 3,202.50 + 12,132.75 + 20,997.75 + 44,640.25 +	10% 15% 27% 30% 35% 38.6%	\$0 6,000 23,350 56,425 85,975 153,525
Schedule Y-1—Use if your 2002 filing status was Married filing jointly or Qualifying widow(er)				Schedule Z—Use if your 2002 filing status was Head of household					
If Schedule J, line 7, is: <i>Over</i> —	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 8		of the amount over—	If Schedule J, line 7, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 8		of the amount over—
\$0 12,000 46,700 112,850 171,950 307,050	\$12,000 46,700 112,850 171,950 307,050	\$1,200.00 + 6,405.00 + 24,265.50 + 41,995.50 + 89,280.50 +	10% 15% 27% 30% 35% 38.6%	\$0 12,000 46,700 112,850 171,950 307,050	\$0 10,000 37,450 96,700 156,600 307,050	\$10,000 37,450 96,700 156,600 307,050	\$1,000.00 + 5,117.50 + 21,115.00 + 39,085.00 + 91,742.50 +	10% 15% 27% 30% 35% 38.6%	\$0 10,000 37,450 96,700 156,600 307,050

Line 8

If line 7 is zero, enter -0- on line 8. Otherwise, figure the tax on the amount on line 7 using:

• The 2002 Tax Rate Schedules above,

2002 Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 8

• The 2002 Capital Gain Tax Work-sheet below, or

• The Schedule D you filed for 2002 (but use the 2002 Tax Rate Schedules above instead of the 2002 Tax Table when figuring the tax on Schedule D, lines 25 and

Use this worksheet **only** if you entered capital gain distributions directly on line 13 of your 2002 Form 1040 (or line 10 of your 2002 Form 1040A) and checked the box on that line **and** elected farm income included on Schedule J, lines 5 and 6, does not include any

39, or on the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, lines 15 and 36).

net ca	apital gain.	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Amount from Schedule J, line 7 1. Amount from your 2002 Form 1040, line 13 (or Form 1040A, line 10) 2. Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0- 3. Figure the tax on the amount on line 3. Use the 2002 Tax Rate Schedules above 4. Enter the smaller of: 4.	
	 The amount on line 1 above or \$27,950 if single for 2002; \$46,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); \$23,350 if married filing separately; or \$37,450 if head of household. 	
6.	Enter the amount from line 3	
7. 8.	Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero or less, enter -0- and go to line 9 7. 7. Multiply line 7 by 10% (.10)	
9.	Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2	_
10. 11.	Enter the amount from line 7 10. Subtract line 10 from line 9. If zero or less, enter -0- and go to line 13 11.	
12. 13.	Multiply line 11 by 20% (.20) 12. Add lines 4, 8, and 12 13.	_
14. 15.	Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the 2002 Tax Rate Schedules above 14. Tax. Enter the smaller of line 13 or line 14 here and on Schedule J, line 8 15.	

If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004 (that is, you entered the amount from that Schedule J, line 22, on Form 1040, line 43, or on Form 1040X), enter on line 9 the amount from your 2004 Schedule J, line 15. If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2003 but not 2004, enter on line 9 the amount from your 2003 Schedule J, line 3.

If you figured your tax for both 2003 and 2004 without using Schedule J, enter on line 9 the taxable income from your 2003 tax return (or as previously adjusted by the IRS, an amended return, etc.). But if that amount is zero or less, complete the worksheet below to figure the amount to enter on line 9.

If you filed your 2003 tax return using TeleFile, enter the taxable income from your TeleFile Tax Record. If you did not file a tax return for 2003, use the amount you would have reported as your taxable income had you been required to file a tax return. Be sure to keep all your records for 2003 until at least 3 years after April 17, 2006 (or the date you file your 2005 tax return, if later).

Instructions for 2003 Taxable Income Worksheet

Line 2. Any net capital loss deduction on your 2003 Schedule D, line 18, is not allowed for income averaging purposes to the

extent it did not reduce your capital loss carryover to 2004. This could happen if the taxable income before subtracting exemptions shown on your 2003 Form 1040, line 38 (or as previously adjusted), was less than zero. Enter the amount by which your 2003 capital loss carryover to 2004 (the sum of your short- and long-term capital loss carryovers) exceeds the excess of the loss on your 2003 Schedule D, line 17a, over the loss on your 2003 Schedule D, line 18. If you had any NOL carrybacks to 2003, be sure you refigured your 2003 capital loss carryover to 2004.

Line 3. If you had an NOL for 2003, enter the amount of that NOL as figured on the 2003 Form 1045, Schedule A, line 27, you filed with Form 1045 or Form 1040X. If you did not have an NOL for 2003, enter the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2003 that were not used in 2003 and were carried to years after 2003.

Example. John Farmington did not use income averaging for 2002, 2003, nor 2004. The taxable income before subtracting exemptions on his 2003 Form 1040, line 38, is a negative \$29,950. A deduction for exemptions of \$3,050 is shown on line 39, and line 40, taxable income, is limited to zero. John subtracts from the \$29,950 loss the \$3,050 deduction for exemptions. The result is a negative \$33,000, John's 2003 taxable income, which he enters as a posi-

tive amount on line 1 of the 2003 work-sheet.

