232

233 [T. D. 3295

has a taxable status as income for the year of the credit. Where th amount of such accumulations does not become available to the share holder until the maturity of a share, the amount of any share i excess of the aggregate amount paid in by the shareholder is incom for the year of the maturity of the share. But see section 213(b (10) and article 89.

GROSS INCOME DEFINED: EXCLUSIONS.

[SEC. 213. That for the purposes of this title (except as otherwise provided in section 233) the term "gross income"—]

- (b) Does not include the following items, which shall be exempt from taxation under this title:
- (1) The proceeds of life insurance policies paid upon the death of the insured;
- (2) The amount received by the insured as a return of premium or premiums paid by him under life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts, either during the term or at the maturity of the term mentioned in the contract or upon surrender of the contract;
- (3) The value of property acquired by gift, bequest, devise, or descent (but the income from such property shall be included in gross income);
- (4) Interest upon (a) the obligations of a State, Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia; or (b) securities issued under the provisions of the Federal Farm Loan Act of July 17, 1916; or (c) the obligations of the United States or its possessions; or (d) bonds issued by the War Finance Corporation. In the case of obligations of the United States issued after September 1, 1917 (other than postal savings certificates of deposit), and in the case of bonds issued by the War Finance Corporation, the interest shall be exempt only if and to the extent provided in the respective Acts authorizing the issue thereof as amended and supplemented, and shall be excluded from gross income only if and to the extent it is wholly exempt to the taxpayer from income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes;
- (5) The income of foreign governments received from investments in the United States in stocks, bonds, or other domestic securities, owned by such foreign governments, or from interest on deposits in banks in the United States of moneys belonging to such foreign governments, or from any other source within the United States;
- (6) Amounts received, through accident or health insurance or under workmen's compensation acts, as compensation for personal injuries or sickness, plus the amount of any damages received whether by suit or agreement on account of such injuries or sickness;
- (7) Income derived from any public utility or the exercise of any essential governmental function and accruing to any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or any political subdivision of a State or Territory, or income accruing to the Government of any possession of the United States, or any political subdivision thereof.

Whenever any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or any political subdivision of a State or Territory, prior to September 8, 1916, entered in good faith into a contract with any person, the object and purpose of which is to acquire, construct, operate, or maintain a public utility, no tax shall be levied under the provisions of this title

upon the income derived from the operation of such public utility, so far as the payment thereof will impose a loss or burden upon such State, Territory, District of Columbia, or political subdivision; but this provision is not intended and shall not be construed to confer upon such person any financial gain or exemption or to relieve such person from the payment of a tax as provided for in this title upon the part or portion of such income to which such person is entitled under such contract:

- (8) The income of a nonresident alien or foreign corporation which consists exclusively of earnings derived from the operation of a ship or ships documented under the laws of a foreign country which grants an equivalent exemption to citizens of the United States and to corporations organized in the United States;
- (9) Amounts received as compensation, family allotments and allowances under the provisions of the War Risk Insurance and the Vocational Rehabilitation Acts, or as pensions from the United States for service of the beneficiary or another in the military or naval forces of the United States in time of war;
- (10) So much of the amount received by an individual after December 31, 1921, and before January 1, 1927, as dividends or interest from domestic building and loan associations, operated exclusively for the purpose of making loans to members, as does not exceed \$300;
- (11) The rental value of a dwelling house and appurtenances thereof furnished to a minister of the gospel as part of his compensation;
- (12) The receipts of shipowners' mutual protection and indemnity associations, not organized for profit, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private stockholder or member, but such corporations shall be subject as other persons to the tax upon their net income from interest, dividends, and rents; * * *
- ART. 71. What excluded from gross income. Gross income excludes the items of income specifically exempted by the statute and also certain other kinds of income by statute or fundamental law free from tax. Such tax-free income should not be included in the return of income and need not be mentioned in the return. The exclusion of such income should not be confused with the reduction of taxable income by the application of allowable deductions. See section 212 of the statute and article 21. As to exclusions from gross income by corporations, see section 233 and article 541.
- ART. 72. Proceeds of insurance—Compensation—War pensions.—(a) Upon the death of an insured the proceeds of his life insurance policies, whether paid to his estate or to any beneficiary (individual, partnership, or corporation), directly or in trust, are excluded from the gross income of the beneficiary. See article 541. (b) During his life only so much of the amount received by an insured under life, endowment, or annuity contracts as represents a return, without interest, of premiums paid by him therefor is excluded from his gross income. See article 47. (c) Whether he be alive or dead, the amounts received by an insured or his estate or other beneficiaries through accident or health insurance or under workmen's compensa-