When John filed his 2003 tax return, he had a \$3,000 net capital loss deduction on Schedule D, line 18 (which was also entered on Form 1040, line 13a), and a \$7,000 loss on Schedule D, line 17a (as adjusted). He also had a \$7,000 capital loss carryover to 2004. John adds the \$3,000 from Schedule D, line 18, and the \$7,000 carryover. He subtracts from the result the \$7,000 loss on his Schedule D, line 17a, and enters \$3,000 on line 2 of the worksheet.

John enters \$22,200 on line 3 of the worksheet, the 2003 NOL from his 2003 Form 1045, Schedule A, line 27. Of the \$33,000 negative taxable income, the \$3,050 deduction for exemptions, the \$3,000 capital loss deduction, and his \$4,750 standard deduction were not allowed in figuring the NOL. John had a \$22,200 loss on his 2003 Schedule F, the only other item on his 2003 tax return.

John enters \$25,200 on line 4 and \$7,800 on line 5. He enters \$7,800 as a negative amount on Schedule J, line 9. He enters \$6,000 on Schedule J, line 10, and a negative \$1,800 on Schedule J, line 11. If he uses Schedule J to figure his tax for 2006, he will enter the negative \$1,800 amount on his 2006 Schedule J as his 2003 taxable income for income averaging purposes.

2003 Taxable Income Worksheet—Line 9

Keep for Your Records

Complete this worksheet if you did not use Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004 **and** your 2003 taxable income was zero or less. See the instructions above before completing this worksheet.

 Figure the taxable income from your 2003 tax return (or as previously adjusted) without limiting it to zero. If you had an NOL for 2003, do not include any NOL carryovers or carrybacks to 2003. Enter the result as a positive amount
2. If there is a loss on your 2003 Schedule D, line 18, add that loss (as a positive
amount) and your 2003 capital loss carryover to 2004. Subtract from that sum the
amount of the loss on your 2003 Schedule D, line 17a, and enter the result 2.
3. If you had an NOL for 2003, enter it as a positive amount. Otherwise, enter as a
positive amount the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to
2003 that were not used in 2003 and were carried to years after 2003 3.
4. Add lines 2 and 3 4.
5. Subtract line 4 from line 1. Enter the result as a negative amount on Schedule J, line 9 5.

If line 11 is zero or less, enter -0- on line 12. Otherwise, figure the tax on the amount on line 11 using:

• The 2003 Tax Rate Schedules below,

• The 2003 Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page J-6, or

• The Schedule D you filed for 2003 (but use the 2003 Tax Rate Schedules below instead of the 2003 Tax Table when figuring the tax on Schedule D, lines 50 and 52, or on the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, lines 48 and 50).

2003 Tax Rate Schedules—Line 12

Schedule X-	–Use if your 2 0	003 filing status wa	as Single		Schedule Y-2-	—Use if your 200 Married filing	03 filing status wa g separately	s	
If Schedule J, line 11, is: <i>Over</i> —	, But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 12		of the amount over—	If Schedule J, line 11, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J line 12	,	of the amount over—
\$0 7,000 28,400 68,800 143,500 311,950	\$7,000 28,400 68,800 143,500 311,950	\$700.00 + 3,910.00 + 14,010.00 + 34,926.00 + 90,514.50 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 7,000 28,400 68,800 143,500 311,950	\$0 7,000 28,400 57,325 87,350 155,975	\$7,000 28,400 57,325 87,350 155,975	\$700.00 + 3,910.00 + 11,141.25 + 19,548.25 + 42,194.50 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 7,000 28,400 57,325 87,350 155,975
Schedule Y-1		2003 filing status y or Qualifying w		ried		Use if your 2003 household	filing status was I	Head of	
If Schedule J, line 11, is: Over—	, But not over—	Enter on Schedule J, line 12		of the amount over—	If Schedule J, line 11, is: Over—	But not over—	Enter on Schedule J line 12	,	of the amount over—
\$0 14,000 56,800 114,650 174,700 311,950	\$14,000 56,800 114,650 174,700 311,950	\$1,400.00 + 7,820.00 + 22,282.50 + 39,096.50 + 84,389.00 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 14,000 56,800 114,650 174,700 311,950	\$0 10,000 38,050 98,250 159,100 311,950	\$10,000 38,050 98,250 159,100 311,950	\$1,000.00 + 5,207.50 + 20,257.50 + 37,295.50 + 87,736.00 +	10% 15% 25% 28% 33% 35%	\$0 10,000 38,050 98,250 159,100 311,950

If you used Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004 (that is, you entered the amount from that Schedule J, line 22, on Form 1040, line 43, or on Form 1040X), enter on line 13 the amount from that Schedule J, line 3.

If you did not use Schedule J to figure your tax for 2004, enter on line 13 the taxable income from your 2004 tax return (or as previously adjusted by the IRS, an amended return, etc.). But if that amount is zero or less, complete the worksheet on page J-7 to figure the amount to enter on line 13.

If you filed your 2004 tax return using TeleFile, enter the taxable income from your TeleFile Tax Record. If you did not file a tax return for 2004, use the amount you would have reported as your taxable income had you been required to file a tax return. Be sure to keep all your records for 2004 until at least 3 years after April 17, 2006 (or the date you file your 2005 tax return, if later).

Instructions for 2004 Taxable Income Worksheet

Line 2. Any net capital loss deduction on your 2004 Schedule D, line 21, is not allowed for income averaging purposes to the extent it did not reduce your capital loss carryover to 2005. This could happen if the taxable income before subtracting exemptions shown on your 2004 Form 1040, line 40 (or as previously adjusted), was less than zero. Enter the amount by which your 2004 capital loss carryover to 2005 (the sum of your short- and long-term capital loss carryovers) exceeds the excess of the loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 16, over the loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 21.

Line 3. If you had an NOL for 2004, enter the amount of that NOL as figured on the 2004 Form 1045, Schedule A, line 24, you filed with Form 1045 or Form 1040X. If you did not have an NOL for 2004, enter the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2004 that were not used in 2004 and were carried to years after 2004.

Example. John Farmington did not use income averaging for 2002, 2003, nor 2004. The taxable income before subtracting exemptions on his 2004 Form 1040, line 40, is a negative \$1,000. This amount includes an NOL deduction (NOLD) on his 2004 Form 1040, line 21, of \$2,000. The \$2,000 is the portion of the 2003 NOL that was remaining from 2002 to be carried to 2004. See the examples on pages J-2 and J-4. A deduction for exemptions of \$3,100 is shown on Form 1040, line 41, and line 42, taxable income, is limited to zero. John does not have an NOL for 2004. John subtracts from the \$1,000 negative amount on Form 1040, line 40, the \$3,100 deduction for exemptions. The result is a negative \$4,100, John's 2004 taxable income, which

2003 Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 12

Keep for Your Records

• dist	e this worksheet only if: You entered (a) qualified dividends on your 2003 Form 1040, line 9b (or your 2003 Form 1040A, line 9b) or (b) capital gain ributions directly on your 2003 Form 1040, line 13a (or your 2003 Form 1040A, line 10a) and checked the box on that line, and Your elected farm income on Schedule J, lines 9 and 10, does not include any net capital gain.
1.	Amount from Schedule J, line 11
	Enter the total of the amounts from your 2003 Form 1040, lines 9b
	and 13a (or Form 1040A, lines 9b and 10a) 2.
3.	Amount, if any, from your 2003 Form 4952, line 4g 3.
	Subtract line 3 from 2. If zero or less, enter -0
5.	Enter the smaller of:
	• The amount on line 1 above or
	• \$56,800 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) for 2003, \$28,400 if single or married filing separately or 5.
	\$28,400 if single or married filing separately, or \$38,050 if head of household.
6.	Subtract line 4 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero or less, enter -0- and go to line 13
	Enter the total of the amounts from your 2003 Form 1040, lines
	9b and 13b (or Form 1040A, lines 9b and 10b) 8.
	Enter the smaller of line 7 or 8
	Multiply line 8 by 5% (.05)
	Subtract line 9 from line 7. If zero, go to line 13
12.	Multiply line 11 by 10% (.10)
13.	Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 4
	Enter the amount from line 7
	Subtract line 14 from line 13. If zero or less, enter -0- and go to line 23 15.
10.	Enter the total of the amounts from your 2003 Form 1040, lines 9b and 13b (or Form 1040A, lines 9b and 10b)
17	Enter the amount from line 9 (if line 9 is blank, enter -0-) 17.
18.	Subtract line 17 from line 16
	Enter the smaller of line 15 or line 18
	Multiply line 19 by 15% (.15)
	Subtract line 19 from line 15. If zero, go to line 23 21.
	Multiply line 21 by 20% (.20)
23.	Figure the tax on the amount on line 6. Use the 2003 Tax Rate Schedules on page J-5 23.
	Add lines 10, 12, 20, 22, and 23
	Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the 2003 Tax Rate Schedules on page J-5
26.	Tax. Enter the smaller of line 24 or line 25 here and on Schedule J, line 12 26.

	Complete this worksheet if your 2004 taxable income is zero or less. See the instructions that begin on page J-6 before completing this worksheet.						
1.	Figure the taxable income from your 2004 tax return (or as previously adjusted) we zero. If you had an NOL for 2004, do not include any NOL carryovers or carrybac the result as a positive amount	eks to	o 2004. Enter	1.			
2.	If there is a loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 21, add that loss (as a positive amount) and your 2004 capital loss carryover to 2005. Subtract from that sum the amount of the loss on your 2004 Schedule D, line 16, and enter the result	2.					
3.	If you had an NOL for 2004, enter it as a positive amount. Otherwise, enter as a positive amount the portion, if any, of the NOL carryovers and carrybacks to 2004 that were not used in 2004 and were carried to years after 2004	3.					
	Add lines 2 and 3 Subtract line 4 from line 1. Enter the result as a negative amount on Schedule J, line			4 5			

he enters as a positive amount on line 1 of the 2004 worksheet.

When John filed his 2004 tax return, he had a \$3,000 net capital loss deduction on Schedule D, line 21(which was also entered on Form 1040, line 13), a \$7,000 loss on Schedule D, line 16, and a \$5,000 capital loss carryover to 2005 (his 2004 capital loss carryover to 2005 was \$5,000, not \$4,000, because the amount on his Form 1040, line 40, was a negative \$1,000). John adds the \$3,000 from Schedule D, line 21, and the \$5,000 carryover. He subtracts from the result the \$7,000 loss on his Schedule D, line 16, and enters \$1,000 on line 2 of the worksheet.

John enters -0- on line 3 of the worksheet because he does not have an NOL for

2004 and did not have an NOL carryover from 2004 available to carry to 2005 and later years. The NOLD for 2004 of \$2,000 was reduced to zero because it did not exceed his modified taxable income of \$4,000. Modified taxable income is figured by adding back the \$3,000 net capital loss deduction and the \$3,100 of exemptions to negative taxable income (figured without regard to the NOLD) of \$2,100. John enters \$1,000 on line 4 and \$3,100 on line 5. He enters \$3,100 as a negative amount on Schedule J, line 13. He enters \$6,000 on Schedule J, line 14, and \$2,900 on Schedule J, line 15. If he uses Schedule J to figure his tax for 2006, he will enter \$2,900 on his 2006 Schedule J as his 2004 taxable income for income averaging purposes.

Line 16

If line 15 is zero or less, enter -0- on line 16. Otherwise, figure the tax on the amount on line 15 using:

• The 2004 Tax Rate Schedules below,

• The 2004 Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page J-8, or

• The 2004 Schedule D Tax Worksheet (but use the 2004 Tax Rate Schedules below instead of the 2004 Tax Table when figuring the tax on the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, lines 34 and 36).

Schedule Y-2—Use if your 2004 filing status was Schedule X—Use if your 2004 filing status was Single Married filing separately If Schedule J, Enter on of the If Schedule J, Enter on of the line 15, is: But not Schedule J, line 15, is: But not Schedule J, amount amount Overoverline 16 over-Overoverline 16 over-\$0 \$7,150 10% \$0 \$0 \$7,150 10% \$0 \$715.00 + \$715.00 + 7.150 29.050 15% 7.150 7.150 29.050 15% 7.150 29,050 70,350 4,000.00 + 25% 29,050 29,050 58,625 4,000.00 +25% 29,050 89,325 70,350 146,750 14,325.00 + 28% 70,350 11,393.75 + 28% 58,625 58,625 35,717.00 + 159,550 19,989.75 + 89,325 146,750 319,100 33% 146,750 89,325 33% 43,164.00 +92,592.50 + 35% 319,100 159,550 35% 159,550 319,100 Schedule Y-1--Use if your 2004 filing status was Married -Use if your 2004 filing status was Head of Schedule Zfiling jointly or Qualifying widow(er) household If Schedule J, If Schedule J, Enter on of the Enter on of the line 15, is: But not Schedule J, amount line 15, is: But not Schedule J, amount Overoverline 16 over-Overoverline 16 over-10% 10% \$0 \$14,300 \$0 \$0 \$10,200 \$0 14.300 \$1.020.00 +14.300 58.100 \$1.430.00 +15% 10.200 38,900 15% 10.200 58,100 117,250 8,000.00 +25% 58,100 38,900 100,500 5,325.00 +25% 38,900 178,650 162,700 100,500 117,250 22,787.50 +28% 117,250 100,500 20,725.00 +28% 39,979.50 + 33% 178,650 162,700 33% 162,700 178,650 319,100 319,100 38,141.00 +86,328.00 + 319,100 35% 319,100 319,100 89,753.00 + 35% 319,100

2004 Tax Rate Schedules—Line 16

Lines 18, 19, and 20

If you filed your 2002, 2003, or 2004 tax return using TeleFile, enter your tax from your TeleFile Tax Record. If you amended your return or the IRS made changes to it, enter the corrected amount.

2004 Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet—Line 16

Keep for Your Records	
Keep for Your Records	

	 Use this worksheet only if both of the following apply. Your elected farm income on Schedule J, line 2, does not include any net capital gain. 						
capi	• You (a) entered qualified dividends on your 2004 Form 1040, line 9b (or your 2004 Form 1040A, line 9b), (b) entered capital gain distributions directly on your 2004 Form 1040, line 13 (or your 2004 Form 1040A, line 10) and checked the box on that line, or (c) filed Schedule D in 2004 and you answered "Yes" on lines 17 and 20 of that Schedule D.						
1.	Amount from Schedule J, line 15						
2.	Amount from Form 1040, line 9b (or Form 1040A, line						
	9b)						
3.	Did you file Schedule D in 2004?						
	Yes. Enter the smaller of line 15 or 16 of your 2004 Schedule D, but do not enter less than						
	-0- 3						
	No. Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 13 (or Form 1040A, line 10)						
4.	Add lines 2 and 3						
5.	Amount, if any, from your 2004 Form 4952, line 4g 5.						
	Subtract line 5 from line 4. If zero or less, enter -0 6.						
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0						
8.	Enter the smaller of:						
	• The amount on line 1, or						
	 \$29,050 if single or married filing separately for 2004, \$58,100 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er), \$38,900 if head of household. 						
9.	Is the amount on line 7 equal to or more than the amount on line 8?						
	Yes. Skip lines 9 through 11; go to line 12 and check the "No" box. No. Enter the amount from line 7						
10.	Subtract line 9 from line 8						
11.	Multiply line 10 by 5% (.05)						
12.	Are the amounts on lines 6 and 10 the same?						
	Yes. Skip lines 12 through 15; go to line 16.						
10	No. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line $6 \dots \dots \dots 12$.						
	Enter the amount from line 10 (if line 10 is blank, enter -0-) 13.						
	Subtract line 13 from line 12 14. Multiply line 14 by 15% (15) 15						
	Multiply line 14 by 15% (.15) 15. Figure the tax on the amount on line 7. Use the 2004 Tax Rate Schedules on page J-7 16.						
	Add lines 11, 15, and 16						
	Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the 2004 Tax Rate Schedules on page J-7						
	Tax. Enter the smaller of line 17 or line 18 here and on Schedule J, line 16						
17,							

2005 Instructions for Schedule SE (Form 1040)

Self-Employment Tax

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

What's New

For 2005, the maximum amount of self-employment income subject to social security tax is \$90,000.

Who Must File Schedule SE

You must file Schedule SE if:

• Your net earnings from self-employment (see page SE-2) from other than church employee income were \$400 or more, or

• You had church employee income of \$108.28 or more—see *Employees of Churches and Church Organizations* below.

Who Must Pay Self-Employment (SE) Tax?

Self-Employed Persons

You must pay SE tax if you had net earnings of \$400 or more as a self-employed person. If you are in business for yourself or you are a farmer, you are self-employed.

You must also pay SE tax on your share of certain partnership income and your guaranteed payments. See *Partnership Income or Loss* on page SE-2.

Employees of Churches and Church Organizations

If you had church employee income of \$108.28 or more, you must pay SE tax. Church employee income is wages you received as an employee (other than as a minister or member of a religious order) of a church or qualified church-controlled organization that has a certificate in effect electing an exemption from employer social security and Medicare taxes.

Ministers and Members of Religious Orders

In most cases, you must pay SE tax on salaries and other income for services you performed as a minister, a member of a religious order who has not taken a vow of poverty, or a Christian Science practitioner. Use Schedule SE (Form 1040) to figure the tax due on net earnings from self-employment. The Social Security Administration uses the information from Schedule SE to figure your benefits under the social security program. This tax applies no matter how old you are and even if you are already getting social security or Medicare benefits.

Additional information. See Pub. 225 or Pub. 334.

But if you filed Form 4361 and received IRS approval, you will be exempt from paying SE tax on those net earnings. If you had no other income subject to SE tax, enter "Exempt—Form 4361" on Form 1040, line 58. However, if you had other earnings of \$400 or more subject to SE tax, see line A at the top of Long Schedule SE.



If you have ever filed Form 2031 to elect social security coverage on your earnings as a

minister, you cannot revoke that election.

If you must pay SE tax, include this income on either Short or Long Schedule SE, line 2. But do not report it on Long Schedule SE, line 5a; it is not considered church employee income. Also, include on line 2:

• The rental value of a home or an allowance for a home furnished to you (including payments for utilities), and

• The value of meals and lodging provided to you, your spouse, and your dependents for your employer's convenience.

However, do not include on line 2:

• Retirement benefits you received from a church plan after retirement, or

• The rental value of a home or an allowance for a home furnished to you (including payments for utilities) after retirement.

If you were a duly ordained minister who was an employee of a church and you must pay SE tax, the unreimbursed business expenses that you incurred as a church employee are allowed only as an itemized deduction for income tax purposes. Subtract the allowable amount from your SE earnings when figuring your SE tax.

If you were a U.S. citizen or resident alien serving outside the United States as a minister or member of a religious order and you must pay SE tax, you cannot reduce your net earnings by the foreign housing exclusion or deduction.

See Pub. 517 for details.

Members of Certain Religious Sects

If you have conscientious objections to social security insurance because of your membership in and belief in the teachings of a religious sect recognized as being in existence at all times since December 31, 1950, and which has provided a reasonable level of living for its dependent members, you are exempt from SE tax if you received IRS approval by filing Form 4029. In this case, do not file Schedule SE. Instead, enter "Exempt—Form 4029" on Form 1040, line 58. See Pub. 517 for details.

U.S. Citizens Employed by Foreign Governments or International Organizations

You must pay SE tax on income you earned as a U.S. citizen employed by a foreign government (or, in certain cases, by a wholly owned instrumentality of a foreign government or an international organization under the International Organizations Immunities Act) for services performed in the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI), or the Virgin Islands. Report income from this employment on either Short or Long Schedule SE, line 2. If you performed services elsewhere as an employee of a foreign government or an international organization, those earnings are exempt from SE tax.

U.S. Citizens or Resident Aliens Living Outside the United States

If you are a self-employed U.S. citizen or resident alien living outside the United States, in most cases you must pay SE tax. You cannot reduce your foreign earnings from self-employment by your foreign earned income exclusion.

Exception. The United States has social security agreements with many countries to eliminate dual taxes under two social security systems. Under these agreements, you must generally pay social security and Medicare taxes to only the country you live in.

The United States now has social security agreements with the following countries: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom. Additional agreements

SE-1

are expected in the future. If you have questions about international social security agreements, you can:

• Visit the Social Security Administration (SSA) website at *www.socialsecurity. gov/international*,

• Call the SSA Office of International Programs at (410) 965-4538 or (410) 965-0377 (long-distance charges may apply), or

• Write to Social Security Administration, Office of International Programs, P.O. Box 17741, Baltimore, MD 21235-7741.

If your self-employment income is exempt from SE tax, you should get a statement from the appropriate agency of the foreign country verifying that your self-employment income is subject to social security coverage in that country. If the foreign country will not issue the statement, contact the SSA at the address shown above. Do not complete Schedule SE. Instead, attach a copy of the statement to Form 1040 and enter "Exempt, see attached statement" on Form 1040, line 58.

More Than One Business

If you had two or more businesses, your net earnings from self-employment are the combined net earnings from all of your businesses. If you had a loss in one business, it reduces the income from another. Figure the combined SE tax on one Schedule SE.

Joint Returns

Show the name of the spouse with SE income on Schedule SE. If both spouses have SE income, each must file a separate Schedule SE. However, if one spouse qualifies to use Short Schedule SE (front of form) and the other must use Long Schedule SE (back of form), both can use the same form. One spouse should complete the front and the other the back.

Include the total profits or losses from all businesses on Form 1040, as appropriate. Enter the combined SE tax on Form 1040, line 58.

Community Income

In most cases, if any of the income from a business (including farming) is community income, all of the income from that business is SE earnings of the spouse who carried on the business. The facts in each case will determine which spouse carried on the business. If you and your spouse are partners in a partnership, see *Partnership Income or Loss* on this page.

If you and your spouse had community income and file separate returns, attach Schedule SE to the return of the spouse with the SE income. Also, attach Schedule(s) C, C-EZ, or F to the return of each spouse.

If you are the spouse who carried on the business, you must include on Schedule SE, line 3, the net profit or (loss) reported on the other spouse's Schedule C, C-EZ, or F (except income not included in net earnings from self-employment as explained on page SE-3). Enter on the dotted line to the left of Schedule SE, line 3, "Community Income Taxed to Spouse" and the amount of any net profit or (loss) allocated to your spouse as community income. Combine that amount with the total of lines 1 and 2 and enter the result on line 3.

If you are not the spouse who carried on the business and you had no other income subject to SE tax, enter "Exempt Community Income" on Form 1040, line 58; do not file Schedule SE. However, if you had other earnings subject to SE tax of \$400 or more, enter on the dotted line to the left of Schedule SE, line 3, "Exempt Community Income" and the amount of net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, C-EZ, or F allocated to you as community income. If that amount is a net profit, subtract it from the total of lines 1 and 2, and enter the result on line 3. If that amount is a loss, treat it as a positive amount, add it to the total of lines 1 and 2, and enter the result on line 3.



Community income included on Schedule(s) C, C-EZ, or F must be divided for income tax purposes based on the commuty lown of your state

nity property laws of your state.

Fiscal Year Filers

If your tax year is a fiscal year, use the tax rate and earnings base that apply at the time the fiscal year begins. Do not prorate the tax or earnings base for a fiscal year that overlaps the date of a rate or earnings base change.

Specific Instructions

Read the chart on page 1 of Schedule SE to see if you can use Section A, Short Schedule SE, or if you must use Section B, Long Schedule SE. For either section, you need to know what to include as net earnings from self-employment. Read the following instructions to see what to include as net earnings and how to fill in either Short or Long Schedule SE, lines 1 and 2. Enter all negative amounts in parentheses.

Net Earnings From Self-Employment

What Is Included in Net Earnings From Self-Employment?

In most cases, net earnings include your net profit from a farm or nonfarm business. If you were a partner in a partnership, see the following instructions.

Partnership Income or Loss

If you were a general or limited partner in a partnership, include on line 1 or line 2, whichever applies, the amount of net earnings from self-employment from Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, with code A, and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9. General partners should reduce this amount before entering it on Schedule SE by any section 179 expense deduction claimed, unreimbursed partnership expenses claimed, and depletion claimed on oil and gas properties. If you reduce the amount you enter on Schedule SE, attach an explanation.

If a partner died and the partnership continued, include in SE income the deceased's distributive share of the partnership's ordinary income or loss through the end of the month in which he or she died. See section 1402(f).

If you were married and both you and your spouse were partners in a partnership, each of you must pay SE tax on your own share of the partnership income. Each of you must file a Schedule SE and report the partnership income or loss on Schedule E (Form 1040), Part II, for income tax purposes.

SE income belongs to the person who is the member of the partnership and cannot be treated as SE income by the nonmember spouse even in community property states.

Share Farming

You are considered self-employed if you produced crops or livestock on someone else's land for a share of the crops or livestock produced (or a share of the proceeds from the sale of them). This applies even if you paid another person (an agent) to do the actual work or management for you. Report your net earnings for income tax purposes on Schedule F (Form 1040) and for SE tax purposes on Schedule SE. See Pub. 225 for details.

Other Income and Losses Included in Net Earnings From Self-Employment

1. Rental income from a farm if, as landlord, you materially participated in the production or management of the production of farm products on this land. This income is farm earnings. To determine whether you materially participated in farm management or production, do not consider the activities of any agent who acted for you. The material participation tests are explained in Pub. 225.

2. Cash or a payment-in-kind from the Department of Agriculture for participating in a land diversion program.

3. Payments for the use of rooms or other space when you also provided substantial services. Examples are hotel rooms, boarding houses, tourist camps or homes, parking lots, warehouses, and storage garages.

4. Income from the retail sale of newspapers and magazines if you were age 18 or older and kept the profits.

5. Amounts received by current or former self-employed insurance agents and salespersons that are:

a. Paid after retirement but figured as a percentage of commissions received from the paying company before retirement,

b. Renewal commissions, or

c. Deferred commissions paid after retirement for sales made before retirement.

However, certain termination payments received by former insurance salespersons are not included in net earnings from self-employment (as explained in item 9 under *Income and Losses Not Included in Net Earnings From Self-Employment* on this page).

6. Income of certain crew members of fishing vessels with crews of normally fewer than 10 people. See Pub. 334 for details.

7. Fees as a state or local government employee if you were paid only on a fee basis and the job was not covered under a federal-state social security coverage agreement.

8. Interest received in the course of any trade or business, such as interest on notes or accounts receivable.

9. Fees and other payments received by you for services as a director of a corporation.

10. Recapture amounts under sections 179 and 280F that you included in gross income because the business use of the property dropped to 50% or less. Do not include amounts you recaptured on the disposition of property. See Form 4797.

11. Fees you received as a professional fiduciary. This may also apply to fees paid to you as a nonprofessional fiduciary if the fees relate to active participation in the operation of the estate's business, or the management of an estate that required extensive management activities over a long period of time.

12. Gain or loss from section 1256 contracts or related property by an options or commodities dealer in the normal course of dealing in or trading section 1256 contracts.

Income and Losses Not Included in Net Earnings From Self-Employment

1. Salaries, fees, etc., subject to social security or Medicare tax that you received for performing services as an employee, including services performed as a public official (except as a fee basis government employee as explained in item 7 under Other Income and Losses Included in Net

Earnings From Self-Employment) or as an employee or employee representative under the railroad retirement system.

2. Fees received for services performed as a notary public. If you had no other income subject to SE tax, enter "Exempt— Notary" on Form 1040, line 58. However, if you had other earnings of \$400 or more subject to SE tax, enter "Exempt—Notary" and the amount of your net profit as a notary public from Schedule C or Schedule C-EZ on the dotted line to the left of Schedule SE, line 3. Subtract that amount from the total of lines 1 and 2 and enter the result on line 3.

3. Income you received as a retired partner under a written partnership plan that provides for lifelong periodic retirement payments if you had no other interest in the partnership and did not perform services for it during the year.

4. Income from real estate rentals if you did not receive the income in the course of a trade or business as a real estate dealer. Report this income on Schedule E.

5. Income from farm rentals (including rentals paid in crop shares) if, as landlord, you did not materially participate in the production or management of the production of farm products on the land. See Pub. 225 for details.

6. Dividends on shares of stock and interest on bonds, notes, etc., if you did not receive the income in the course of your trade or business as a dealer in stocks or securities.

7. Gain or loss from:

a. The sale or exchange of a capital asset;

b. The sale, exchange, involuntary conversion, or other disposition of property unless the property is stock in trade or other property that would be includible in inventory, or held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the business; or

c. Certain transactions in timber, coal, or domestic iron ore.

8. Net operating losses from other years.

9. Termination payments you received as a former insurance salesperson if all of the following conditions are met.

a. The payment was received from an insurance company because of services you performed as an insurance salesperson for the company.

b. The payment was received after termination of your agreement to perform services for the company.

c. You did not perform any services for the company after termination and before the end of the year in which you received the payment.

d. You entered into a covenant not to compete against the company for at least a 1-year period beginning on the date of termination. e. The amount of the payment depended primarily on policies sold by or credited to your account during the last year of the agreement, or the extent to which those policies remain in force for some period after termination, or both.

f. The amount of the payment did not depend to any extent on length of service or overall earnings from services performed for the company (regardless of whether eligibility for the payment depended on length of service).

Statutory Employee Income

If you were required to check the box on Schedule C or C-EZ, line 1, because you were a statutory employee, do not include the net profit or (loss) from that Schedule C, line 31 (or the net profit from Schedule C-EZ, line 3), on Short or Long Schedule SE, line 2. But if you file Long Schedule SE, be sure to include statutory employee social security wages and tips from Form W-2 on line 8a.

Optional Methods

How Can the Optional Methods Help You?

Social security coverage. The optional methods may give you credit toward your social security coverage even though you have a loss or a small amount of income from self-employment.

Earned income credit (EIC). Using the optional methods may qualify you to claim the EIC or give you a larger credit if your net earnings from self-employment (determined without using the optional methods) are less than \$1,600. Figure the EIC with and without using the optional methods to see if the optional methods will benefit you.

Additional child tax credit. Using the optional methods may qualify you to claim the additional child tax credit or give you a larger credit if your net earnings from self-employment (determined without using the optional methods) are less than \$1,600. Figure the additional child tax credit with and without using the optional methods to see if the optional methods will benefit you.

Child and dependent care credit. The optional methods may help you qualify for this credit or give you a larger credit if your net earnings from self-employment (determined without using the optional methods) are less than \$1,600. Figure this credit with and without using the optional methods to see if the optional methods will benefit you.

Self-employed health insurance deduction. The optional methods of computing net earnings from self-employment may be used to figure your self-employed health insurance deduction.



Using the optional methods may give you the benefits described on page SE-3, but they may also increase your SE tax.

Farm Optional Method

You may use this method to figure your net earnings from farm self-employment if your gross farm income was \$2,400 or less or your net farm profits were less than \$1,733. Net farm profits are the total of the amounts from:

• Schedule F (Form 1040), line 36, and

• Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, with code A (from farm partnerships).

There is no limit on how many years you can use this method.

Under this method, you report on Part II, line 15, two-thirds of your gross farm income, up to \$1,600, as your net earnings. This method can increase or decrease your net earnings from farm self-employment even if the farming business had a loss.

You can change the method after you file your return. That is, you can change from the regular to the optional method or from the optional to the regular method. To do this, file Form 1040X.

For a farm partnership, figure your share of gross income based on the partnership agreement. With guaranteed payments, your share of the partnership's gross income is your guaranteed payments plus your share of the gross income after it is reduced by all guaranteed payments made by the partnership. If you were a limited partner, include only guaranteed payments for services you actually rendered to or on behalf of the partnership.

Nonfarm Optional Method

You may be able to use this method to figure your net earnings from nonfarm self-employment if your net nonfarm profits were less than \$1,733 and also less than 72.189% of your gross nonfarm income. Net nonfarm profits are the total of the amounts from:

• Schedule C (Form 1040), line 31,

• Schedule C-EZ (Form 1040), line 3,

• Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, with code A (from other than farm partner-ships), and

• Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9.

To use this method, you also must be regularly self-employed. You meet this requirement if your actual net earnings from self-employment were \$400 or more in 2 of the 3 years preceding the year you use the nonfarm method. The net earnings of \$400 or more could be from either farm or nonfarm earnings or both. The net earnings include your distributive share of partnership income or loss subject to SE tax. Use of the nonfarm optional method from nonfarm self-employment is limited to 5 years. The 5 years do not have to be consecutive.

Under this method, you report on Part II, line 17, two-thirds of your gross non-farm income, up to \$1,600, as your net earnings. But you cannot report less than your actual net earnings from nonfarm self-employment.

You can change the method after you file your return. That is, you can change from the regular to the optional method or from the optional to the regular method. To do so, file Form 1040X.

Figure your share of gross income from a nonfarm partnership in the same manner as a farm partnership. See *Farm Optional Method* on this page for details.

Using Both Optional Methods

If you can use both methods, you can report less than your total actual net earnings from farm and nonfarm self-employment, but you cannot report less than your actual net earnings from nonfarm self-employment alone.

If you use both methods to figure net earnings, you cannot report more than \$1,600 of net earnings from self-employment.

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* These items may not be included in this package. To reduce printing costs, we have sent you only the forms you may need based on what you filed last year.

Where Do You File?

If an envelope addressed to "Internal Revenue Service Center" came with this booklet, please use it. If you do not have one or if you moved during the year, mail your return to the Internal Revenue Service Center shown below that applies to you.



Envelopes without enough postage will be returned to you by the post office. Your envelope may need additional postage if it contains more than five pages or is oversized (for example, it is over 1/4" thick). Also, include your complete return address.

	THEN use this address if you:			
IF you live in	Are not enclosing a check or money order	Are enclosing a check or money order		
Alabama, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Virginia	Internal Revenue Service Center Atlanta, GA 39901-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Atlanta, GA 39901-0102		
District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Vermont	Internal Revenue Service Center Andover, MA 05501-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Andover, MA 05501-0102		
Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, North Dakota, Ohio, Wisconsin	Internal Revenue Service Center Kansas City, MO 64999-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Kansas City, MO 64999-0102		
New Jersey, Pennsylvania	Internal Revenue Service Center Philadelphia, PA 19255-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Philadelphia, PA 19255-0102		
Arkansas, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia	Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0102		
Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wyoming	Internal Revenue Service Center Fresno, CA 93888-0002	Internal Revenue Service Center Fresno, CA 93888-0102		
American Samoa, nonpermanent residents of Guam or the Virgin Islands*, Puerto Rico (or if excluding income under Internal Revenue Code section 933), dual-status aliens, and those filing Form 4563	Internal Revenue Service Center Philadelphia, PA 19255-0215 USA	Internal Revenue Service Center Philadelphia, PA 19255-0215 USA		
All APO and FPO addresses, a foreign country: U.S. citizens and those filing Form 2555 or 2555-EZ	Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0215 USA	Internal Revenue Service Center Austin, TX 73301-0215 USA		

* Permanent residents of Guam should use: Department of Revenue and Taxation, Government of Guam, P.O. Box 23607, GMF, GU 96921; permanent residents of the Virgin Islands should use: V.I. Bureau of Internal Revenue, 9601 Estate Thomas, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, VI 00802.

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